

1                   **Supplementary materials**

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3                   **Effective removal of Pb(II) from synthetic wastewater**  
4                   **using Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>T<sub>x</sub> MXene**

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6                   Byung-Moon Jun<sup>a</sup>, Namguk Her<sup>b</sup>, Chang Min Park<sup>c</sup>, Yeomin Yoon<sup>a\*</sup>

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8                   *<sup>a</sup>Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, University of South Carolina,  
9                   Columbia, 300 Main Street, SC 29208, USA*

10                  *<sup>b</sup>Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Korea Army Academy at Youngcheon,  
11                  495 Hogook-ro, Gokyungmeon, Youngcheon, Gyeongbuk 38900, Republic of Korea*

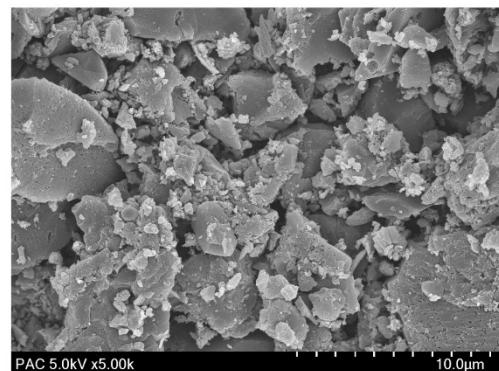
12                  *<sup>c</sup>Department of Environmental Engineering, Kyungpook National University, 80 Daehak-ro,  
13                  Buk-gu, Daegu 41566, Republic of Korea*

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15                  *\*Corresponding author: Tel.: +1- 803-777-8952; Fax: +1-803-777-0670;  
16                  Email: yoony@cec.sc.edu*

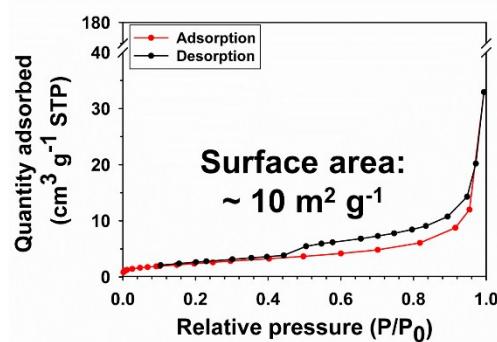
**(a.1) SEM**



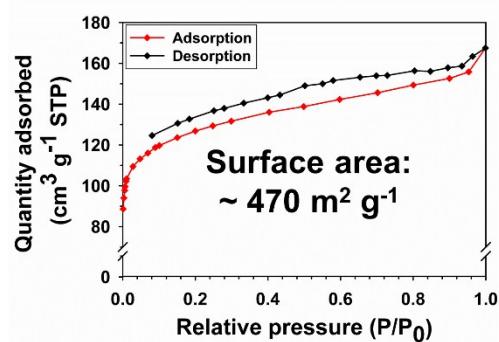
**(b.1) SEM**



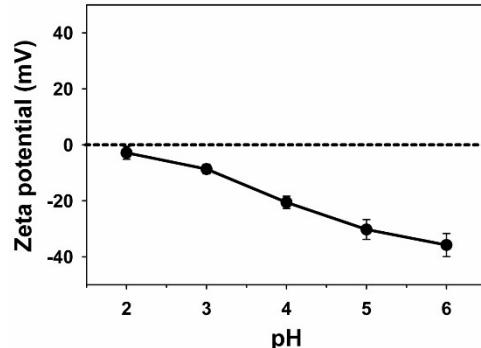
**(a.2) BET**



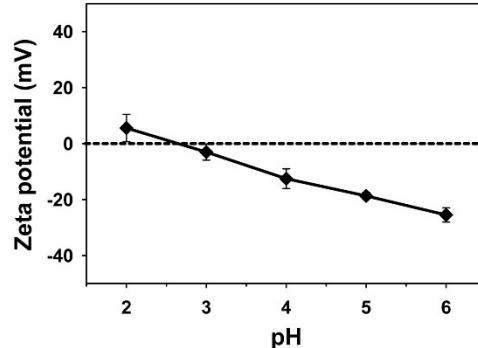
**(b.2) BET**



**(a.3) Zeta potential**

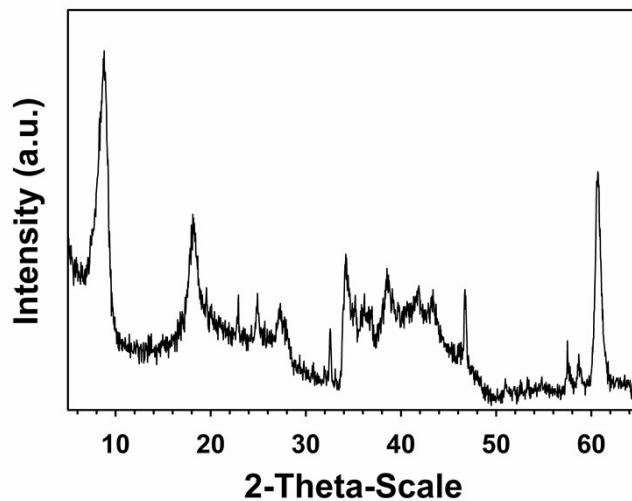


**(b.3) Zeta potential**



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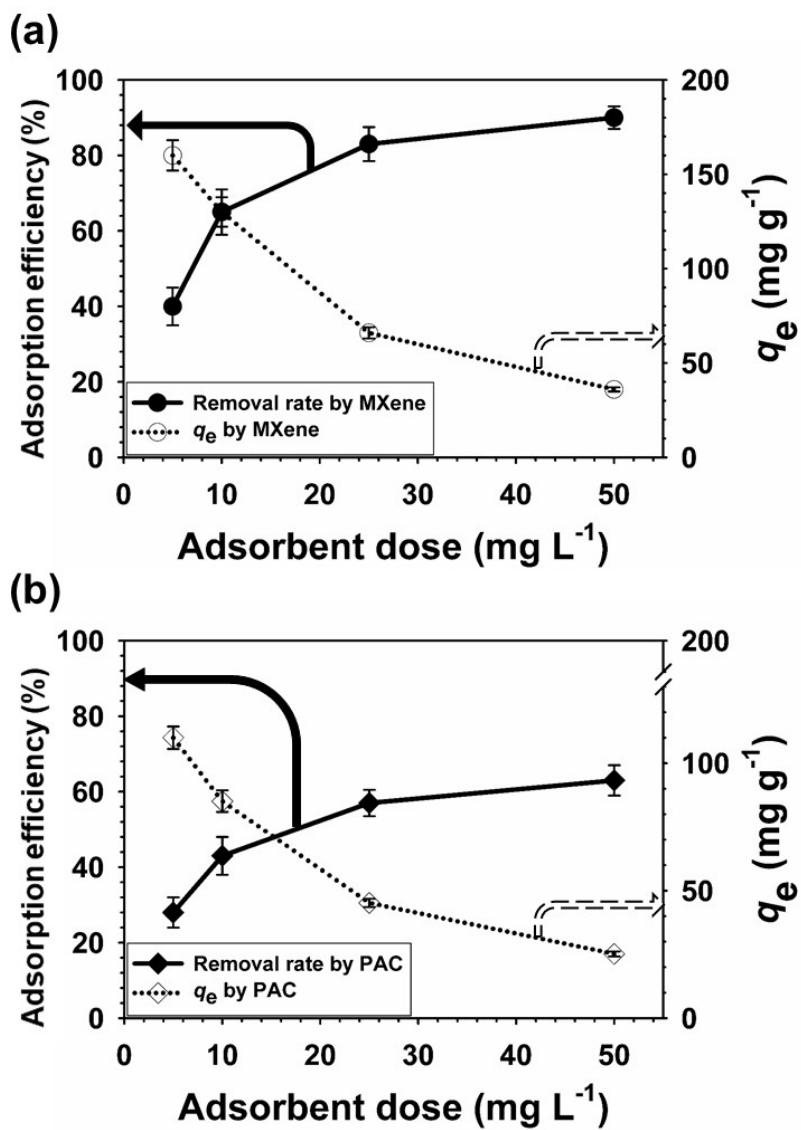
21 **Fig. S1.** Various characterizations of (a) MXene and (b) PAC using (1) SEM, (2) BET, and (3)  
22 zeta potential.



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25 **Fig. S2.** XRD analysis of MXene to confirm crystallinity.

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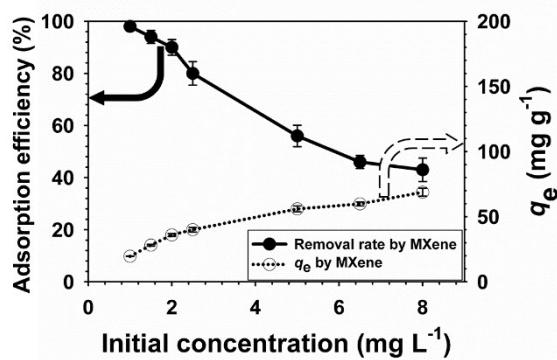
28

29 **Fig. S3.** Influence of (a) MXene and (b) PAC dosage on the  $q_e$  and adsorption efficiency of  
30 Pb(II) (Conditions:  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$  concentration =  $2 \text{ mg L}^{-1}$ ; temperature =  $293 \text{ K}$ ; pH = 6; contact time  
31 = 2 h).

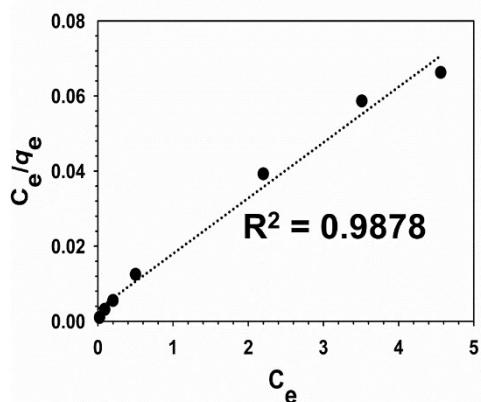
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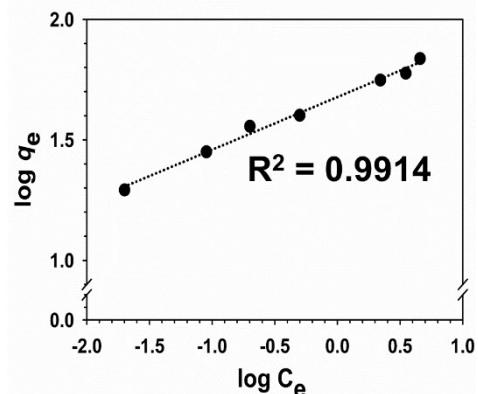
### (a) Isotherm



### (b) Langmuir



### (c) Freundlich

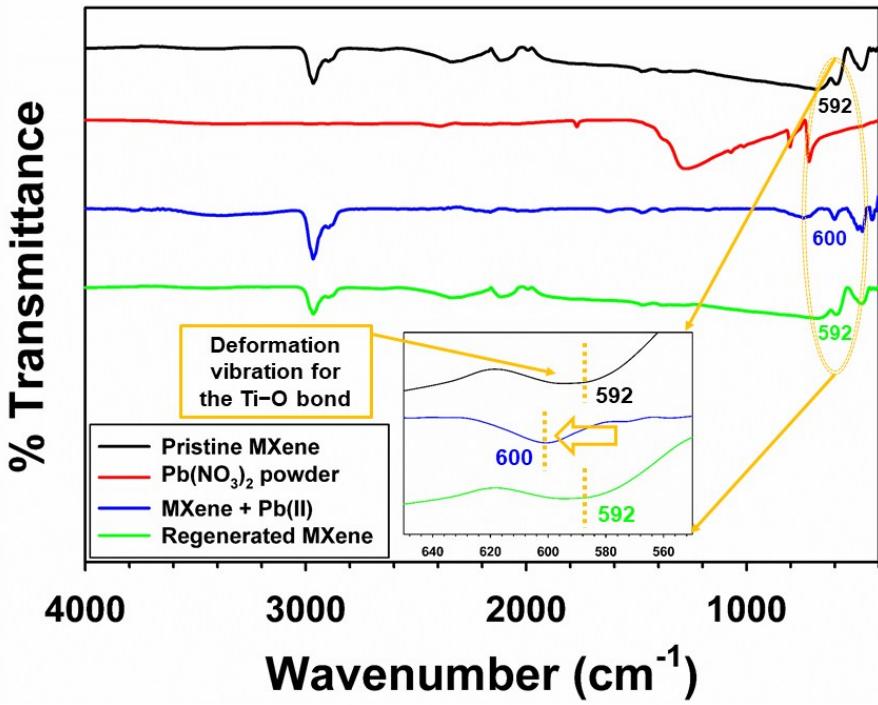


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35 **Fig. S4.** (a) Influence of initial concentration on the  $q_e$  and adsorption efficiency of Pb(II). (b)  
36 Langmuir and (c) Freundlich isotherm model to clarify isotherm study of Pb(II) adsorption by  
37 MXene (Conditions: MXene dose = 50 mg L<sup>-1</sup>; Pb<sup>2+</sup> concentration = 1 to 8 mg L<sup>-1</sup>; temperature  
38 = 293 K; pH = 6; contact time = 2 h).

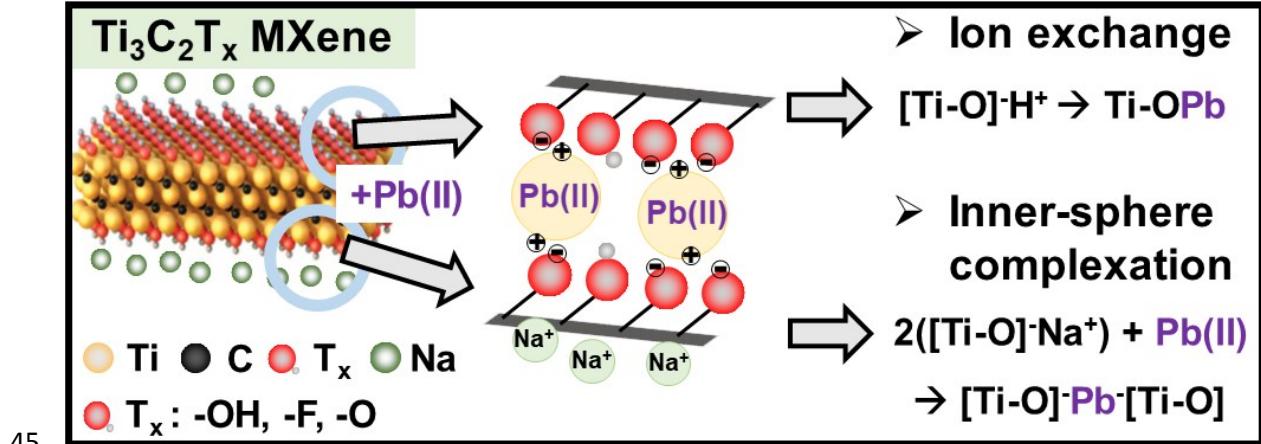
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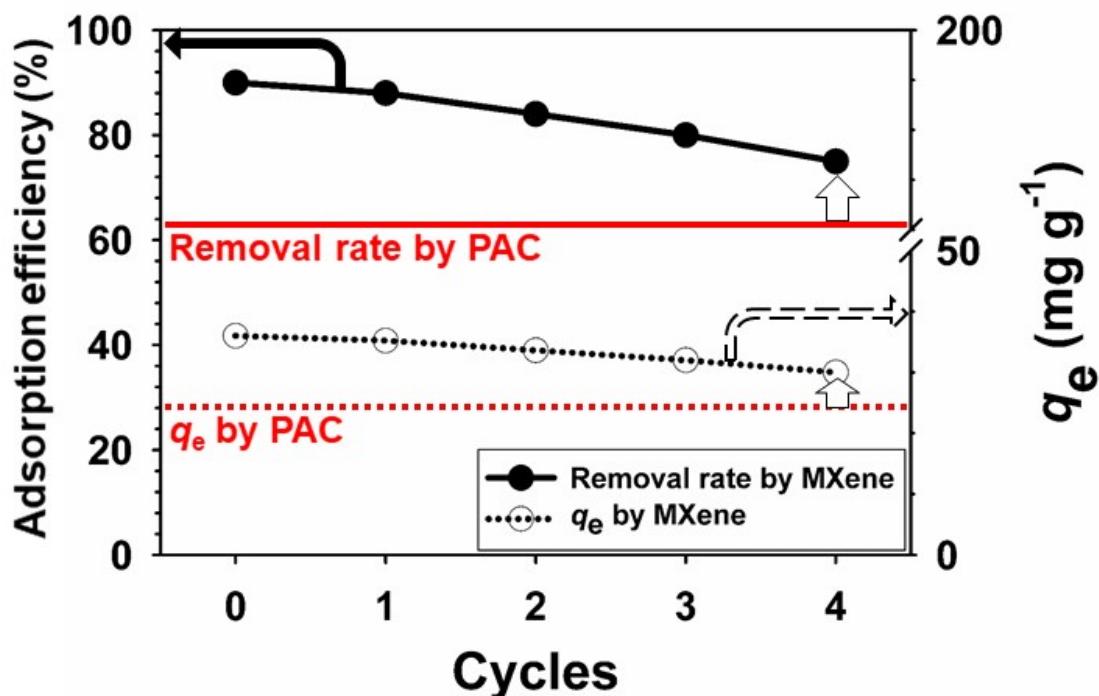


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42 **Fig. S5.** Confirmation of peak (Ti-O) shift after adsorption of Pb(II) on MXene using FTIR  
43 technique.



46 **Fig. S6.** Schematic diagram related to Pb(II) adsorption mechanism.



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49 **Fig. S7.** Confirmation of re-usability for Pb(II) adsorption in four adsorption-desorption cycles  
50 (Conditions: MXene dose =  $50 \text{ mg L}^{-1}$ ;  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$  concentration =  $2 \text{ mg L}^{-1}$ ; temperature =  $293 \text{ K}$ ;  
51 pH = 6; contact time = 2 h).

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54 **Table S1.** Kinetic parameters of Pb(II) adsorption by MXene through four different kinetic  
 55 models.

<b>Elovich</b>	
<i>a</i>	3.65
<i>b</i>	18.8
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.521
<b>Intra-particle diffusion</b>	
<i>k</i> <sub>i</sub> (mg g min <sup>-0.5</sup> )	0.750
<i>C</i>	26.9
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.340
<b>Pseudo-first-order</b>	
<i>q</i> <sub>e</sub> (mg g <sup>-1</sup> )	3.59
<i>k</i> <sub>1</sub> (min <sup>-1</sup> )	0.0097
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.473
<b>Pseudo-second-order</b>	
<i>q</i> <sub>e</sub> (mg g <sup>-1</sup> )	36.6
<i>k</i> <sub>2</sub> (g mg-min <sup>-1</sup> )	0.0088
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.999

57 **Table S2.** Thermodynamic parameters for Pb(II) adsorption by MXene.

Thermodynamic parameters				
$\Delta G$ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) at different temperature (K)			$\Delta H$ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> )	$\Delta S$ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>-1</sup> )
293	303	313		
-12.65	-13.88	-14.73	17.82	0.10

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