

Supplementary Information

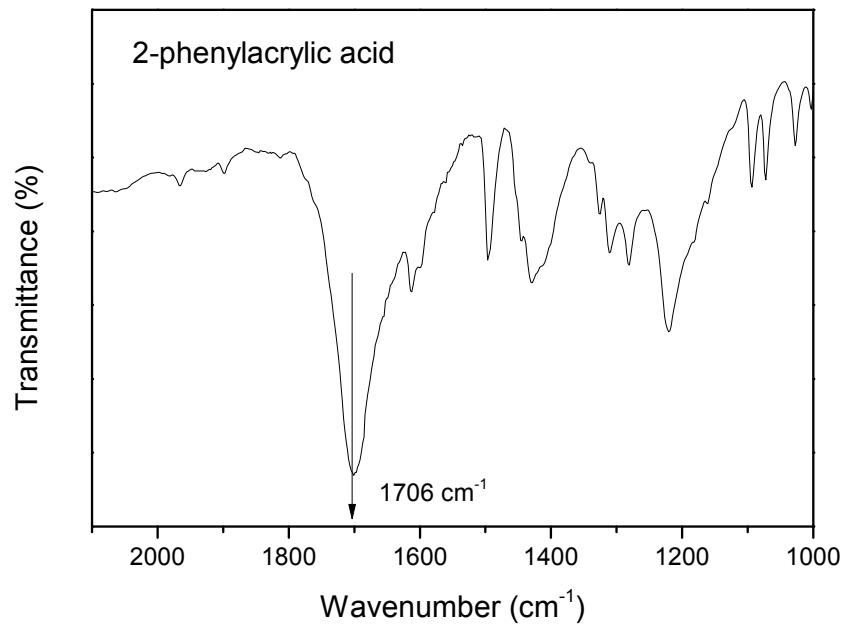
1. Characterization

1.1 FT-IR spectral characterization

1.2 $^1\text{H}/^{31}\text{P}$ NMR data for Pd-L1

1.3 $^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}$ NMR data for the products of hydroxycarbonylation of phenylacetylene derivatives

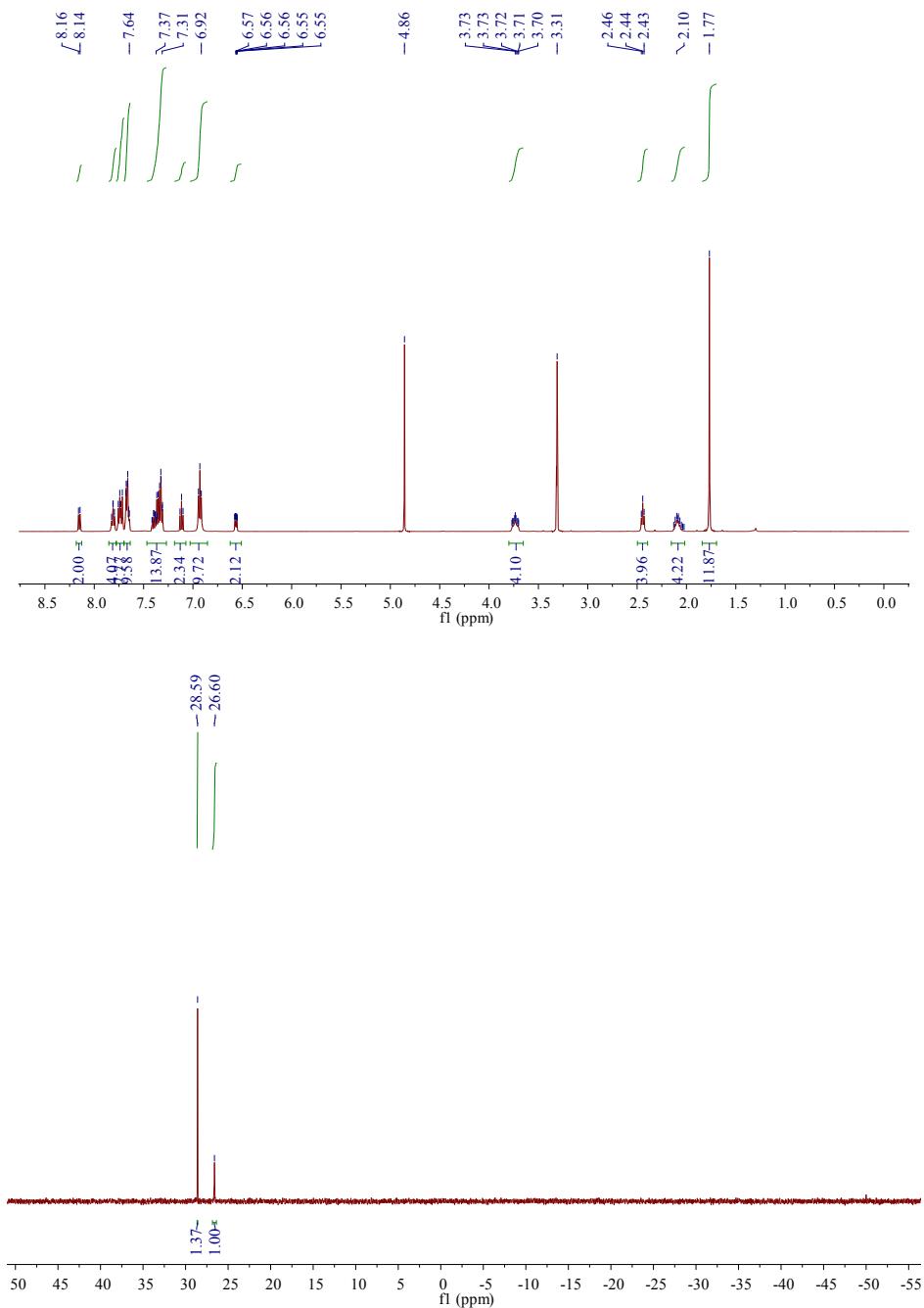
1.1 FT-IR spectral characterization



S. Fig. 1 The FT-IR spectra of 2-phenylarylic acid recorded at room temperature in air atmosphere
(KBr pellet)

1.2 $^1\text{H}/^{31}\text{P}$ NMR data for Pd-L1

Pd-L1: ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CD_3OD): δ = 8.15 (d, J = 10 Hz, 2H, $2\text{P}^+\text{Ph}_2\text{CCH}$), 7.80-7.82 (m, 4H, phenyl), 7.72-7.76 (m, 8H, phenyl), 7.64-7.68 (m, 10H, phenyl), 7.31-7.40 (m, 14H, phenyl), 7.12 (t, J = 10 Hz, 2H, phenyl), 6.93 (t, J = 10 Hz, 10H, phenyl), 6.55-6.58 (m, 2H, phenyl), 3.70-3.77 (m, 4H, $2\text{P}^+\text{CH}_2$), 2.43-2.46 (m, 4H, $2\text{CH}_2\text{SO}_3^-$), 2.02-2.10 (m, 4H, $2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$), 1.77 (s, 12H, 4CH_3). ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CD_3OD): δ = 26.60 (s, P^+Ph_2), 28.59 (s, PdPPh_2).



1.3 $^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}$ NMR data and spectra for the products of alkoxy carbonylation of the phenylacetylene derivatives listed in Table 3

2-phenylacrylic acid (Entry 1)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.43\text{-}7.47$ (m, 2H, C_6H_5), 7.35-7.41 (m, 3H, C_6H_5), 6.56 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 6.04 (s, 1H, CCH_2).

^{13}C NMR (100 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 172.22, 140.78, 136.25, 129.55, 128.59, 128.50, 128.28$.

2-(*p*-tolyl)acrylic acid (Entry 2)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.32\text{-}7.34$ (m, 2H, C_6H_4), 7.17-7.18 (m, 2H, C_6H_4), 6.48 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 5.98 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH_3).

^{13}C NMR (100 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 171.74, 140.60, 138.43, 133.43, 129.52, 129.01, 128.65, 128.46, 126.99, 21.34$.

2-(*m*-tolyl)acrylic acid (Entry 3)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.24\text{-}7.33$ (m, 3H, C_6H_4), 7.17-7.19 (m, 1H, C_6H_4), 6.53 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 6.01 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 2.39 (s, 3H, CH_3).

(E)-3-(*m*-tolyl)acrylic acid (Entry 3)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.78$ (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H, PhCH), 6.45 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H, CHCOOH).

2-(*o*-tolyl)acrylic acid (Entry 4)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.13\text{-}7.25$ (m, 4H, C_6H_4), 6.64 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 5.84 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 2.24 (s, 3H, CH_3).

^{13}C NMR (100 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 171.97, 141.31, 136.63, 136.34, 130.95, 130.07, 129.68, 128.52, 125.82, 20.00$.

2-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)acrylic acid (Entry 5)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.36\text{-}7.42$ (m, 4H, C_6H_4), 6.51 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 6.02 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 1.34 (s, 9H, $\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$).

^{13}C NMR (100 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 172.21, 151.58, 140.53, 133.33, 128.83, 128.42, 128.26, 126.10, 125.27, 34.76, 31.43, 31.29, 31.24$.

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acrylic acid (Entry 6)

^1H NMR (400 M, CDCl_3): $\delta = 7.39\text{-}7.41$ (m, 2H, C_6H_4), 6.90-6.92 (m, 2H, C_6H_4), 6.46 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 5.96 (s, 1H, CCH_2), 3.83 (s, 3H, OCH_3).

(E)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)acrylic acid (Entry 6)

¹H NMR (400 M, CDCl₃): δ = 7.76 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H, PhCH), 6.33 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H, CHCOOH).

2-(4-fluorophenyl)acrylic acid (Entry 7)

¹H NMR (400 M, CDCl₃): δ = 7.40-7.44 (m, 2H, C₆H₄), 7.03-7.07 (m, 2H, C₆H₄), 6.54 (s, 1H, CCH₂), 6.00 (s, 1H, CCH₂).

¹³C NMR (100 M, CDCl₃): δ = 172.06, 164.20, 161.74, 139.72, 130.46, 130.38, 129.66, 115.36, 115.14.

2-(4-chlorophenyl)acrylic acid (Entry 8)

¹H NMR (400 M, CDCl₃): δ = 7.33-7.39 (m, 4H, C₆H₄), 6.56 (s, 1H, CCH₂), 6.03 (s, 1H, CCH₂).

¹³C NMR (100 M, CDCl₃): δ = 171.50, 139.66, 134.63, 129.98, 129.95, 129.68, 129.44, 128.51, 117.82.

2-(4-bromophenyl)acrylic acid (Entry 9)

¹H NMR (400 M, CDCl₃): δ = 7.49-7.51 (m, 2H, C₆H₄), 7.31-7.33 (m, 2H, C₆H₄), 6.57 (s, 1H, CCH₂), 6.04 (s, 1H, CCH₂).

¹³C NMR (100 M, CDCl₃): δ = 171.60, 139.71, 135.08, 131.47, 130.25, 130.08, 122.84.

