

<Supporting Information>

Synthesis, characterization, and photoluminescence properties of three two-dimensional lanthanide-containing Dawson-type polyoxometalates†

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Materials and Methods. All reagents used were of analytical grade and obtained from commercial sources without further purification. $\text{Na}_{12}[\text{P}_2\text{W}_{15}\text{O}_{56}]\cdot 24\text{H}_2\text{O}$ was prepared according to the literature and conformed by IR spectroscopy. Elemental analyses of C, H, and N were performed with an Elementar VarioElcube CHNS analyzer. IR spectroscopy were recorded on a Bruker VERTEX 70 IR spectrometer using KBr pellets in the range of $4000\text{-}400\text{ cm}^{-1}$. PXRD data were obtained on a Bruker AXS D8 Advance diffraction meter with Cu $K\alpha$ radiation ($\lambda = 1.5418\text{ \AA}$) at room temperature. The TGA curves were performed under flowing N_2 atmosphere using a Mettler-Toledo TGA/SDTA 851e heat analysis meter with a heating ratio of $10\text{ }^\circ\text{C min}^{-1}$ from 25 to $800\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Raman spectra were performed on a Renishaw in Via with a red Spectra-Physics He-Ne laser (wavelength of 532 nm and 500 mW capacity). The UV/vis diffuse reflectance spectra and UV absorption spectra were performed on a UH4150 UV-vis spectrometer.

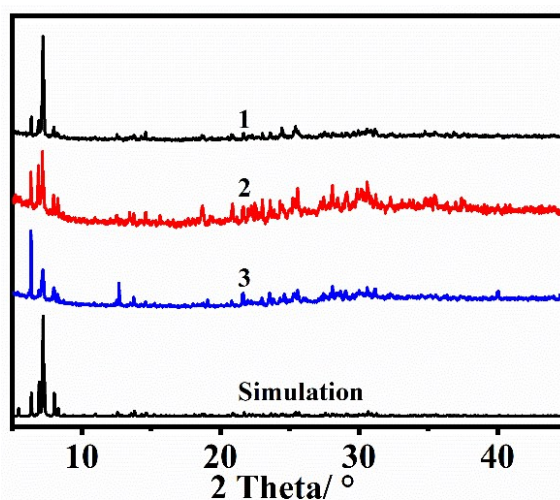


Fig. S1. The experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of **1–3**.

Table S1 selected bond length of **1–3**

La–O	Bond length (Å)	Ce–O	Bond length (Å)	Pr–O	Bond length (Å)
La1-O1W	2.60(3)	Ce1-O27	2.54(2)	Pr1-O27	2.48(3)
La1-O2W	2.61(3)	Ce1-O28	2.52(3)	Pr1-O28	2.49(3)
La1-O3W	2.57(4)	Ce1-O33	2.52(4)	Pr1-O33	2.48(4)
La1-O4W	2.76(4)	Ce1-O40	2.43(3)	Pr1-O40	2.45(3)
La1-O27	2.52(3)	Ce1-O64	2.63(4)	Pr1-O64	2.70(3)
La1-O28	2.50(3)	Ce1-O1W	2.58(4)	Pr1-O1W	2.54(5)
La1-O33	2.53(3)	Ce1-O2W	2.55(4)	Pr1-O2W	2.49(5)
La1-O40	2.48(3)	Ce1-O3W	2.55(4)	Pr1-O3W	2.52(4)
La1-O64	2.61(3)	Ce1-O4W	2.66(5)	Pr1-O4W	2.63(5)
La2-O5W	2.63(3)	Ce2-O16	2.62(3)	Pr2-O16	2.57(3)

La2-O6W	2.62(4)	Ce2-O76	2.49(3)	Pr2-O76	2.45(4)
La2-O7W	2.64(3)	Ce2-O79	2.45(3)	Pr2-O79	2.41(3)
La2-O16	2.58(3)	Ce2-O83	2.46(3)	Pr2-O83	2.43(4)
La2-O76	2.50(3)	Ce2-O87	2.37(4)	Pr2-O87	2.38(4)
La2-O79	2.44(3)	Ce2-O5W	2.56(5)	Pr2-O5W	2.60(5)
La2-O83	2.48(3)	Ce2-O6W	2.57(5)	Pr2-O6W	2.60(5)
La2-O87	2.43(3)	Ce2-O7W	2.54(4)	Pr2-O7W	2.55(5)
La3-O4	2.55(3)	Ce3-O4	2.55(3)	Pr3-O4	2.57(3)
La3-O8W	2.46(5)	Ce3-O17	2.53(3)	Pr3-O17	2.54(3)
La3-O9W	2.55(4)	Ce3-O8W	2.43(5)	Pr3-O8W	2.49(5)
La3-O10W	2.56(4)	Ce3-O9W	2.57(4)	Pr3-O9W	2.52(4)
La3-O11W	2.51(5)	Ce3-O10W	2.54(4)	Pr3-O10W	2.47(5)
La3-O12W	2.42(4)	Ce3-O11W	2.62(4)	Pr3-O11W	2.52(4)
La3-O13W	2.46(4)	Ce3-O12W	2.44(3)	Pr3-O12W	2.42(4)
La3-O14W	2.59(3)	Ce3-O13W	2.47(4)	Pr3-O13W	2.45(3)
La3-O17	2.49(3)	Ce3-O14W	2.54(3)	Pr3-O14W	2.58(4)
Average	2.542 (4)	Average	2.528 (4)	Average	2.513 (4)

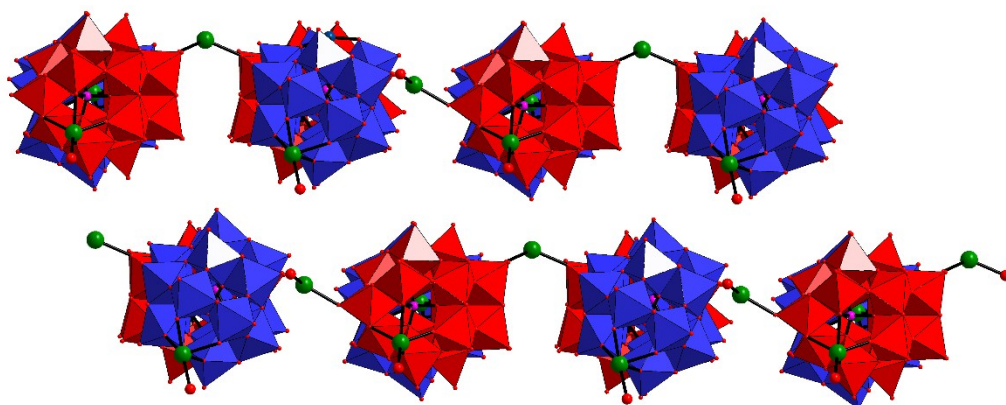


Fig. S2. The packing arrangement of 2D network architecture of **1**.

Table S2 BVS results of Ce ions in **2**

	BVS
Ce1	3.07
Ce2	3.23
Ce3	3.34

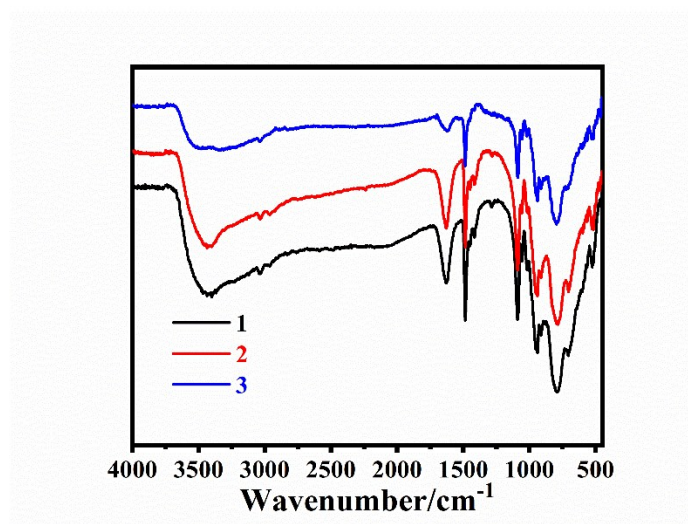


Fig. S3 IR spectroscopy of 1–3.

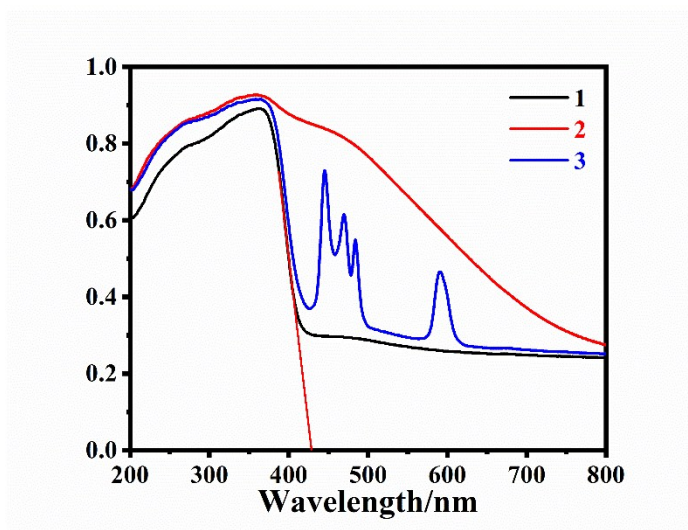


Fig. S4 The UV absorption spectra of 1–3.

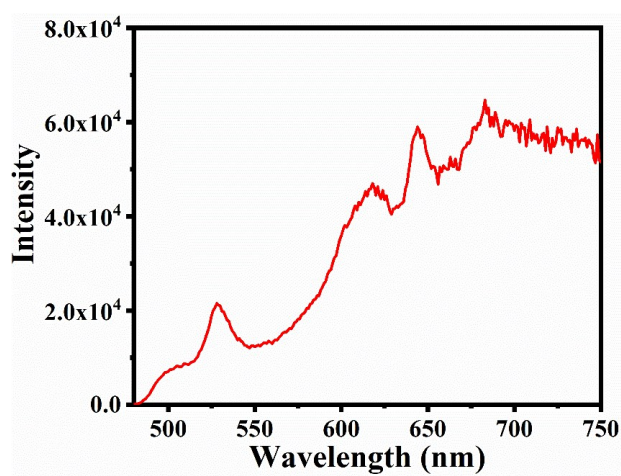


Fig. S5. The emission spectra of 1 ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 448 \text{ nm}$).

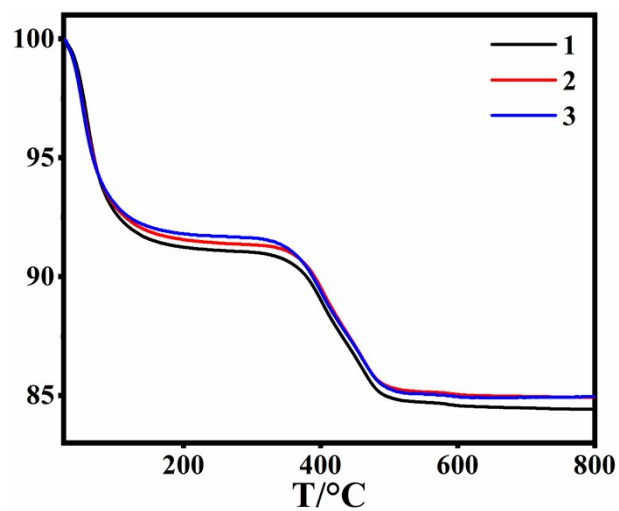


Fig. S6. TGA curves of **1–3**.

As shown in Fig. S6, the similar TGA curves of compound **1–3** show two steps of weight loss from 25 °C to 800 °C. In detail, the first experimental loss of 8.57% can be assigned to the loss of forty-eight lattice water (Cal. 8.53%), and the second experimental loss of 6.49% can be attributed to the loss of fourteen coordination water, three $[\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_4]^+$ cations, and partial decompose of POM skeleton.