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#### **Supporting Information**

# Cost-effective approach to detect Cu(II) and Hg(II) by integrating smartphone with the

## colorimetric response from NBD-benzimidazole based dyad

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Fig. S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the receptor N1.







Fig. S3. HRMS spectrum of the receptor N1.



**Fig. S4.** Fluorescence spectral changes of **N1** (50  $\mu$ L, 2.5×10<sup>-5</sup> M) in CH<sub>3</sub>OH:H<sub>2</sub>O (1:1, v/v) upon addition of different metal ions (50  $\mu$ L, 1×10<sup>-3</sup> M, H<sub>2</sub>O).



**Fig. S5.** (a) The B-H plot of fluorescence curve of N1 in the presence of  $Cu^{2+}$  ion. (b) B-H plot of fluorescence data of N1 in the presence of Hg<sup>2+</sup> ion.



Fig. S6. (a) Calibration curve to estimate the LOD of N1 for  $Cu^{2+}$  and  $Hg^{2+}$  (b) in aqueous methanol medium.



Fig. S7. HRMS spectrum of receptor N1 with  $Cu^{2+}$  ion.



Fig. S8. HRMS Spectrum of receptor N1 with  $Hg^{2+}$  ion.



Fig. S9. DFT computed 3D structure of the N1-Cu<sup>2+</sup> complex and it's HOMO's and LUMO's diagrams along with the two band gaps for alpha and beta MO's. In open-shell system with unpaired electron, the band gap is also calculated from the highest singly occupied MO (SOMO) to the next LUMO, which is estimated as 0.05746 eV ( $\Delta E = -0.28516 + 0.34262$ ) for N1-Cu<sup>2+</sup>.

S.No	Compound	Selectivity	Response	Sensitivity (M)	Mechanism	Reference
1	Naphthalic	Hg <sup>2+</sup>	Turn-on	6.11×10 <sup>-8</sup>	PET	1
	anhydride-	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Turn-off		Paramagnetic	
	Morpholine				effect	
	conjugate					
2	Bodipy derivative	$Hg^{2+}$	Colorimetric	0.07×10-6	ICT	2
		$Cu^{2+}$	fluorescence	0.27×10-6		
		Pb <sup>2+</sup>		0.14×10-6		
3	Rhodamine 6g	$Hg^{2+}$	Colorimetric	2.96 ×10-6	CHEF	3
	hydrazone	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	fluorescence	6.88×10-6	Hydrolysis	
4	D1 (1 : :	<b>TT</b> 2+	0.1.	00.10.0		4
4	Phenothiazine	$Hg^{2+}$	Colorimetric	80×10-9	Chemodosimeter	4
	conjugate	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	And turn off	97×10-9	Paramagnetic	
					effect	-
5	Benzothiazole	Hg <sup>2+</sup>	Fluorescence	7.6×10-9	Chemodosimeter	5
	system	Cu <sup>2+</sup>		2.4×10-9	ESIPT and	
					Paramagntic	
					effect	
6	Ferrocenyl	$\mathrm{Hg}^{2+}$	Colorimetric	7.19×10-7	PET	6
	derivative	<u>Cu<sup>2+</sup></u>	Fluorescence	6.77×10-7		
8	Pyrimidin-4yl-	Hg <sup>2+</sup>	Colorimetric	9.06×10-7	Chemodosimeter	7
	phenothiazine	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Fluorescence	3.78×10-7		
	derivative					
10	Triphenylamine	$\mathrm{Hg}^{2+}$	Colorimetric	2.3×10 <sup>-6</sup>	Energy transfer	8
	derivative	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Fluorescence		Cyclisation	
11	NDD	U <sub>a</sub> 2+	Colorimotria	1 22×10-7		Our work
11	INDU-	ng- Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Colorimetric	$1.23 \times 10^{-7}$		
	hongimidogolo	Cu-		4./0^10 /		
	Denzimidazole					

Table S1. Comparison table of some reported works on  $Cu^{2+}$  and  $Hg^{2+}$  sensors with N1.

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**Table S2.** UV-Vis spectrophotometric determination of spiked  $Cu^{2+}$  and  $Hg^{2+}$  ions concentration by using the receptor N1.

Water	[Cu <sup>2+</sup> ], M added	[Cu <sup>2+</sup> ], M found	<b>Recovery %</b>
	1.48×10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.43×10 <sup>-6</sup>	96.88
Tap Water	1.91×10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.95×10 <sup>-6</sup>	102
	2.34×10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.37×10-6	101
	1.48×10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.33×10-6	90.16
<b>River Water</b>	1.91×10 <sup>-6</sup>	1.78×10-6	93.16
	2.34×10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.31×10 <sup>-6</sup>	98.63
Water	[Hg <sup>2+</sup> ], M added	[Hg <sup>2+</sup> ], M found	<b>Recovery %</b>
	$1.48 \times 10^{-6}$	$1.60 \times 10^{-6}$	109
	1.10 10	1.00^10 *	108
Tap Water	1.96×10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.22×10 <sup>-6</sup>	113
Tap Water	1.96×10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.44×10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.22×10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.61×10 <sup>-6</sup>	108 113 107
Tap Water	1.96×10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.44×10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.48×10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.22×10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.61×10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.34×10 <sup>-6</sup>	108 113 107 90.70
Tap Water River Water	1.48×10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.44×10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.48×10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.96×10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.22×10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.61×10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.34×10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.85×10 <sup>-6</sup>	108 113 107 90.70 94.70