

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Structure, molecular dynamics and interactions in aqueous xylitol solutions

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Table S1. Densities, d , viscosities, η , and parameters of the 5D model for the dielectric spectra of aqueous xylitol solutions at 25 °C: static permittivity, ε_s , high-frequency permittivity, ε_∞ , amplitudes, S_j , and relaxation times, τ_j , of the resolved modes $j = 1\dots5$. Bold font indicates fixed parameter values.

c / M	d / g·cm ⁻³	η / mPa·s	ε_s	ε_∞	S_1	τ_1 / ps	S_2	τ_2 / ps	S_3	τ_3 / ps	S_4	τ_4 / ps	S_5	τ_5 / ps
0.100	1.0021	0.913	78.11	3.52		1.14		21.9	70.99	8.39		2.46		0.278
0.200	1.0072	0.951	77.80	3.52			2.29	22.3	69.53	8.48		2.46		0.278
0.400	1.0171	1.029	77.48	3.52			4.48	23.0	66.65	8.67		2.83		0.278
0.800	1.0370	1.23	76.56	3.52			8.79	24.5	61.07	9.10		3.19		0.278
1.206	1.0572	1.48	75.79	3.52	0.73	186	12.59	22.8	55.50	9.50		3.46		0.278
1.611	1.0767	1.82	74.24	3.52	1.44	109	15.61	27.9	48.20	10.6	2.63	4.0	2.84	0.278
2.011	1.0961	2.25	73.30	3.52	2.75	105	19.34	28.7	41.99	11.3	3.17	3.5	2.53	0.278
2.181	1.1043	2.48	72.85	3.52	3.35	99	21.95	28.4	38.06	11.3	3.23	4.46	2.73	0.278
2.388	1.1150	2.83	72.22	3.52	3.58	111	22.74	30.8	36.27	11.8	3.33	4.36	2.78	0.278
2.816	1.1362	3.76	70.98	3.52	5.69	112	27.60	31.5	27.70	11.9	3.54	5.9	2.92	0.278
3.251	1.1579	5.12	69.51	3.52	8.48	116	29.54	33.5	21.56	12.5	3.76	5.2	2.66	0.278

Table S2. Parameters a_i of n^{th} order polynomials, $\sum a_i \times c^i$ ($0 \leq i \leq n$), fitting density, d , static permittivity, ε_s , amplitudes S_2 & S_4 (Table S1), and S_s & S_b (see main text), as well as relaxation times τ_2 and τ_3 (Table S1) as a function of concentration, c , of aqueous xylitol solutions at 298.15 K.^a

	n	a_0	a_1	a_2
$d / \text{kg}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$	2	0.99727 ± 0.00013	0.04931 ± 0.00008	
ε_s	2	78.368^b	-2.143 ± 0.082	-0.178 ± 0.032
S_2	2	0	10.96 ± 0.35	-0.53 ± 0.14
S_4	2	0	2.154 ± 0.055	-0.311 ± 0.021
S_s	1	0	7.560 ± 0.083	
S_b	1	74.848^b	-15.38 ± 0.10	
τ_2/ps	1	21.6 ± 1.24	3.61 ± 0.51	
τ_3/ps	1	8.35^b	1.310 ± 0.040	

^a $S_1 = (0.471 \pm 0.059) \times c^{(2.44 \pm 0.12)}$ with c in M; ^bref [1]; bold font indicates fixed parameter.

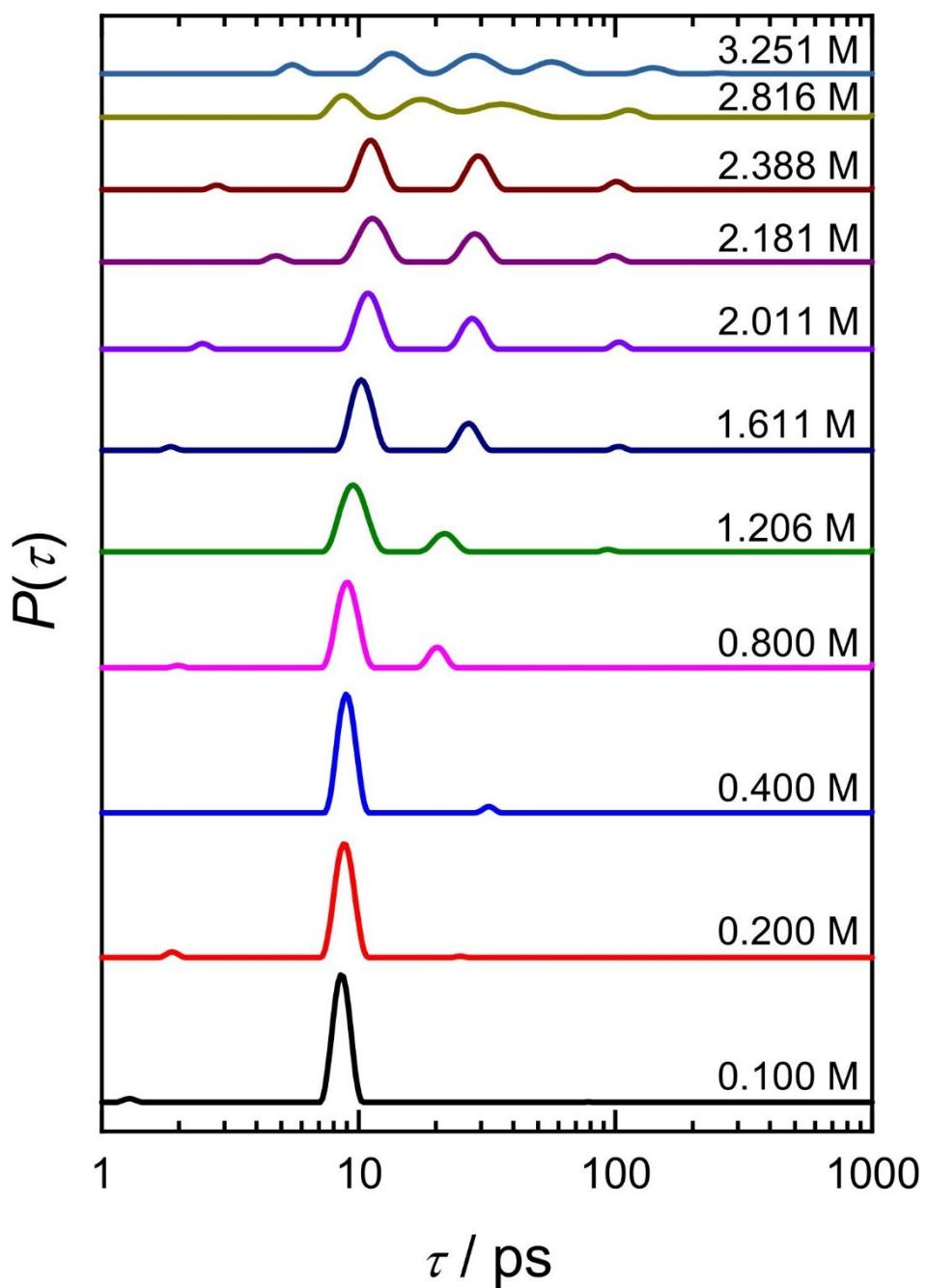


Fig. S1. Relaxation-time probability functions, $P(\tau)$,² for the investigated aqueous xylitol solutions at 25 °C.

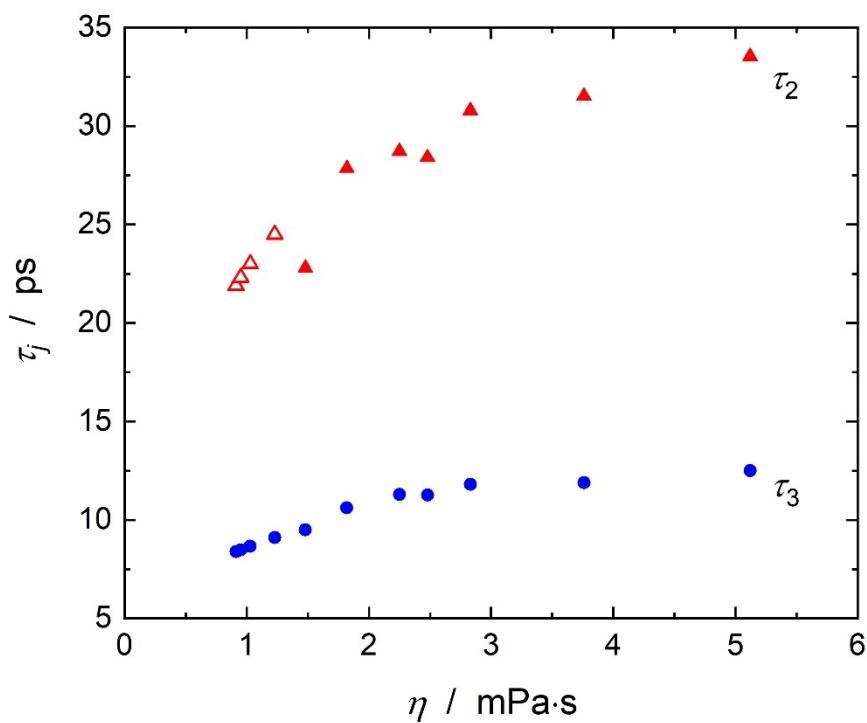


Fig. S2. Water-related relaxation times, τ_2 (▲) and τ_3 (●), as a function of solution viscosity, η , for aqueous xylitol solutions at 298.15 K.

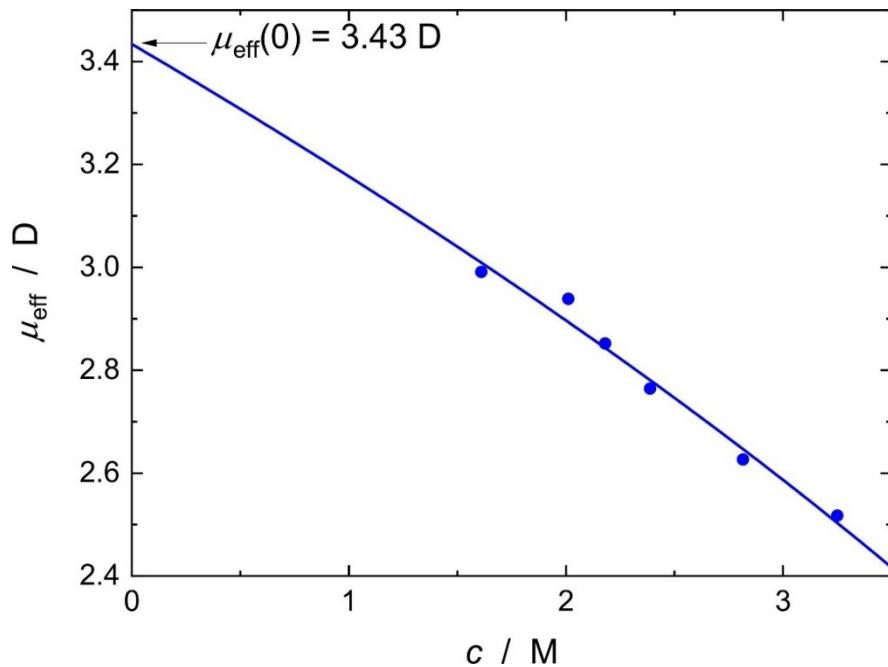


Fig. S3. Effective dipole moment, μ_{eff} (●), of an OH group of xylitol calculated from the amplitude S_4 of Table S1. The line was obtained with the polynomial fitting S_4 (Table S2).

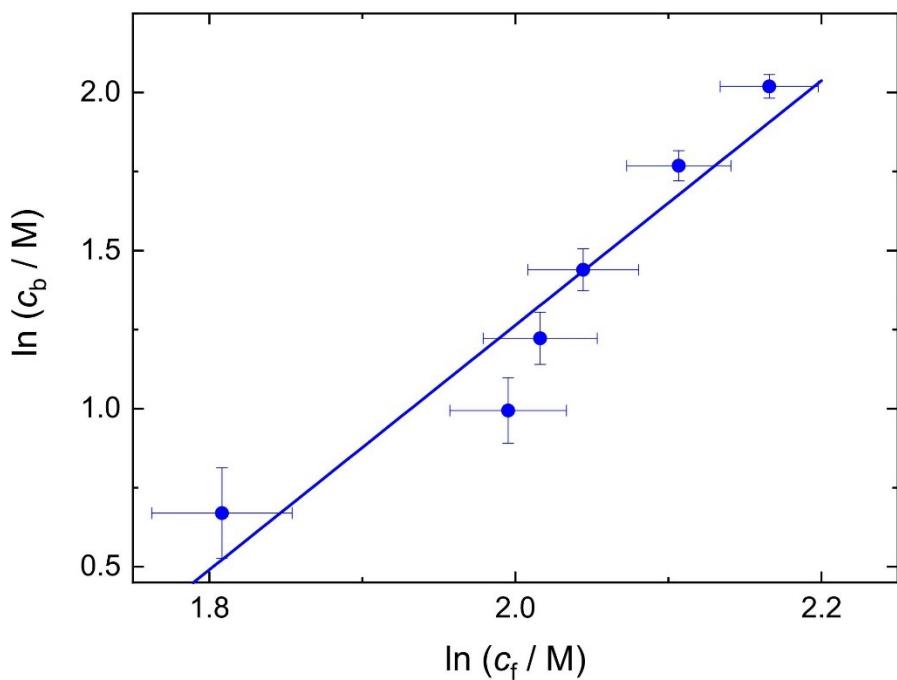


Fig. S4. Concentration of bound xylitol hydroxy groups, c_b (●), as a function of the concentration of free xylitol hydroxy groups, c_f , and associated fit with eqn. 3 (line).

Notes and references

1. A. Eiberweiser, A. Nazet, G. Heftner, and R. Buchner, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2015, **119**, 5270-5281.
2. A. Y. Zasetzky and R. Buchner, *J. Phys.: Condens. Matter*, 2011, **23**, 025903.