

## Supporting Information

### **Insights into short- and long-term effects of loading nickel nanoparticles on anaerobic digestion with flocculent sludge**

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### Methods and Materials:

Zero-, first- and second-order reaction kinetics were used to model glucose degradation for the AFS in anaerobic digestion at various Ni-NPs concentrations. The individual kinetic model is presented as below:

$$C_t = C_0 - k_0 t \quad (1)$$

$$C_t = C_0 e^{-k_1 t} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{1}{C_t} = \frac{1}{C_0} + k_2 t \quad (3)$$

where  $C_t$  (mg/L) is the glucose concentration at time  $t$  (d),  $C_0$  (mg/L) is the initial glucose concentration, and  $k_0$ ,  $k_1$  and  $k_3$  represent the apparent kinetic rate constants of zero-, first- and second-order reaction kinetics, respectively.

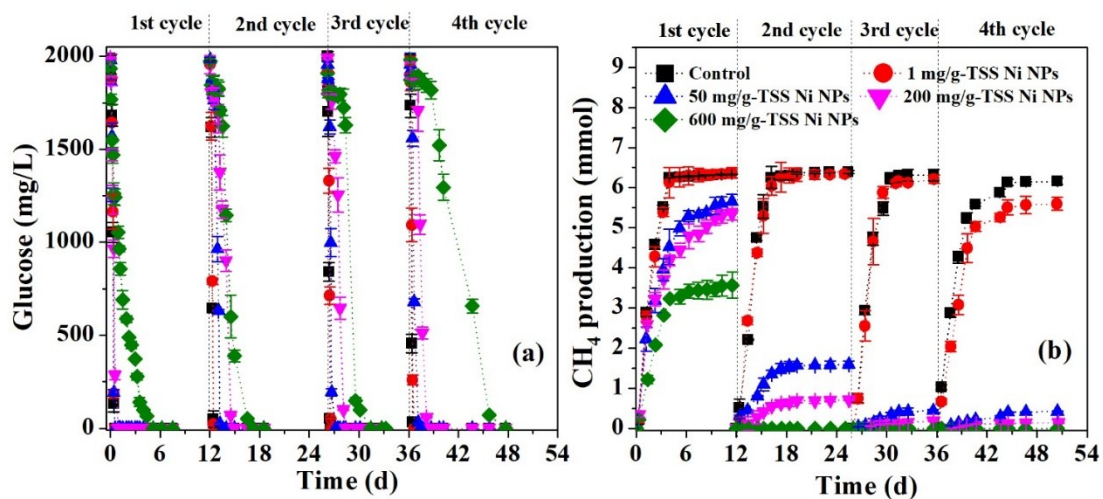
Regression coefficients ( $R^2$ ) of glucose degradation for the AFS with exposure to different concentrations of Ni-NPs, as fitted by zero-, first-, and second-order kinetics, are summarized in Table S1.

**Table S1** Regression coefficients of glucose degradation for the AFS with exposure to different concentrations of Ni-NPs, as fitted by zero-, first-, and second-order kinetics.

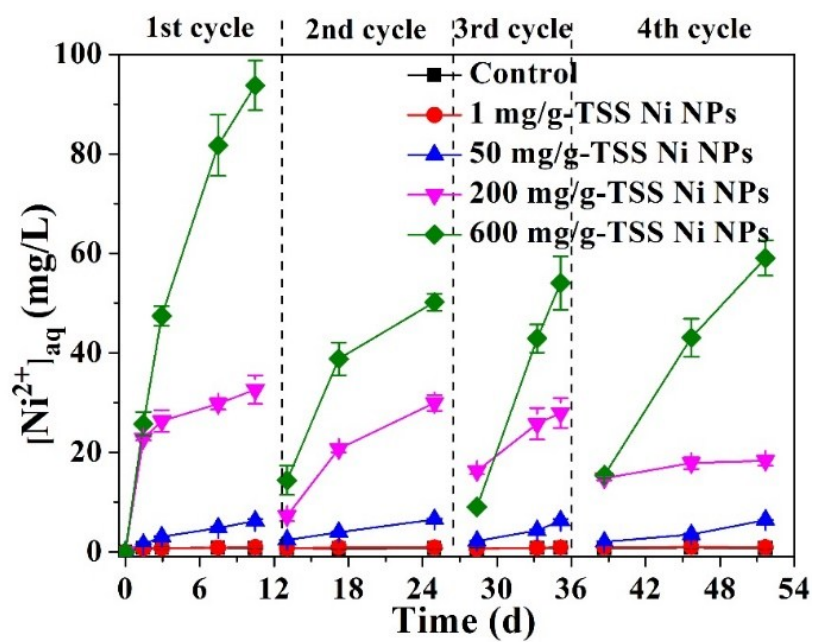
Experiments	Cycle	R <sup>2</sup>		
		Zero-order	First-order	Second-order
Control	1	0.90	0.74	0.60
	2	0.93	0.78	0.60
	3	1.00	0.86	0.70
	4	0.98	0.91	0.69
1 mg/g-TSS Ni-NPs	1	0.94	0.74	0.61
	2	0.93	0.71	0.57
	3	0.98	0.77	0.57
	4	0.98	0.87	0.75
50 mg/g-TSS Ni-NPs	1	0.94	0.72	0.61
	2	0.94	0.58	0.79
	3	0.90	0.69	0.55
	4	0.94	0.91	0.78
200 mg/g-TSS Ni-NPs	1	0.93	0.74	0.65
	2	0.89	0.78	0.47
	3	0.94	0.86	0.49
	4	0.92	0.91	0.51
600 mg/g-TSS Ni-NPs	1	0.91	0.98	0.97
	2	0.93	0.82	0.65
	3	0.89	0.62	0.67
	4	0.96	0.76	0.72

**Table S2** Comparison of the richness and diversity of the 16S rRNA gene libraries based on 0.03 distance

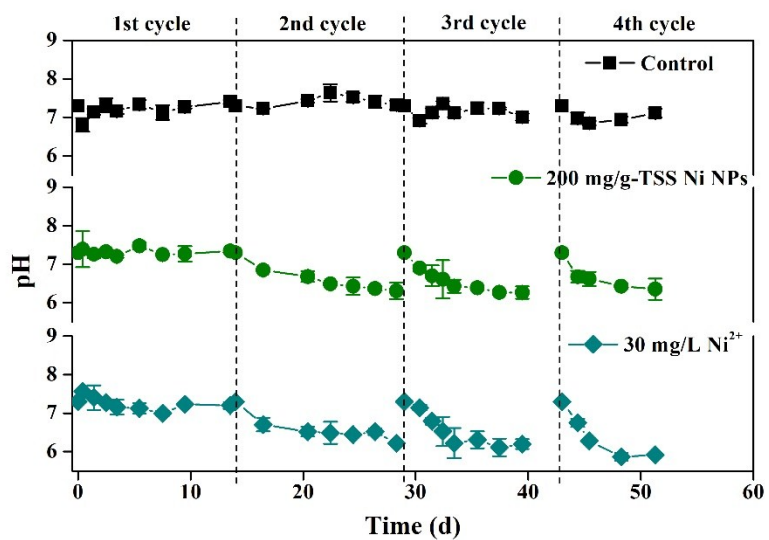
	OTUs	Shannon Diversity	Chao 1 richness estimation	Goods coverage (%)
AFS-Control	481	5.635	524	99.9
AFS-600 mg/g-TSS Ni NPs	416	4.776	444	99.8



**Figure S1** Effect of Ni-NPs on the activity of the AFS during four cycles: (a) glucose degradation and (b) CH<sub>4</sub> production in the absence and presence of Ni-NPs. Error bars represent standard deviations of triplicate tests. Conditions were 2 g/L glucose, pH 7.3, 115 rpm and 35 °C.



**Figure S2**  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$  released from Ni NPs in the AFS systems during four cycles. The time was recorded from the addition of Ni NPs. 2 g/L glucose, initial pH 7.3, 115 rpm, 35 °C.



**Figure S3** pH variations in the AFS systems with and without Ni-NPs and Ni<sup>2+</sup> additions.