

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for:

Push-pull unsymmetrical substitution in nickel(II) complexes with tetradentate N₂O₂ Schiff base ligands: synthesis, structures and linear-nonlinear optical studies

Luca Rigamonti, Alessandra Forni, Stefania Righetto and Alessandro Pasini

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Experimental section (cont.)

Synthetic procedures for compounds 1

[Ni(Br^{sal})₂(H₂O)₂] (1b).^{1,2} This yellow solid was synthesized as **1a** from 5-Br-salH (281.7 mg, 1.40 mmol), ethanolic KOH (14.0 mL of a 0.1 mol L⁻¹ solution, 1.40 mmol) and solid Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (174.2 mg, 0.70 mmol) (306.8 mg, 89%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₄H₁₂Br₂NiO₆ (494.74): C, 33.99; H, 2.44. Found: C, 34.09; H, 2.60. IR (KBr): 3445 (ν_{O-H}), 2906 (ν_{CHO}), 1631 (ν_{C=O}) cm⁻¹. UV-vis (CHCl₃): 25060 (4130), 28650 (4620).

[Ni(H^{sal})₂(H₂O)₂] (1c).¹⁻⁴ This light green solid was synthesized as above from salH (1220.4 mg, 10.00 mmol), ethanolic KOH (20.0 mL of a 0.5 mol L⁻¹ solution, 10.00 mmol) and solid Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (1242.6 mg, 5.00 mmol) (1552.0 mg, 92%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₄H₁₄NiO₆·0.25H₂O (341.46): C, 49.25; H, 4.28. Found: C, 49.41; H, 4.58. IR (KBr): 3452 (ν_{O-H}), 2790 (ν_{CHO}), 1653 (ν_{C=O}) cm⁻¹. UV-vis (CHCl₃): 25910 (3280), 30210 (5510).

[Ni(Me^{sal})₂(H₂O)₂] (1d). This yellow-green compound was synthesized as above from 5-Me-salH (500.2 mg, 3.68 mmol), ethanolic KOH (7.4 mL of a 0.5 mol L⁻¹ solution, 3.70 mmol) and Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (456.9 mg, 1.84 mmol) (518.6 mg, 77%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₆H₁₈NiO₆·0.5H₂O (374.01): C, 51.38; H, 5.12. Found: C, 50.92; H, 4.93. IR (KBr): 3456 (ν_{O-H}), 1633 (ν_{C=O}) cm⁻¹. UV-vis (CHCl₃): 25060 (2300), 28990 (5620).

[Ni(5-OMe-sal)₂(H₂O)₂] (1e). This yellow-green compound was synthesized as above from 5-OMe-salH (500.0 μL, 4.00 mmol), ethanolic KOH (8 mL of a 0.5 mol L⁻¹ solution, 4.00 mmol) and Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (497.6 mg, 2.00 mmol) (364.0 mg, 46%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₆H₁₈NiO₈ (397.00): C, 48.41; H, 4.57. Found: C, 48.39; H, 4.55. IR (KBr): 3457 (ν_{O-H}), 2787 (ν_{CHO}), 1659 (ν_{C=O}) cm⁻¹. UV-vis (CHCl₃): 23700 sh (2550), 27100 (6830).

Synthetic procedures for compounds 2

[Ni(Br^L)₂] (2b).⁵ 5-Br-salH (214.2 mg, 1.07 mmol) was dissolved in ethanolic KOH (10.7 mL of a 0.1 mol L⁻¹ solution, 1.07 mmol) and Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (132.2 mg, 0.53 mmol) was added under stirring, with the formation of a green precipitate. The slurry was refluxed for 1 h, then tn (134 μL, 1.61 mmol) was added, with the formation of a brown solution and after few minutes of a yellow precipitate. The mixture was refluxed for 3 h, cooled with an ice bath, and **2b** was recovered by filtration as brownish-yellow solid, washed with EtOH, tPr₂O and dried under vacuum (225.3 mg, 87%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₂₀H₂₄Br₂N₄NiO₂ (570.93): C, 42.07; H, 4.24; N, 9.81. Found: C, 42.41; H, 4.37; N, 9.63. MS (ESI): *m/z* 571 ([M + H]⁺, 25%), 593 ([M + Na]⁺, 15), 885 ([M + Ni(Br^L)]⁺, 80), 1165 ([2M + Na]⁺, 100). UV-vis: 26110 (7490). IR (KBr): 3326, 3257 (ν_{NH2}), 1627 (ν_{C=N}).

[Ni(^HL)₂] (2c).⁶ salH (1.50 mL, 20.40 mmol) was dissolved in ethanolic KOH (40.8 mL of a 0.5 mol L⁻¹ solution, 20.40 mmol) and Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (2540.0 mg, 10.20 mmol) was added under stirring. The yellow mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 1 h, with the formation of a light green precipitate, and then tn (2.1 mL, 25.20 mmol) was added. The brown solution was refluxed for 3 h. The mixture was cooled with an ice bath, and **2c** was recovered by filtration as pale yellow solid, washed with EtOH, acetone and dried under vacuum (2640.0 mg, 61%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₂₀H₂₆N₄NiO₂·0.5H₂O (422.15): C, 56.90; H, 6.45; N, 13.27. Found: C, 56.51; H, 6.47; N, 13.07. MS (ESI): *m/z* 235 ([Ni(^HL)]⁺, 45%), 267 ([Ni(^HL)(MeOH)]⁺, 100), 413 ([M + H]⁺, 25), 435 ([M + Na]⁺, 25), 647 ([M + Ni(^HL)]⁺, 30). IR (KBr): 3456 (ν_{O-H}), 3326, 3255 (ν_{NH2}), 1629 (ν_{C=N}) cm⁻¹. UV-vis: 27250 (7450).

[Ni(^{Me}L)₂] (2d). 5-Me-salH (408.3 mg, 3.00 mmol) was dissolved in ethanolic KOH (6.0 mL of a 0.5 mol L⁻¹ solution, 3.00 mmol) and Ni(AcO)₂·4H₂O (373.3 mg, 1.50 mmol) was added under stirring. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 h, then tn (335 μL, 4.00 mmol) was added with the formation of a brown solution, which was refluxed for 3 h. The dark brown solution was left at slow evaporation for few days, yielding **2d** as light green solid that filtered, washed with EtOH, ⁱPr₂O and dried under vacuum. Further product was recovered treating the reaction solution with water (691.1 mg, 92%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₂₂H₃₀N₄NiO₂·0.5EtOH·2H₂O (500.26): C, 55.22; H, 7.45; N, 11.20. Found: C, 55.09; H, 7.43; N, 11.10. MS (ESI): *m/z* 249 ([Ni(^{Me}L)]⁺, 20%), 267 ([Ni(^{Me}L)(H₂O)]⁺, 100), 441 ([M + H]⁺, 10), 463 ([M + Na]⁺, 20), 689 ([M + Ni(^{Me}L)]⁺, 40). IR (KBr): 3449 (ν_{O-H}), 3317, 3276 (ν_{NH2}), 1639 (ν_{C=N}) cm⁻¹. UV-vis: 26180 (7240).

Synthetic procedures for compounds 3 and 4

[Ni(5'-OMe-saltn)] (3c). *First method 1e + 2c:* **1e** (172.5 mg, 0.43 mmol) and **2c** (172.5 mg, 0.43 mmol) were dissolved in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 5 h. The mixture was cooled with an ice bath and **3c** was filtered as green solid, washed with cold EtOH, ⁱPr₂O and dried under vacuum (231.0 mg, 68%). Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈N₂NiO₃·1.5H₂O (396.06): C, 54.59; H, 5.34; N, 7.07. Found: C, 54.65; H, 5.22; N, 6.81. MS (ESI): *m/z* 369 ([M + 1]⁺, 100%), 737 ([2M + 1]⁺, 20), 759 ([2M + Na]⁺, 25). IR (KBr): 3457 (ν_{O-H}), 1626 (ν_{C=N}). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 298 K, 400 MHz): δ 1.31 (3H, H₂O), 1.89 (2H, tn central CH₂), 3.55 (4H, tn lateral CH₂), 3.74 (3H, OMe), 6.5–7.2 (9H, aromatic and N=CH) ppm.

[Ni(5,5'-Br₂-saltn)] (3d). This compound was synthesized with a modification of literature procedures.^{7,8} 5-Br-salH (200.0 mg, 0.99 mmol) and tn (42 μL, 0.50 mmol) were dissolved in EtOH (15 mL) and the yellow mixture was refluxed for 30 minutes. NiCl₂·6H₂O (122.3 mg, 0.51 mmol) and Et₃N (1 mL) were then added and the mixture was refluxed for 4 h. The green solid was

filtered, washed with EtOH, i Pr₂O and dried under vacuum (186.6 mg, 70%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₇H₁₄Br₂N₂NiO₂·2H₂O (532.84): C, 38.32; H, 3.40; N, 5.26. Found: C, 37.97; H, 3.42; N, 5.27. MS (ESI): m/z 497 ([M + 1]⁺, 100%). IR (KBr): 3454 ($\nu_{\text{O-H}}$), 1626 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$) cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR: not soluble.

[Ni(5-Br-saltn)] (3e) and isolation of the intermediates [Ni₂(μ -BrL)₂(^Hsal)₂] (4e) and [Ni₂(μ -^HL)(^{Br}sal)₂] (4e'). *First method 1c + 2b:* **1c** (55.3 mg, 0.16 mmol) and **2b** (93.8 mg, 0.16 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (10 mL) and refluxed for 12 h. The intermediate **4e** was filtered as light green solid, washed with EtOH, i Pr₂O and dried under vacuum (117.0 mg, 80%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₃₄H₃₄Br₂N₄Ni₂O₆ (871.85): C, 46.84; H, 3.93; N, 6.43. Found: C, 47.17; H, 4.10; N, 6.13. MS (ESI): m/z 313 ([Ni(^{Br}L)]⁺, 10%), 356 ([Ni(^{Br}L)(MeOH)]⁺, 100). IR (KBr): 3342, 3293 (ν_{NH_2}), 1652 sh, 1631 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$) cm⁻¹. Further refluxing in EtOH or drying under vacuum of **4e** did not yield **3e**.

Second method 1b + 2c: **1b** (125.7 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2c** (150.4 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 12 h, yielding **4e'** as light green solid (138.1 mg, 49%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₃₄H₃₄Br₂N₄Ni₂O₆·2H₂O (907.88): C, 44.98; H, 4.22; N, 6.17. Found: C, 45.15; H, 4.42; N, 5.93. MS (ESI): m/z 235 ([Ni(^HL)]⁺, 100%), 267 ([Ni(^HL)(MeOH)]⁺, 70). IR (KBr): 3349, 3293 (ν_{NH_2}), 1638 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$) cm⁻¹. **4e'** (135.1 mg, 0.15 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (10 mL) and DMF (5 mL) and the brown solution was left under reflux for 3 h, after which i Pr₂O (20 mL) was added and the mixture was left at slow evaporation. After two days **3e** precipitated as dark green solid that was recovered by filtration, washed with i Pr₂O and dried under vacuum (70.6 mg, 54%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₇H₁₅BrN₂NiO₂·H₂O (440.43): C, 46.84; H, 3.93; N, 6.43. Found: C, 46.61; H, 4.02; N, 5.98. MS (ESI): m/z 419 ([M + 1]⁺, 100%), 859 ([2M + Na]⁺, 20). IR (KBr): 3447 ($\nu_{\text{O-H}}$), 1624 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$) cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 298 K, 400 MHz): δ 1.11 (2H, H₂O), 1.84 (2H, tn central CH₂), 3.54 (4H, tn lateral CH₂), 5.8–7.8 (9H, aromatic and N=CH) ppm.

[Ni(5-Br-5'-Me-saltn)] (3f) and isolation of the intermediate [Ni₂(μ -BrL)₂(^{Me}sal)₂] (4f). *First method 1d + 2b:* **1d** (109.5 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2b** (171.3 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (20 mL) and refluxed for 12 h, yielding the intermediate **4f** as light green solid (217.1 mg, 75%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₃₆H₃₈Br₂N₄Ni₂O₆·0.5H₂O (908.91): C, 47.57; H, 4.32; N, 6.16. Found: C, 47.51; H, 4.20; N, 5.87. IR (KBr): 3451 ($\nu_{\text{O-H}}$), 3339, 3290 (ν_{NH_2}), 1631 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$). The light green solid **4f** was dried under vacuum for several days, and the color changed to military green. The solid was then suspended in i Pr₂O, filtered and dried under vacuum yielding **3f** as military green solid (177.6 mg, 67%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C₁₈H₁₇BrN₂NiO₂ (431.94): C, 50.05; H, 3.97; N, 6.49. Found: C, 50.03; H, 4.15; N, 6.51. MS (ESI): m/z 433 ([M + 1]⁺, 100%). IR (KBr): 1624 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$) cm⁻¹. *Second method 1b + 2d:* **1b** (155.5 mg, 0.31 mmol) and **2d** (154.4 mg, 0.31 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (20 mL) and refluxed for 12 h, yielding directly **3f** as green solid (228.8 mg,

82%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{18}H_{17}BrN_2NiO_2 \cdot H_2O$ (449.95): C, 48.05; H, 4.26; N, 6.23. Found: C, 47.74; H, 4.19; N, 5.89. MS (ESI): m/z 433 ($[M + 1]^+$, 90%), 863 ($[2M + 1]^+$, 100), 885 ($[2M + Na]^+$, 50). IR (KBr): 3439 (ν_{O-H}), 1626 ($\nu_{C=N}$) cm^{-1} . 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 298 K, 400 MHz): δ 0.90 (2H, H_2O), 1.81 (2H, tn central CH_2), 2.30 (3H, Me), 3.52 (4H, tn lateral CH_2), 6.8–7.2 (8H, aromatic and $N=CH$) ppm.

[Ni(5-Br-5'-OMe-saltn)] (3g) and isolation of the intermediate $[Ni_2(\mu-BrL)_2(OMe\text{sal})_2]$ (4g). *First method 1e + 2b:* **1e** (119.1 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2b** (171.3 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 12 h. The green solid **4g** was filtered and dried under vacuum (196.7 mg, 67%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{36}H_{38}Br_2N_4Ni_2O_8 \cdot H_2O$ (931.90): C, 46.40; H, 4.11; N, 6.01. Found: C, 46.64; H, 4.11; N, 5.84. MS (ESI): m/z 346 ($[Ni(BrL)(MeOH)]^+$, 100%). IR (KBr): 3444 (ν_{O-H}), 3341, 3290 (ν_{NH_2}), 1637 ($\nu_{C=N}$) cm^{-1} . The product **3g** precipitated as brown solid from the remaining reaction mixture, left for one day at room temperature, or refluxing the intermediate **4g** in EtOH for further 24 h (111.2 mg, 37%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{18}H_{17}BrN_2NiO_3$ (447.94): C, 48.26; H, 3.83; N, 6.25. Found: C, 48.47; H, 3.79; N, 5.95. MS (ESI): m/z 449 ($[M + 1]^+$, 100%). IR (KBr): 1612, 1597 ($\nu_{C=N}$) cm^{-1} . 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 298 K, 400 MHz): δ 1.90 (2H, tn central CH_2), 3.74 (3H, OMe), 3.81+3.83 (4H, tn lateral CH_2), 6.5–7.5 (8H, aromatic and $N=CH$) ppm. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow diffusion of iPr_2O into an EtOH solution of the title compound.

[Ni(5,5'-(NO₂)₂-saltn)] (3h). This compound was synthesized with a modification of literature procedures.^{7,8} 5-NO₂-salH (168.3 mg, 1.01 mmol) and tn (43 μ L, 0.51 mmol) were dissolved in EtOH (15 mL) and the yellow mixture was refluxed for 30 minutes. $NiCl_2 \cdot 6H_2O$ (121.9 mg, 0.51 mmol) and Et_3N (1 mL) were then added and the mixture was refluxed for 4 h. The green solid was filtered, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (193.0 mg, 80%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{17}H_{14}N_4NiO_6 \cdot 2.5H_2O$ (474.05): C, 43.07; H, 4.04; N, 11.82. Found: C, 42.82; H, 3.76; N, 11.72. MS (ESI): m/z 429 ($[M + 1]^+$, 100%). IR (KBr): 3454 (ν_{O-H}), 1634 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1308 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . 1H NMR: not soluble.

[Ni(5-NO₂-5'-Br-saltn)] (3i). *First method 1a + 2b:* **1a** (170.9 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2b** (128.2 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 5 h. The green product **3i** was filtered, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (238.3 mg, 82%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{17}H_{14}BrN_3NiO_4 \cdot H_2O$ (480.92): C, 42.46; H, 3.35; N, 8.74. Found: C, 42.42; H, 3.38; N, 8.73. MS (ESI): m/z 464 ($[M + 1]^+$, 50%), 949 ($[2M + Na]^+$, 100). IR (KBr): 3438 (ν_{O-H}), 1650, 1627 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1308 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . *Second method 1b + 2a:* **1b** (152.4 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2a** (155.3 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 5 h. The green product **3i** was filtered, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (184.5 mg, 64%). Anal. Calcd (%) for

$C_{17}H_{14}BrN_3NiO_4 \cdot H_2O$ (480.93): C, 42.46; H, 3.35; N, 8.74. Found: C, 42.62; H, 3.48; N, 8.67. MS (ESI): m/z 486 ($[M + Na]^+$, 50%), 949 ($[2M + Na]^+$, 100). IR (KBr): 3439 (ν_{O-H}), 1650, 1627 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1308 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . 1H NMR: not soluble.

[Ni(5-NO₂-saltn)] (3j). *First method 1c + 2a:* **1c** (152.2 mg, 0.45 mmol) and **2a** (171.8 mg, 0.45 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (50 mL) and refluxed for 5 h. The light brown solid **3j** was filtered, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (230.1 mg, 66%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{17}H_{15}N_3NiO_4 \cdot 0.5H_2O$ (393.02): C, 51.95; H, 4.10; N, 10.69. Found: C, 52.26; H, 4.46; N, 10.33. MS (ESI): m/z 384 ($[M + 1]^+$, 100%), 406 ($[M + Na]^+$, 25), 789 ($[2M + Na]^+$, 90). IR (KBr): 3447 (ν_{O-H}), 1624, 1599 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1308 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow diffusion of iPr_2O into a $CHCl_3$ solution of the title compound. *Second method 1a + 2c:* **1a** (127.9 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2c** (122.7 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 5 h. The brown solid **3j** was filtered, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (135.7 mg, 55%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{17}H_{15}N_3NiO_4 \cdot 1.5H_2O$ (411.04): C, 49.68; H, 4.41; N, 10.22. Found: C, 49.59; H, 4.14; N, 10.17. IR (KBr): 3446 (ν_{O-H}), 1624, 1599 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1308 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 298 K, 400 MHz): δ 1.54 (3H, H_2O), 1.99 (2H, tn central CH_2), 3.62+3.66 (4H, tn lateral CH_2), 6.6–8.1 (9H, aromatic and $N=CH$) ppm.

[Ni(5-NO₂-5'-Me-saltn)] (3k). *First method 1d + 2a:* **1d** (109.5 mg, 0.30 mmol) and **2a** (150.9 mg, 0.30 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (30 mL) and refluxed for 7 days, yielding the product **3k** as yellow-earth solid, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (134.5 mg, 50%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{18}H_{17}N_3NiO_4 \cdot 3H_2O$ (452.09): C, 47.82; H, 5.13; N, 9.29. Found: C, 48.05; H, 4.97; N, 9.30. MS (ESI): m/z 398 ($[M + 1]^+$, 100%), 817 ($[2M + Na]^+$, 60). IR (KBr): 3446 (ν_{O-H}), 1628, 1597 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1309 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . The reaction was monitored by infrared spectroscopy, where it was clearly visible the disappearance of **2a** (NH_2 bands around 3200 cm^{-1} , $C=N$ band at 1640 cm^{-1}) and the appearance of the new $C=N$ stretching at 1628 cm^{-1} of **3k** (the formation of the hypothetical intermediate **4k** was never detected). *Second method 1a + 2d:* **1a** (76.4 mg, 0.18 mmol) and **2d** (84.6 mg, 0.18 mmol) were suspended in EtOH (15 mL) and refluxed for 5 h. The product **3k** was filtered as yellow-earth solid, washed with EtOH, iPr_2O and dried under vacuum (114.5 mg, 85%). Anal. Calcd (%) for $C_{18}H_{17}N_3NiO_4 \cdot H_2O$ (416.05): C, 51.96; H, 4.60; N, 10.10. Found: C, 51.92; H, 4.85; N, 10.35. MS (ESI): m/z 398 ($[M + 1]^+$, 100%). IR (KBr): 3445 (ν_{O-H}), 1629, 1598 ($\nu_{C=N}$), 1308 (ν_{NO_2}) cm^{-1} . 1H NMR: not soluble

Table S1 Crystallographic and data collection parameters for **3c**·CHCl₃, **3g**·EtOH and **3j**.

	3c ·CHCl ₃	3g ·EtOH	3j
<i>Crystal Data</i>			
Moiety formula	C ₁₈ H ₁₈ N ₂ NiO ₃ ·CHCl ₃	C ₁₈ H ₁₇ BrN ₂ NiO ₃ ·C ₂ H ₆ O	C ₁₇ H ₁₅ N ₃ NiO ₄
<i>M</i>	488.42	494.02	384.03
Crystal system	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> -1 (n. 2)	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i> (n. 14)	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i> (n. 14)
<i>a</i> / Å	10.0155(8)	10.5470(11)	10.9731(6)
<i>b</i> / Å	10.1973(8)	9.3472(10)	10.7934(6)
<i>c</i> / Å	11.2392(11)	20.660(2)	13.7310(8)
α / °	100.5860(10)	90	90
β / °	97.6650(10)	98.9680(10)	95.6060(10)
γ / °	113.6250(10)	90	90
<i>V</i> / Å ³ , <i>Z</i> , <i>Z'</i>	1006.09(15), 2, 1	2011.9(4), 4, 1	1618.48(16), 4, 1
Reflns for cell determination	5836	4058	6997
2 θ / ° for cell determination	4.5–63.5	4.8–40.8	4.5–62.0
<i>D_x</i> / Mg m ⁻³	1.612	1.631	1.576
μ / mm ⁻¹	1.386	2.979	1.227
Colour, habit	brown, prism	brown, plate	red, rectangular prism
Dimensions / mm	0.70 × 0.38 × 0.25	0.29 × 0.16 × 0.03	0.35 × 0.33 × 0.20
<i>Data Collection</i>			
Temperature / K	291(2)	291(2)	293(2)
radiation λ / Å	Mo K α , 0.71073	Mo K α , 0.71073	Mo K α , 0.71073
Scan type	φ and ω	φ and ω	φ and ω
2 θ_{\max} / °	65.1	55.0	60.0
<i>h</i> range	-14→15	-13→13	-15→15
<i>k</i> range	-15→15	-12→12	-15→15
<i>l</i> range	-16→17	-26→26	-19→19
Intensity decay	None	None	None
Measured reflections	21696	28896	30966
Independent reflections	6864	4614	4717
Reflections with <i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)	5915	2787	4090
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.018	0.055	0.019
<i>Refinement on F²</i>			
<i>R</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2 σ (<i>F</i> ²)], <i>wR</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2 σ (<i>F</i> ²)]	0.0355, 0.1015	0.0544, 0.1443	0.0255, 0.0680
<i>S</i>	1.038	1.039	1.045
Parameters, restraints	254, 0	273, 1	226, 0
(Δ / σ) _{max}	0.001	0.001	0.001
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$, $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ / e Å ⁻³	0.550, -0.612	0.769, -0.905	0.356, -0.202

Table S2 Computed excitation energies (λ_{\max} in nm), oscillator strengths (f), difference between excited and ground state dipole moment ($\Delta\mu_{\text{eg}}$, in D), when available, and analysis of the most important contributions to the transitions for compounds **3** and selected analogue copper(II) complexes **Cu3a** and **Cu3l**.^a

	A	D	$\lambda_{\max}, \Delta\mu_{\text{eg}}$	f	assignment	$\lambda_{\max}, \Delta\mu_{\text{eg}}$	f	assignment	$\lambda_{\max}, \Delta\mu_{\text{eg}}$	f	assignment
3a	H	H	401	0.023	H → L (84%) ^b	349	0.032	H-1 → L (84%)	329	0.034	H-1 → L+1 (94%)
			381	0.064	H → L+1 (92%)						
3b	H	Me	406	0.027	H → L (85%) ^b	352	0.025	H-1 → L (82%)	335	0.043	H-1 → L+1 (94%)
			387	0.059	H → L+1 (92%)						
3c	H	OMe	424, -1.41	0.043	H → L (88%) ^b	362, -0.52	0.015	H-1 → L (67%)	346, -1.40	0.020	H → L+2 (38%)
			399, 7.12	0.043	H → L+1 (93%)				343, 2.36	0.050	H-1 → L+1 (93%)
3d	Br	Br	413	0.028	H → L (84%) ^b	364	0.030	H-1 → L (87%)	343	0.029	H-1 → L+1 (96%)
			393	0.062	H → L+1 (92%)						
3e	Br	H	403	0.014	H → L (78%) ^b	351	0.033	H-1 → L (73%)	342	0.029	H-1 → L+1 (86%)
			391	0.075	H → L+1 (83%)						
3f	Br	Me	409	0.013	H → L (87%) ^b	354	0.029	H-1 → L (68%)	348	0.033	H-1 → L+1 (86%)
			397	0.073	H → L+1 (89%)				337	0.011	H → L+2 (49%)
3g	Br	OMe	425	0.024	H → L (85%) ^b	365	0.017	H-1 → L (68%)	357	0.050	H-1 → L+1 (87%)
			413	0.060	H → L+1 (90%)				349	0.017	H → L+2 (32%)
3h	NO ₂	NO ₂	383	0.072	H → L (84%) ^b	336	0.024	H-1 → L (78%)	329	0.467	H → L+2 (52%)
			364	0.088	H → L+1 (85%)				323	0.022	H → L+3 (40%)
									318	0.017	H → L+4 (36%)
									314	0.031	H-1 → L+1 (52%)
3i	NO ₂	Br	403	0.041	H → L (79%) ^b	349	0.074	H → L+2 (75%)	335	0.061	H-1 → L+1 (42%), H-1 → L (30%)
			387	0.066	H → L+1 (76%)	346	0.067	H → L+3 (37%), H-1 → L (31%)			
3j	NO ₂	H	394, 5.39	0.032	H → L (66%) ^b	350, 19.94	0.110	H → L+2 (77%)	333, 6.12	0.052	H-1 → L (56%)
			382, 1.24	0.076	H → L+1 (78%)	339, 3.34	0.035	H → L+3 (35%), H-1 → L (25%)			
3k	NO ₂	Me	404	0.031	H → L (67%) ^b	362	0.074	H → L+2 (75%)	338	0.081	H-1 → L (73%)
			392	0.068	H → L+1 (81%)	348	0.030	H → L+3 (50%),			

						H-1 → L (9%)					
3l	NO ₂	OMe	424	0.029	H → L (68%) ^b	381	0.041	H → L+2 (76%)	343	0.108	H-1 → L (79%)
			413	0.063	H → L+1 (79%)	366	0.025	H → L+3 (59%)			
Cu3a	H	H	411	0.043	H → L (73%) ^{b,c}						
Cu3l	NO ₂	OMe	498	0.014	H → L (46%) ^{b,c}						
						H-1 → L (35%)					

^a Calculations performed at (TD)PBE0/6-311++G(d,p) level of theory. Unrestricted formalism used for copper(II) complexes. Only transitions with $f > 0.010$ are reported. ^b H = HOMO, L = LUMO. Main atomic contributions to H, L and L+1: **3a**, H = 0.12 p_{O1}, 0.12 p_{O2}, 0.11 d_{Ni}; L = 0.30 p_{C17}, 0.15 p_{N2}, 0.12 p_{C13}, 0.10 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.31 p_{C4}, 0.16 p_{N2}, 0.15 p_{C8}, 0.11 p_{C6}. **3b**, H = 0.14 p_{O2}, 0.12 p_{C16}, 0.10 d_{Ni}; L = 0.30 p_{C17}, 0.14 p_{N2}, 0.13 p_{C13}, 0.10 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.31 p_{C4}, 0.16 p_{N1}, 0.14 p_{C8}, 0.11 p_{C6}. **3c**, H = 0.15 p_{O2}, 0.12 p_{C14}, 0.11 p_{C16}, 0.07 d_{Ni}; L = 0.29 p_{C17}, 0.14 p_{N2}, 0.14 p_{C13}, 0.10 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.31 p_{C4}, 0.16 p_{N1}, 0.15 p_{C8}, 0.11 p_{C6}. **3d**, H = 0.10 p_{O1}, 0.10 p_{O2}, 0.09 d_{Ni}; L = 0.29 p_{C17}, 0.15 p_{N2}, 0.12 p_{C13}, 0.11 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.30 p_{C4}, 0.16 p_{N1}, 0.15 p_{C8}, 0.11 p_{C6}. **3e**, H = 0.11 p_{O1}, 0.11 p_{O2}, 0.10 d_{Ni}; L = 0.24 p_{C17}, 0.11 p_{N2}, 0.09 p_{C13}, 0.08 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.24 p_{C4}, 0.13 p_{N1}, 0.12 p_{C8}, 0.09 p_{C6}. **3f**, H = 0.14 p_{O2}, 0.12 p_{C14}, 0.09 p_{C16}, 0.09 d_{Ni}; L = 0.18 p_{C17}, 0.11 p_{C4}, 0.09 p_{N2}; L+1 = 0.18 p_{C4}, 0.12 p_{C17}, 0.10 p_{N1}, 0.10 p_{C8}, 0.07 p_{C6}. **3g**, H = 0.15 p_{O2}, 0.12 p_{C14}, 0.11 p_{C16}, 0.07 p_{O3}, 0.07 d_{Ni}; L = 0.24 p_{C17}, 0.12 p_{N2}, 0.11 p_{C13}, 0.08 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.25 p_{C4}, 0.14 p_{N1}, 0.13 p_{C8}, 0.10 p_{C6}. **3h**, H = 0.11 d_{Ni}, 0.11 p_{O2}, 0.11 p_{O1}, 0.09 p_{C7}, 0.09 p_{C14}; L = 0.27 p_{C17}, 0.16 p_{C15}, 0.15 p_{N2}; L+1 = 0.24 p_{C4}, 0.20 p_{C6}, 0.14 p_{N1}. **3i**, H = 0.17 p_{O2}, 0.15 p_{C14}, 0.11 p_{C16}, 0.10 p_{Br}, 0.10 p_{C12}, 0.07 d_{Ni}; L = 0.19 p_{C17}, 0.10 p_{N2}, 0.08 p_{C6}, 0.08 p_{C13}, 0.07 p_{C15}; L+1 = 0.15 p_{C6}, 0.15 p_{C4}, 0.10 p_{C17}, 0.09 p_{N1}. **3j**, H = 0.18 p_{O2}, 0.17 p_{C14}, 0.11 p_{C16}, 0.11 p_{C12}, 0.09 d_{Ni}; L = 0.21 p_{C6}, 0.18 p_{C4}, 0.12 p_{N1}, 0.10 p_{N3}, 0.10 p_{O3}, 0.08 p_{O4}; L+1 = 0.27 p_{C17}, 0.13 p_{N12}, 0.11 p_{C13}, 0.09 p_{C15}, 0.09 d_{Ni}. **3k**, H = 0.18 p_{O2}, 0.17 p_{C14}, 0.12 p_{C16}, 0.10 p_{C12}, 0.08 d_{Ni}; L = 0.22 p_{C6}, 0.18 p_{C4}, 0.12 p_{N1}, 0.10 p_{N3}, 0.10 p_{O3}, 0.09 p_{O4}; L+1 = 0.27 p_{C17}, 0.13 p_{N2}, 0.12 p_{C13}, 0.10 p_{C15}, 0.09 d_{Ni}. **3l**, H = 0.16 p_{O2}, 0.14 p_{C14}, 0.12 p_{C16}, 0.09 p_{O3(Me)}, 0.09 p_{C15}, 0.08 p_{C12}, 0.07 p_{N2}, 0.06 p_{C11}, 0.05 d_{Ni}; L = 0.22 p_{C6}, 0.18 p_{C4}, 0.12 p_{N1}, 0.10 p_{N3}, 0.10 p_{O4(NO2)}, 0.09 p_{O5(NO2)}; L+1 = 0.26 p_{C17}, 0.13 p_{N2}, 0.13 p_{C13}, 0.09 p_{C15}, 0.08 p_{C11}, 0.07 d_{Ni}. **Cu3a**, H = 0.13 p_{O1}, 0.12 p_{C7}, 0.11 p_{O2}, 0.10 p_{C14}, 0.09 p_{C5}, 0.08 p_{C9}, 0.07 p_{C16}, 0.06 p_{C12}; L = 0.61 d_{Cu}, 0.07 p_{O1}, 0.07 p_{O2}. **Cu3l**, H = 0.16 p_{O2}, 0.16 p_{C14}, 0.12 p_{C16}, 0.10 p_{O3(Me)}, 0.10 p_{C15}, 0.08 p_{C12}, 0.08 p_{C11}, 0.07 p_{N2}; L = 0.59 d_{Cu}, 0.08 p_{O2}, 0.06 p_{O1}. ^cSingularly occupied orbitals.

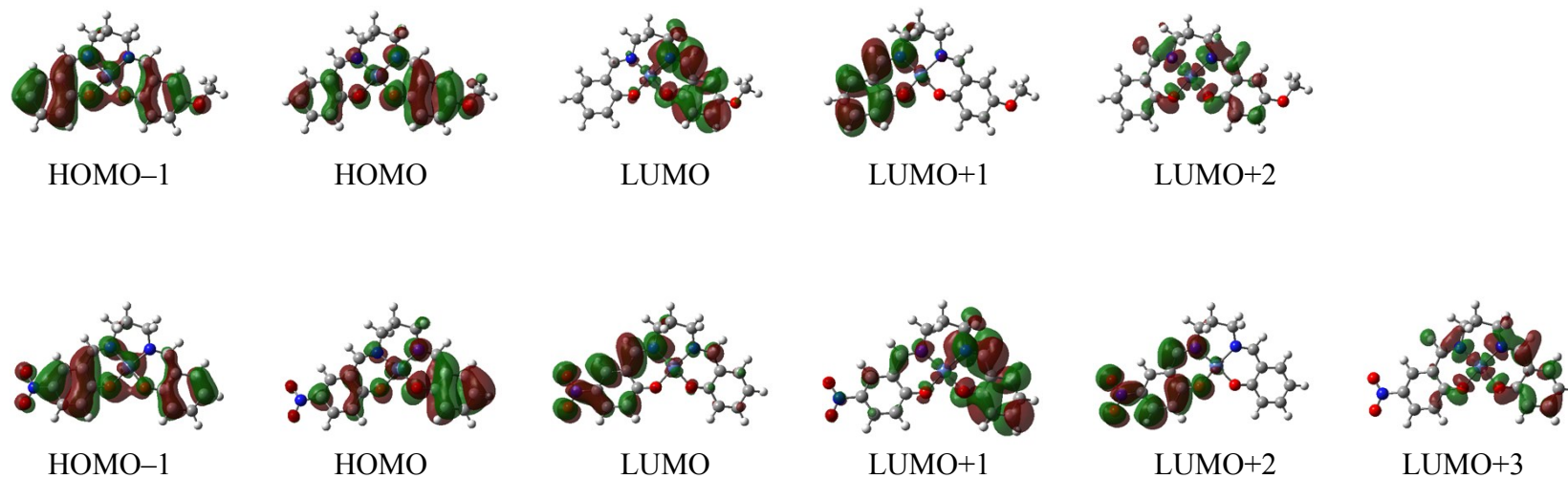


Fig. S1 Isodensity surface plot of the PBE0/6-311++G(d,p) frontier orbitals of **3c** (top) and **3j** (bottom) mainly involved in the computed transitions (isosurface values: 0.02).

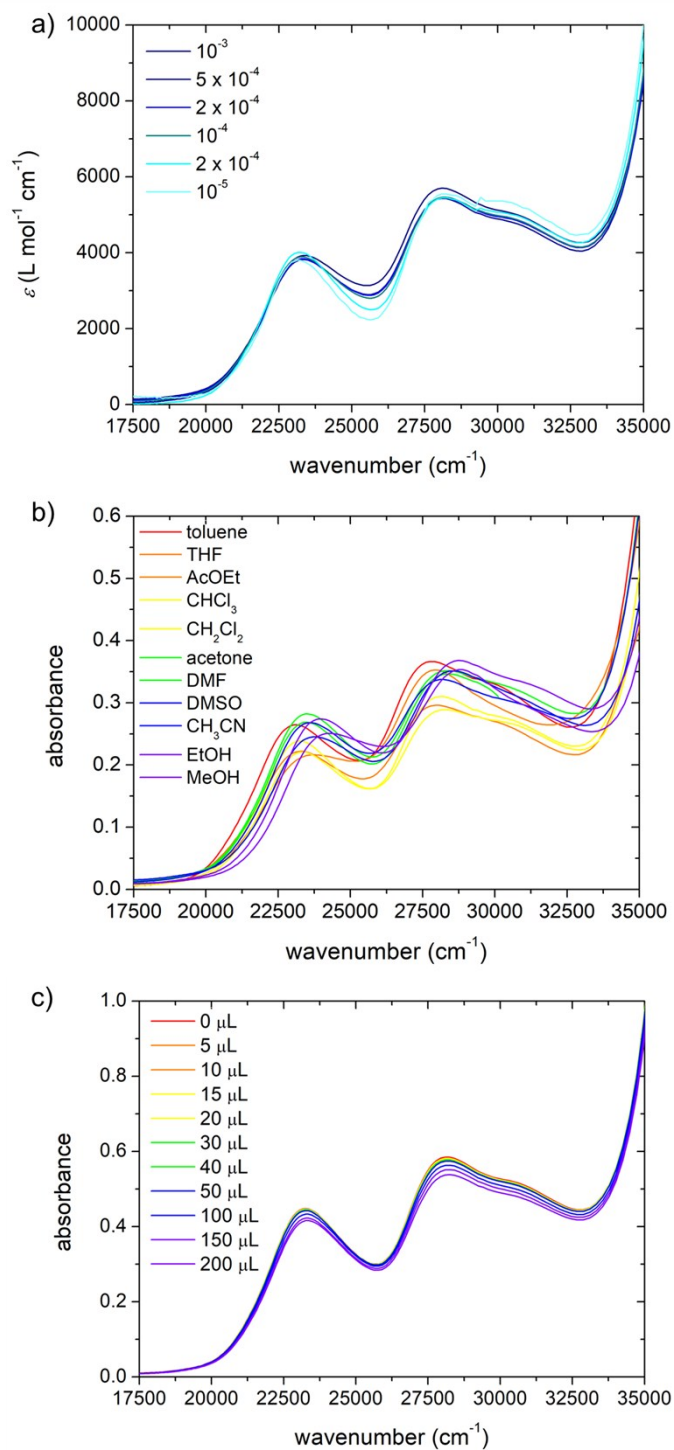


Fig. S2 UV-visible absorption spectra of **3c**: a) dilution studies from 10^{-3} down to $10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ CHCl_3 solutions, b) solvatochromism at $5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ solutions in solvents from low polar toluene (red) to high polar methanol (violet), and c) addition of increasing amount of DMSO (μL) to the $10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ CHCl_3 solution (2 mL) (data were not corrected for the dilution given by the addition of DMSO).

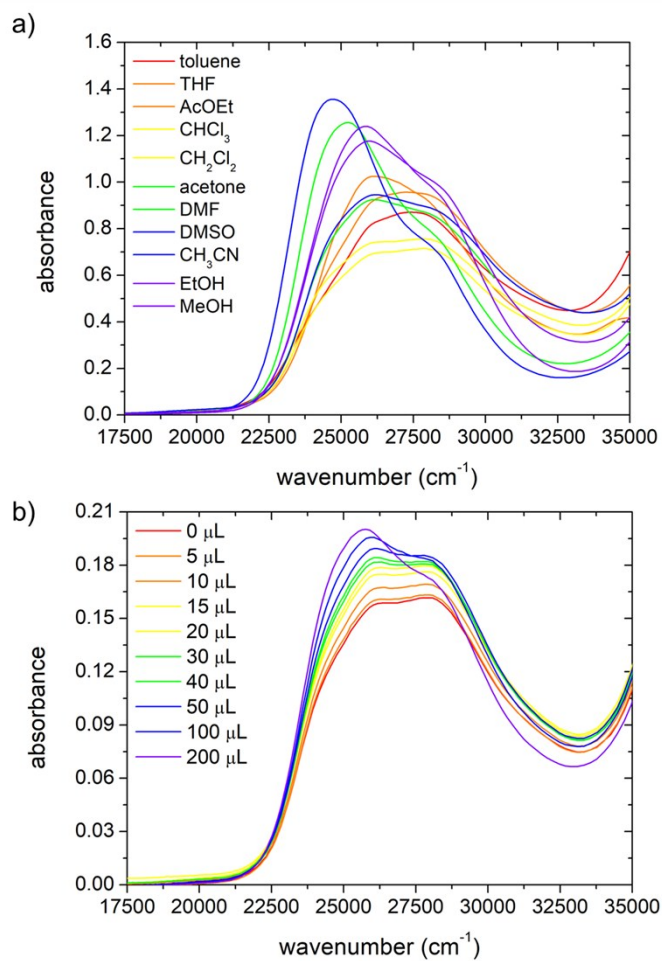


Fig. S3 UV-visible absorption spectra of **3j**: a) solvatochromism at 5×10^{-5} mol L⁻¹ solutions in solvents from low polar toluene (red) to high polar methanol (violet), and b) addition of increasing amount of DMSO (μL) to the 10^{-4} mol L⁻¹ CHCl₃ solution (2 mL) (optical path of 0.1 cm, data were not corrected for the dilution given by the addition of DMSO).

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