

Supplementary Information

Importance of Controlling Phosphate Concentration in Nitritation-Anammox

Reactor Operation

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Table S1. Phosphate concentrations in the test of the short-term impacts.

Conditions						
Trial 1	20X dilution	4X dilution	2X dilution	Pre-Ostara supernatant	Pre-Ostara supernatant	Pre-Ostara supernatant+2
	Pre-Ostara supernatant	Pre-Ostara supernatant	Pre-Ostara supernatant		+110mgP/L of synthetic P	10mg P/L synthetic P
Trial 2	2X dilution	Post-Ostara supernatant+3	Post-Ostara supernatant+9	Post-Ostara supernatant+2	Post-Ostara supernatant+3	Post-Ostara supernatant+4
	Post-Ostara supernatant	0 mgP/L synthetic P	0 mgP/L synthetic P	10 mgP/L synthetic P	20 mgP/L synthetic P	20 mgP/L synthetic P
Final Phosphorus concentration (mg/L)	12	60	120	240	350	450

Table S2. Primers required for q-PCR analysis and target genes.

	Primer	Nucleotides sequence 5'-3'	Target	References
Anammox	AnnirS379F	TCTATCGTTGCATCGCATT	AMX nirS gene	1, 2
	AnnirS821R	GGATGGGTCTTGATAAACCA		
AOB	amoA-1F	GGGGTTTCTACTGGTGGT	amoA gene of	3
			betaproteobacteria	
NOB	amoA-2R	CCCCTCTGCAAAGCCTCTTC	AOB	4
	Nitro 1198f	ACCCCTAGCAAATCTAAAAACCG	Nitrobacter spp.	
	Nitro 1423r	CTTCACCCCAGTCGCTGACC	16S rDNA	

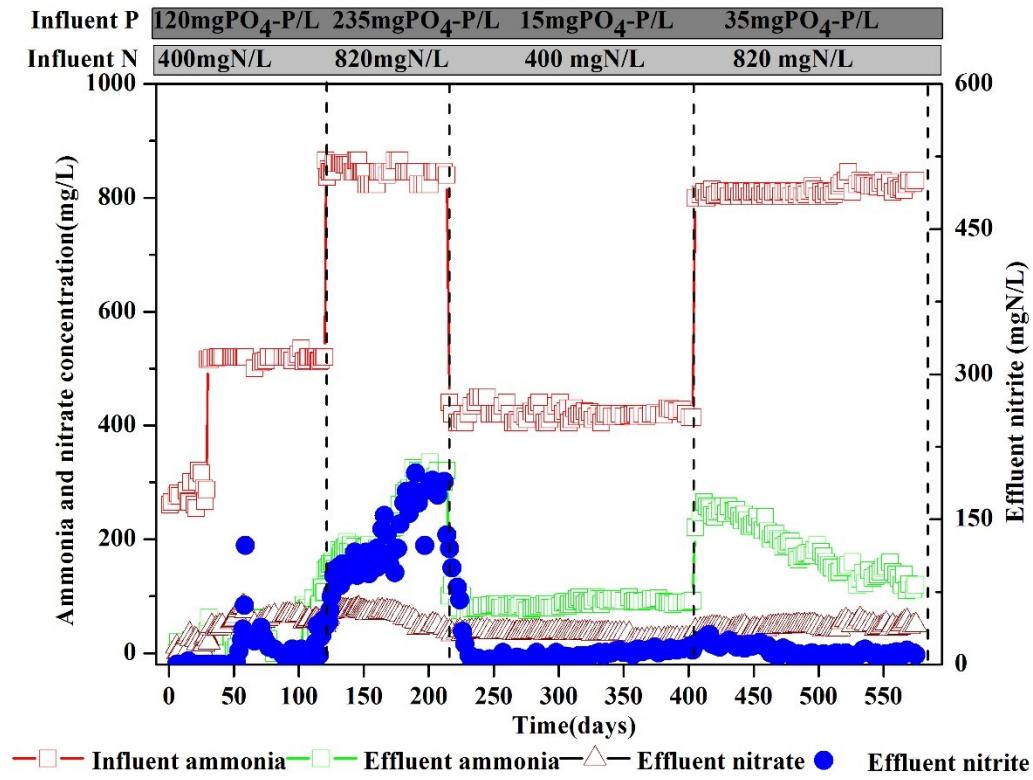


Figure S1. Influent and effluent concentrations of ammonia nitrogen, nitrite nitrogen, nitrate nitrogen during four different operational phases.

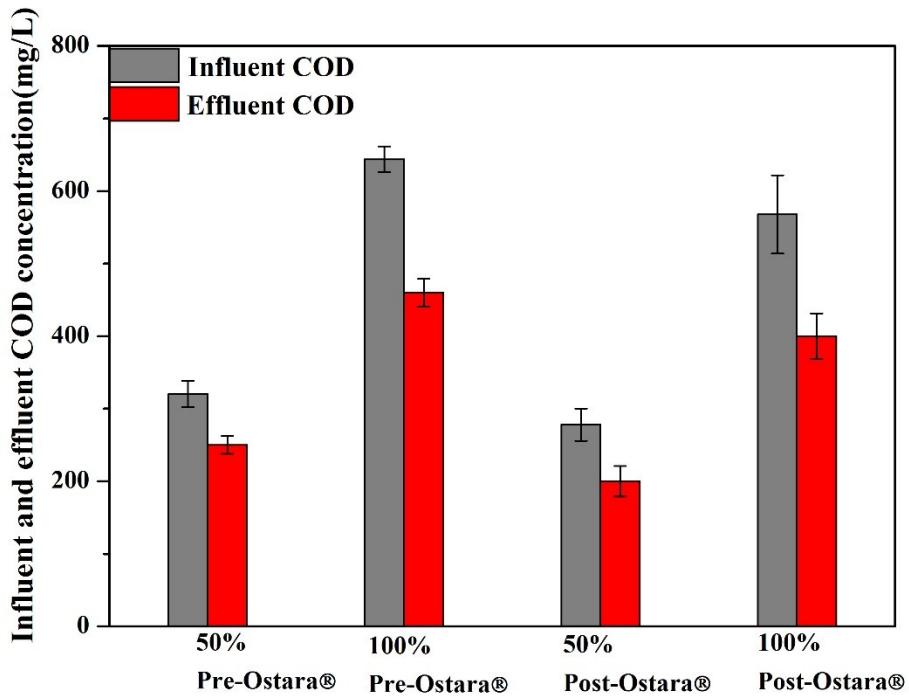


Figure S2. Average influent and effluent COD concentrations during four different operational phases.

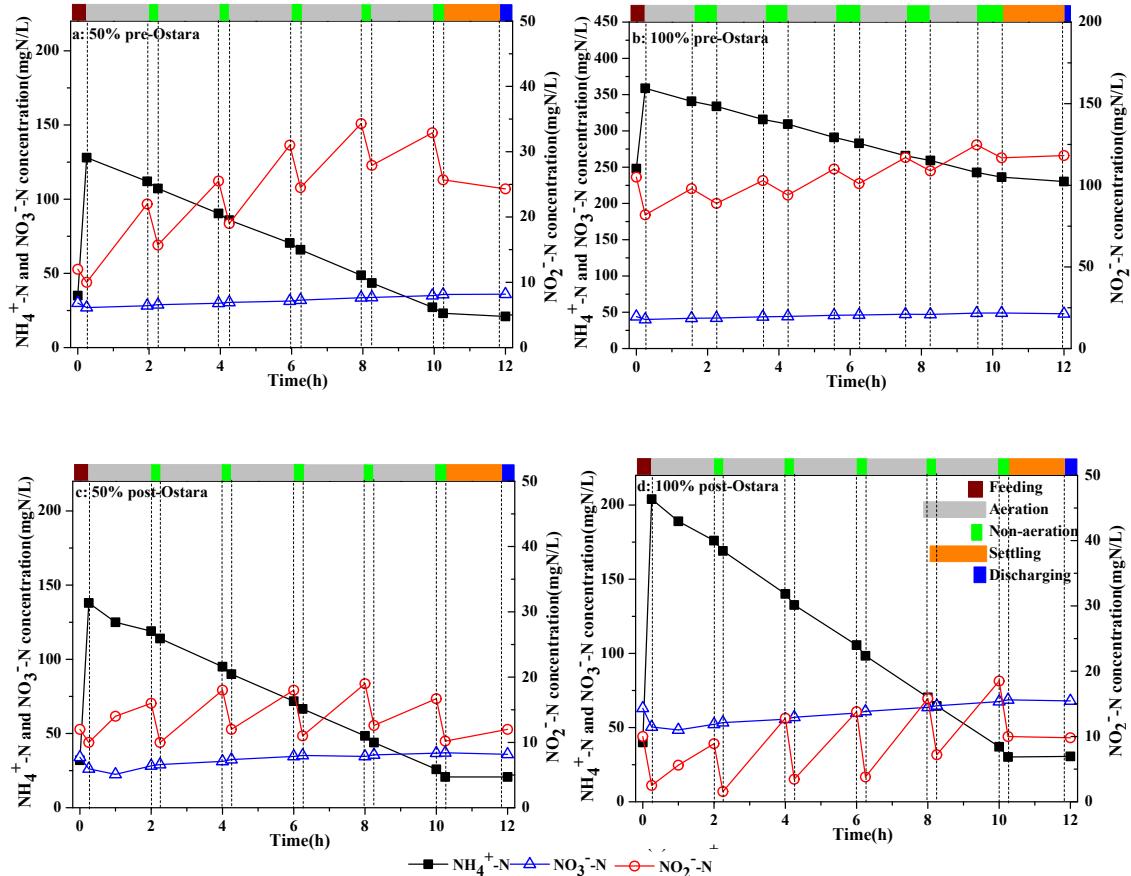


Figure S3. Inorganic nitrogen transformation concentrations in four typical SBR cycles with intermittent aeration applied during four different phases (a: 50% Pre-Ostara®; b: 100% Pre-Ostara®; c: 50% Post-Ostara® and d: 100% Post-Ostara®).

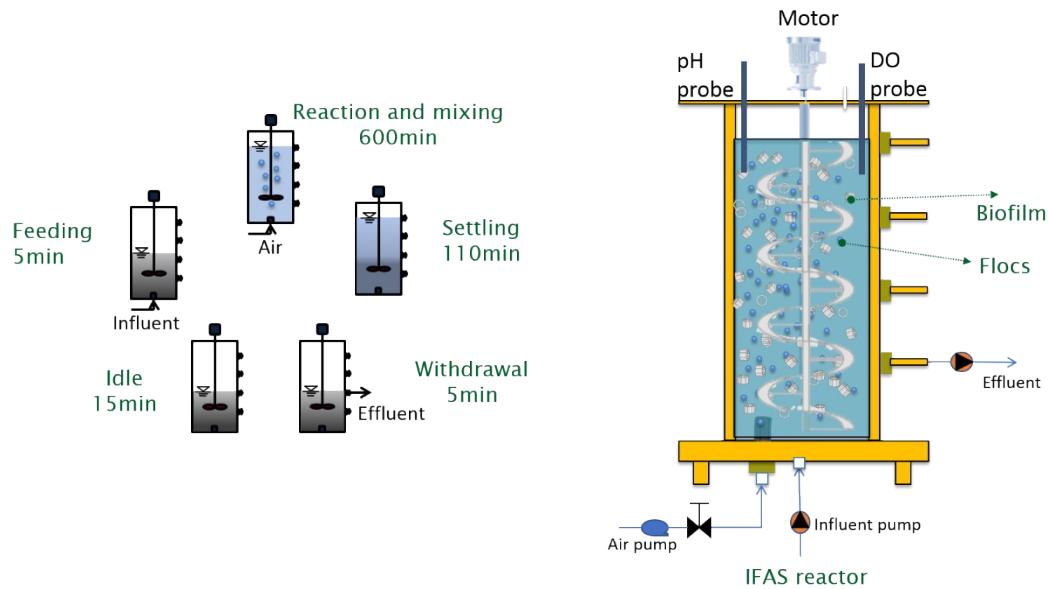


Figure S4. Schematic diagram of the IFAS reactor for one stage nitritation-anammox

process

Reference

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3. N. Risgaard-Petersen, M. H. Nicolaisen, N. P. Revsbech and B. A. Lomstein, Competition between Ammonia-Oxidizing Bacteria and Benthic Microalgae, *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 2004, **70**, 5528-5537.

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