

## Electronic Supplementary Information

### Synthesis of crystalline Na<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>S<sub>6</sub> via a ball milling route and comparison of its local structure to the amorphous phase

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Table S1: Refined structural parameters obtained from powder diffraction of crystalline Na<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>S<sub>6</sub> at room temperature compared to those of a single crystal measurement from Ref. <sup>13</sup>.

	Na <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub> S <sub>6</sub> synthesized by ballmilling and subsequent thermal annealing	Na <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub> S <sub>6</sub> synthesized by solid state reaction by Lotsch et al. <sup>[9]</sup>
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /m (11)	P2 <sub>1</sub> /m (11)
Lattice parameters		
a / Å	6.6861(3)	6.6752(3)
b / Å	7.8314 (4)	7.7968(4)
c / Å	9.0418 (4)	9.0379(4)
β / °	90.223 (4)	90.151(1)
Cell volume	473.44 (4)	470.38(4)
Atomic coordinates Na		
x	0.2829 (0.0028)	0.2863(2)
y	0.0136 (0.0017)	0.01241(9)
z	0.7130 (0.0016)	0.71003(7)
Structural strain dD/D *10E-4	34.34 (0.12)	-
GOF	2.458	1.090

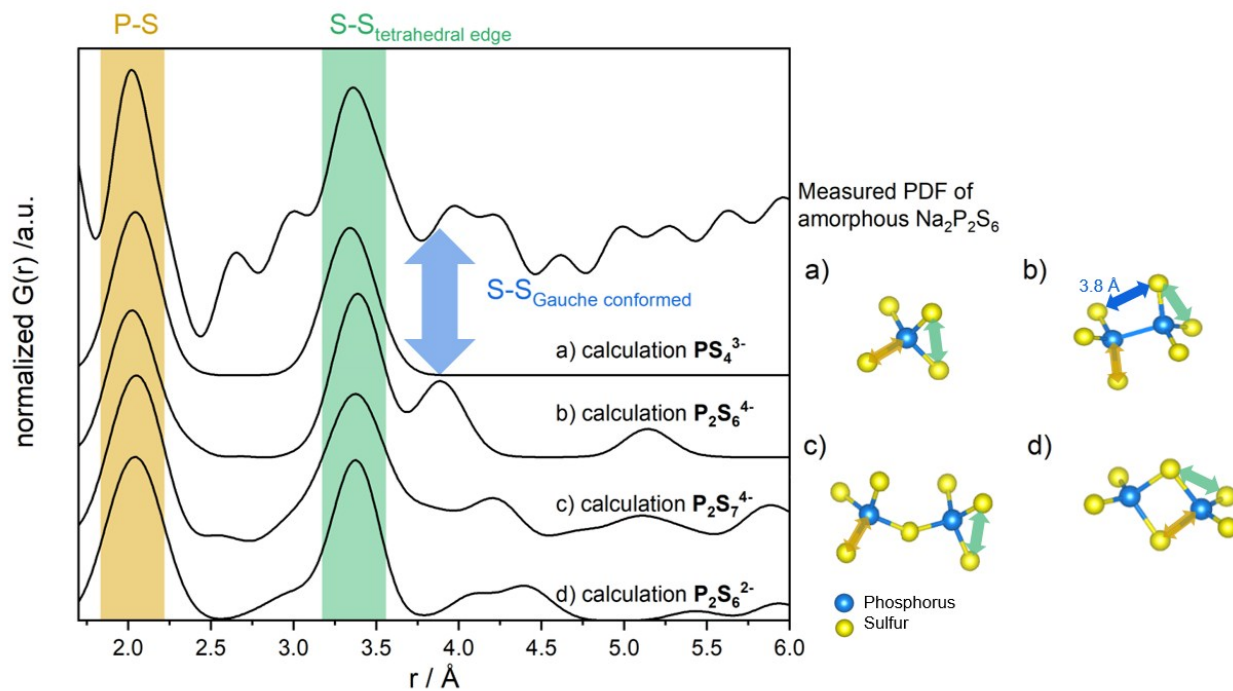


Figure S1: Zoom into the short range region of the pair distribution functions of amorphous  $\text{Na}_2\text{P}_2\text{S}_6$  compared with modeled PDFs of single  $[\text{PS}_4]^{3-}$ ,  $[\text{P}_2\text{S}_6]^{4-}$ ,  $[\text{P}_2\text{S}_7]^{4-}$  and  $[\text{P}_2\text{S}_6]^{2-}$  structural building blocks. Atomic distances are marked with yellow, green and blue arrows.

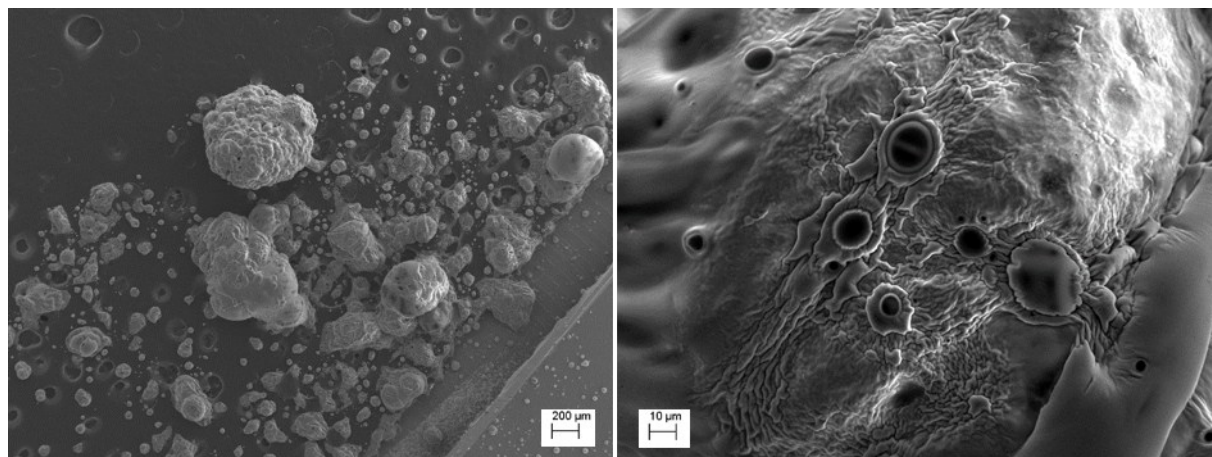


Figure S2: Figure S1-SEM image of amorphous  $\text{Na}_2\text{P}_2\text{S}_6$ .

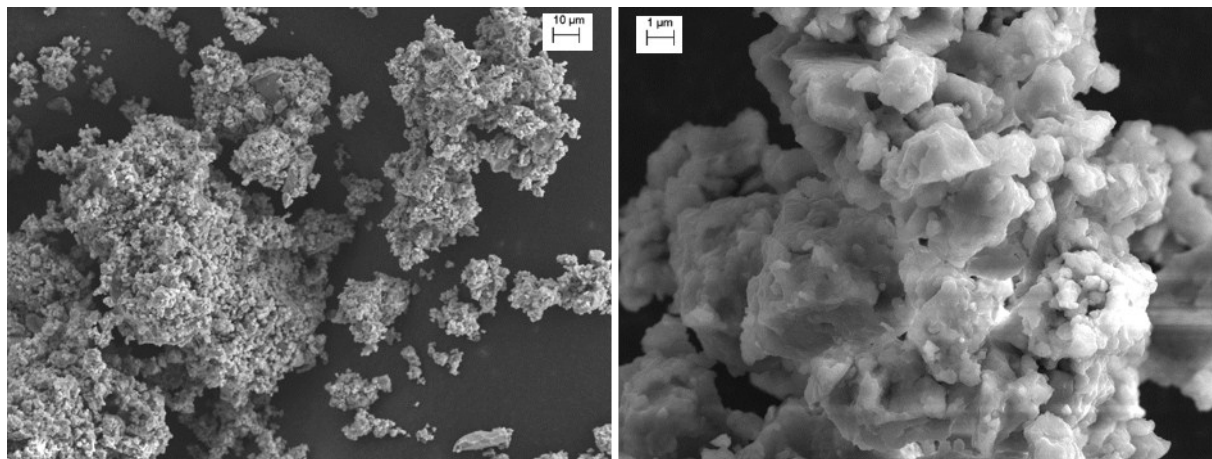


Figure 10: Figure S2-SEM image of crystalline  $\text{Na}_2\text{P}_2\text{S}_6$ .

## Comparison of crystal structures of the same symmetry $P2_1/m$ ( No. 11 ) [ unique axis b ]

### Structure #1

11						
6.67893 7.81782 9.05651 90.00000 90.35290 90.00000						
8						
P	1	2e	0.210080	0.250000	0.390070	
P	3	2e	0.322040	0.250000	0.082430	
S	1	4f	0.228740	0.448750	0.226260	
S	5	2e	0.618980	0.250000	0.043230	
S	7	2e	0.447430	0.250000	0.519680	
S	9	2e	0.147200	0.250000	0.899310	
S	11	2e	0.944070	0.250000	0.486700	
Na	1	4f	0.287390	0.990860	0.700950	

### Structure #2

11						
6.68609 7.83137 9.04181 90.0000 90.2232 90.0000						
8						
P	1	2e	0.786600	0.250000	0.613400	

P	2	2e	0.684100	0.250000	0.925800
S	1	4f	0.237800	0.549100	0.225300
S	2	2e	0.385500	0.250000	0.949900
S	3	2e	0.545700	0.250000	0.483800
S	4	2e	0.854600	0.250000	0.089600
S	5	2e	0.046000	0.250000	0.515000
Na	1	4f	0.282900	0.013600	0.713000

## Description of Structure #2 in the most similar configuration to Structure #1

```

011
6.686090 7.831370 9.041810 90.000000 90.223198 90.000000
8
P      1      2e      0.213400 0.250000 0.386600
P      2      2e      0.315900 0.250000 0.074200
S      1      4f      0.237800 0.450900 0.225300
S      2      2e      0.614500 0.250000 0.050100
S      3      2e      0.454300 0.250000 0.516200
S      4      2e      0.145400 0.250000 0.910400
S      5      2e      0.954000 0.250000 0.485000
Na     1      4f      0.282900 0.986400 0.713000

```

Transformation matrix (P, p): **a,b,c** ; 0,1/2,0

Matrix form:

$$(P, p) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Atom pairings and distances

Atom Mappings					
WP	Atom	Coordinates in S <sub>1</sub>	Atom	Coordinates in S <sub>2</sub>	
2e	(x,1/4,z)	P1	(0.210080,0.250000,0.390070)	P1	(0.213400,0.250000,0.386600)
2e	(x,1/4,z)	P3	(0.322040,0.250000,0.082430)	P2	(0.315900,0.250000,0.074200)
4f	(x,y,z)	S1	(0.228740,0.448750,0.226260)	S1	(0.237800,0.450900,0.225300)

2e	(x,1/4,z)	S5	(0.618980,0.250000,0.043230)	S2	(0.614500,0.250000,0.050100)
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S7	(0.447430,0.250000,0.519680)	S3	(0.454300,0.250000,0.516200)
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S9	(0.147200,0.250000,0.899310)	S4	(0.145400,0.250000,0.910400)
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S11	(0.944070,0.250000,0.486700)	S5	(0.954000,0.250000,0.485000)
4f	(x,y,z)	Na1	(0.287390,0.990860,0.700950)	Na1	(0.282900,0.986400,0.713000)

WP	Atom	Atomic Displacements				
		$u_x$	$u_y$	$u_z$	$ u $	
2e	(x,1/4,z)	P1	0.0033	0.0000	-0.0035	0.0386
2e	(x,1/4,z)	P3	-0.0061	0.0000	-0.0082	0.0849
4f	(x,y,z)	S1	0.0091	0.0022	-0.0010	0.0635
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S5	-0.0045	0.0000	0.0069	0.0692
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S7	0.0069	0.0000	-0.0035	0.0558
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S9	-0.0018	0.0000	0.0111	0.1012
2e	(x,1/4,z)	S11	0.0099	0.0000	-0.0017	0.0682
4f	(x,y,z)	Na1	-0.0045	-0.0045	0.0120	0.1186

NOTE:  $u_x$ ,  $u_y$  and  $u_z$  are given in relative units.  $|u|$  is the absolute distance given in Å

### Evaluation of the structure similarity

S	$d_{max.}$ (Å)	$d_{av.}$ (Å)	$\Delta$
0.0010	0.1186	0.0782	0.016

- Lattice and atomic position criteria:
  - The [degree of lattice distortion \(S\)](#) is the spontaneous strain (sum of the squared eigenvalues of the strain tensor divided by 3). For the given two structures, the **degree of lattice distortion (S)** is **0.0010**.
  - The maximum distance ( $d_{max.}$ ) shows the maximal displacement between the atomic positions of the paired atoms. The **maximum distance ( $d_{max.}$ )** in this case is: **0.1186 Å**
- The [arithmetic mean \( \$d\_{av.}\$ \)](#) of the distance. In this case, the **arithmetic mean ( $d_{av.}$ )** is **0.0782 Å**
- The [measure of similarity \( \$\Delta\$ \)](#) (Bergerhoff *et al.*, 1998) is a function of the differences in atomic positions (weighted by the multiplicities of the sites) and the ratios of the

corresponding lattice parameters of the structures. The **measure of similarity ( $\Delta$ )** calculated for this case is **0.016**.