Supporting Information

Water Distribution at the Electrified Interface of Deep Eutectic Solvents

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S1. Influence of surface charge density on adsorption of ions and molecules of mixed water-reline system (choline chloride-urea +3 wt% water) on graphene.

Figure S1 shows the evolution of the normalized number density of choline (Ch^+) and urea (URE) as a function of distance from the negatively charged (first column) and positively charged (second column) electrode for different surface polarization.



Figure S1. Normalized number denisty profile of choline cation (Ch^{+}) (a and b) and urea molecule (URE) (c and d) as a function of distance from the graphene electrode for different surface polarization.

S2. Influence of surface polarization on the electrosorption of chloride anions and water molecules of mixed water-reline system (choline chloride-urea +3 wt% water) on graphene.

Figure S2 shows the evolution of the normalized number density of water (H₂O) and chloride (Cl⁻) as a function of distance from the negatively charged (first column) and positively charged (second column) electrode for different surface polarization.



Figure S2. Influence of surface polarization on electrosorption of humid Reline species. The normalized number density of water molecules (a and b) and chloride (c and d) as a function of distance from the electrode surface.

S3. Intermolecular interactions in 1:2 molar ration of choline chloride-urea + 3 wt %.

Figure S3 shows the average strength of the intermolecular interactions between water molecules and Reline species (Urea-water, black bar; choline-water, red bar; chloride-water, green bar; and water-water, blue bar) at moderate surface polarizations.



Figure S3. The intermolecular interactions between water and urea (URE-H₂O, black bar), water and choline (Ch⁺-H₂O, red bar), water and chloride (Cl⁻-H₂O, green bar) and water and water (H₂O-H₂O, blue bar) at moderate polarizations.