## Coarse-grained model of ionic liquid crystals: the effect of stoichiometry on the stability of the ionic nematic phase

Giacomo Saielli, \*<sup>a,b</sup> and Katsuhiko Satoh\*<sup>c</sup>

a. CNR Institute on Membrane Technology, Unit of Padova, Via Marzolo, 1 – 35131 Padova, Italy. Email: giacomo.saielli@cnr.it

<sup>b.</sup>Department of Chemical Sciences, University of Padova, Via Marzolo, 1 – 35131 Padova, Italy. Email: giacomo.saielli@unipd.it <sup>c.</sup>Department of Chemistry, Osaka Sangyo University, Daito, Osaka, 574-8530, Japan. Email: ksatoh@las.osaka-sandai.ac.jp

## **Electronic Supporting Information**

Energies of the GB:LJ 2:1 system at packing fraction 0.52356	р. 2
Order parameters of the GB:LJ 2:1 system at packing fraction 0.52356	р. З
Pair potentials	p. 4
Examples of LAMMPS input files	p. 5



**Figure S1**. Reduced potential energy,  $U^*_{pot}$ , as a function of the reduced temperature for the GB:LJ 2:1 system at reduced packing fraction  $\eta^*$  of 0.52356. Error bars are smaller than the symbol size.



**Figure S2**. Reduced electrostatic energy,  $U^*_{coul}$ , as a function of the reduced temperature for the GB:LJ 2:1 system at reduced packing fraction  $\eta^*$  of 0.52356. Error bars are smaller than the symbol size.



**Figure S3**. Orientational order parameter,  $\langle P_2 \rangle$ , as a function of the reduced temperature for the GB:LJ 2:1 system at reduced packing fraction  $\eta^*$  of 0.52356. Error bars are smaller than the symbol size.



Figure S4. Translational order parameter,  $\langle \tau \rangle$ , as a function of the reduced temperature for the GB:LJ 2:1 system at reduced packing fraction  $\eta^*$  of 0.52356. Error bars are smaller than the symbol size.



Figure S5. Pair interaction potentials for the most relevant particle-particle geometries. Test calculations have been run using the template input file below for Case 2).

```
##
## Example input files for MD simulations of mixtures of charged GB and LJ particles using LAMMPS
##
## Please cite the following literature:
## - G. Saielli, K. Satoh, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. 2019 (this paper)
## - T. Margola, K. Satoh, G. Saielli, Crystals 2018, 8, 371-15. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.3390/cryst8100371
## - G. Saielli, T. Margola, K. Satoh, Soft Matter 2017, 13, 5207-5213. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1039/C7SM00612H
## - T. Margola, G. Saielli, K. Satoh, Mol. Cryst. Liq. Cryst. 2017, 649, 50-58. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/15421406.2017.1303918
##
#
#
#
# Case 1) - Pure Gay-Berne ellipsoids, tested with version LAMMPS (17 Dec 2013).
#
# GB parameterization as in
# R. Berardi, A.P.J. Emerson, C. Zannoni,
# Monte Carlo investigations of a Gay-Berne liquid crystal,
# J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans., 89, 4069 - 4078 (1993)
#
#
units
       lj
atom_style ellipsoid
dimension 3
read_data start.config
# set mass and shape
set
      type 1 mass 1.0
set
      type 1 shape 113
# define GB potential
pair_style gayberne 1.0 3.0 1.0 4.0
pair_coeff 1 1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.20 0 0 0
neighbor 0.8 bin
```

thermo 1000

timestep 0.0015

compute q all property/atom quatw quati quatj quatk

```
dump 1 all custom 100000 trj.out &
```

id type x y z c\_q[1] c\_q[2] c\_q[3] c\_q[4]

# Count number of uniaxial particles

group uniaxial type 1

variable dof equal count(uniaxial)

# MD simulations at constant volume

fix 1 all nvt/asphere temp 3.0 3.0 0.1

# Remove a degree of freedom for each uniaxial particle from the NVT temperature compute compute\_modify 1\_temp extra \${dof}

# Only output the temperature and pressure used by NPT/asphere

thermo\_style custom step c\_1\_temp epair pe etotal vol density press

run 1000000

write\_restart restart.file

#							
#							
#							
#							
#							
#							
#							
	- 1						

# Case 2) - Mixture of non-charged Gay-Berne ellipsoids and LJ spheres, tested with version LAMMPS (20 Jan 2015).

#

# GB parameterization as in

# R. Berardi, A.P.J. Emerson, C. Zannoni, # Monte Carlo investigations of a Gay-Berne liquid crystal, # J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans., 89, 4069 - 4078 (1993) # # IJ units atom\_style ellipsoid dimension 3 read\_data start.config set type 1 mass 1.0 type 2 mass 1.0 set type 1 shape 1 1 3 set set type 2 shape 1 1 1 group gbgb type 1 group lennjo type 2 variable dofGB equal count(gbgb) variable dofLJ equal count(lennjo)\*3 compute tempgb gbgb temp/asphere # for total(trans+rot) temp for GB compute templj lennjo temp/asphere # for total(trans+rot) temp for LJ kerotgb gbgb erotate/asphere # for rotational kinetic energy for GB compute kerotlj lennjo erotate/asphere # for rotational kinetic energy for LJ compute compute ketragb gbgb ke # for translational kinetic energy for GB compute ketralj lennjo ke # for translational kinetic energy for LJ # gayberne(shift\_for\_pot\_min,nyu,myu,cutoff) # pair\_style gayberne 1.0 3.0 1.0 4.0 # pair\_coeff(type1 type2 unit\_egy unit\_length depth\_x1 depth\_y1 depth\_z1 # depth\_x2 depth\_y2 depth\_z2 cutoff) pair\_coeff 11 11 110.2110.2 pair\_coeff 12 11 110.2111

## pair\_coeff 22 11 111111

neighbor 0.8 bin

thermo 100

timestep 0.0015

compute q all property/atom quatw quati quatj quatk

dump 1 all custom 10000 trj.GB & id type x y z c\_q[1] c\_q[2] c\_q[3] c\_q[4]

fix 1 gbgb nvt/asphere temp 1.65 1.65 0.1

fix 2 lennjo nvt/asphere temp 1.65 1.65 0.1

compute\_modify 1\_temp extra \${dofGB} compute\_modify 2\_temp extra \${dofLJ} compute\_modify tempgb extra \${dofGB} compute\_modify templj extra \${dofL}

thermo\_style custom step pe ke c\_ketragb c\_kerotgb c\_tempgb c\_ketralj c\_kerotlj c\_templj temp c\_1\_temp c\_2\_temp press vol

restart 10000 restart\_a restart\_b

run 1000000

write\_restart restart.file

## #

- #
- #
- #
- #
- #
- #

# Case 3) - Mixture of charged Gay-Berne ellipsoids and LJ spheres, tested with versions LAMMPS (20 Jan 2015), LAMMPS (28 Sep 2016) and LAMMPS (11 Ago 2017).

```
#
```

# GB parameterization as in

# R. Berardi, A.P.J. Emerson, C. Zannoni,

# Monte Carlo investigations of a Gay-Berne liquid crystal,

```
# J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans., 89, 4069 - 4078 (1993)
```

#

#

units lj

atom\_style hybrid ellipsoid charge

dimension 3

read\_data start.config

set type 1 mass 1.0

- set type 2 mass 1.0
- set type 1 shape 1 1 3
- set type 2 shape 1 1 1

group gbgb type 1

group lennjo type 2

set group gbgb charge 2.0

set group lennjo charge -2.0

variable	dofGB equal count(gbgb)						
variable	dofLJ equal count(lennjo)*3						
compute	tempgb gbgb	temp/asphere	# for total(trans+rot) temp for GB				
compute	templj lennjo	temp/asphere	# for total(trans+rot) temp for LJ				
compute	kerotgb gbgb	erotate/asphere	# for rotational kinetic energy for GB				
compute	kerotlj lennjo	erotate/asphere	# for rotational kinetic energy for LJ				
compute	ketragb gbgb	ke # for	translational kinetic energy for GB				
compute	ketralj lennjo l	ke # for t	ranslational kinetic energy for LI				

# gayberne(shift\_for\_pot\_min,nyu,myu,cutoff)

#pair\_style gayberne 1.0 3.0 1.0 4.0
pair\_style hybrid/overlay gayberne 1.0 3.0 1.0 4.0 coul/long 10.0
# pair\_coeff(type1 type2 unit\_egy unit\_length depth\_x1 depth\_y1 depth\_z1
# depth\_x2 depth\_y2 depth\_z2 cutoff)

kspace\_style pppm 1.0e-6

pair\_coeff 11 gayberne 11 110.2110.2
pair\_coeff 12 gayberne 11 110.2111
pair\_coeff 22 gayberne 11 111111

pair\_coeff 1 1 coul/long #10.0

pair\_coeff 1 2 coul/long #10.0

pair\_coeff 2 2 coul/long #10.0

neighbor 0.8 bin

thermo 1000

timestep 0.0015

compute q all property/atom quatw quati quatj quatk

dump 1 all custom 1000 trj.GB &

id type x y z c\_q[1] c\_q[2] c\_q[3] c\_q[4]

- fix 1 gbgb nvt/asphere temp 1.40 1.40 0.1
- fix 2 lennjo nvt/asphere temp 1.40 1.40 0.1

compute\_modify 1\_temp extra \${dofGB} compute\_modify 2\_temp extra \${dofLJ} compute\_modify tempgb extra \${dofGB} compute\_modify templj extra \${dofL}

#

thermo\_style custom step pe ecoul elong ke c\_ketragb c\_kerotgb c\_tempgb c\_ketralj c\_kerotlj c\_templj temp c\_1\_temp c\_2\_temp press vol

mass 1 1.

mass 2 1.

restart 10000 restart\_a restart\_b

run 1000000

write\_restart restart.file