

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Silicene-Supported TiO₂ Nanostructures: Theoretical Study of Electronic and Optical Properties

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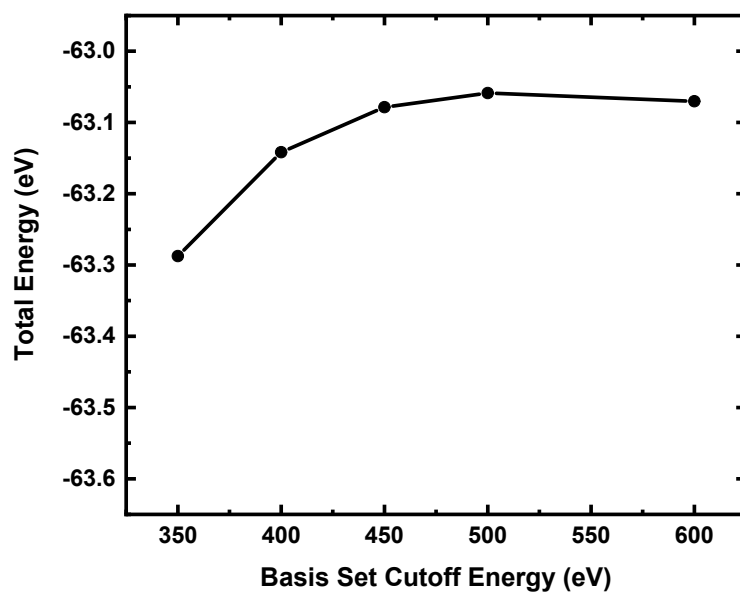
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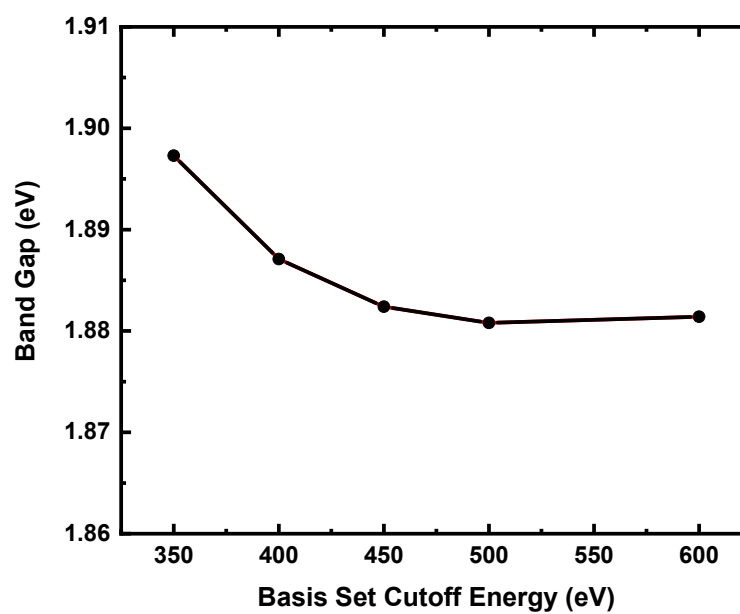
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Table S1. Charges and magnetic moments of Ti^{3+} ions in the supported structures based on Bader charge analysis.

Supported structures	$Q_1 (e)$	$\mu_1 (\mu_B)$	$Q_2 (e)$	$\mu_2 (\mu_B)$
(TiO_2) ₃ /Silicene	1.84	0.96	1.93	0.98
(TiO_2) ₈ /Silicene	1.93	0.87	1.90	0.96
(TiO_2) ₁₅ /Silicene	2.07	-0.87	-	-
TiO_2 (101) nanosheet/Silicene	2.02	0.90	2.02	0.90



(a)



(b)

Figure S1. Convergence tests of (a) the total energy and (b) the band gap as a function of the basis set cutoff energy for a $(\text{TiO}_2)_3$ cluster.

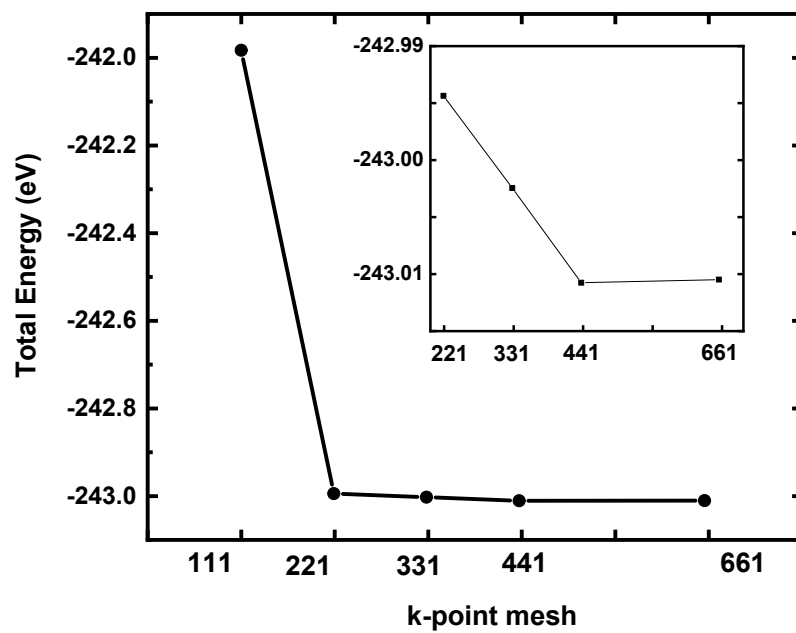


Figure S2. Convergence test of the total energy as a function of the k point mesh for the 5×5 silicene sheet.

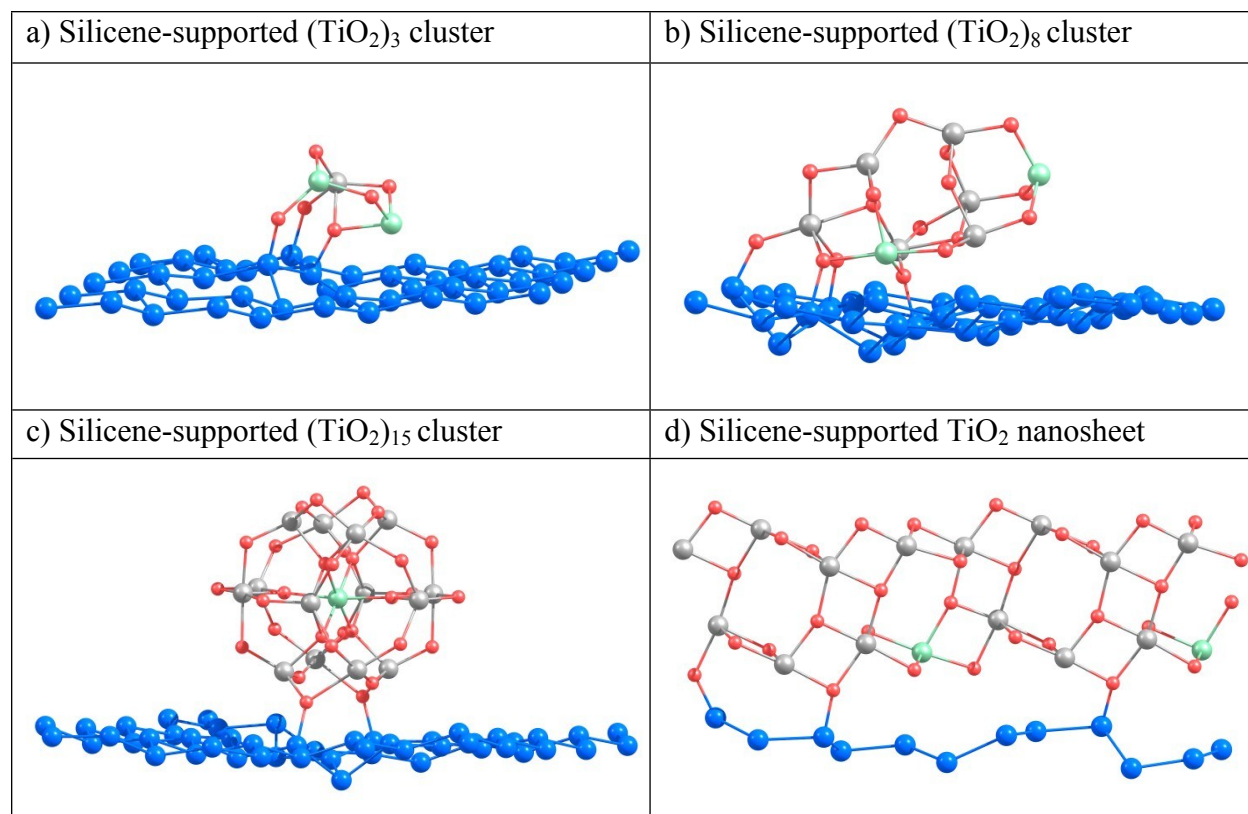


Figure S3. Distribution of Ti^{3+} ions in silicene-supported TiO_2 nanostructures. Color code: Si-navy blue, O-red, Ti^{4+} -gray, Ti^{3+} -green. Note that for clarity, only one supercell is shown for each case.

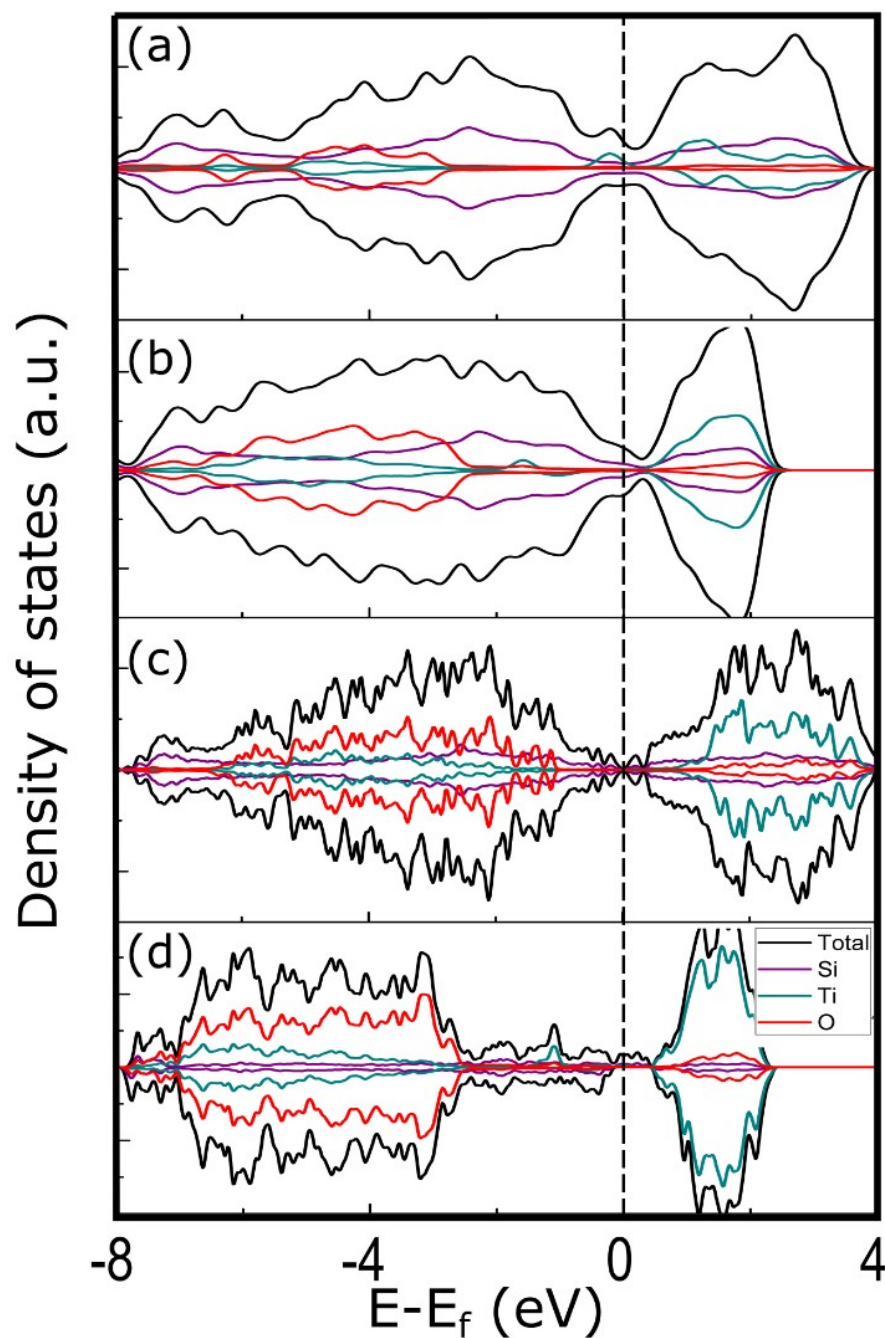
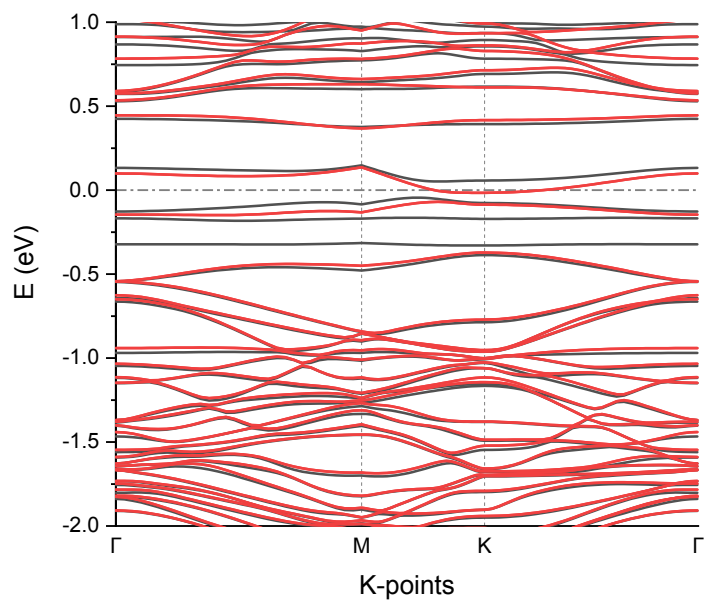
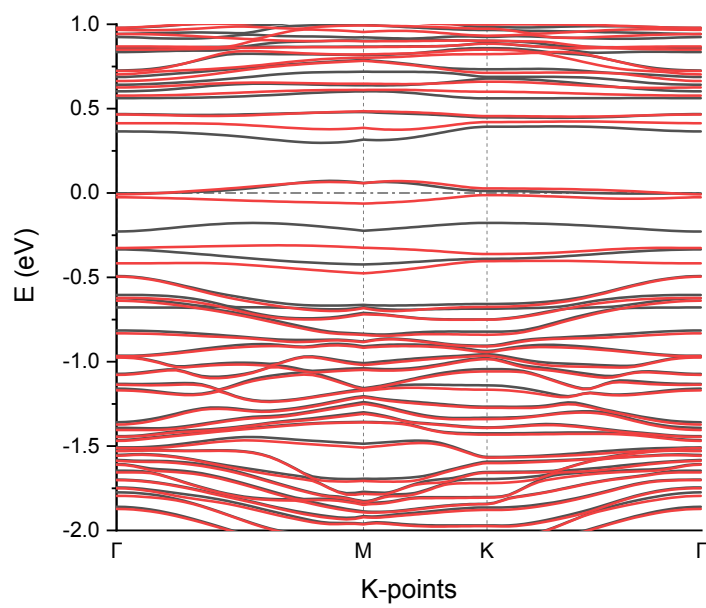


Figure S4. Calculated total and projected DOS of silicene-supported TiO_2 nanostructures. (a) silicene-supported $(\text{TiO}_2)_3$ cluster, (b) silicene-supported $(\text{TiO}_2)_8$ cluster, (c) silicene-supported $(\text{TiO}_2)_{15}$ cluster, and (d) silicene-supported TiO_2 nanosheet. Zero is taken to be Fermi energy of the system. A larger energy range is shown compared to Figure 4.

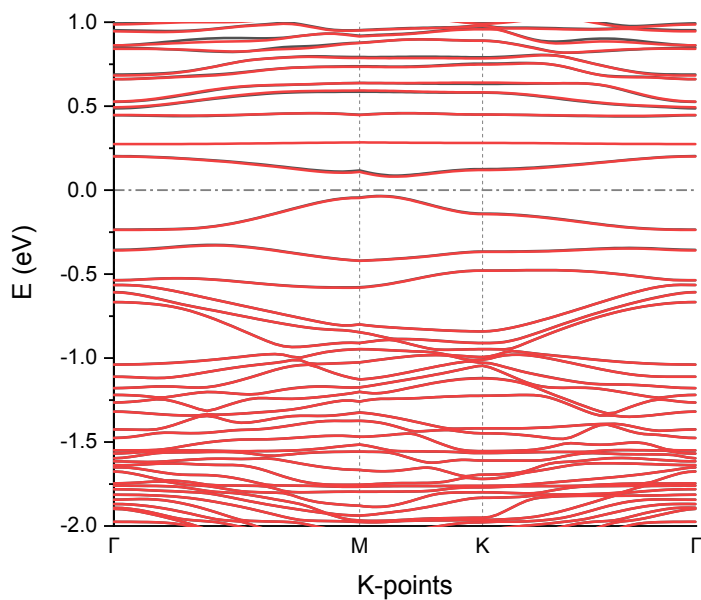
a)



b)



c)



d)

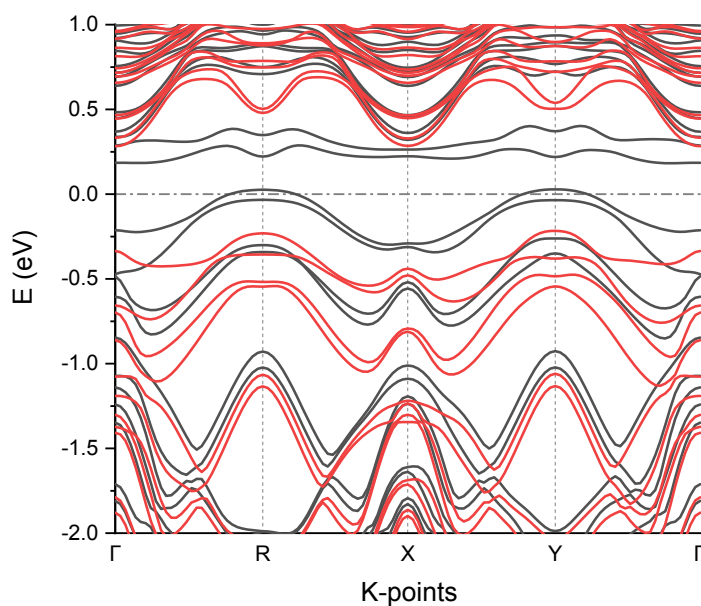


Figure S5. Calculated band structures of silicene-supported TiO_2 nanostructures at the PBE+U level. (a) silicene-supported $(\text{TiO}_2)_3$ cluster, (b) silicene-supported $(\text{TiO}_2)_8$ cluster, (c) silicene-supported $(\text{TiO}_2)_{15}$ cluster, and (d) silicene-supported TiO_2 (101) nanosheet. For figures (a)-(c), $\Gamma=(0\ 0\ 0)$, $M=(0\ \frac{1}{2}\ 0)$, and $K=(\frac{1}{3}\ \frac{1}{3}\ 0)$. For figure (d), $\Gamma=(0\ 0\ 0)$, $R=(\frac{1}{2}\ \frac{1}{2}\ 0)$, $X=(\frac{1}{2}\ 0\ 0)$, $Y=(0\ \frac{1}{2}\ 0)$. Black lines are for spin-up electrons, while red lines for spin-down electrons.