## **Supplementary Material**

Supplementary Script S1. reformat\_peptide3.py. Round up RT and rearrange the datatable into RT vs windows matrix.

## **Supplementary Tables**

Supplementary Table S1. Example of details from a DIALib Y ion library formatted for use in Peakview. One Q1 value (out of 34) is depicted as an example, corresponding to the m/z window 400-425 m/z (average = 412.5 m/z). This example includes four theoretical Y ions (Q3s) calculated for the Gas1 N<sup>40</sup>GS peptide FFYSNNGSQFYIR (from a maximum of 6). The protein\_name and the Uniprot\_ID have the same identifier. The isotype column is left blank. Stripped sequence is the amino acid sequence of the peptide without modifications. The Modification\_sequence is the amino acid sequence incorporating a modification in [], in this case it contains the Q1. Prec\_z and Frg\_z indicate the charge state of the precursor and fragment ions, respectively. Prec\_z is arbitrarily always set as 2. Frg\_type can be *b*, *y*, and Y. Frg\_nr is the fragment ion number. The values for RT\_detected and iRT are the same, and in this example they are set to 12 min. Score is set to 0, decoy as FALSE, Prec\_y as 0, confidence as 0.99, Shared as FALSE, N as 1; and the remaining columns are left blank.

QI	6	RT-detected	Protein_name	isotype	Relative-intensity	Stripped_sequence	Modification_sequ ence	Prec_z	Frg_type	Frg_z	Frg_nr	iRT	Uniprot_id	score	decoy	Prec_y	confidence	shared	z	rank	spom	nterm	cterm
412.5	821.8861	12	GAS1-		1	FFYSNNGSQFYIR	FFYSNN[412]GSQFYIR	2	Y	2	1	12	GAS1-	0	FALSE	0	0.99	FALSE	1				
			N40GS										N40GS										
412.5	923.4258	12	GAS1-		1	FFYSNNGSQFYIR	FFYSNN[412]GSQFYIR	2	Y	2	2	12	GAS1-	0	FALSE	0	0.99	FALSE	1				
			N40GS										N40GS										
412.5	1024.9654	12	GAS1-		1	FFYSNNGSQFYIR	FFYSNN[412]GSQFYIR	2	Y	2	3	12	GAS1-	0	FALSE	0	0.99	FALSE	1				
			N40GS										N40GS										
412.5	1642.7649	12	GAS1-		1	FFYSNNGSQFYIR	FFYSNN[412]GSQFYIR	2	Y	1	1	12	GAS1-	0	FALSE	0	0.99	FALSE	1				
			N40GS										N40GS										

# Supplementary Table S2. Select IgG glycopeptides identified by Byonic and detected by DIA using a DIALib Y ion library.

Byonic	Y ion DIALib										
Glycans NHFAGNa	Glycan type	Modification Observed Type(s) m/z		z	Protein Name	Scan Time	Peptide	Precursor MZ	Precursor Charge	Observed RT	Normalized intensity
HexNAc(4)Hex(4)Fuc(1)	G1F	N[+1607]	932.696	3	>sp P01857 IGHG1	7.1108	EEQYN[7.937]STYR	937	2	7.1428	0.0294
HexNAc(5)Hex(3)Fuc(1)	G0FN/B	N[+1648]	946.371	3	>sp P01857 IGHG1	7.1453	EEQYN[7.937]STYR	937	2	7.1428	0.0294
HexNAc(4)Hex(5)Fuc(1)	G2F	N[+1769]	986.718	3	>sp P01857 IGHG1	7.094	EEQYN[7.987]STYR	987	2	7.1552	0.0222
HexNAc(5)Hex(4)Fuc(1)	G1FN/B	N[+1810]	1000.388	3	>sp P01857 IGHG1	7.1511	EEQYN[7.1012]STYR	1012	2	7.1524	0.0208
HexNAc(4)Hex(5)Fuc(1)NeuAc(1)	G2FS	N[+2060]	1083.742	3	>sp P01857 IGHG1	7.2462	EEQYN[7.1087]STYR	1087	2	7.2472	0.0070
HexNAc(4)Hex(3)Fuc(1)	G0F	N[+1445]	868.017	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.3287	EEQFN[8.862]STFR	862	2	ND	ND
HexNAc(4)Hex(4)Fuc(1)	G1F	N[+1607]	922.041	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.3881	EEQFN[8.912]STFR	912	2	8.3572	0.0720
HexNAc(5)Hex(3)Fuc(1)	G0FN/B	N[+1648]	935.708	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.4446	EEQFN[8.937]STFR	937	2	ND	ND
HexNAc(4)Hex(5)Fuc(1)	G2F	N[+1769]	976.053	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.3563	EEQFN[8.987]STFR	987	2	8.3200	0.0444
HexNAc(5)Hex(4)Fuc(1)	G1FN/B	N[+1810]	989.732	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.3321	EEQFN[8.987]STFR	987	2	8.3200	0.0444
HexNAc(4)Hex(4)Fuc(1)NeuAc(1)	G1FS	N[+1898]	1019.060	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.8296	EEQFN[9.1012]STFR	1012	2	8.9125	0.0155
HexNAc(4)Hex(5)Fuc(1)NeuAc(1) ND	G2FS	N[+2060] =	1073.072	3	>sp P01859 IGHG2	8.8313	EEQFN[9.1062]STFR	1062	2	8.8259	0.0155 detected

Supplementary Table S3. DIALib Y ion library for the eight cell wall glycopeptides with fixed RT at 12 min.

Supplementary Table S4. Peakview output of mesurement of ions and peptides using the Y ion library for the eight cell wall glycopeptides.

Supplementary Table S5. DIALib *by*, *by*+Y, stop*by*, and stop*by*+Y ion libraries for the eight cell wall glycopeptides with fixed RT at 12 min.

Supplementary Table S6. DIALib *by* ion library for the eight cell wall glycopeptides using published manually curated RTs [5].

Supplementary Table S7. DIALib stop*by* ion library for the eight cell wall glycopeptides using published manually curated RTs [5].

Supplementary Table S8. DIALib Y ion library for IgG glycopeptides across the full range of retention times and m/z windows.

Supplementary Table S9. Byonic search results for IgG N-glycopeptides.

Supplementary Table S10. ProteinPilot search results for cell wall glycopeptides from wild type yeast with potential *O*-glycosylation.

Supplementary Table S11. Byonic search results for cell wall glycopeptides from wild type yeast with potential *O*-glycosylation.

Supplementary Table S12. DIALib Y ion library for the Hsp150 cell wall T<sup>318</sup>SGTLEMNLK glycopeptide across the full range of retention times and m/z windows.

Supplementary Table S13. Peakview output of measurement of ions and peptides using the DIALib Y ion library from Supplementary Table S12.

Supplementary Table S14. DIALib oxonium ion library across the full range of retention times and m/z windows.

Supplementary Table S15. Peakview output of measurement of ions and peptides using the DIALib oxonium ion library from Supplementary Table S14.

## **Supplementary Figures**



**Supplementary Figure S1. DIALib Y ion measurement of site-specific glycan structural heterogeneity for eight cell wall yeast glycopeptides.** Abundance of glycoforms of glycopeptides containing Gas1 N<sup>40</sup>GS, Gas1 N<sup>95</sup>TT, Gas1 N<sup>253</sup>LS, Gas3 N<sup>350</sup>VS, Crh1 N<sup>177</sup>YT, Gas1 N<sup>57</sup>ET, Ecm33 N<sup>304</sup>FS, and Gas3 N<sup>269</sup>ST measured using a DIALib Y ion library or a manually curated ion library [5] in wild type yeast and yeast with mutations in the *N*-glycan biosynthesis pathway.

Each square corresponds to the mean intensity of triplicate measurements. Also shown is the correlation between the data obtained using a DIALib Y ion library and a manually curated ion library [5] for each glycosylation site, with linear fit and  $R^2$  values.

## by library

















## *by*+Y library

















#### stopby library

















### stopby+Y library







0.20

0.15

0.10

0.05





Supplementary Figure S2. Theoretical DIALib *by*, *by*Y, stop*by*, and stop*by*Y ion libraries underperform compared to the DIALib Y ion library without optimization of peptide retention times. Abundance of glycoforms of eight cell wall glycopeptides measured using DIALib *by*, *by*Y, stop*by*, and stop*by*Y ion libraries in wild type yeast and yeast with mutations in the *N*-glycan biosynthesis pathway. Each square corresponds to the mean intensity of triplicates.

## by library









0.3

0.2

0



## stopby library

















### stopby+Y library











## Y library

















Supplementary Figure S3. Optimized retention times improve peak picking for DIALib libraries. Abundance of glycoforms of all eight glycopeptides measured using the by, stopby, stopby+Y, and Y DIALib libraries and manually curated library incorporating experimental peptide retention times [5], measured in wild type yeast and in yeast with mutations in the N-glycan biosynthesis pathway.