Electrochemical investigation of uncapped AgBiS₂ (Schapbachite)

synthesized by in situ melts of xanthate precursors

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Supplementary Data



Figure S1. TGA and heat flow curves for (a) (*O*-ethyldithiocarbonato)silver(I) and (b) *tris*(*O*-ethyldithiocarbonato)bismuth(III) complex.



Figure S2 (i) p-XRD pattern of monoclinic Ag₂S (acanthite, ICDD # 00-024-0715) synthesized by pyrolysis of (*O*-ethyldithiocarbonato)silver(I) complex at (a) 200 °C, (b) 250 °C and (c) 300 °C. (ii) p-XRD pattern of orthorhombic Bi₂S₃ (bismuthinite, ICDD# 01-075-1306) synthesized by pyrolysis of *tris*(*O*-ethyldithiocarbonato)bismuth(III) complex at (a) 200 °C, (b) 250 °C and (c) 300 °C.



Figure S3. p-XRD of (a) silver ethyl xanthate and (b) bismuth ethyl xanthate, complexes.



Figure S4. p-XRD pattern of cubic $AgBiS_2$ (schapbachite) synthesized at (a) 200 °C, (b) 250 °C and (c) 300 °C by melt method.



Figure S5. p-XRD pattern of AgBiS₂ synthesized at 150 °C, where (*) represent the peaks for matildite phase and (#) represent schapbachite phase.



Figure S6. EDX spectrum of AgBiS₂ synthesized at 250 °C.



Figure S7. Raman spectrum of AgBiS₂ synthesized at 250 °C.



Figure S8. UV-Vis-NIR spectrum of AgBiS₂ and (inset) shows estimated band gap by Tauc plot.



Figure S9. (a) Zreal vs. Zimg plot and (b) |Z| vs. frequency plot for AgBiS₂.

Samples	Specific capacitance (F/g)	Reference
Bi ₂ S ₃ -Graphene composite	290	1
Microwave-assisted CoS	224	2
CoS	~435	3
CuCo ₂ O ₄	809	4
CuCo ₂ S ₄	443	5
NiCo ₂ O ₄ films on ITO	490	6
NiCo ₂ O ₄ coral-like porous crystals	217	7
NiCo ₂ S ₄	800	8
NiCo ₂ S ₄ /Fe ₂ O ₃	342	9
AgBiS ₂	440	This work

Table S1. Comparison of specific capacitance of other reported oxide and sulfide-based materials.

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