

Supporting Information

Antimony doped tin oxide as an efficient electro-catalyst toward $\text{VO}^{2+}/\text{VO}_2^+$ redox couple for vanadium redox flow battery

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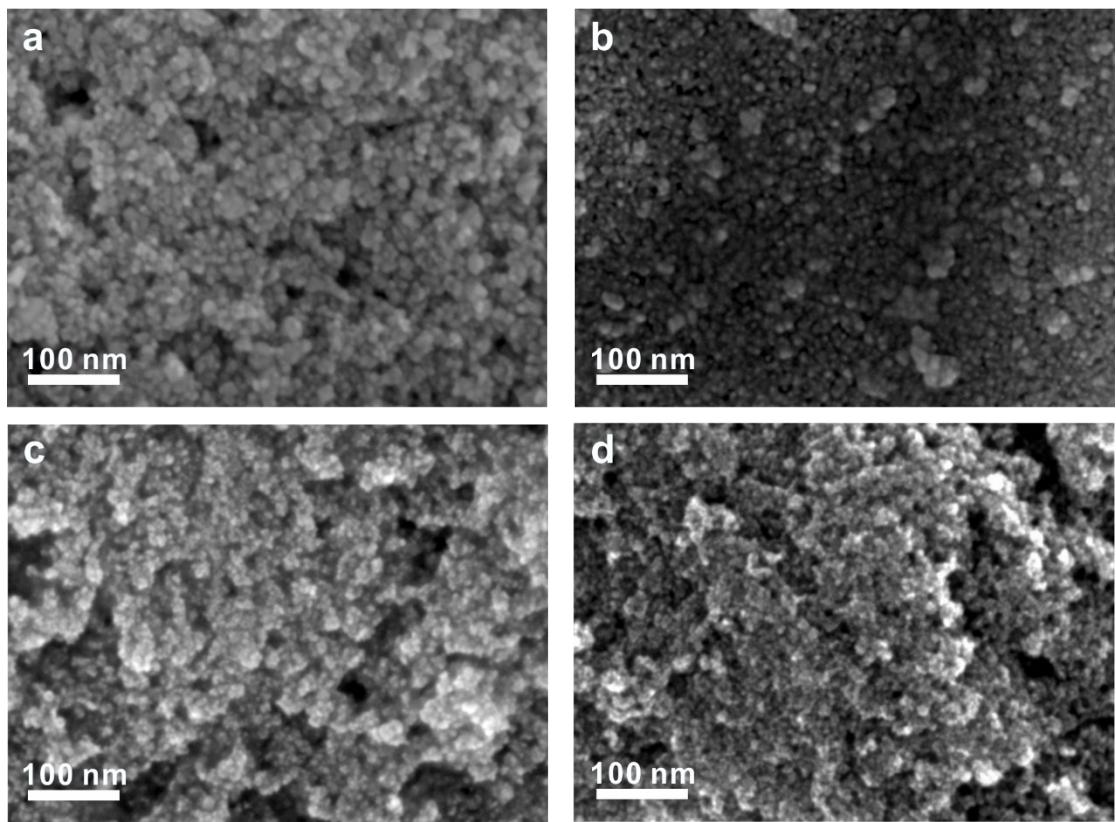


Fig. S1. Scanning electron microscope images of (a) SnO_2 , (b) ATO-5, (c) ATO-9 and (d) ATO-15.

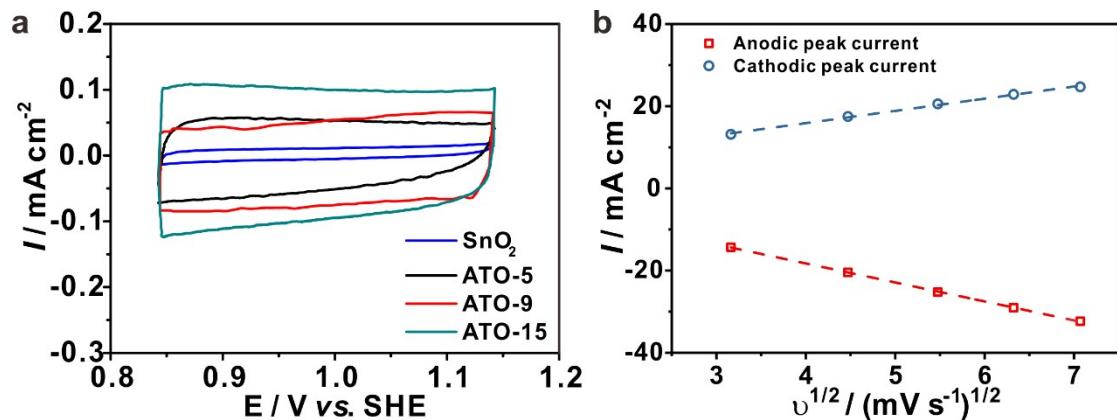


Fig. S2. (a) The cyclic voltammetry curves of SnO₂, ATO-5, ATO-9 and ATO-15 on glassy carbon electrode as working electrode in 1.0 mol L⁻¹ H₂SO₄ solution at a scan rate of 10 mV s⁻¹. (b) Variation peak currents as a function of the square root of the scan rates on ATO-9.

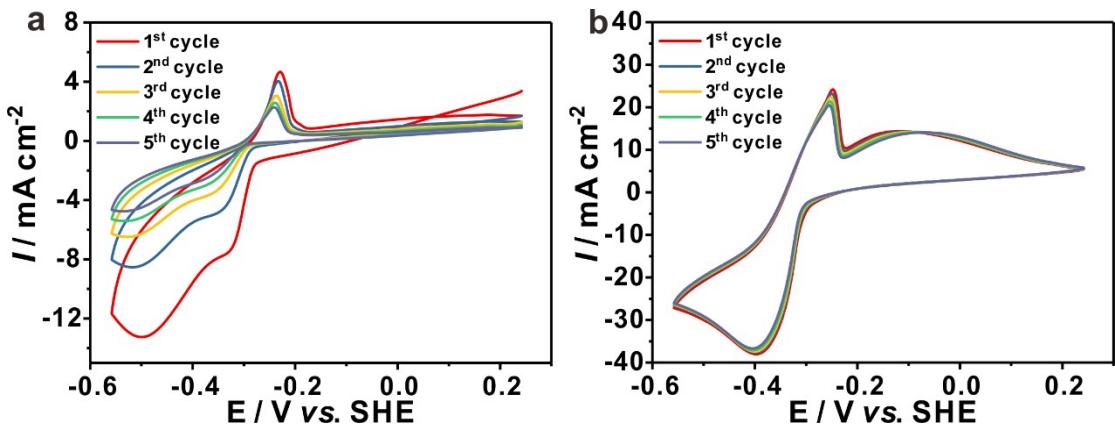


Fig. S3. (a)The cyclic voltammetry curves of ATO-9 on glassy carbon electrode as working electrode in 1.0 mol L⁻¹ H₂SO₄ solution at a scan rate of 50 mV s⁻¹. (b) The cyclic voltammetry curves of ATO-9 nanoparticles on glassy carbon electrode as working electrode in 1.0 mol L⁻¹ V²⁺ + 3 mol L⁻¹ H₂SO₄ solution at a scan rate of 50 mV s⁻¹.

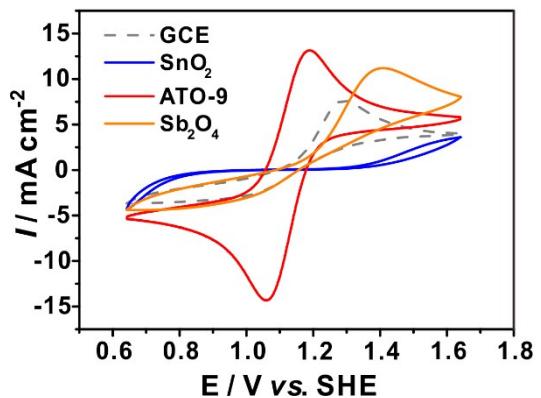


Fig. S4. The cyclic voltammetry curves of SnO_2 , Sb_2O_4 and ATO-9 nanoparticles on glassy carbon electrode and bare GCE as working electrode in $1.0 \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ VOSO}_4 + 3.0 \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ H}_2\text{SO}_4$ solution at a scan rate of 10 mV s^{-1} . (The Sb_2O_4 nanoparticles, which include two oxidation valence states of Sb (III) and Sb (V), were prepared according to the reported reference.¹)

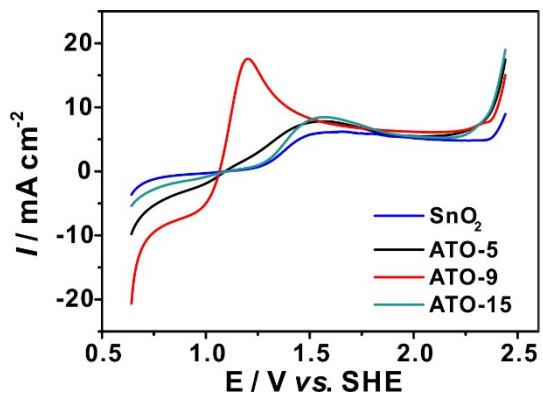


Fig. S5. LSV curves of SnO_2 , ATO-5, ATO-9 and ATO-15 nanoparticles on glassy carbon electrode as working electrode in $1.0 \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ VOSO}_4 + 3.0 \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ H}_2\text{SO}_4$ solution at a scan rate of 10 mV s^{-1} .

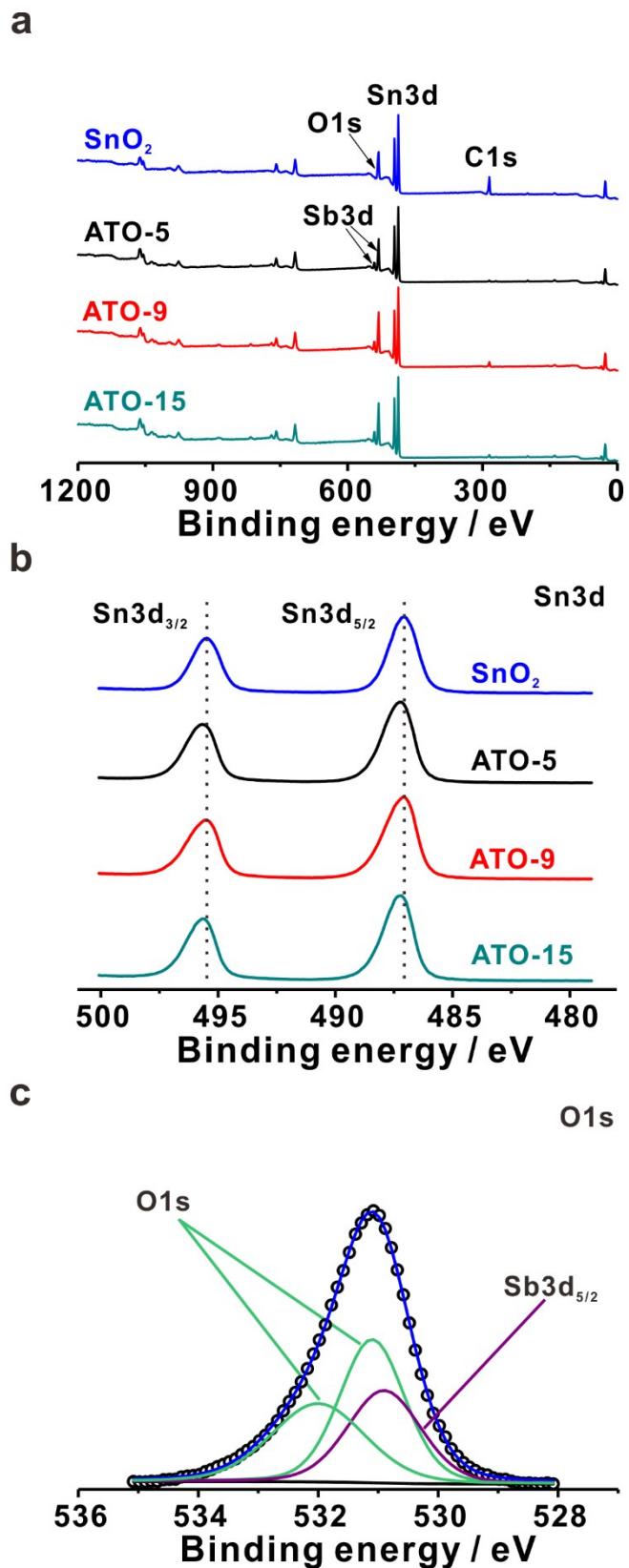


Fig. S6. (a) XPS spectra of SnO_2 , ATO-5, ATO-9 and ATO-15. (b) Sn3d XPS spectra of SnO_2 , ATO-5, ATO-9 and ATO-15. (c) O1s XPS spectra of ATO-9. The blue, green line represents the fitted peaks of O1s and $\text{Sb}3\text{d}_{5/2}$ spectra. Black circles exhibit the original peak and blue line is the total fitted line.

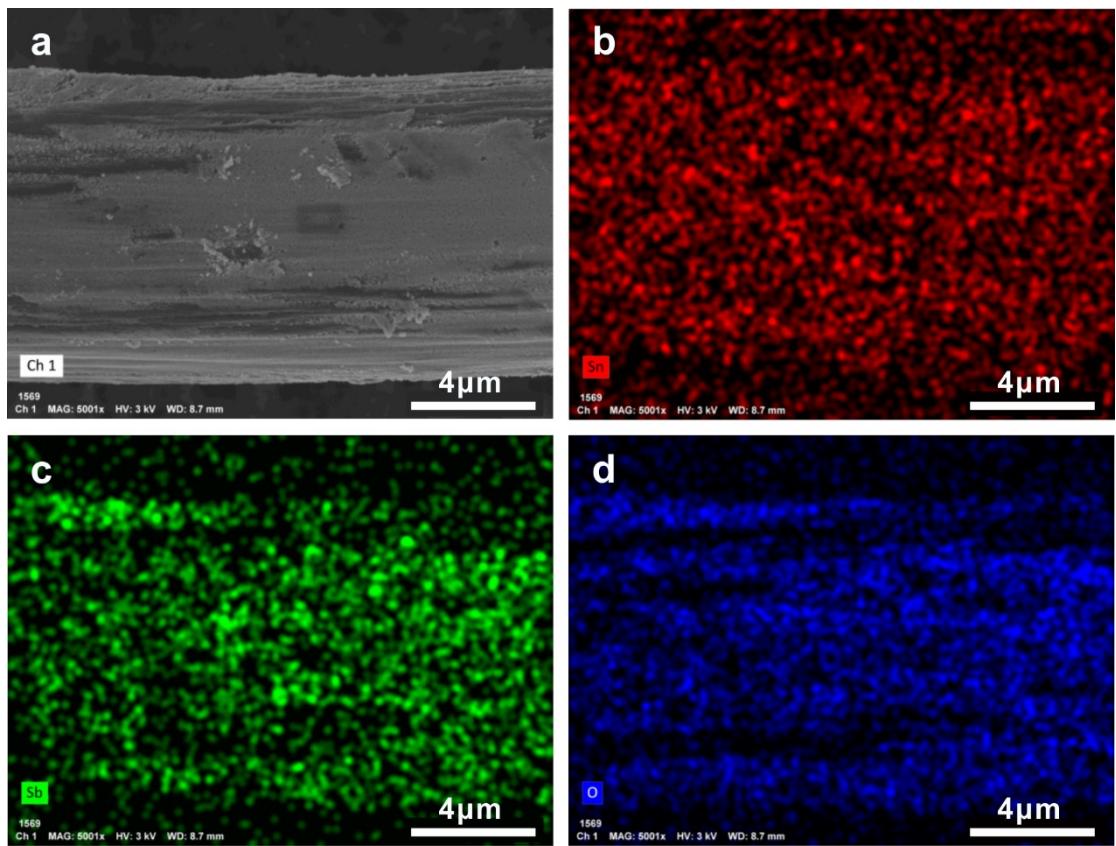


Fig. S7. SEM image (a) and EDS element mapping of ATO-9 coated on graphite felt: element Sn (b), element Sb (c) and element O (d).

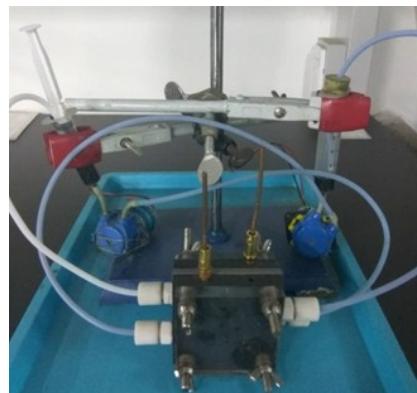


Fig. S8. The photograph of a vanadium redox flow battery.

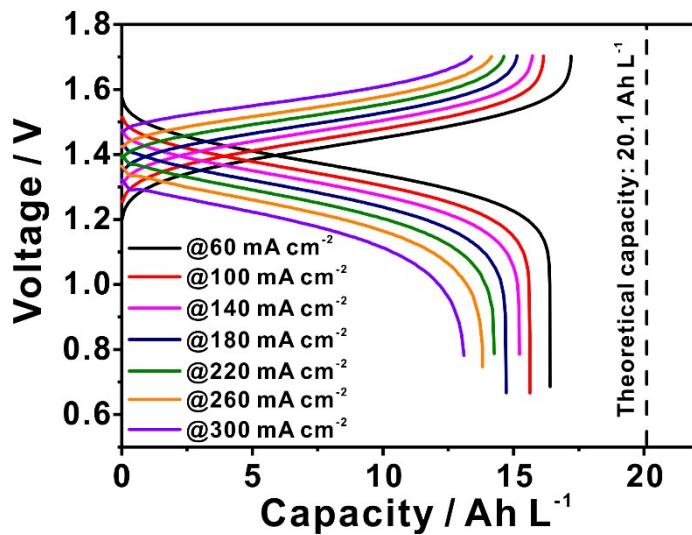


Fig. S9. Charge-discharge curves of VRFB employing with optimized ATO-9@GF at different current densities.

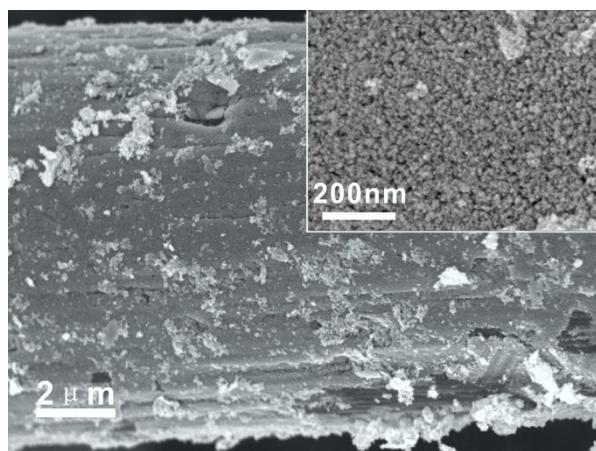


Fig. S10. SEM images of ATO-9 coated on graphite felt after cell cyclic measurement.

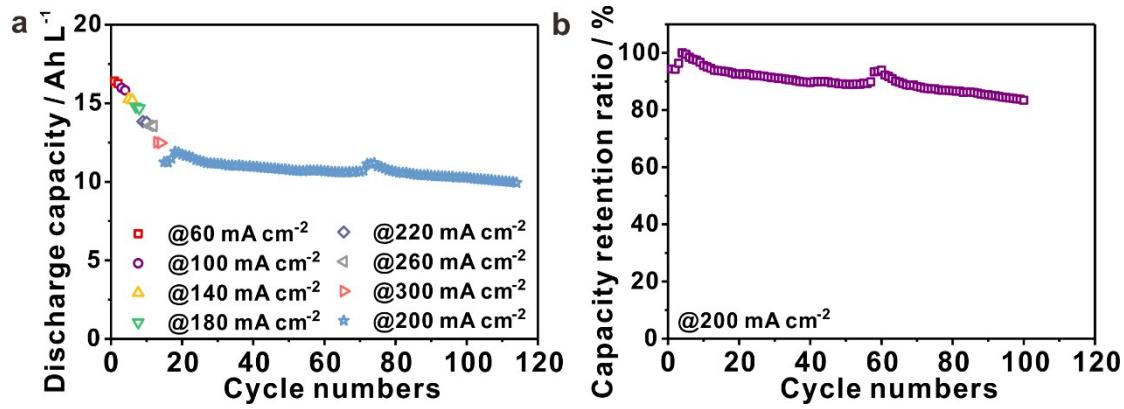


Fig. S11. (a) The discharge capacity of VRFB with ATO-9@GF at different cycles. (b) Capacity retention ratio of VRFB with ATO-9@GF at 200 mA cm⁻².

Table S1. Sb doping level and resistivity of SnO₂, ATO-5, ATO-9 and ATO-15.

Catalyst	Sb doping level (%) ^a	Resistivity (Ω cm)
SnO ₂	0	16512.32
ATO-5	6.70	14.59
ATO-9	9.77	7.66
ATO-15	13.71	36.76

^a Determined by ICP-MS.

Table S2. Comparison of various metallic oxides electrodes for vanadium redox flow battery application.

Catalyst	ΔE_p (mV)	Scan rate (mV s ⁻¹)	Current density (mA cm ⁻²)	CE (%)	VE (%)	EE (%)	Ref
Mn ₃ O ₄	~560	20	40	85.40	90.20	77.00	²
WO ₃	106	10	60	95.10	81.80	78.10	³
TiO ₂	~125	5	200	90.00	73.00	65.40	⁴
ZrO ₂	224	1	200	93.70	71.90	67.40	⁵
SnO ₂ /CF	766	10	150	97.40	79.30	77.30	⁶
ATO-9	133	10	140	97.92	87.80	85.97	This work
			220	97.98	81.32	79.68	
			300	98.06	74.53	73.09	

References

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