

# Supporting Information

Syntheses, structures and catalytic properties of Evans–Showell-type Polyoxometalates-based 3D metal–organic complexes constructed from semi-rigid bis(pyridylformyl)piperazine ligand and transition metals

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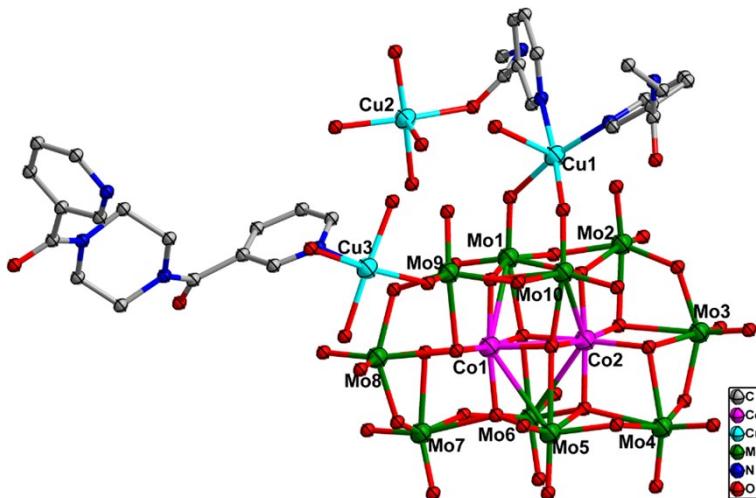
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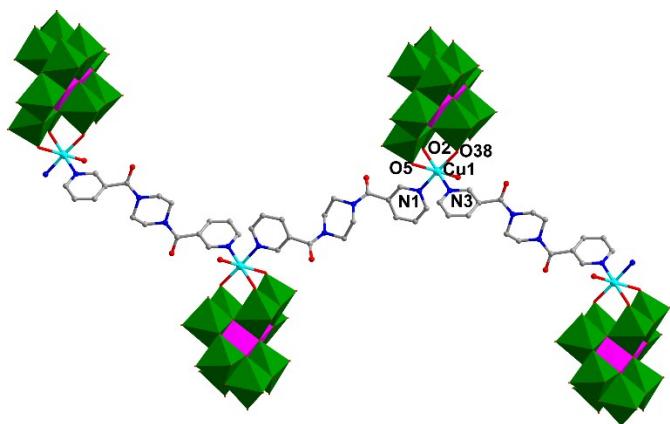
### I. Supplementary Structure Figs

### II. Supplementary Physical Characterizations

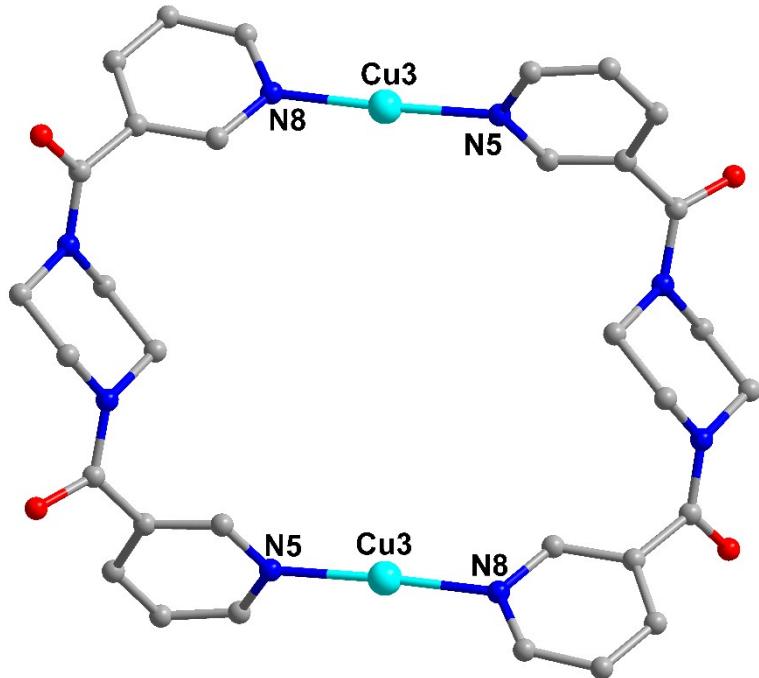
### III. Supplementary Tables



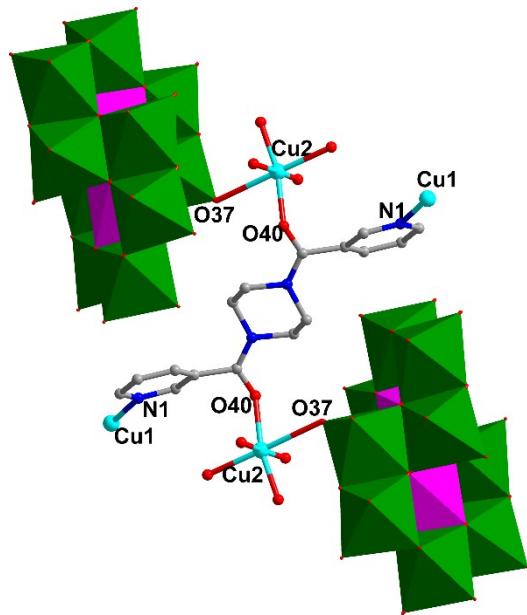
**Fig. S1** ORTEP drawing of the asymmetric unit of compound 1 with thermal ellipsoids at 50% probability. Free water molecules are omitted for clarity.



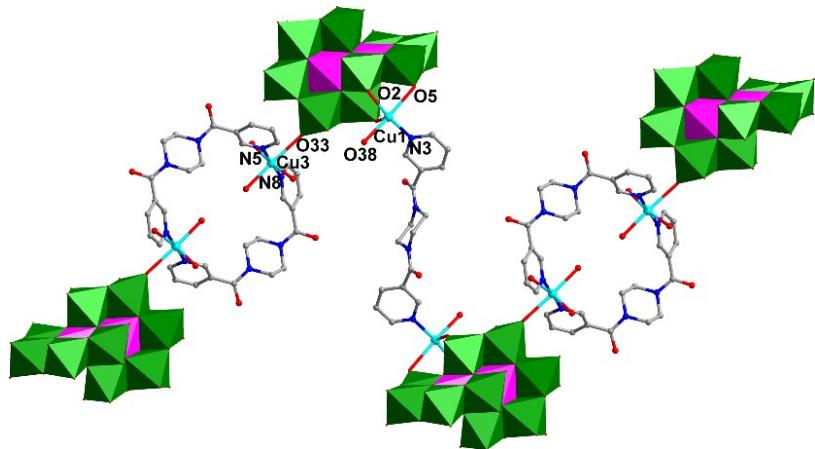
**Fig. S2** The 1D infinite chain structure constructed from  $\{Cu_2Mo_{10}H_4O_{38}\}$  units and L ligands in **1**.



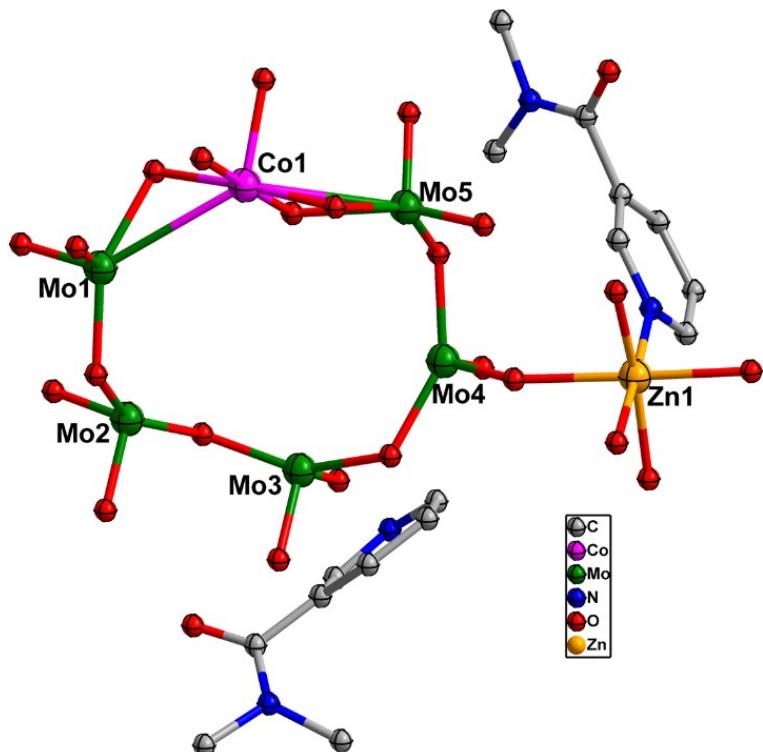
**Fig. S3** The quadrate  $Cu_2L_2$  loop constructed from  $Cu_3$  ions and L ligands in **1**.



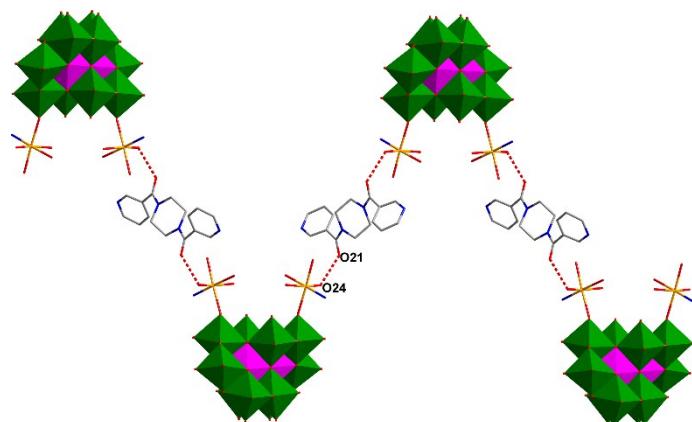
**Fig. S4** The double  $\{\text{Cu}[\text{Co}_2\text{Mo}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{O}_{38}]-\text{L}-\text{Cu}[\text{Co}_2\text{Mo}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{O}_{38}]\}$  structure constructed from Cu<sup>2+</sup> ions and L ligands in **1**.



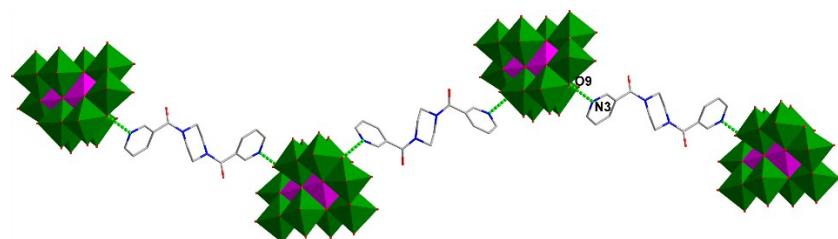
**Fig. S5** The 1D Zigzag chain structure constructed from  $\{\text{Cu}[\text{Co}_2\text{Mo}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{O}_{38}]-\text{L}-\text{Cu}[\text{Co}_2\text{Mo}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{O}_{38}]\}$  units and the Cu<sub>2</sub>L<sub>2</sub> loops in **1**.



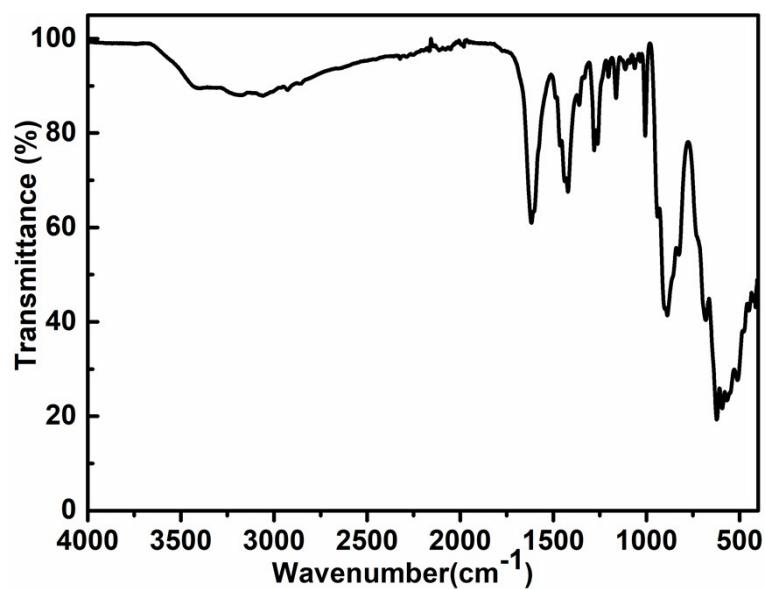
**Fig. S6** ORTEP drawing of the asymmetric unit of compound **2** with thermal ellipsoids at 50% probability. Free water molecules are omitted for clarity.



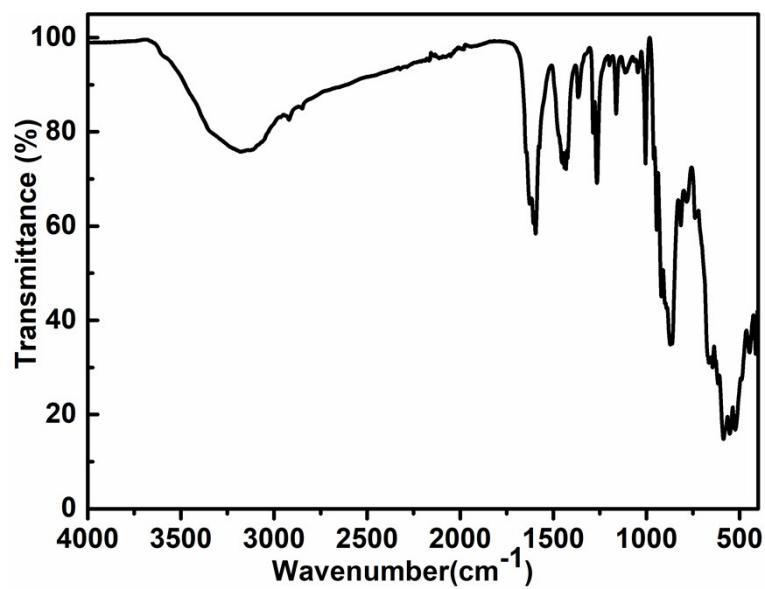
**Fig. S7** A view of the 1D chain between  $\{Zn(H_2O)_4[Co_2Mo_{10}H_4O_{38}]\}$  units and the protonated H<sub>2</sub>L ligands formed through the hydrogen bonding interaction [O24-H24B...O21] in **2**.



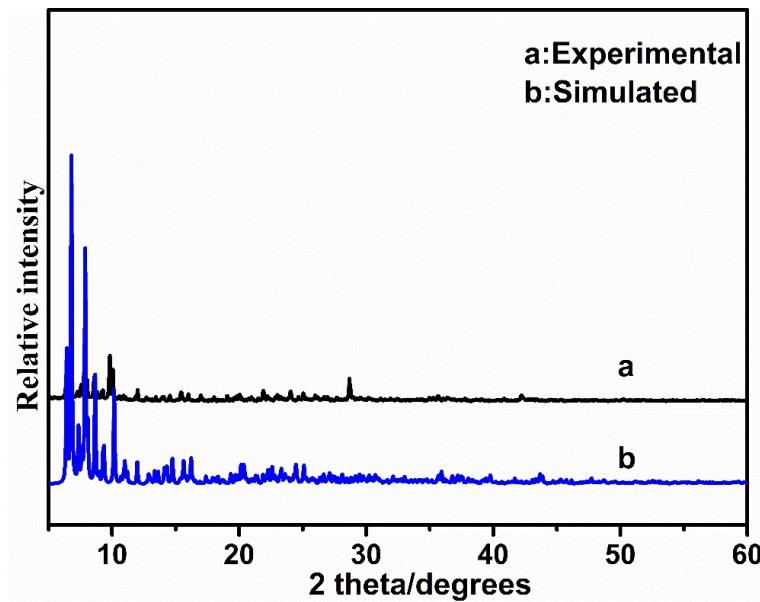
**Fig. S8** A view of the 1D chain between  $[Co_2Mo_{10}H_4O_{38}]$  anions and the protonated H<sub>2</sub>L ligand formed through the hydrogen bonding interaction [N3-H3...O9] in **2**.



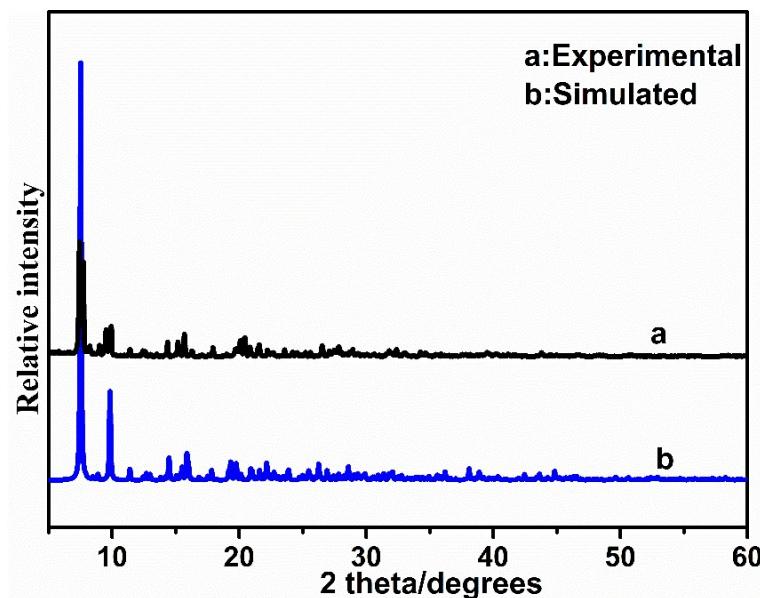
**Fig. S9** IR spectrum for compound 1.



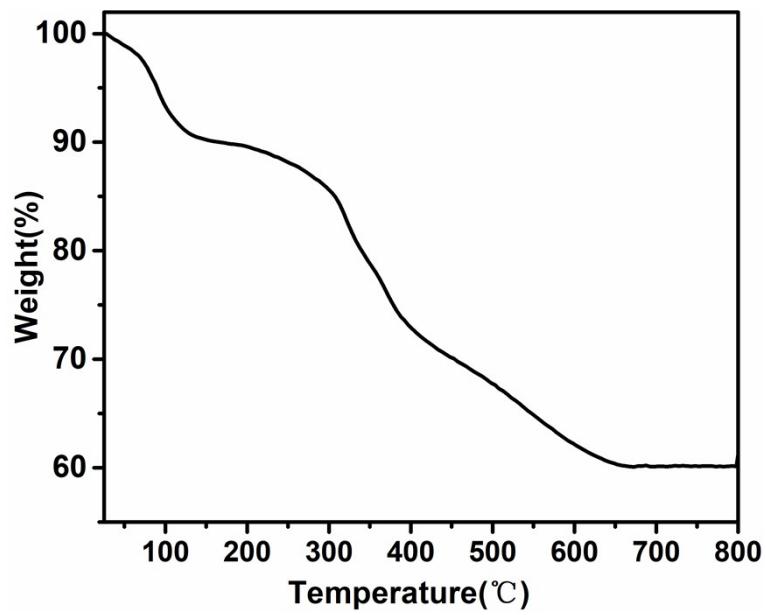
**Fig. S10** IR spectrum for compound 2.



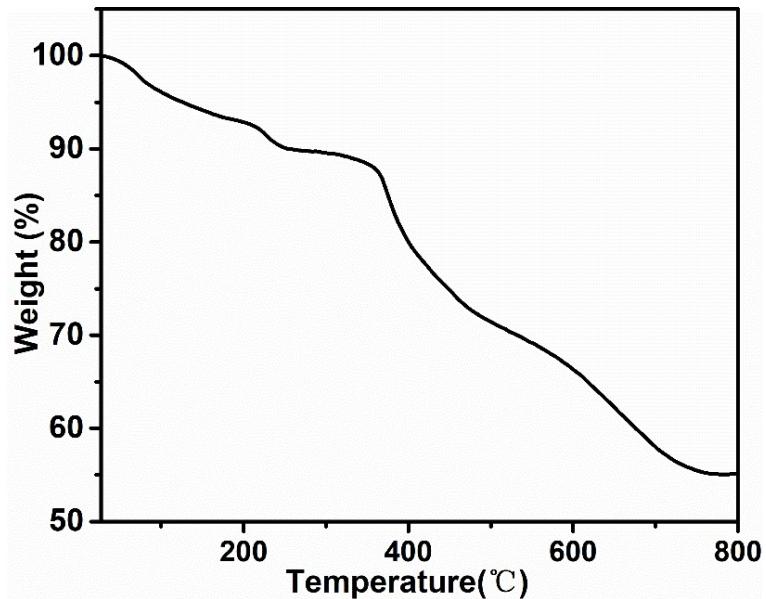
**Fig. S11** The Simulated and experimental PXRD patterns for compound 1.



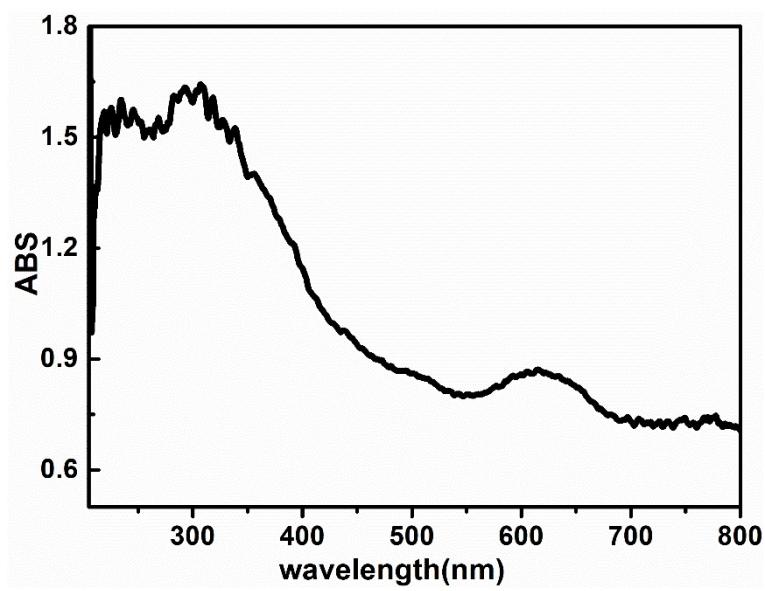
**Fig. S12** The Simulated and experimental PXRD patterns for compound 2.



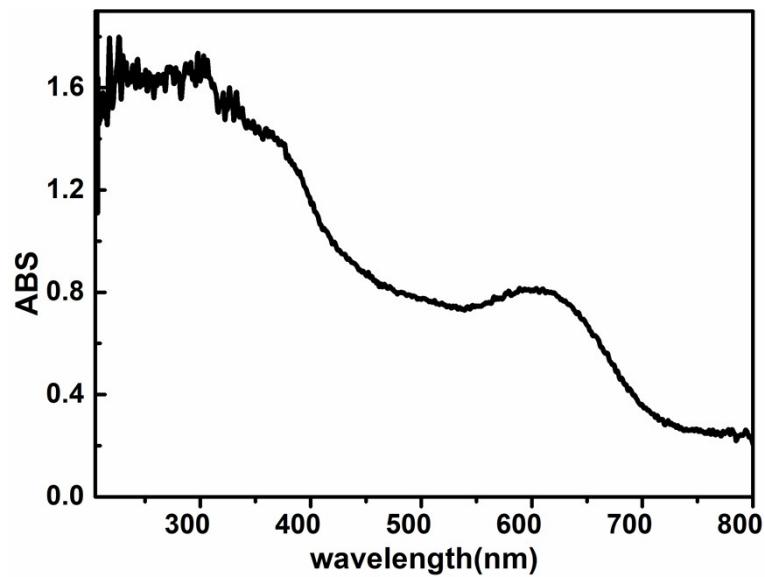
**Fig. S13** TG curve for compound 1.



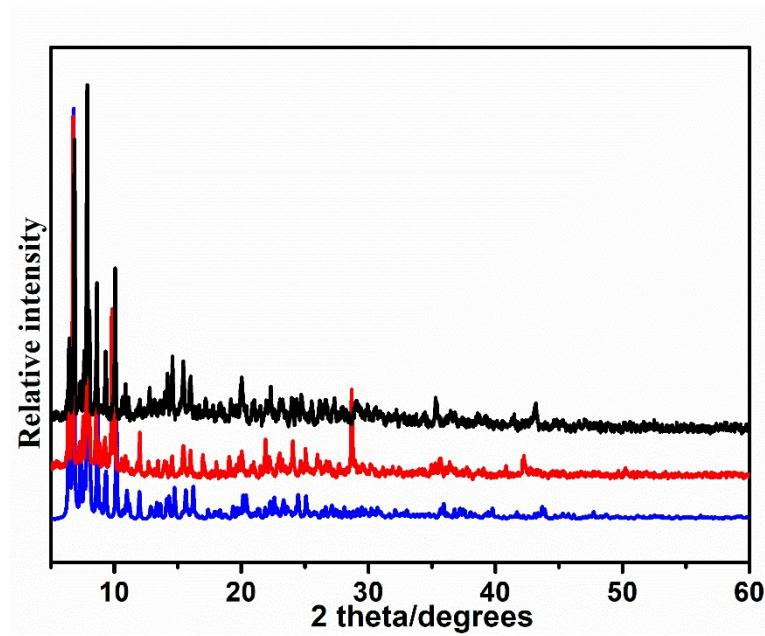
**Fig. S14** TG curve for compound 2.



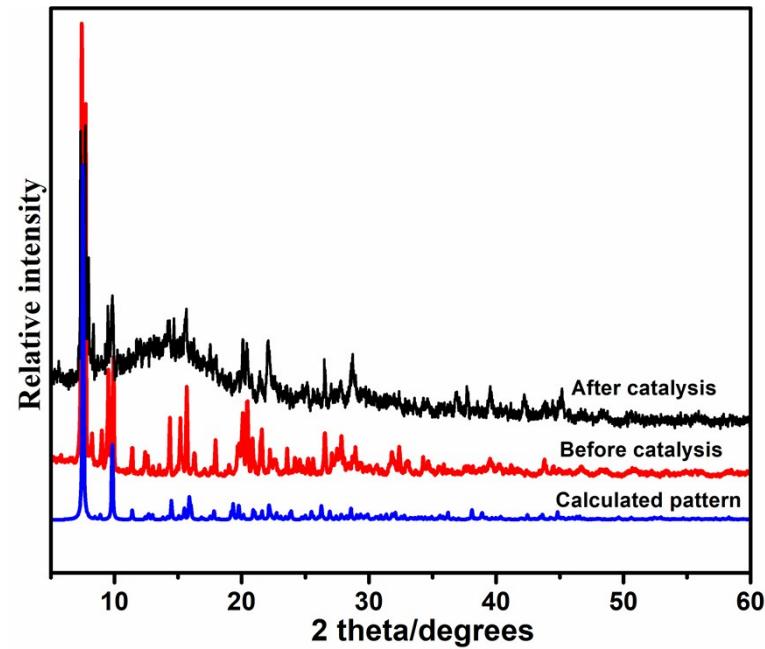
**Fig. S15** UV-vis absorption spectrum of solid state compound **1**.



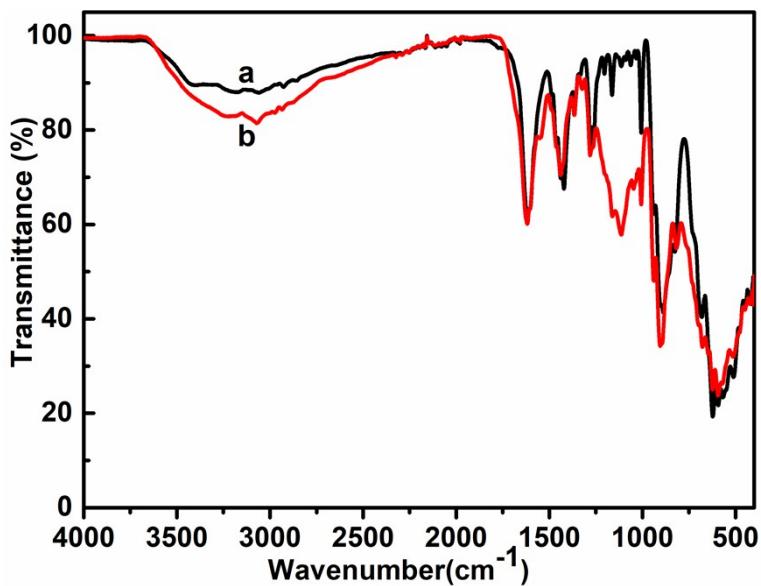
**Fig. S16** UV-vis absorption spectrum of solid state compound **2**.



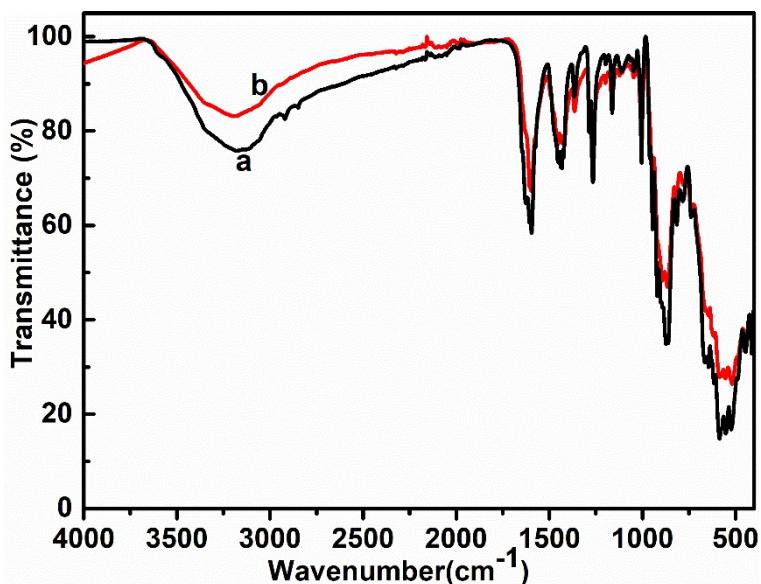
**Fig. S17** Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) patterns of **1**: calculated pattern from crystal data (blue line); experimental pattern before catalysis (red line); recovered catalyst **1** after three catalytic runs of Oxidation of benzyl alcohol (black line).



**Fig. S18** Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) patterns of **2**: calculated pattern from crystal data (blue line); experimental pattern before catalysis (red line); recovered catalyst **2** after 1 catalytic runs of Oxidation of benzyl alcohol (black line).



**Fig. S19** IR spectrum for (a) as-synthesized compound **1** and (b) recovered catalyst after catalysis reaction.



**Fig. S20** IR spectrum for (a) as-synthesized compound **2** and (b) recovered catalyst after catalysis reaction.

**Table.S1** Selected bond distances ( $\text{\AA}$ ) and angles ( $^\circ$ ) for the title complexes.

Complexe 1			
Bond distances ( $\text{\AA}$ )			
Cu1–N1	2.017(11)	Cu2–O45	1.972(17)
Cu1–N3	1.999(11)	Cu2–O46	1.963(18)
Cu1–O50	2.325(13)	Cu3–N5	2.019(12)
Cu1–O2	1.988(10)	Cu3–N8 <sup>3</sup>	2.012(13)
Cu1–O38	1.986(9)	Cu3–O47	1.977(12)
Cu1–O5	2.592(11)	Cu3–O33	2.478 (11)
Cu2–O40	2.028(14)	Cu3–O48	1.994(10)

Cu2–O37 <sup>4</sup>	2.577(10)	Cu3–O49	2.316(12)
Cu2–O43	1.951(15)	Cu3 <sup>3</sup> – N8	2.012(13)
Cu2–O44	2.225(18)		
<b>Bond angles (°)</b>			
N1–Cu1–O50	87.5(5)	O37–Cu2–O45	88.6(5)
N3–Cu1–N1	92.7(5)	O37–Cu2–O46	84.6(6)
N3–Cu1–O50	95.4(5)	O45–Cu2–O40	167.4(7)
O2–Cu1–N1	91.5(4)	O45–Cu2–O44	91.4(7)
O2–Cu1–N3	169.4(5)	O46–Cu2–O40	94.9(7)
O2–Cu1–O50	94.5(4)	O46–Cu2–O44	93.4(8)
O38–Cu1–N1	174.6(5)	O46–Cu2–O45	85.8(8)
O38–Cu1–N3	88.3(4)	N5–Cu3–O49	88.6(5)
O38–Cu1–O50	87.0(4)	N8 <sup>3</sup> –Cu3–N5	177.2(5)
O38–Cu1–O2	88.4(4)	N8 <sup>3</sup> –Cu3–O49	94.2(5)
O5–Cu1–N1	89.1(3)	O33–Cu3–N5	89.9(4)
O5–Cu1–O2	81.8(4)	O33–Cu3–N8	87.2(4)
O5–Cu1–O50	174.9(4)	O33–Cu3–O47	84.2(4)
O5–Cu1–O38	96.2(3)	O33–Cu3–O48	88.4(3)
O5–Cu1–N3	88.4(4)	O33–Cu3–O49	175.9(3)
O40–Cu2–O44	101.1(6)	O47–Cu3–N5	87.6(5)
O43–Cu2–O40	86.3(6)	O47–Cu3–N8 <sup>3</sup>	92.1(5)
O43–Cu2–O44	91.1(7)	O47–Cu3–O48	172.0(5)
O43–Cu2–O45	91.9(7)	O47–Cu3–O49	91.9(5)
O43–Cu2–O46	175.0(8)	O48–Cu3–N5	89.0(5)
O37–Cu2–O40	78.9(4)	O48–Cu3–N8 <sup>3</sup>	90.9(4)
O37–Cu2–O43	90.8(5)	O48–Cu3–O49	95.2(4)
O37–Cu2–O44	178.0(5)		

Symmetry codes for **1**: <sup>1</sup>-X,1-Y,2-Z; <sup>2</sup>-X,-Y,2-Z; <sup>3</sup>2-X,-Y,1-Z; <sup>4</sup>-1+X, Y, Z

<b>Complexe 2</b>			
<b>Bond distances (Å)</b>			
Zn1–N1	2.085(13)	Zn1–O23	2.140(19)
Zn1–O11	2.210(11)	Zn1–O24	2.010(12)
Zn1–O22	2.024(14)	Zn1–O25	2.121(19)
<b>Bond angles (°)</b>			
N1–Zn1–O11	87.2(5)	O24–Zn1– N1	99.5(6)
N1–Zn1–O23	177.9(6)	O24–Zn1–O11	89.5(5)
N1–Zn1–O25	93.7(6)	O24–Zn1–O22	163.4(7)
O22–Zn1–N1	97.1(6)	O24–Zn1–O23	82.3(7)
O22–Zn1–O11	90.4(5)	O24–Zn1–O25	92.2(6)
O22–Zn1–O23	81.1(7)	O25–Zn1– O11	177.9(6)
O22–Zn1–O25	87.7(6)	O25–Zn1–O23	87.3(7)
O23–Zn1–O11	91.7(6)		

Symmetry codes for **2**: <sup>1</sup>1-X,1-Y,1-Z; <sup>2</sup>1-X,+Y,1/2-Z; <sup>3</sup>3/2-X,1/2-Y,-Z

**Table S2.** Selected hydrogen–bonding geometry (Å, °) for complex 2

D-H···A	D-H	H···A	D···A	$\angle$ (DHA)
O22-H22B...O13	0.90	1.77	2.641(17)	161.3
O24-H24A...O5_\$1	0.90	2.11	2.845(17)	137.9
O24-H24B...O21_\$1	0.90	1.82	2.704(16)	168.8
N3-H3...O9	0.86	1.83	2.649(16)	157.5
$\$1:1.5-X,-0.5+Y,0.5-Z$				

**Table S3.** Reutilization data for oxidation of benzyl alcohol to benzaldehyde benzoic acid ( $\text{PhCO}_2\text{H}$ ) over catalyst **1** and **2**.

Catalyst	Conv. (%) at 10 h	Product sele.(%) $\text{PhCO}_2\text{H}$ at 10 h
<b>1</b>		
Round 1	99.4	98.8
Round 2	98.9	97.1
Round 3	98.2	95.8
<b>2</b>		
Round 1	85.0	59.8
Round 2	76.2	58.4
Round 3	68.0	54.2

**Table S4.** Catalytic Results for **1** Tested in Liquid-Phase Oxidation of Benzyl Alcohol under different catalytic conditions.

Catalyst	Substrate	Factors	Conversion (%)	product selectivity (%)	
				PhCHO	$\text{PhCO}_2\text{H}$
		Time (h) <sup>a</sup>			
<b>1</b>	BzOH	6	86.0	21.8	78.2
<b>1</b>	BzOH	8	98.3	4.0	96.0
<b>1</b>	BzOH	10	99.4	1.2	98.8
<b>1</b>	BzOH	12	99.6	0.8	99.2
		Temperature( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) <sup>b</sup>			
<b>1</b>	BzOH	50	70.3	54.8	45.2
<b>1</b>	BzOH	75	99.4	1.2	98.8
<b>1</b>	BzOH	100	100	—	100%
		Amount of oxidant TBHP <sup>c</sup>			
<b>1</b>	BzOH	1.5 equiv	96.9	6.1	93.9
<b>1</b>	BzOH	3 equiv	99.4	1.2	98.8
<b>1</b>	BzOH	4.5 equiv	99.3	0.7	99.3
		Amount of Catalyst <sup>d</sup>			
<b>1</b>	BzOH	0.75 mol%	99.1	2.9	97.1

<b>1</b>	BzOH	1.5 mol %	99.4	1.2	98.8
<b>1</b>	BzOH	3.0 mol %	98.7	2.6	97.4

<sup>a</sup> Reaction conditions: alcohol (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), catalyst **1** (3.75 µmol, 1.5 mol%), TBHP (3 equiv), acetonitrile (1 mL), 75°C, N<sub>2</sub>, different time.

<sup>b</sup> Reaction conditions: alcohol (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), catalyst **1** (3.75 µmol, 1.5 mol%), TBHP (3 equiv), acetonitrile (1 mL), different temperature(°C) , N<sub>2</sub>, for 10 h.

<sup>c</sup> Reaction conditions: alcohol (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), catalyst **1** (3.75 µmol, 1.5 mol%), TBHP (1.5 equiv; 3 equiv; 4.5 equiv), acetonitrile (1 mL), 75°C, N<sub>2</sub>, for 10 h.

<sup>d</sup> Reaction conditions: alcohol (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), catalyst **1** (1.875µmol, 0.75 mol% ; 3.75 µmol, 1.5 mol%; 7.5 µmol, 3.0 mol%), TBHP (3 equiv), acetonitrile (1 mL), 75°C, N<sub>2</sub>, for 10 h.

**Table S5.** Catalytic Results for **2** Tested in Liquid-Phase Oxidation of Benzyl Alcohol under different duration of catalytic reaction.

Catalyst	Substrate	Time (h) <sup>a</sup>	Conversion (%)	product selectivity (%)	
				PhCHO	PhCO <sub>2</sub> H
<b>2</b>	BzOH	6	57.5	70.4	29.6
<b>2</b>	BzOH	8	66.2	58.4	41.6
<b>2</b>	BzOH	10	85.0	40.2	59.8
<b>2</b>	BzOH	12	86.5	35.4	64.6

<sup>a</sup> Reaction conditions: alcohol (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), catalyst **2** (3.75 µmol, 1.5 mol%), TBHP (3 equiv), acetonitrile (1 mL), 75°C, N<sub>2</sub>, different time.

**Table S6.** Literature Data for Molybdenum–Copper Catalysts and Molybdenum–Zinc Catalysts

Tested in the Liquid Phase Oxidation of Benzyl Alcohol.

catalyst	Solvent/T (°C)/ oxidant	time (h)	oxidant /BzOH/ cat.	Conv. (%)	Product sele.(%)		reaction system	Ref
					PhCHO	PhCO <sub>2</sub> H		
{Cu <sub>3</sub> (L <sub>1</sub> ) <sub>1.5</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> [Co <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>10</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>38</sub> ]·5H <sub>2</sub> O (L <sub>1</sub> = N,N'-bis(2-pyrazinecarboxamide)-1,4- butane)	CH <sub>3</sub> CN /75/ TBHP	10	1:3:1.5mol %	93.4	19.6	80.4	heterogeneous	28
{[Cu(L <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>0.5</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> ][Co <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>10</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>38</sub> ]·6H <sub>2</sub> O (L <sub>2</sub> = N,N'-bis(2-pyrazinecarboxamide)-1,6-hexane)	CH <sub>3</sub> CN /75/ TBHP	10	1:3:1.5mol %	100	2.1	98.0	heterogeneous	28
(en)[Cu <sub>3</sub> (ptz) <sub>4</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>4</sub> ] [Co <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>10</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>38</sub> ]	CH <sub>3</sub> CN /75/ TBHP	8/24	1:3:1.5mol %	59.7/98.7	100/0	0/92	heterogeneous	27
[Cu <sub>4</sub> (μ <sub>4</sub> -O) (tr <sub>2</sub> ad) <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ]	TFT/75/ TBHP	1/4/24	153:100:1 (based on Mo)	1/17/85	100/100/26	0/0/70	heterogeneous	37
[Cu <sub>4</sub> (μ <sub>4</sub> -O) (tr <sub>2</sub> ad) <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ]	TFT/75/ TBHP	1/4/24	113:75:1 (based on Cu)	18/53/88	100/45/28	0/54/66	heterogeneous	37
[Cu <sub>2</sub> (tr <sub>2</sub> ad) <sub>4</sub> ](Mo <sub>8</sub> O <sub>26</sub> )	TFT/75/TBH P	1/4/24	153:100:1(based on Mo)	10/55/81	100/49/25	0/41/65	heterogeneous	37
[Cu <sub>2</sub> (tr <sub>2</sub> ad) <sub>4</sub> ](Mo <sub>8</sub> O <sub>26</sub> )	Tol/75/ TBHP	1/4/24	153:100:1(based on Mo)	10/55/81	100/49/25	0/41/65	heterogeneous	37
MoO <sub>2</sub> (acac) <sub>2</sub> and Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	Tol/100/ O <sub>2</sub>	3	1 atm/20:1:1	100	98	/	homogeneous	59
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> [Mn(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>8</sub> O <sub>28</sub> ]]	Tol/80/H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	8	2.15g:0.43g:0.02g	72.3	100	/	homogeneous	36
α-[Cu(mIM) <sub>4</sub> ]V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl /120/H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	8	4:1:4.1%	98.5	100	/	heterogeneous	34

[HMTAH] <sub>2</sub> [{Zn(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> } {Zn(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>4</sub> } {Mo <sub>7</sub> O <sub>24</sub> } ] · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	Solvent free/80/H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	9	180:20:1	50%	100	/	heterogeneous	35
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