

Supporting Information for

**Highly fluorescent triazolopyridine-thiophene D-A-D oligomers for
efficient pH sensing in both solution and solid state**

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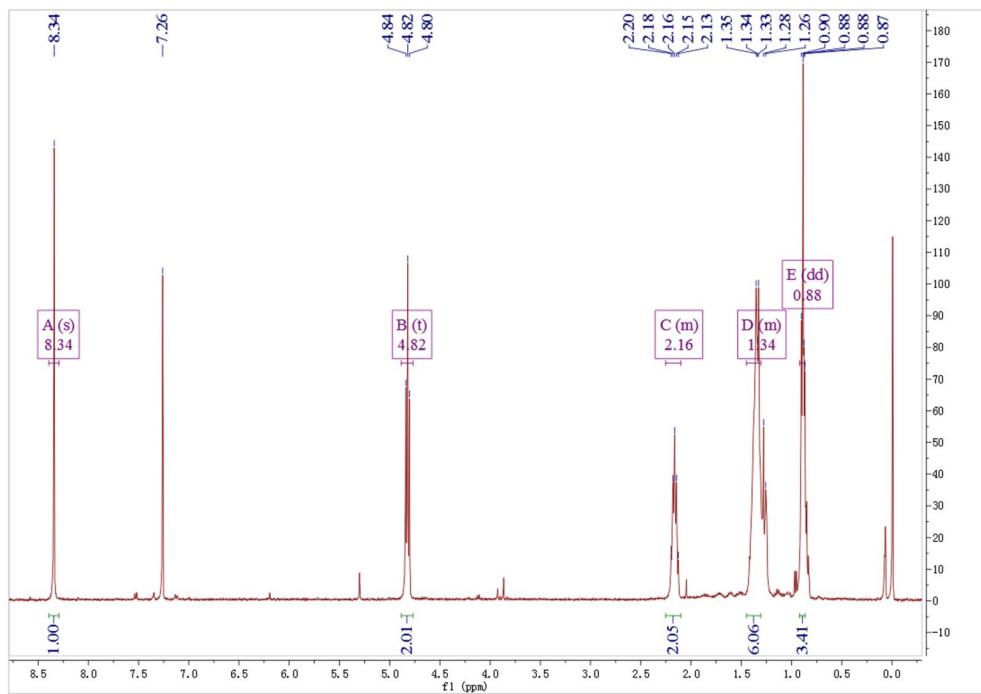


Fig. S1 ¹H NMR spectrum of 4,7-dibromo-hexyl[1,2,3]triazolo[4,5-*c*]pyridine
(14a) in CDCl₃.

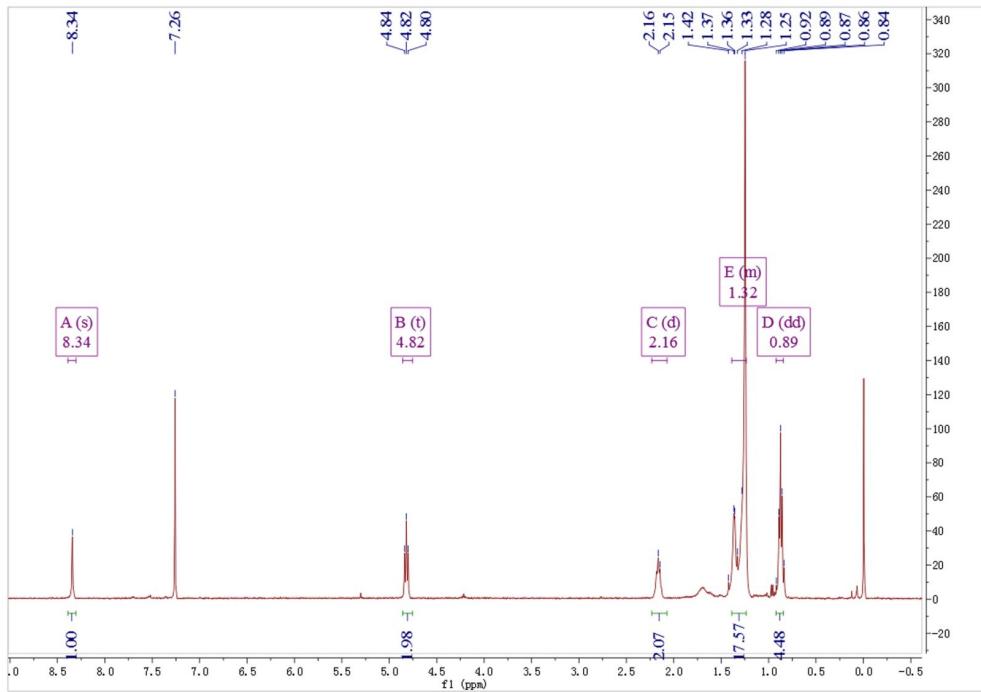


Fig. S2 ¹H NMR spectrum of 4,7-dibromo-dodecyl[1,2,3]triazolo[4,5-*c*]pyridine
(14b) in CDCl₃.

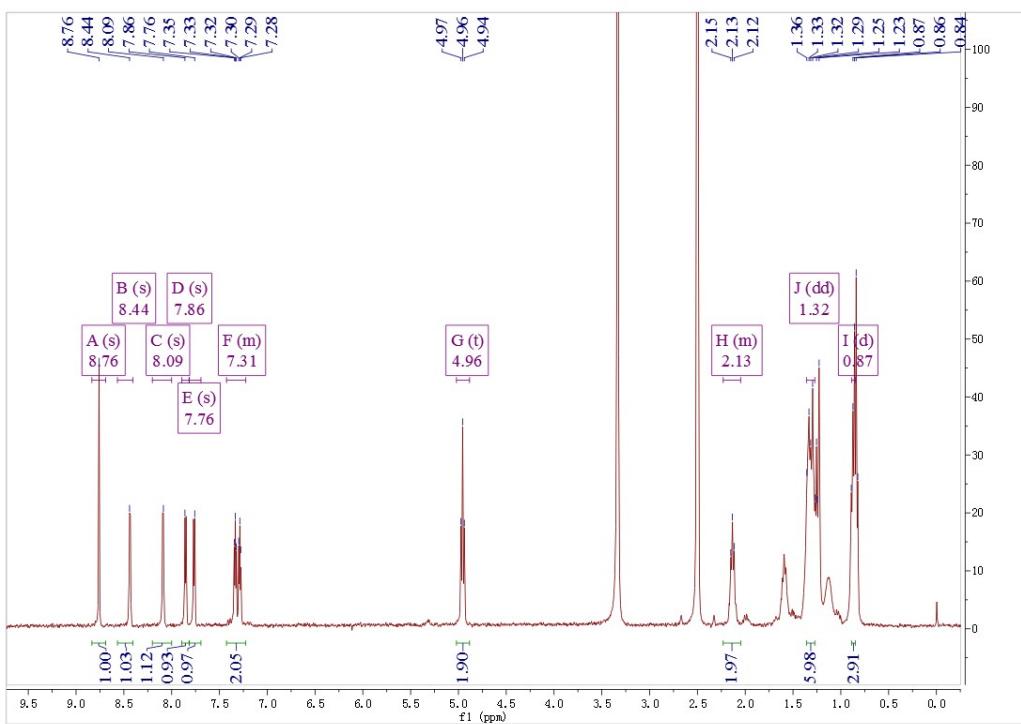


Fig. S3 ^1H NMR spectrum of Th-HPTz (**1**) in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

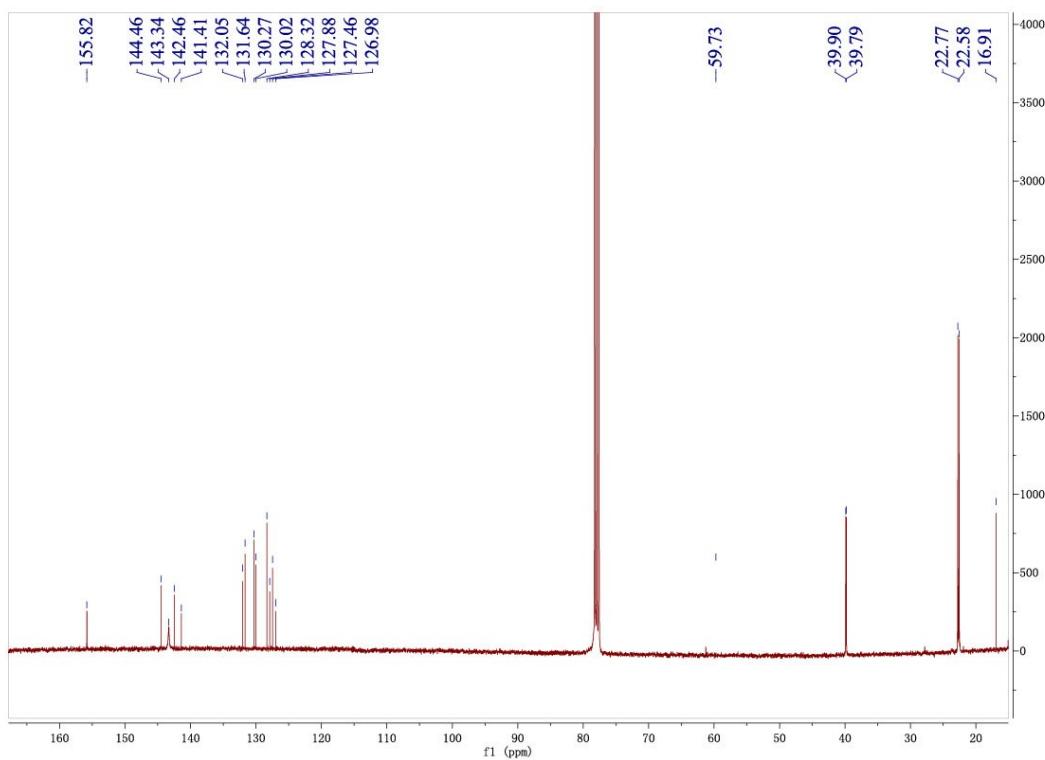


Fig. S4 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of Th-HPTz (**1**) in CDCl_3 .

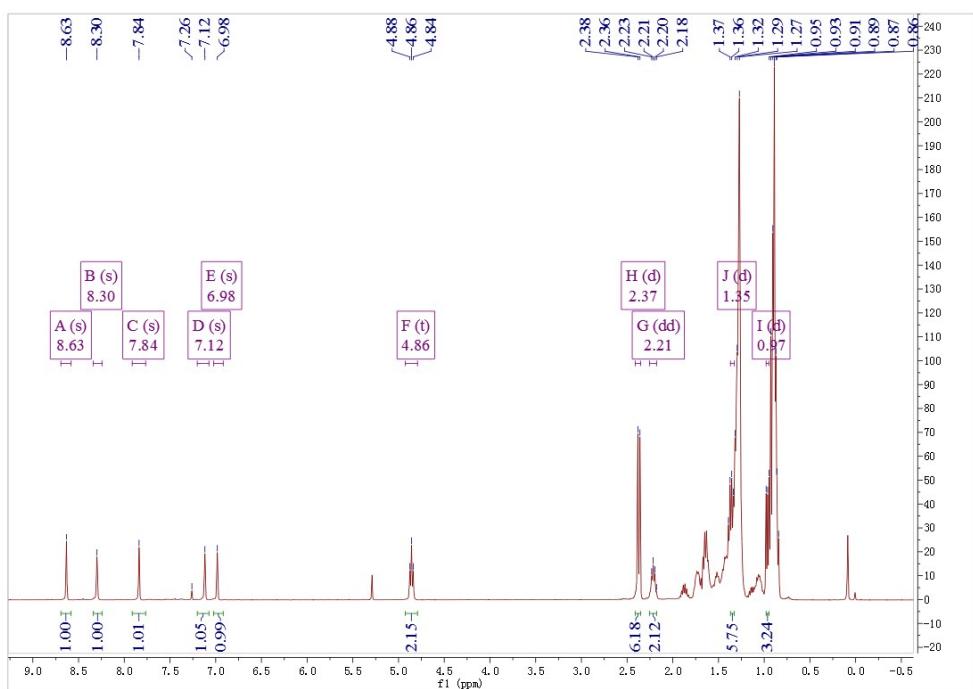


Fig. S5 ^1H NMR spectrum of 3MT-HPTz (**2**) in CDCl_3 .

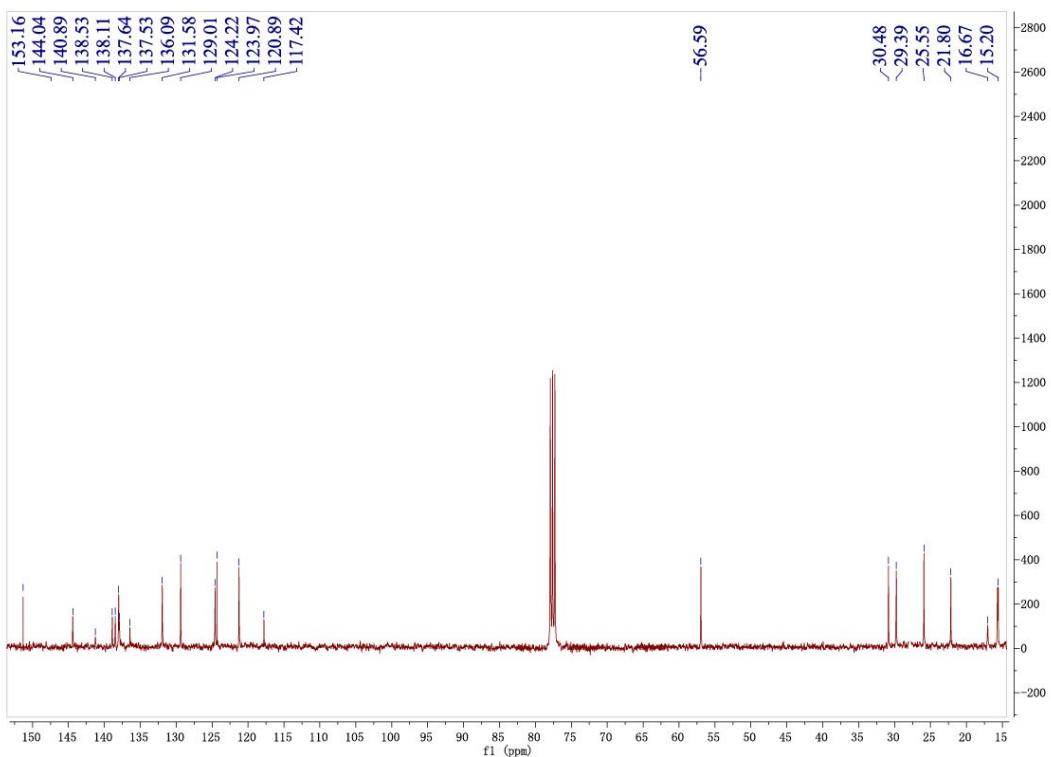


Fig. S6 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 3MT-HPTz (**2**) in CDCl_3 .

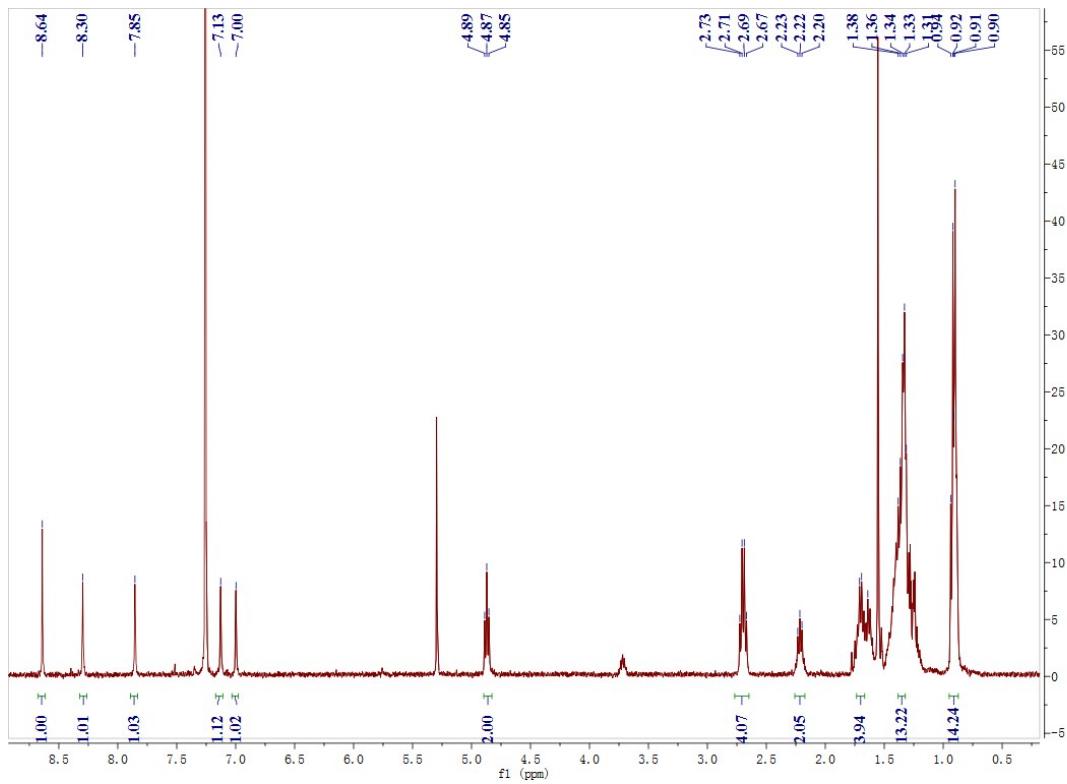


Fig. S7 ^1H NMR spectrum of 3HT-HPTz (**3**) in CDCl_3 .

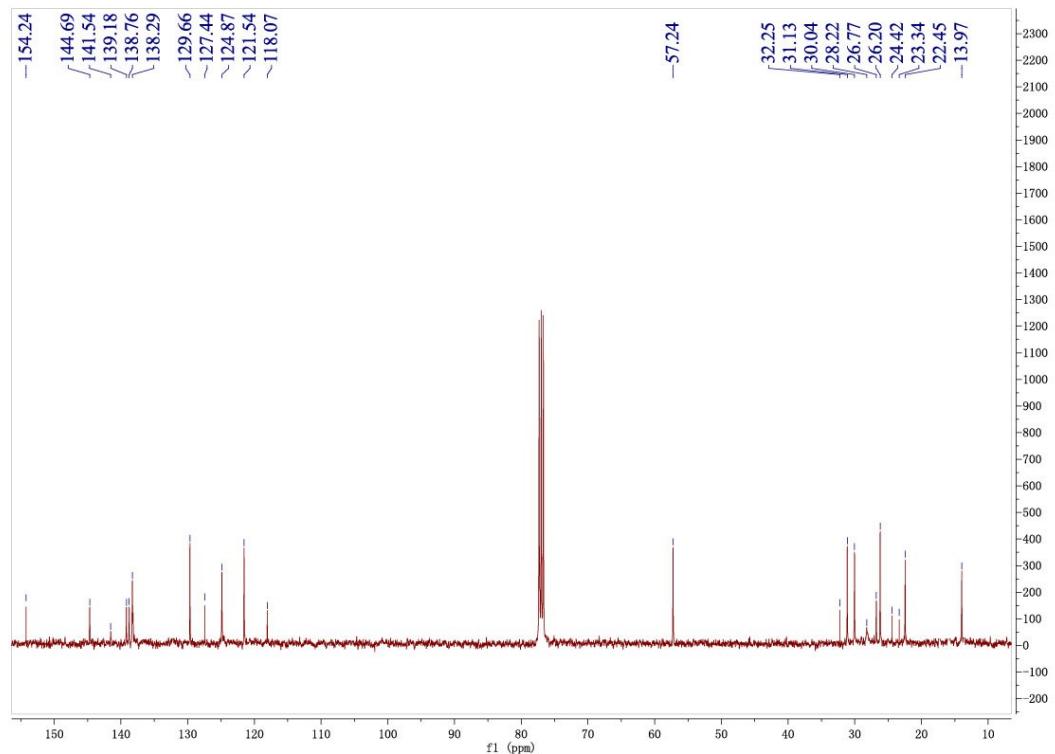


Fig. S8 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 3HT-HPTz (**3**) in CDCl_3 .

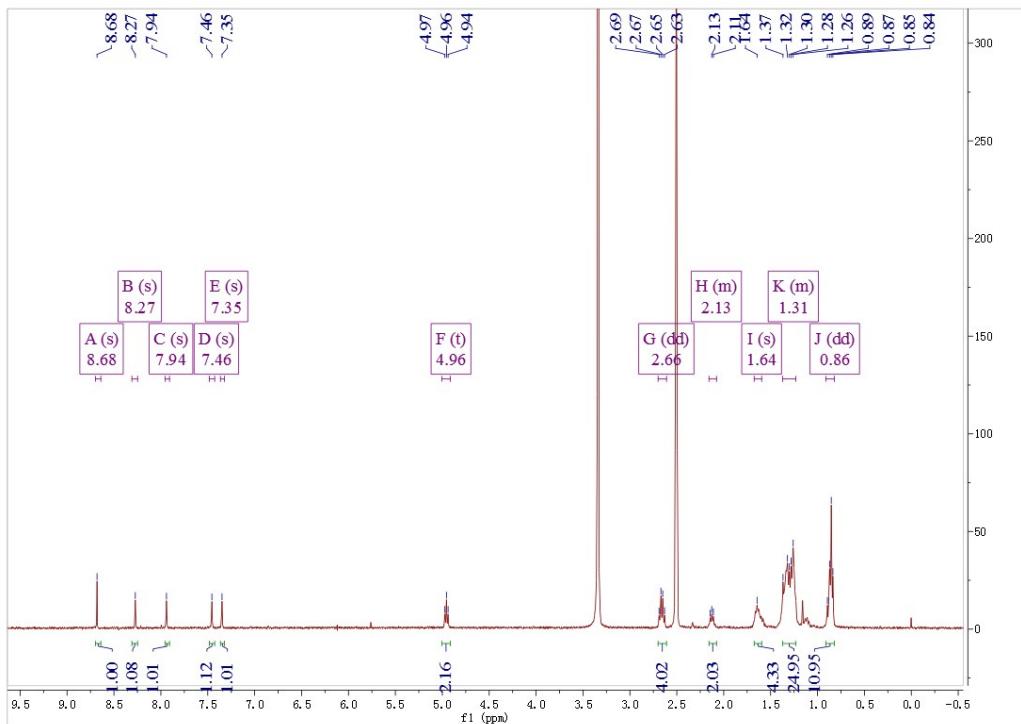


Fig. S9 ^1H NMR spectrum of 3OT-HPTz (**4**) in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

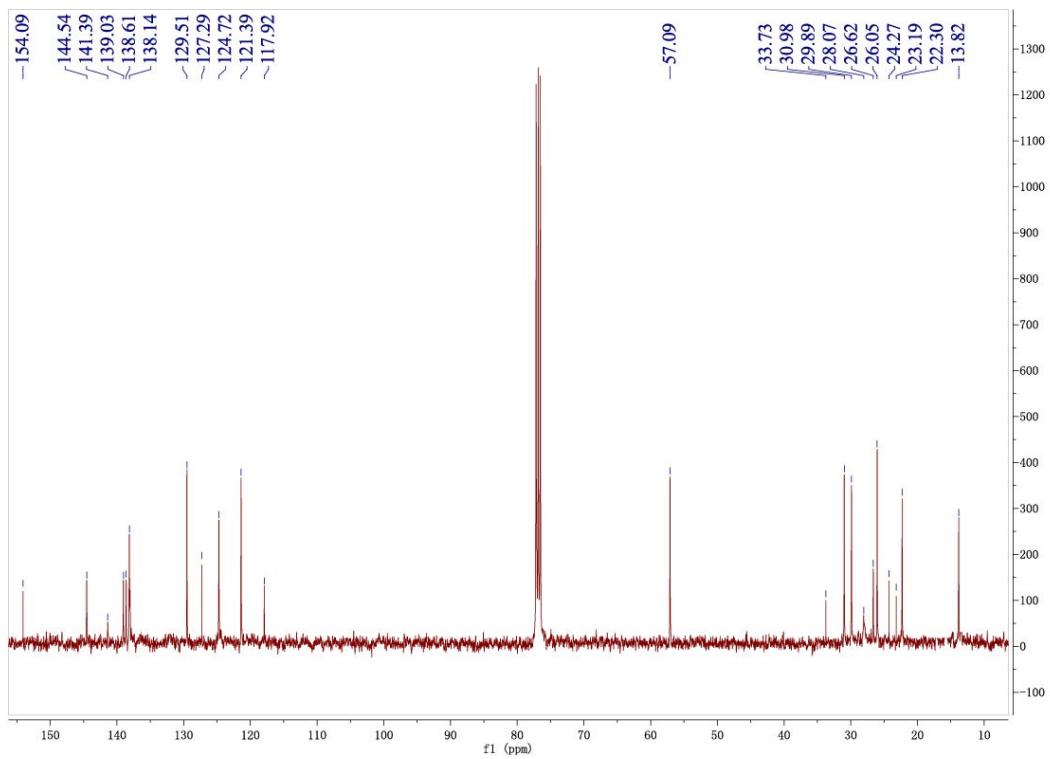


Fig. S10 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 3OT-HPTz (**4**) in CDCl_3 .

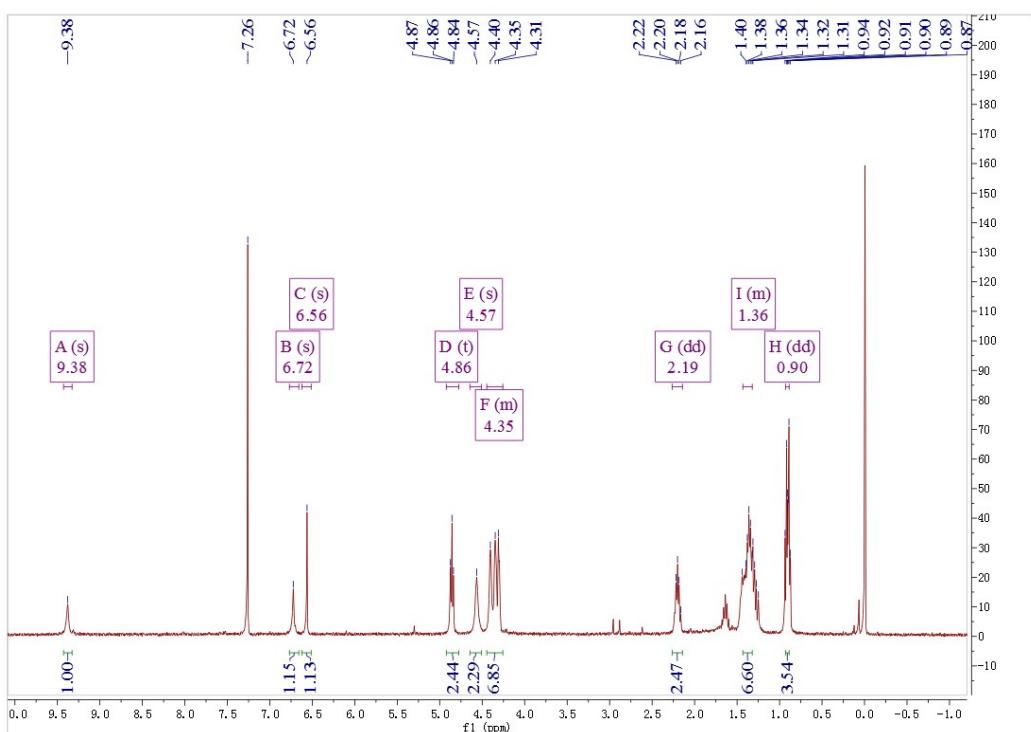


Fig. S11 ^1H NMR spectrum of EDOT-HPTz (**5**) in CDCl_3 .

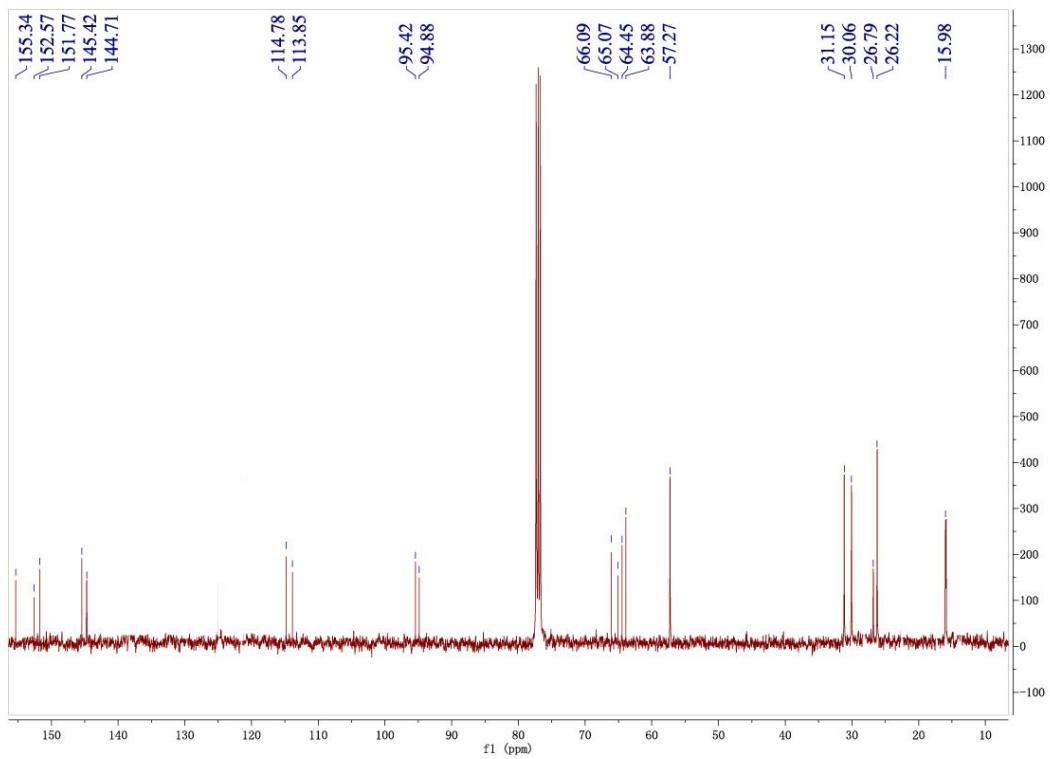


Fig. S12 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of EDOT-HPTz (**5**) in CDCl_3 .

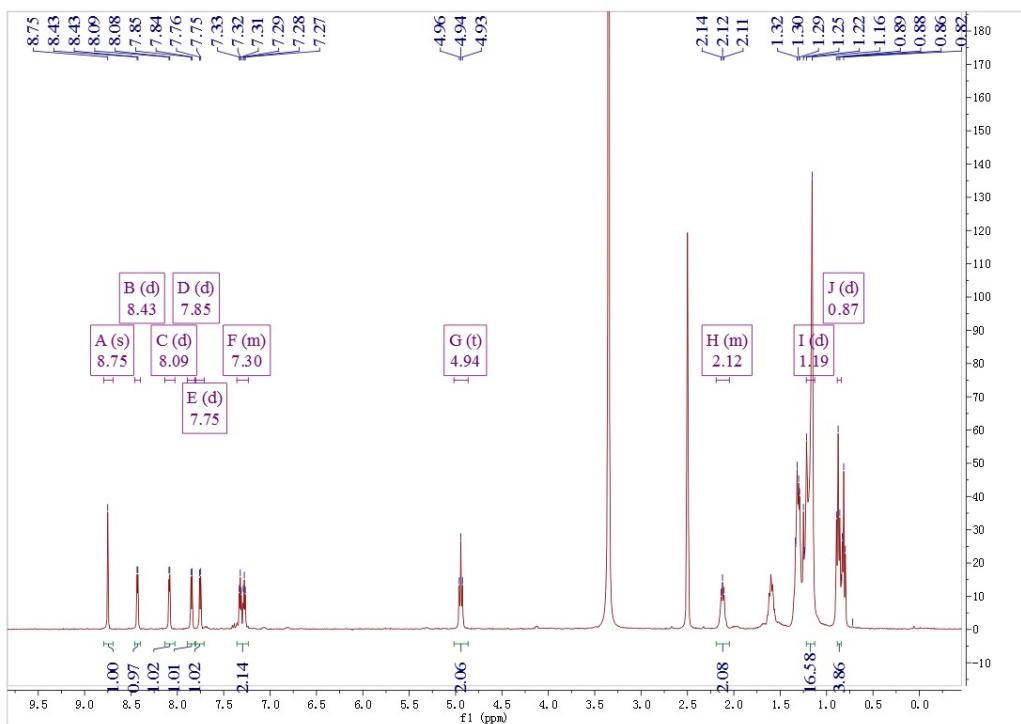


Fig. S13 ^1H NMR spectrum of Th-DPTz (**6**) in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

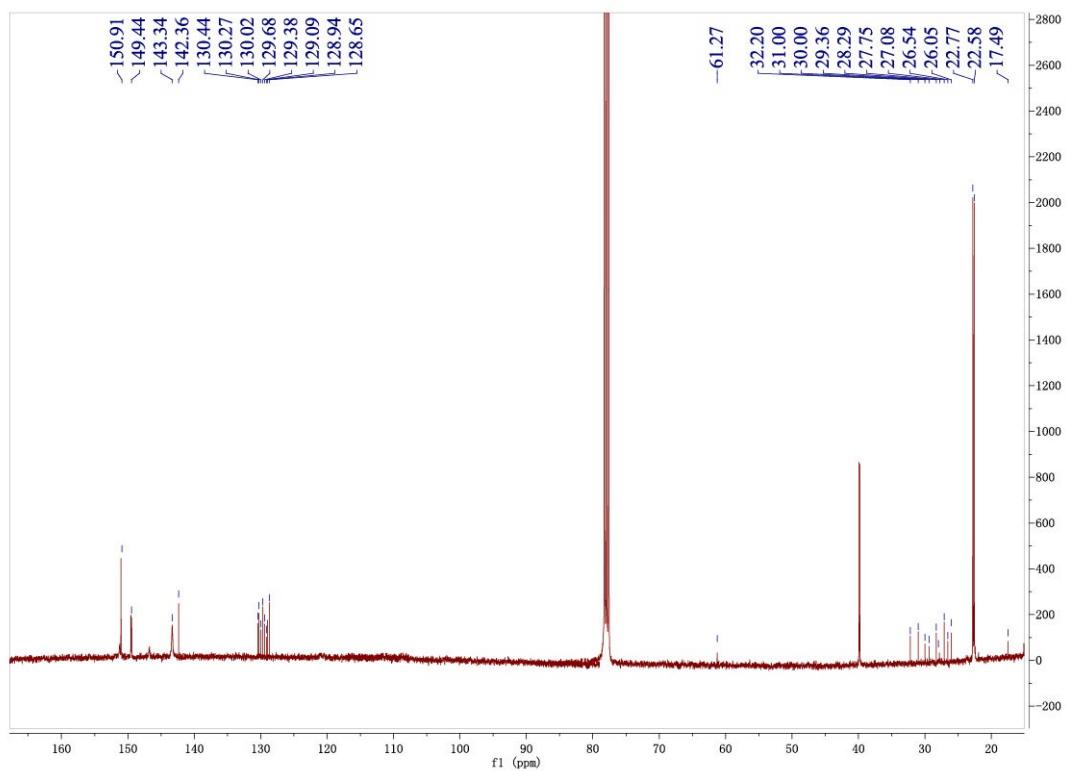


Fig. S14 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of Th-DPTz (**6**) in CDCl_3 .

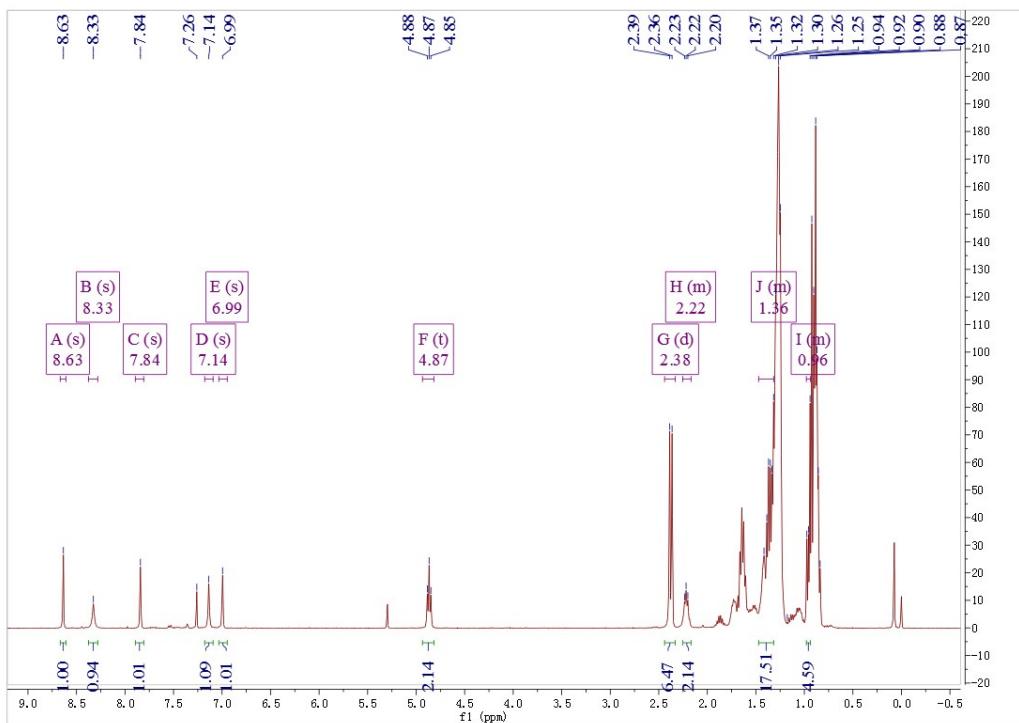


Fig. S15 ^1H NMR spectrum of 3MT-DPTz (**7**) in CDCl_3 .

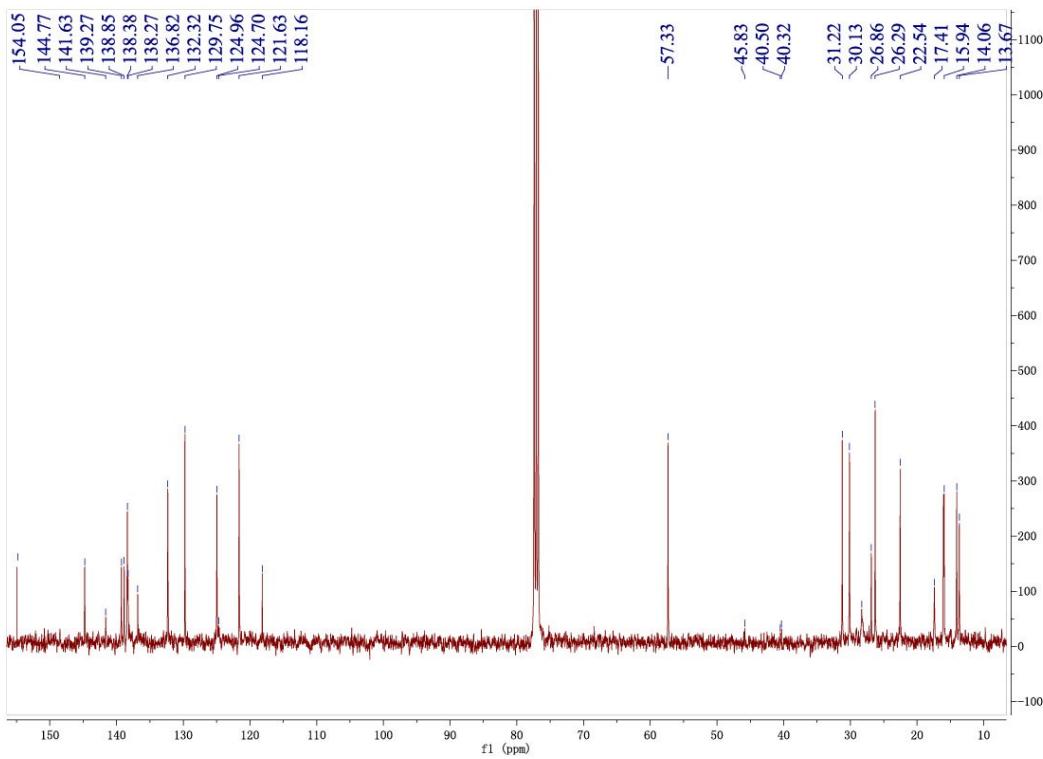


Fig. S16 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 3MT-DPTz (**7**) in CDCl_3 .

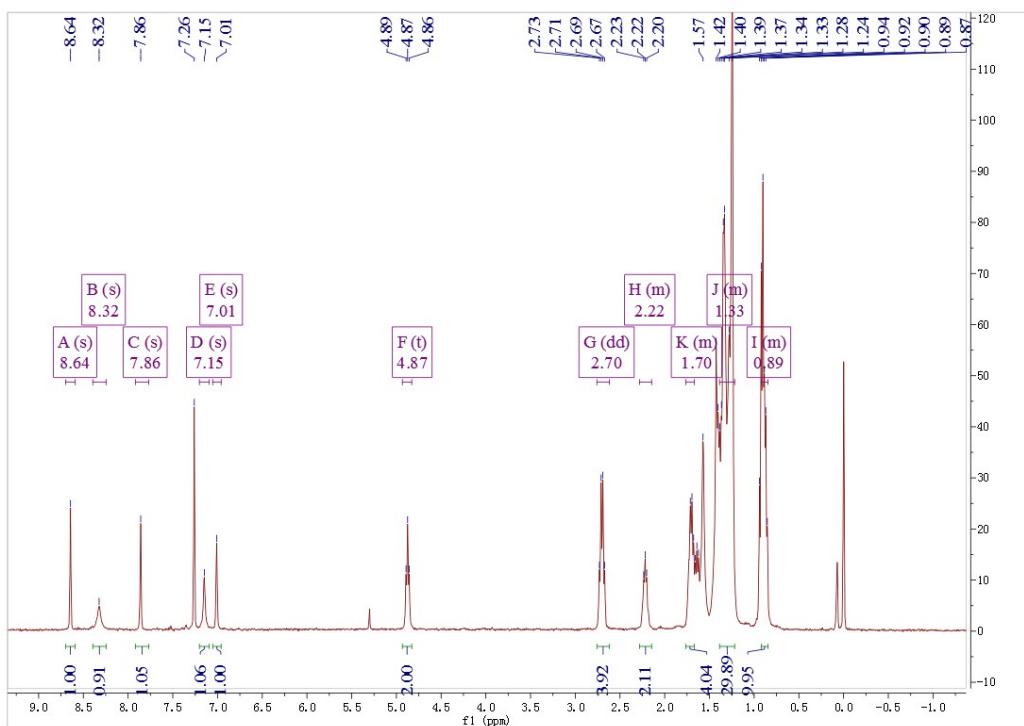


Fig. S17 ^1H NMR spectrum of 3HT-DPTz (**8**) in CDCl_3 .

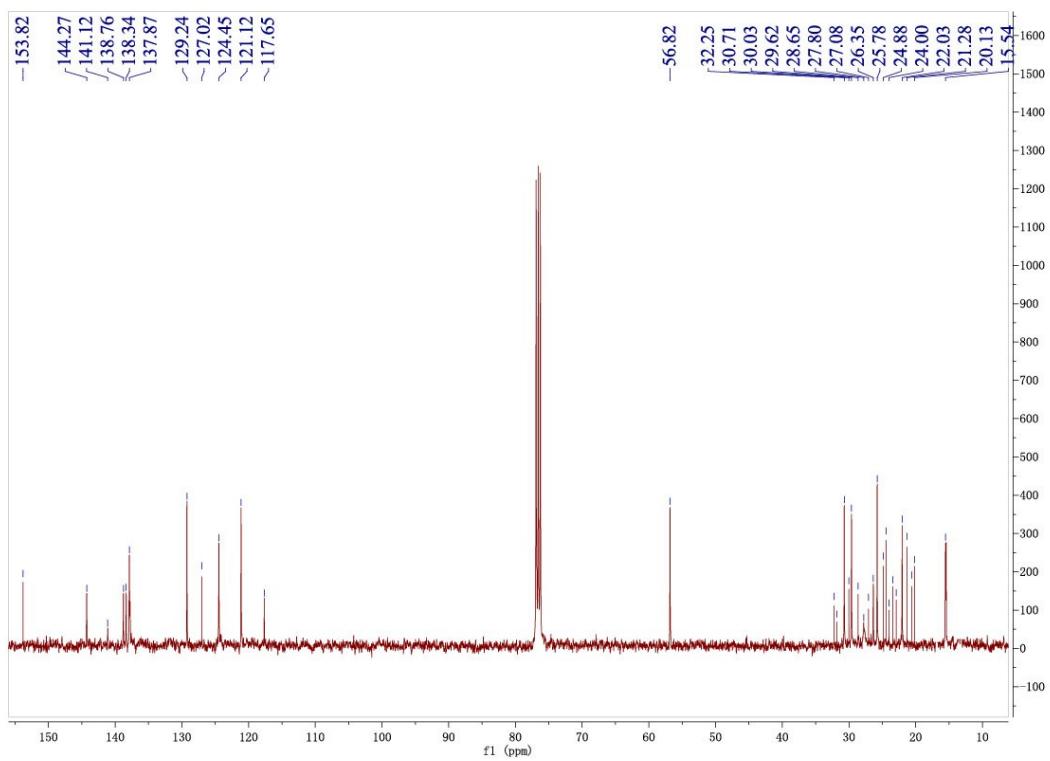


Fig. S18 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 3HT-DPTz (**8**) in CDCl_3 .

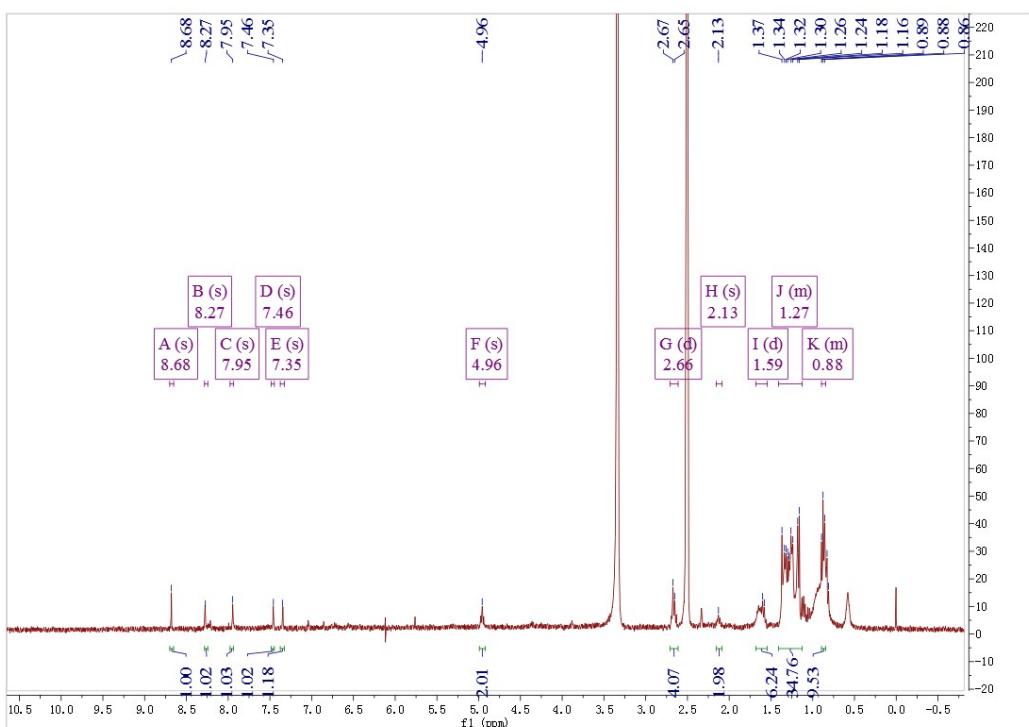


Fig. S19 ^1H NMR spectrum of 3OT-DPTz (**9**) in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

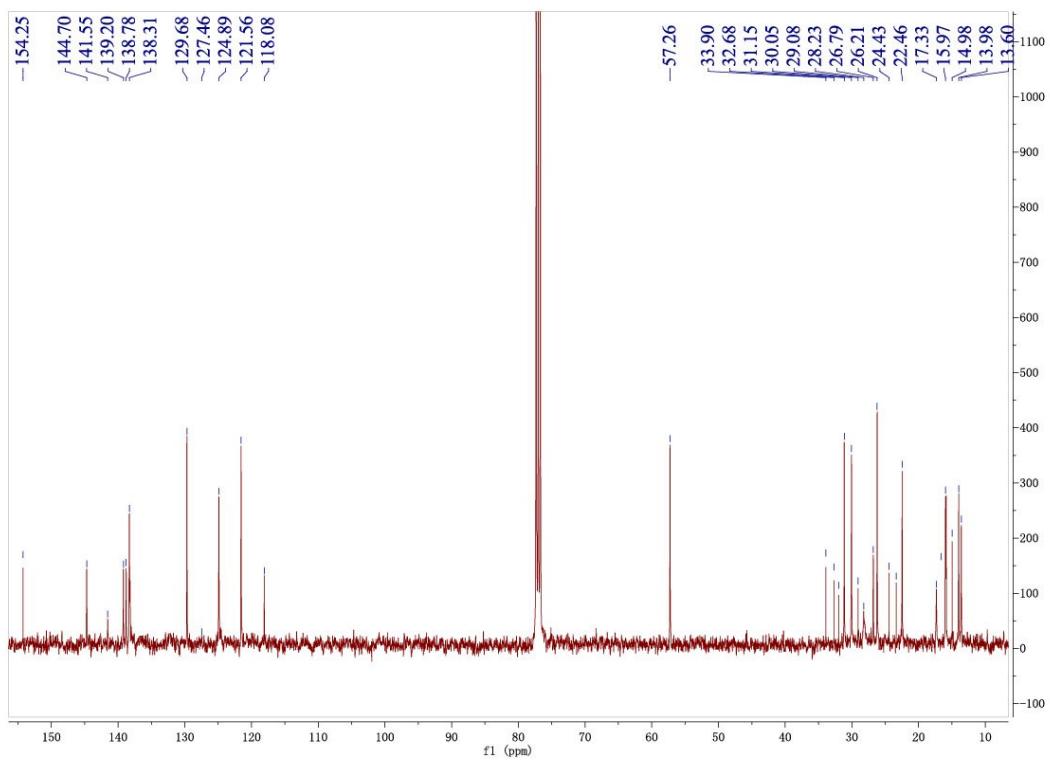


Fig. S20 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 3OT-DPTz (**9**) in CDCl_3 .

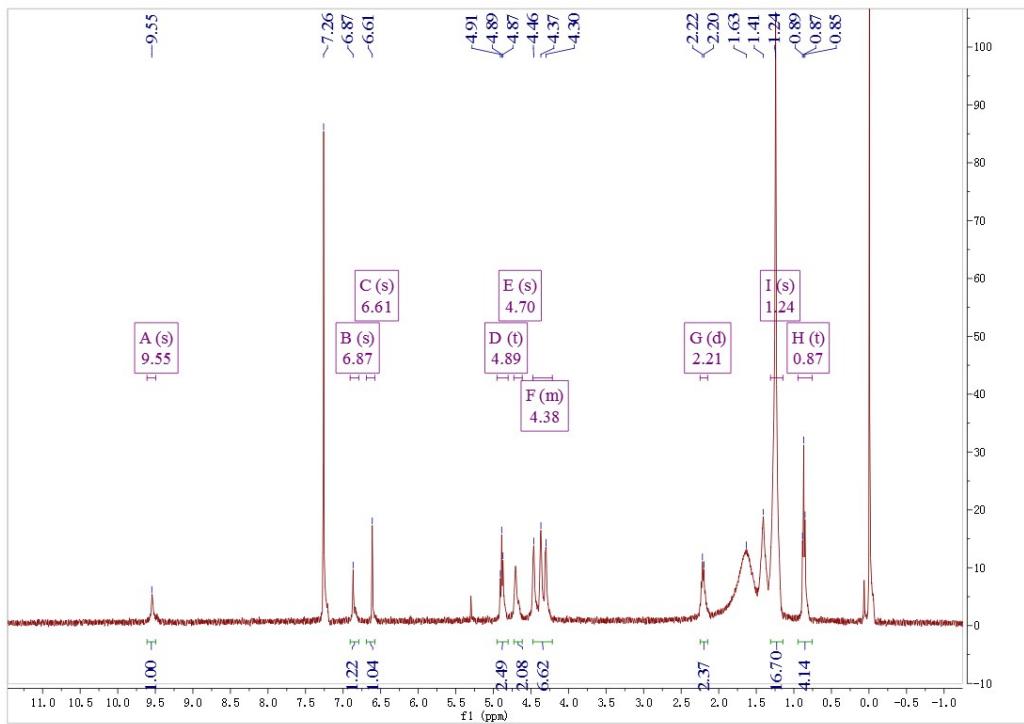


Fig. S21 ^1H NMR spectrum of EDOT-DPTz (**10**) in CDCl_3 .

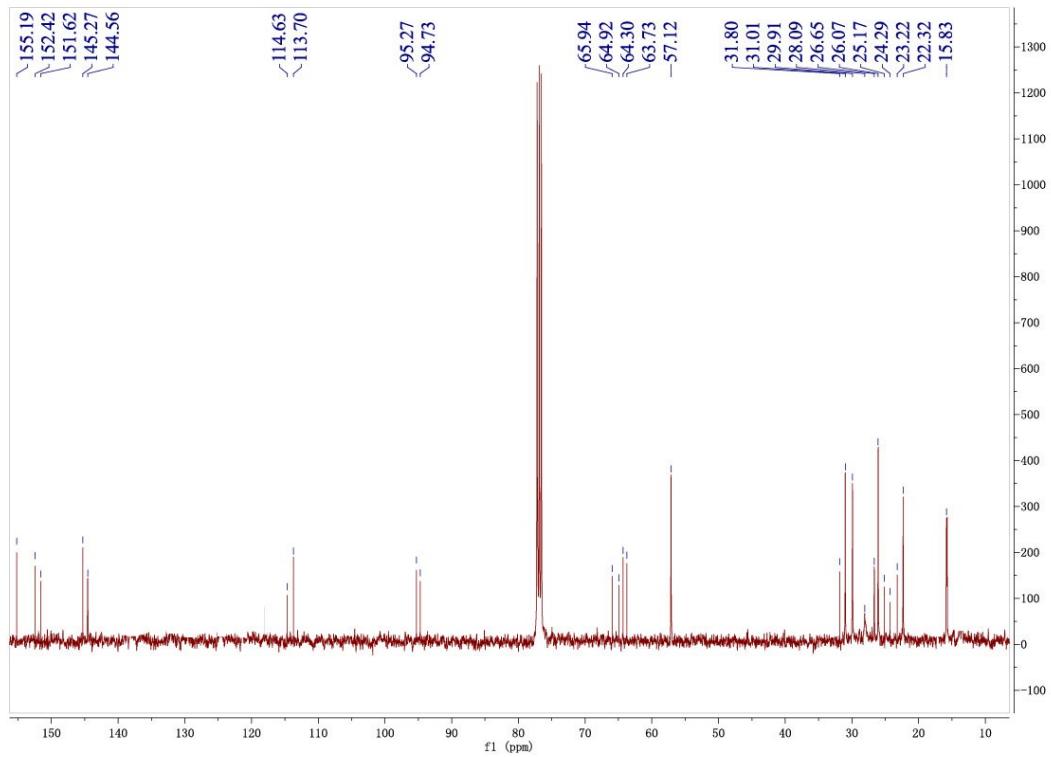


Fig. S22 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of EDOT-DPTz (**10**) in CDCl_3 .

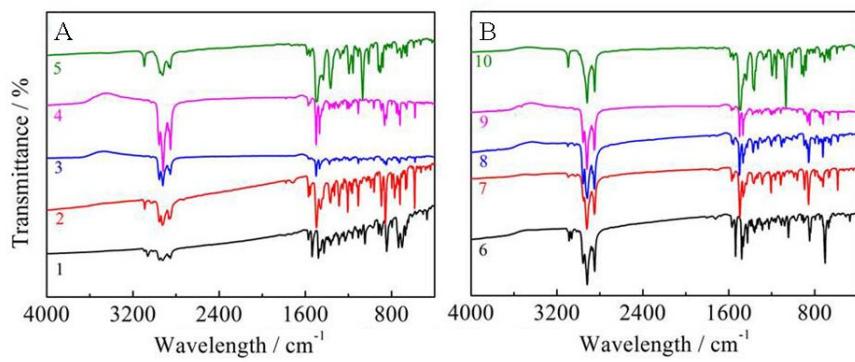


Fig. S23 FT-IR spectra of triazolopyridine-thiophene D-A-D type conjugated fluorophores (1~10).

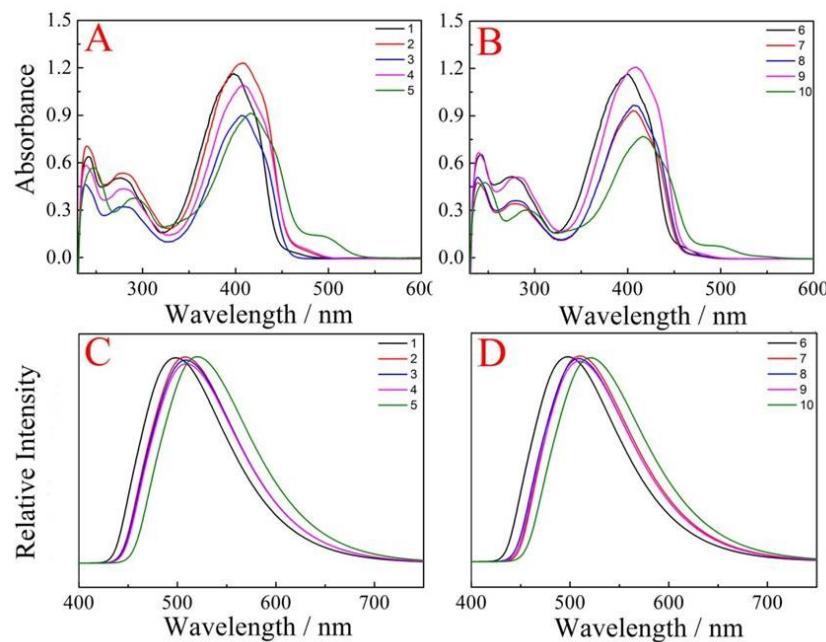


Fig. S24 UV-Vis absorption (A and B) and emission spectra (C and D) of triazolopyridine-thiophene D-A-D type conjugated fluorophores (1~10) in DCM.

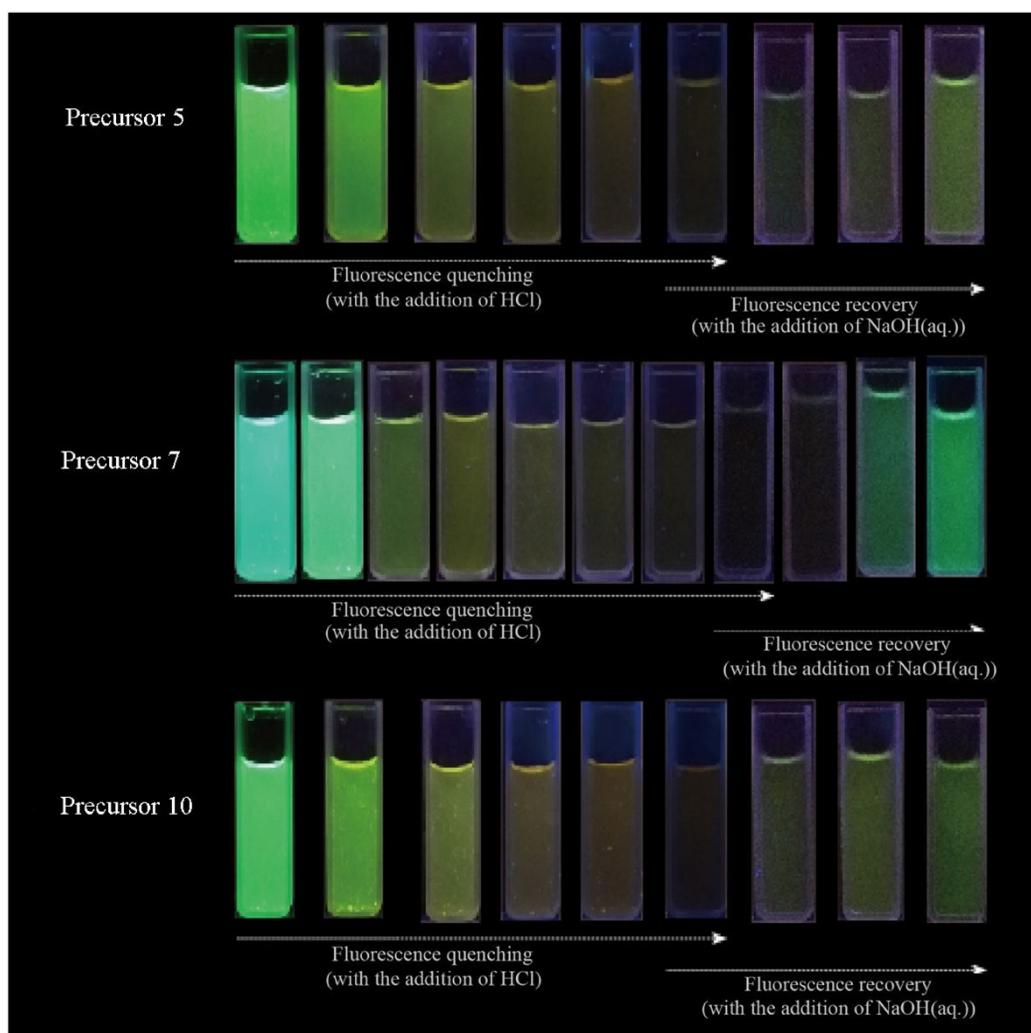


Fig. S25 Images of fluorescence quenching/recovery of triazolopyridine-thiophene D-A-D type conjugated fluorophores 5, 7 and 10 upon addition of HCl and reversed by NaOH in water-DMSO.

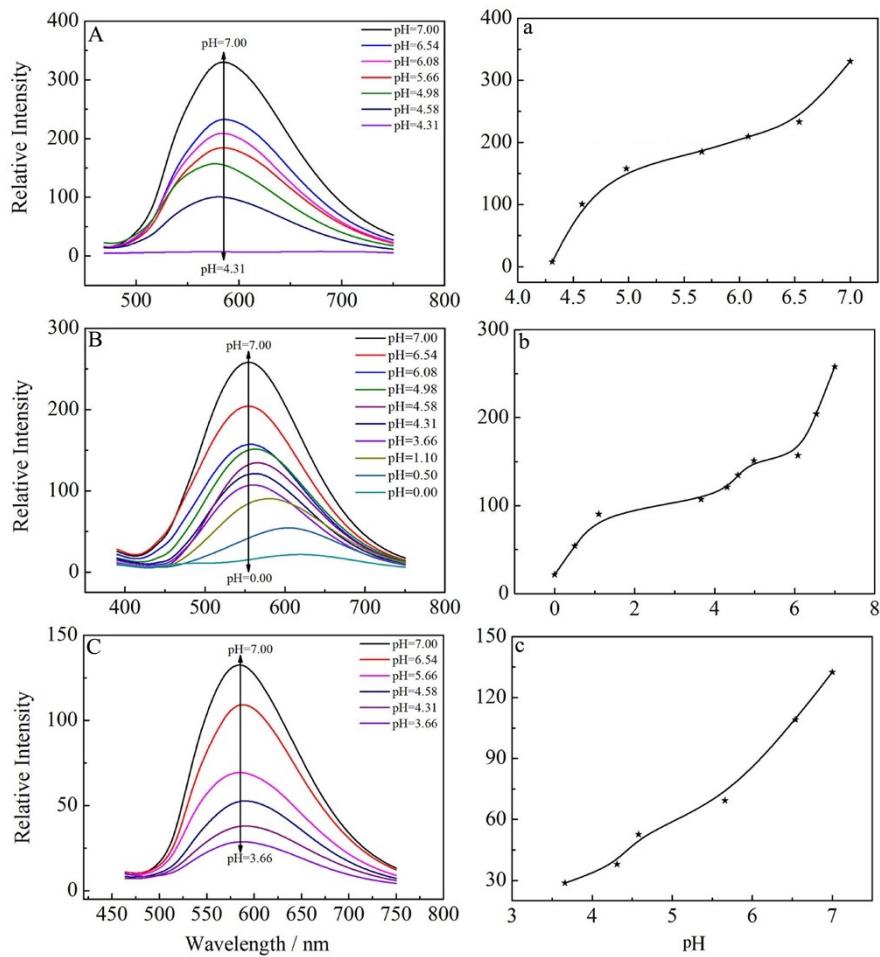


Fig. S26. (A-C) Fluorescence quenching in emission spectra of fluorophore 5, 7, and 10 (15 μ M) by adding HCl. Excitation: 380 nm. **(a-c)**The corresponding calibration curve of I_{max} .

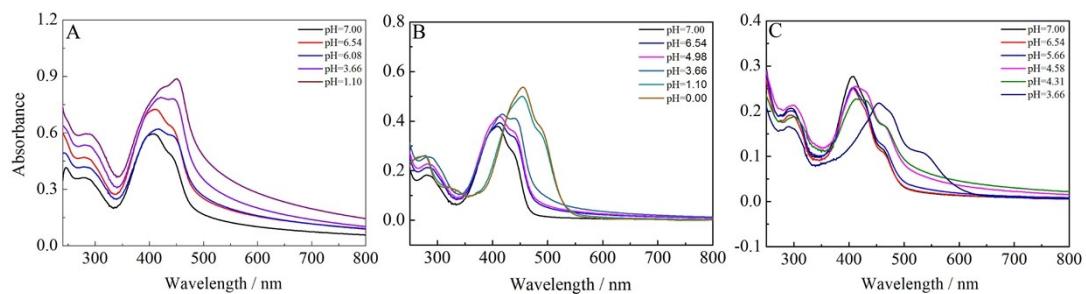


Fig. S27. The absorption spectral evolution of fluorophore 2 (A), 7 (B) and 10 (C) (15 μ M).

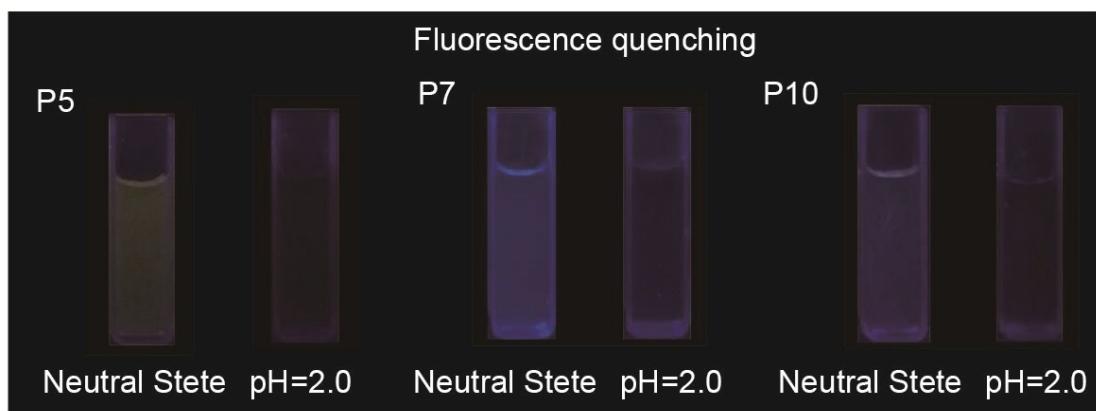


Fig. S28 Fluorescence quenching of P5, P7 and P10 (15 μM in repeat units) at the neutral state and pH 2.0.

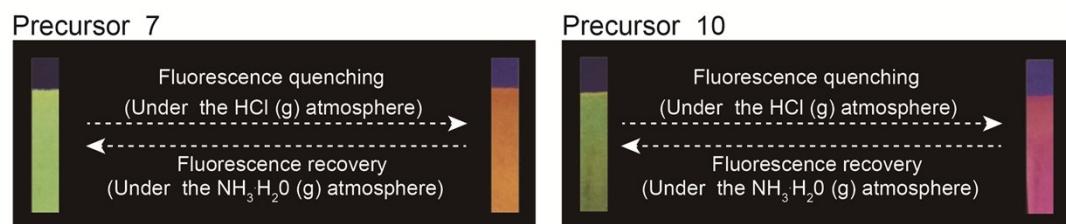


Fig. S29 The digital imaging of fluorophores 7/10-based fluorescence test papers in the both of HCl and $\text{NH}_3\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ vapor.

Table S1 Peak assignments and comparison between observed peaks of triazolopyridine-thiophene D-A-D type conjugated fluorophores (1~10).

Peak(cm ⁻¹)	Assignment
1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10	
3085/ 3087/ 3080/ 3091/ 3088/ 3092/ 3088/ 3087/ 3089/ 3087 2831, 2847/ 2927, 2853/ 2934, 2854/ 2930, 2849/ 2926, 2852/ 2820, 2846/ 2934, 2825/ 2921, 2845/ 2922, 2848/ 2929, 2850 1587, 1550/ 1579, 1552/ 1581, 1549/ 1582, 1547/ 1580, 1548/ 1581, 1550/ 1580, 1557/ 1584, 1557/ 1585, 1552/ 1579, 1549 1491/ 1489/ 1493/ 1492/ 1495/ 1491/ 1493/ 1492/ 1492/ 1490 1362/ 1365/ 1368/ 1360/ 1364/ 1369/ 1368/ 1367/ 1362/ 1360 1201, 1150/ 1195, 1151/ 1221, 1154/ 1204, 1150/ 1197, 1155/ 1195, 1147/ 1195, 1153/ 1195, 1158/ 1197, 1159/ 1198, 1152 1071/ 1072/ 1058/ 1056/ 1070/ 1067/ 1062/ 1059/ 1057/ 1069 711/ 713/ 698/ 697/ 701/ 705/ 695/ 691/ 701/ 703	=C-H vibration of thiophene =C-H vibration of pyridine or triazole ring vibration of substituted pyridine C=C vibration of pyridine or C=N vibration of triazole ring vibration of substituted thiophene =C-H in-plane of thiophene =C-H out-of-plane of pyridine or triazole =C-H out-of-plane of thiophene

Table S2 DFT calculated molecular geometries and frontier molecular orbital distributions for the model structures.

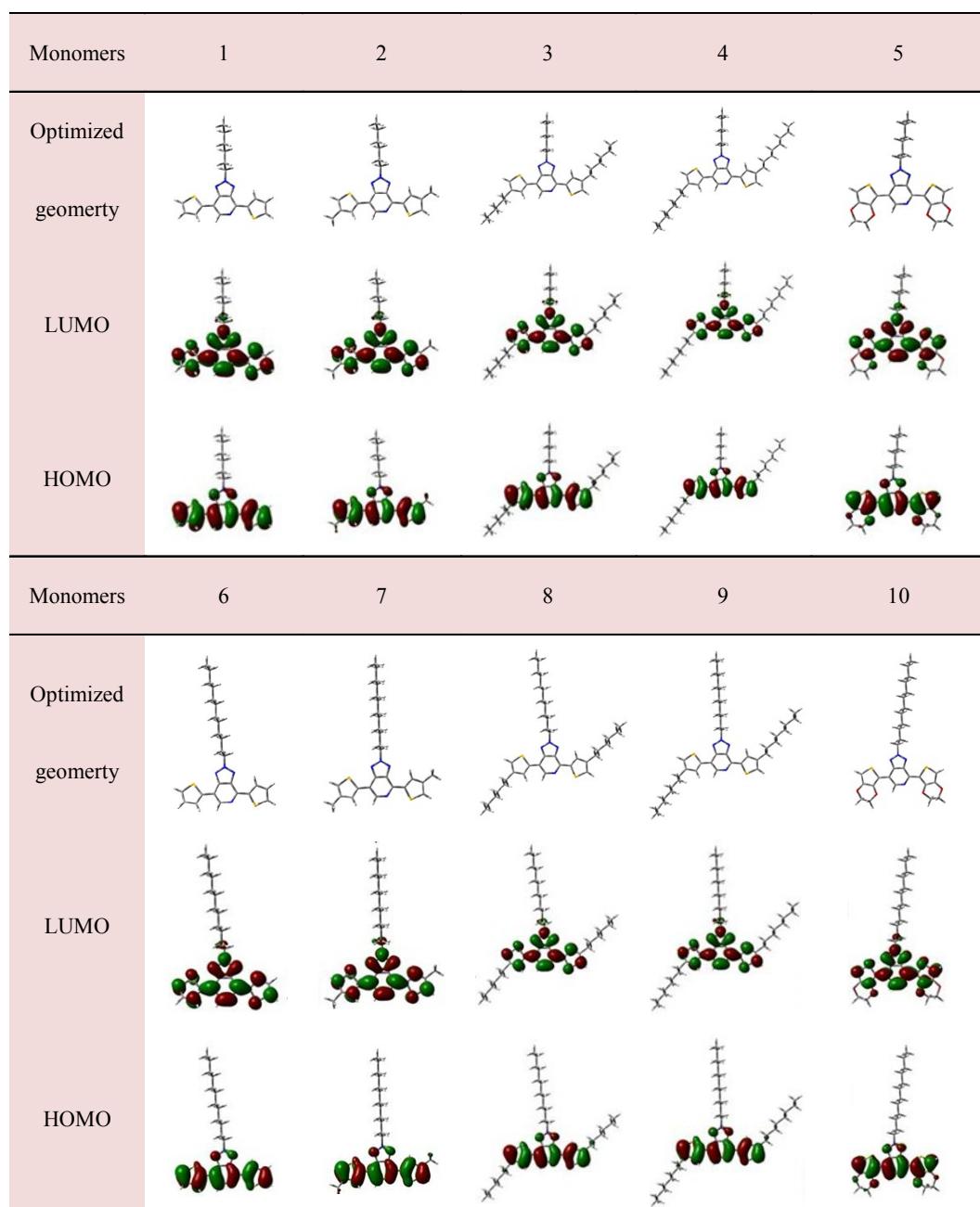


Table S3 Optical parameters and DFT theoretical calculation data of previously reported chalcogenodiazolo[3,4-c]pyridine-based molecular systems.

Precursors	E_{HOMO} (eV)	E_{LUMO} (eV)	λ_{onset} (nm)	$E_{g,\text{opt}}$ (eV)	$\lambda_{\text{max},1}$ (nm)	$\lambda_{\text{max},2}$ (nm)	$\lambda_{\text{max},3}$ (nm)	λ_{em} (nm)	ϕ_F	Ref.
ProDOT(Me) ₂ -PT	-5.93	-3.88	563	2.20	263	309	481	661	0.602	[23]
ProDOT(Me) ₂ -PSe	-5.86	-4.16	604	2.05	268	321	518	673	0.137	[23]
ProDOT(Bu) ₂ -PT	-5.81	-3.97	565	2.19	264	311	485	721	0.477	[23]
ProDOT(Bu) ₂ -PSe	-5.77	-3.97	702	1.77	270	325	526	715	0.088	[23]
EDOT-PT	-5.68	-3.54	579	2.14	266	315	500	653	0.501	[22,25]
EDOT-PSe	-5.61	-3.67	639	1.94	274	328	542	714	0.072	[25]
HexTh-PT	-5.95	-3.71	554	2.24	255	307	479	618	0.711	[25]
HexTh-PSe	-5.85	-3.80	605	2.05	252	317	515	648	0.184	[25]
MeTh-PT	-5.81	-3.56	551	2.25	256	305	476	615	0.701	[25]
MeTh-PTSe	-5.80	-3.74	602	2.06	253	316	502	613	0.200	[25]
Th-PT	-6.04	-3.73	537	2.31	258	302	464	603	0.849	[25]
Th-PSe	-5.90	-3.59	582	2.13	270	313	498	643	0.307	[25]