

Supporting Information

Nanosurfer Flash-mobs: Electric-Field-Choreographed Silver Migration on Graphene Oxide

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Figure S1. COMSOL simulation of E-field across parallel electrodes

COMSOL simulation is conducted in a two-dimensional plot using electrostatic mode. The electrodes are constructed using simple geometries and merged together to form the required design. The electrodes are placed in the middle of a simulated silicon wafer. A small square of GO is simulated to bridge across the two electrodes. Boundary conditions are used to ground the substrate while two separate electric potentials (-3V and 3V) are assigned to the left and right electrodes respectively. Meshing is created using extremely fine mode and electric field lines and strengths were plotted as shown below.

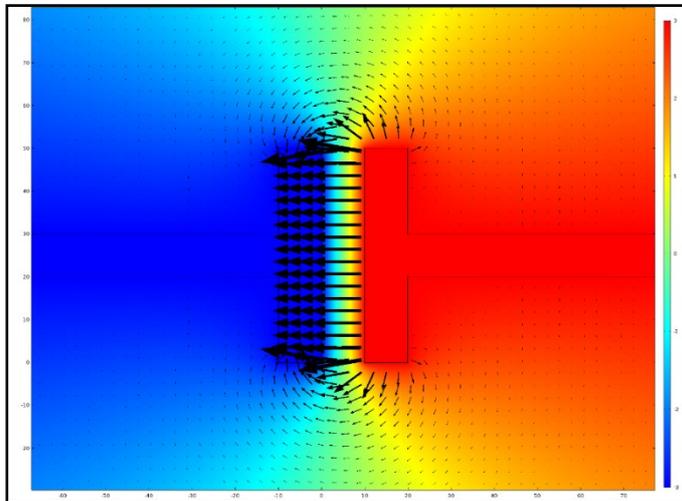


Fig.S1. COMSOL simulation of E-field between two electrodes.

Figure S2. COMSOL simulation of E-field across electrodes of different distances

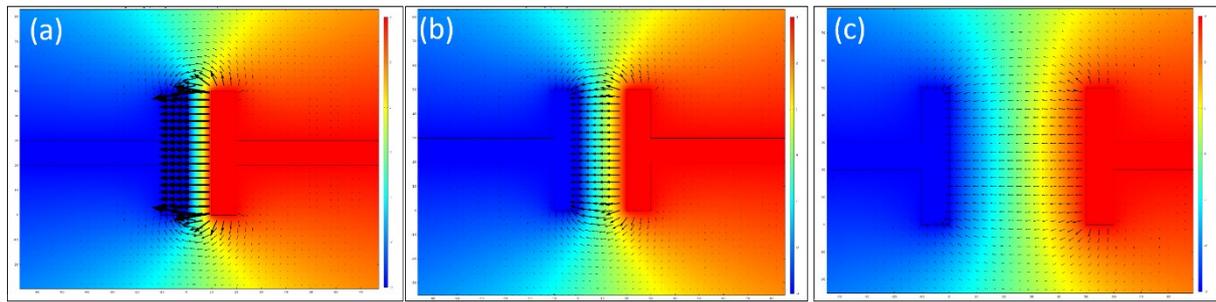


Fig.S2. Simulated electric field lines and strength for electrodes with different distances

Figure S3. AFM images quantifying thickness of different colored GO samples

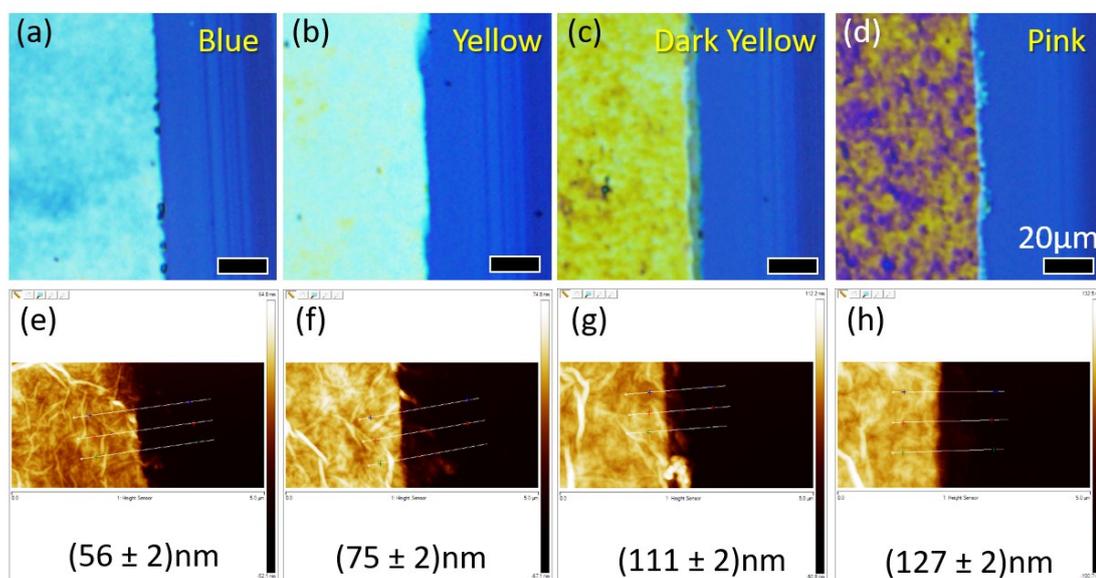


Fig.S3. AFM images analysis of GO thickness. (a-d) Optical image of (a) 56 nm-thick blue GO (b) 75 nm-thick yellow GO (c) 111 nm-thick dark yellow GO (d) 127 nm-thick pink GO. (e-h) AFM images of (a) to (d) in (e) to (h) respectively.

Figure S4. Effect of electrode distances and GO thickness on the growth of dendrites

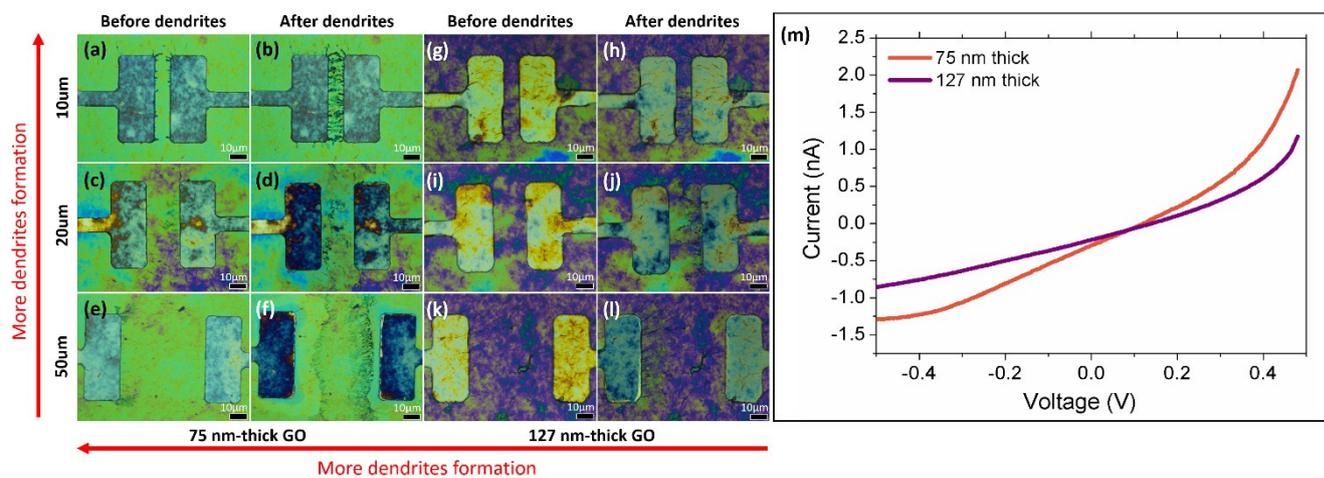


Fig.S4. Effects of sweeping voltage across electrodes of different distances and different GO thickness. (m) Compares I-V graph obtained from 75 nm and 127 nm-thick GO.

Figure S5. Effect of magnitude and duration of applied potential on the growth of dendrites

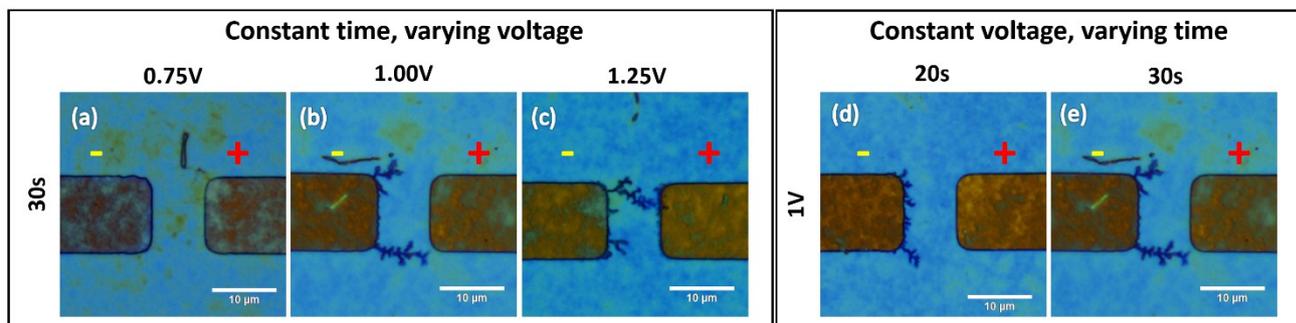


Fig.S5. (a-c) Effects of magnitude and (d-e) duration of applied potential under BF. At constant duration 30s, (a) 0.75V, (b) 1.00V, and (c) 1.25V was applied on different samples of same parameters L11D8, on 56 nm-thick GO. At constant voltage 1V, (d) 20s (e) 30s was applied on different samples of same parameters L11D8, on 56 nm-thick GO.

Figure S6. Observation of reduced GO regions and formation of dendrites “waves”

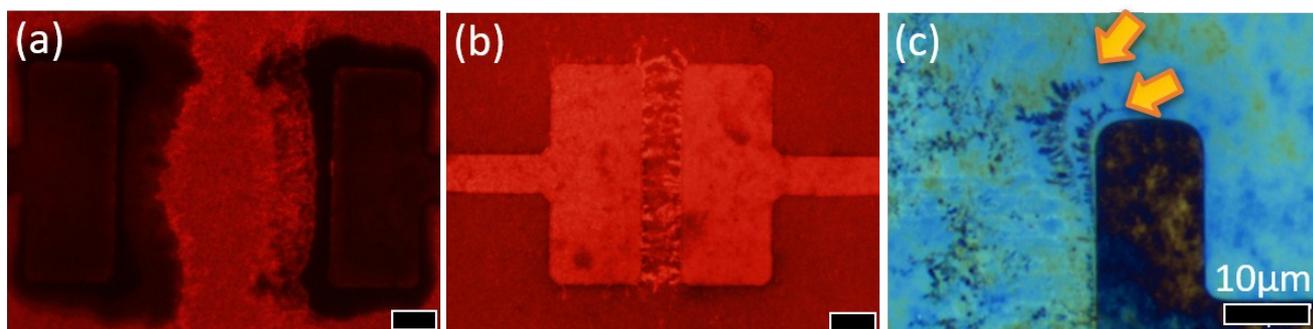


Fig.S6 (a) FM imaging of L50D50 under YF shows reduced region (darker) (b) FM imaging of L50D10 under YF shows little reduced region (i) FM BF imaging of ‘waves’ of dendrites forming around electrode. The waves are indicated by the orange arrows.