

Conjugation-Broken Thiophene-Based Electropolymerized Polymers with Well-Defined Structure: Effect of Conjugation Lengths on Electrochromic Properties

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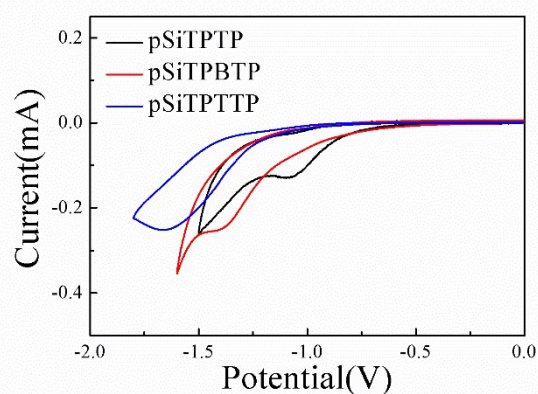


Fig.S1. The n-doping of three monomers on ITO electrodes recorded in 0.1M TBAP/(DCM: ACN=7:3) at 50 mV/s.

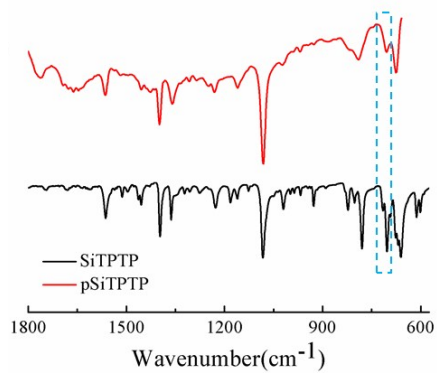


Fig.S2. FT-IR spectra of SiTPTP and pSiTPTP

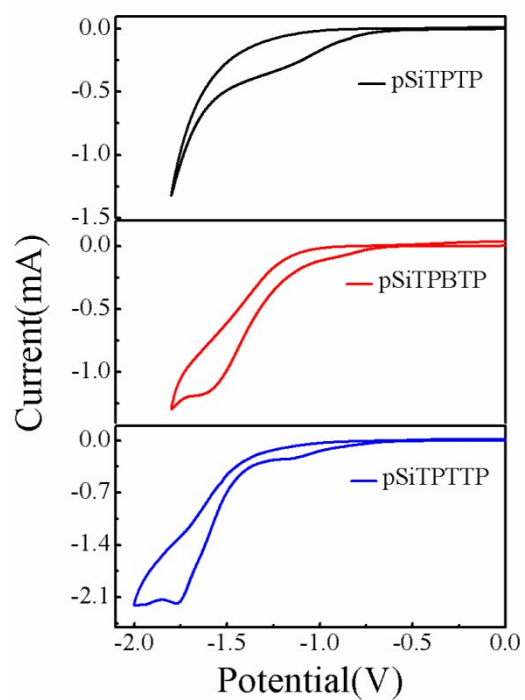


Fig.S3. The n-doping of three polymers on ITO electrodes recorded in 0.1M TBAP/ACN at 50 mV/s.

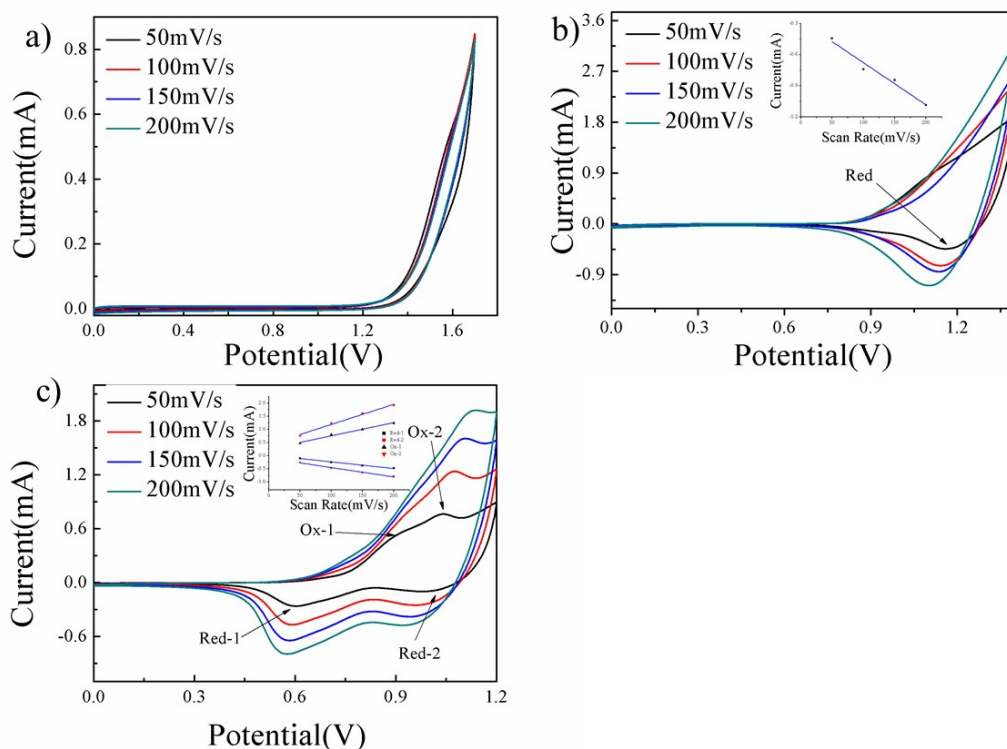


Fig.S4. Cyclic voltammograms of the polymer films; a) pSiTPTP b) PpSiTPBTP and c) pSiTPTTP with different scan rates from 50 mV/s to 200 mV/s in 0.1 M TBAB-ACN. Insets: Scan rate vs anodic and the cathodic current density graphs of the corresponding polymer films.

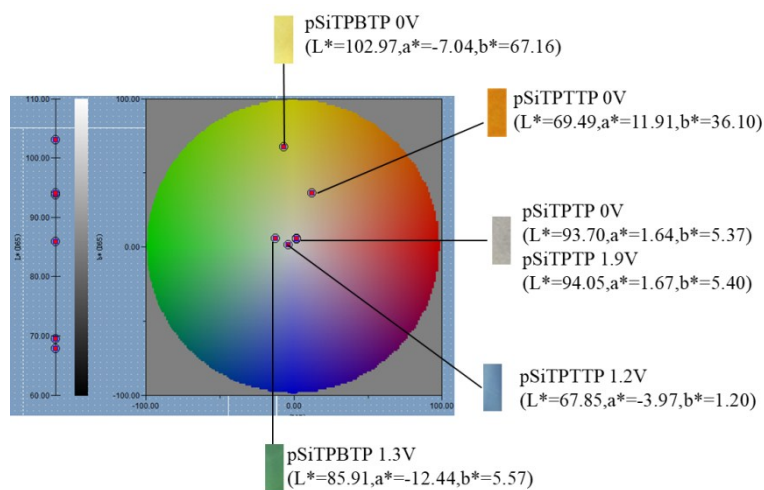


Fig.S5. The L^* and a^*b^* of the three polymers in the neutral and oxidized states

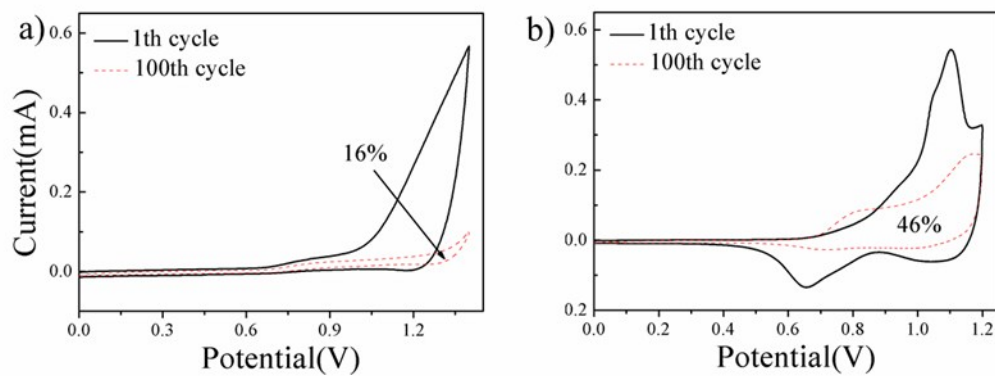


Fig.S6. Cyclic voltammetry stability test of a) pSiTPBTP and b) pSiTPPTP (WE: Pt wire, RE: Ag wire, 0.1M TBAP/ACN, 100 mV/s)