Supporting Information for

Distinct microscopic mechanisms for the accelerated aggregation of

pathogenic Tau mutants revealed by kinetic analysis

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Supporting Information includes:

- 1. Figure S1-S2
- 2. Table S1

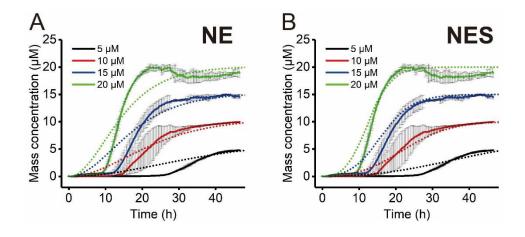


Fig. S1 Global fitting of fibrillation curves for P301S measured by ThT assay. NE indicates a nucleation-elongation model, and NES indicates a nucleation-elongation-secondary nucleation model. Neither of the above models give a satisfactory fit to the data compared to a nucleation-elongation-fragmentation-annealing model (Fig. 2).

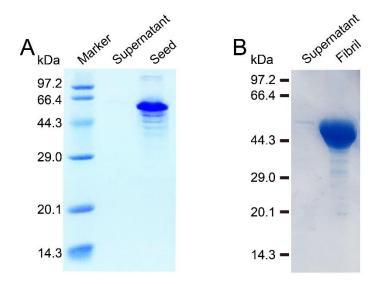


Fig. S2 SDS-PAGE detection of soluble Tau after sonication and after fibrillization reaches plateau. (A) The seed solution of P301S was centrifuged at 13,000 rpm for 60 min. A volume of 6 μ l supernatant and resuspended seeds were each subjected to SDS-PAGE analysis. The result shows that there is no detectable free monomer in solution. (B) The P301S sample was centrifuged at 13000 rpm for 30 min after the fibrillization reaction reached plateau. An equal volume of supernatant and resuspended fibrils were subjected to SDS-PAGE analysis. Only a trace amount of soluble protein is present in the supernatant indicating that the equilibrium strongly favors fibril formation.

Proteins -	A488 Lifetime (ns)	
	Long lifetime	Short lifetime
WT Tau40 monomer	4.2±0.1 (16.4%)	2.0±0.1 (83.6%)
P301L monomer	4.1±0.1 (17.1%)	1.9±0.1 (82.9%)
P301S monomer	4.2±0.1 (17.3%)	2.0±0.1 (82.7%)
WT Tau40 fibril	4.1±0.2 (7.0%)	1.9±0.1 (93.0%)
P301L fibril	3.8±0.1 (7.2%)	1.5±0.1 (92.8%)
P301S fibril	4.1±0.2(10.6%)	1.9±0.1 (89.4%)

Table S1. Fluorescence lifetime of AF488 for AF488/AF594-labeled Tau and its mutants before and after fibril formation.