## Supplementary information

Bis(2-pyridylmethyl)amine functionalized alizarin: Efficient and simple colorimetric sensor for fluoride and fluorescence turn-on sensor for Al<sup>3+</sup> in organic solution

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Scheme S1. Proposed structure of  $H_2L-F^-$  and  $HL^--Ni^{2+}-F^-$  complex.



Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of  $H_2L$  in (CD<sub>3</sub>)SO



Figure S2. Mass spectral data for  $H_2L$  in methanol



**Figure S3**. UV-Vis spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the absence and presence of  $5.0 \times 10^{-3}$  M different anions (TBA salt) in water(a), DMF(b), methanol(c), acetone(d).



**Figure S4.** (a) UV-Vis spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the absence and presence of  $5.0 \times 10^{-3}$  M different anions (TBA salt) in acetonitrile; (b) UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 9$  equiv of F<sup>-</sup> in acetonitrile. The inset is a plot of 356, 436 and 578 nm absorbance vs F<sup>-</sup> eqs.



**Figure S5**. (a)UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0_{\sim}$  4 equiv of TBAF in DMF. (b) UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0_{\sim}$  1 equiv of TBAF in acetone.



**Figure S6**. (a)UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 4$  equiv of Ac<sup>-</sup> in DMF. (b) UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 3$  equiv of Ac<sup>-</sup> in acetone (TBA salt).



**Figure S7**. (a)UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 6$  equiv of H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> in DMF. (b) UV-vis spectral changes of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 10$  equiv of H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> in acetone.



**Figure S8.** UV-vis spectral of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the absence (none) and presence of different metal ion ( $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$ ) in water (top) and acetonitrile (bottom).



Figure S9. Fluorescence spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the presence of  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M AlCl<sub>3</sub> in DMF (slid width 2 nm)



Figure S10. Fluorescent titration of H<sub>2</sub>L ( $5.0 \times 10^{-5}$  M) in the presence of different concentrations of AlCl<sub>3</sub> in DMF. Inset: the fluorescence at 623 nm of H<sub>2</sub>L as a function of the AlCl<sub>3</sub> concentration.  $\lambda_{ex} = 430$  nm, slid width 3 nm.



Fig. S11 NaOH titration spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the presence of 1 eq Al(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> in DMF.



Figure S12. NaOH titration spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the presence of 1 eq Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (top), FeCl<sub>3</sub>(middle) and their A<sub>552</sub> vs NaOH eqs (bottom) in DMF.



Figure S13. H-H Cosy of  $\sim 1 \times 10^{-2}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L-ZnCl<sub>2</sub> in d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO



Figure S14. Jobs-plot of 331 nm (corresponding to HL<sup>-</sup> species) and 586 nm (corresponding to F<sup>-</sup>– NiCl<sub>2</sub>–HL<sup>-</sup> species) for  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M TBAF and  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M NiCl<sub>2</sub>–H<sub>2</sub>L system in acetonitrile.



**Figure S15.** Jobs-plot of 580 nm (corresponding to  $F^--2NiCl_2-HL^-$  species) for  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M TBAF and  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L-2NiCl<sub>2</sub> system in acetonitrile.



Figure S16. Plot of 635 nm absorbance at different F<sup>-</sup> concentrations for  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L–2NiCl<sub>2</sub> system.



**Fig. S17** (a) UV-Vis spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the presence of  $1.0 \times 10^{-3}$  M TBAF (3.0 ml) upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 120 \ \mu L H_2O$  ( $0 \sim 4\%$ ) in acetonitrile; The inset is a plot of 356, 436 and 578 nm absorbance vs V<sub>H2O</sub> ( $\mu L$ ). (b) UV-Vis spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M NiCl<sub>2</sub>–H<sub>2</sub>L complex in the presence of  $1.0 \times 10^{-3}$  M TBAF (3.0 ml) upon gradually addition of  $0 \sim 120 \ \mu L H_2O$  in acetonitrile;



**Fig. S18** UV-Vis spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L-NiCl<sub>2</sub> in the presence of different eqs. of TBAF in H<sub>2</sub>O (a) and 20% (V/V) CH<sub>3</sub>CN aqueous solution (b).



**Fig. S19** UV-Vis spectra of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the presence of  $5.0 \times 10^{-3}$  M F<sup>-</sup> and  $5.0 \times 10^{-3}$  M other anions in CH<sub>3</sub>CN. All are TBA<sup>+</sup> salt. This figure indicates that 1 eq of Cl<sup>-</sup>, Br<sup>-</sup>, I<sup>-</sup>, Ac<sup>-</sup>, H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> and HSO<sub>4</sub>- have no significant influence on F<sup>-</sup> sensitivity.



**Fig. S20** Relative fluorescence intensity of  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in the presence of  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M different metal ion chloride in DMF solution. Of the investigated metal ions, Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup> significantly decrease fluorescence intensity and thus greatly decrease Al<sup>3+</sup> fluorescence turn-on sensitivity.

	Acetonitrile	DMF	Acetone
F-	7.54×10 <sup>-6</sup>	5.276×10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.067×10 <sup>-5</sup>
Ac-	insensitive	7.666×10-6	2.098×10-5
$H_2PO_4^-$	insensitive	3.055×10-5	2.021×10 <sup>-4</sup>

**Table S1**. The limit of detection ( $3\sigma$ /slope) for  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M H<sub>2</sub>L in different solvents.