**Electronic supplementary information** 

# Palladium(II) and platinum(II) complexes of glyoxalbis(N-

# aryl)osazone: molecular and electronic structures, anti-

# microbial activities and DNA-binding study

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#### Materials and physical measurements

Reagents or analytical grade materials were obtained from Sigma-Aldrich Corporation, India and used without further purification. Spectroscopic grade solvents were used for spectroscopic measurements. The C, H, N contents of the compounds were obtained from a Perkin-Elmer 2400 series II elemental analyzer. Infrared spectra of the samples were measured from 4000 to 400 cm<sup>-1</sup> as KBr pellets at room temperature on a Perkin-Elmer FT-IR-Spectrophotometer Spectrum RX1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectral measurements were carried out on a Bruker DPX-300 MHz spectrometer with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal reference. ESI mass spectra were recorded on a micro mass Q-TOF mass spectrometer. Electronic absorption spectra in solution at 298 K were measured on a Perkin-Elmer Lambda 750 UV-vis-NIR spectrophotometer in the range 3300–175 nm. Fluorescence quenching studies were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer LS 55 fluorescence spectrophotometer. The electro-analytical instrument, BASi Epsilon-EC has been used for cyclic voltammetric experiment containing a Pt working electrode and a Pt-wire auxiliary electrode. Tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate (Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>) was used as a supporting electrolyte, and the potentials are referenced to the Ag/AgCl electrode. The value of the Fc<sup>+</sup>/Fc couple under similar experimental conditions is found to be 0.51 V vs Ag/AgCl. A BASi SEC-C thin layer quartz glass spectroelectrochemical cell kit (light path length of 1 mm) with platinum-gauze working electrode and SEC-C platinum counter electrode was used for spectroelectrochemical measurements. Changes in electronic absorption spectra in solution with fixed applied potentials were recorded on a PerkinElmer Lambda 750 spectrophotometer. The X-band electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) spectra at 298 K were measured on a Magnettech GmbH MiniScope MS400 spectrometer (equipped with temperature controller TC H03), where the microwave frequency was measured with a frequency counter FC400. All the EPR spectra were simulated using Easy Spin software.<sup>1</sup>

### **Biological studies**

Roswell Park Memorial Institute medium-1640 (RPMI-1640), M-199 medium, fetal bovine serum (FBS), penicillin–streptomycin (PS) and HEPES were procured from Gibco BRL. Tissue culture plastic wares were acquired from NUNC (Roskilde, Denmark). The standard anti-leishmanial agent Miltefosine, MTT [(4,5-dimethyl-thiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyl tetrazolium bromide] and DMSO were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, USA. The culture media M-199 used for Leishmania was procured from Sigma-Aldrich, USA. Other culture media constituents FBS, penicillin, streptomycin and gentamyicin, Trypan blue and cell cultured grade Nabicarbonate were purchased from HiMedia, India. Another standard anti-leishmanial agent, SAG (sodium stibogluconate) was purchased from Albert-David, India. For bacterial and fungal culture Nutrient Brothand Czapek-Dox Broth/Agar, respectively, were purchased from Merck, India. Calf thymus DNA (CT-DNA, type I, 42% GC content) and analytical grade ethidium bromide (EB) [3, 8-di-amino-5-ethyl-6-phenylphenanthridium] were purchased from local supplier (SRL, India). All other reagents used were of highest purity grade available.

### X-Ray crystallographic data collection and refinement of the structures

Single crystals of **2** (red) and **4** (red) were picked up with nylon loops and were mounted on a Bruker Kappa-CCD diffractometer equipped with a Mo-target rotating anode X-ray source and a graphite monochromator (Mo-K $\alpha$ ,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å). Final cell constants were obtained from least squares fits of all measured reflections. Structures were readily solved by Patterson method and subsequent difference Fourier techniques. The crystallographic data are listed in Table 1. ShelXS97<sup>2a</sup> and ShelXL97<sup>2b</sup> were used for the structure solution and refinement. All the non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms were placed at the calculated positions and refined as riding atoms with isotropic displacement parameters.

### Density functional theory (DFT) calculations

All calculations reported in this article were done with the Gaussian  $03W^3$  program package supported by GaussView 4.1. The DFT<sup>4</sup> and TD DFT<sup>5</sup> calculations were performed at the level of Becke three parameter hybrid functional with the non-local correlation functional of Lee-(B3LYP).<sup>6</sup> Gas-phase geometries of cis-[Pd(L<sup>NHPh</sup>H<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>2</sub>] Yang-Parr (1). cis- $[Pd(L^{NH(ClPh)}H_2)Cl_2]$  (2), *cis*- $[Pt(L^{NHPh}H_2)Cl_2]$  (3), *cis*- $[Pt(L^{NHAr}H_2)Cl_2]$  (4), with singlet spin state and  $cis-[Pt(L^{NHPh}H_2)Cl_2]^-$  ([3]<sup>-</sup>),  $cis-[Pt(L^{NHAr}H_2)Cl_2]^-$  ([4]<sup>-</sup>) with doublet spin state were optimized using Pulay's Direct Inversion<sup>7</sup> in the Iterative Subspace (DIIS), 'tight' convergent SCF procedure<sup>8</sup> ignoring symmetry. In all calculations, a LANL2DZ basis set along with the corresponding effective core potential (ECP) was used for platinum metal.<sup>9</sup> Valence double zeta basis set, 6-31G<sup>10</sup> for H was used. For C, N and Cl non-hydrogen atoms valence double zeta with diffuse and polarization functions,  $6-31++G^{**11}$  as basis set was employed for all calculations. The percentage contributions of metal, chloride and osazone ligand to the frontier orbitals were calculated using GaussSum programme package.<sup>12</sup> The sixty lowest singlet excitation energies on the optimized geometry of 3 were calculated by TD DFT method in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solvent using PCPM model.<sup>13</sup> The nature of transitions were calculated by adding the probability of same type among alpha and beta molecular orbital.

## Table S1 Crystallographic data for ${\bf 2}$ and ${\bf 4}$

	2	4						
formula	$C_{14}H_{12}Cl_4N_4Pd$	$C_{14}H_{12}Cl_4N_4Pt$						
CCDC no.	1534727	1534728						
Fw	484.48	572.98						
cryst colour	red	orange						
cryst syst	Orthorhombic	Orthorhombic						
space group	Pnma	<i>Cmc</i> 2(1)						
<i>a</i> (Å)	7.35830(10)	28.6797(10)						
b (Å)	29.4166(5)	7.9654(3)						
<i>c</i> (Å)	7.90080(10)	7.5874(3)						
$\beta$ (deg)	90.00	90.00						
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	1710.18(4)	1733.31(11)						
Ζ	4	4						
<i>T</i> (K)	273(2)	293(2)						
calcd (g cm <sup>-3</sup> )	1.882	2.196						
reflns collected/2 $\theta_{max}$	17080/56.32	12668/55.24						
unique reflns/R <sub>int</sub>	2076/0.0278	2049/0.0356						
reflns $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$	1879	1991						
$\lambda$ (Å) / $\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.71073/1.712	0.71073/8.714						
F(000)	952	1080						
$R1^{a} [I > 2\sigma(I)]/GOF^{b}$	0.0379/1.280	0.0385/1.064						
$R1^a$ (all data)	0.0426	0.0393						
$wR2^{c} [I > 2\sigma (I)]$	0.1215	0.1107						
no. of param./ restr.	130/0	106/1						
residual density (eÅ <sup>-3</sup> )	residual density $(e Å^{-3})$ 0.952 1.244							
${}^{a}\mathrm{R1} = \Sigma   F_{o}  -  F_{c}   / \Sigma  F_{o} . {}^{b}\mathrm{G0}$	OF = $\{\Sigma[w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2]$	$]/(n-p)\}^{1/2}$ . $^{c}wR2 =$						
$[\Sigma] w(F_{c})$	$[\sum_{n=1}^{2} -F_{c}^{2}]^{2}]/\Sigma[w(F_{o}^{2})^{2}]]^{1}$	/2						
where w = $1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (aP)^2 + bP]$ , P = $(F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ .								



Fig. S1 Molecular geometry of 2 (40% thermal ellipsoid).



**Fig. S2** Cyclic voltammograms of (a)  $[Pd(L^{NHPh}H_2)Cl_2]$  (1) and (b)  $[Pd(L^{NH(ClPh)}H_2)Cl_2]$  (2) (scan rate:100) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solvent at 298K. Conditions: 0.20 M  $[N(n-Bu)_4]PF_6$  supporting electrolyte; platinum working electrode.







**Fig. S3** Cyclic voltammograms of  $[Pd(L^{NHPh}H_2)Cl_2]$  (1),  $[Pd(L^{NH(ClPh)}H_2)Cl_2]$  (2),  $[Pt(L^{NHPh}H_2)Cl_2]$  (3) and  $[Pt(L^{NH(ClPh)}H_2)Cl_2]$  (4) (scan rate:100) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN solvent at 298K. Left: Anodic scan only, Right: Full range scan (-2 to + 2 V). Conditions: 0.20 M [N(n-Bu)\_4]PF\_6 supporting electrolyte; platinum working electrode.



**Fig. S4** X-band EPR spectra of (a)  $[3]^-$  and (b)  $[4]^-$  in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 298 K. (black = experimental, red = simulated).

Table S2 EPR	measurement	parameters
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Complexes	Conditions	Temp	Mod.	B <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>	Frequency	Sweep
		(K)	Amp.	Field	Sweep	(GHz)	Time
			(G)	(mT)	(mT)		(s)
<b>[3</b> ] <sup>-</sup>	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> solution	298	0.15	336.83	199.74	9.47320	30
<b>[4]</b> <sup>-</sup>		298	0.18	338.77	149.95	9.47340	30



**Fig. S5** Spin density plots of [**3**]<sup>+</sup>; values from Mulliken spin population analyses (isovalue = 0.004).





Fig. S6 Gas phase optimized geometries of (a) 1, (b) 2, (c) 3, (d) 4, (e) [3]<sup>-</sup> and (f) [4]<sup>-</sup>.

Table S3 Frontier molecular orbital composition (%) in the ground state for 1-4

			% Contribution						
			MO	MCl <sub>2</sub> Osazone Major participation of orbi					
MO number	MO descriptions	Energy (eV)	М	Cl	Ligand				
	1								
90	LUMO	-2.86	5	1	94	$\pi^*$ (Osazone)			
89	НОМО	-6.02	3	4	93	π (Osazone)			
				2					
106	LUMO	-2.93	11	5	84	$\pi^*$ (Osazone)			
105	HOMO	-6.22	8	11	81	$\pi$ (Osazone)			
				3	6				
90	LUMO	-2.87	8	1	91	$\pi^*$ (Osazone)			
89	HOMO	-6.09	18	18	64	$\pi$ (Osazone) + d <sub>Pt</sub> + p <sub>Cl</sub>			
4									
106	LUMO	-2.96	10	2	88	$\pi^*$ (Osazone)			
105	HOMO	-6.15	28	34	38	$\pi$ (Osazone) + d <sub>Pt</sub> + p <sub>Cl</sub>			

**Table S4** Excitation energies ( $\lambda$ /nm), oscillator strengths (f), significant contributions (>10%), transition types and dominant contributions of UV-vis-NIR absorption bands of **3** obtained from TD DFT calculations

) (nm f ) (nm		) /mm	cignificant contributions (> 100%)	transition types	dominant
$\lambda_{calc}/mm$	1	λ <sub>exp</sub> /mm	significant contributions (>10%)		contributions
472.00	0.1016	452	HOMO-3 $\rightarrow$ LUMO (39%)	$\pi_{\rm L}(92\%) \to \pi^*_{\ \rm L}(64\%) + d_{\rm Pt} \ (36\%)$	LMMLCT
405.25	0.0514	354	HOMO-5 $\rightarrow$ LUMO (46%)	$\pi_{\rm L}(95\%) \to \pi^*_{\ \rm L}(64\%) + d_{\rm Pt} \ (36\%)$	LMMLCT
284.90	0.0378	301	$HOMO-3 \rightarrow LUMO + 1 (17\%)$	$\pi_{\rm L}(92\%) \to \pi^*_{\ \rm L}(89\%)$	$\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$



**Fig. S7**. FMOs of **1-4**; HOMOs (left column) and LUMOs (right column) (isovalues = 0.06).



**Fig. S8** Absorption spectra of (a)  $\mathbf{1}$  (2.89 x 10<sup>-5</sup> mol L<sup>-1</sup>) and (b)  $\mathbf{3}$  (2.29 x 10<sup>-5</sup> mol L<sup>-1</sup>) in presence of CT-DNA in buffer at 298 K. (The insets show the Benesi-Hildebrand plots of binding).



**Fig. S9** Fluorescence titration data on the displacement of CT-DNA bound ethidium bromide by **1** (Inset shows the Stern-Volmer plot of quenching study).



Fig. S10 Fluorescence titration data on the displacement of CT-DNA bound ethidium bromide

by **3** (Inset shows the Stern-Volmer plot of quenching study).

**Table S5** Comparative study of IC<sub>50</sub> values ( $\mu$ M) among some previously reported<sup>7</sup> palladium

(II) and platinum (II) nitrofurylthiosemicarbazone complexes by Gambino et al. and the

compounds reported in this article.					
Compounds	Studied	IC <sub>50</sub> in μM	Comp		
	promastigotes	after 48 hrs			

Compounds	Studied	IC <sub>50</sub> in µM	Compounds	Studied	IC <sub>50</sub> in µM
	promastigotes	after 48 hrs		promastigotes	after 48 hrs of
		of incubation			incubation
	This paper			Reference 8	
$L^{NHPh}H_2$	Leishmania	>30	[PdCl <sub>2</sub> (HL1)]	T. cruzi	$2.4 \pm 0.1$
$L^{NH(ClPh)}H_2$	donavani	>30	[PdCl <sub>2</sub> (HL2)]	Tulahuen 2	$4.3 \pm 0.1$
1		$25.00 \pm 0.06$	[PdCl <sub>2</sub> (HL3)]		$5.9 \pm 0.1$
2		>30	$[PdCl_2(HL4)]$		>25
3		$19.69 \pm 0.13$	$[PdCl_2(HL5)]$		$6.4 \pm 0.1$
4		>30	[PdCl <sub>2</sub> (HL6)]		$2.7 \pm 0.1$
Miltefosine		$15.14 \pm 0.81$	$[PdCl_2(HL7)]$		$2.4 \pm 0.1$
	Reference 8		[PdCl <sub>2</sub> (HL8)]		>>25
L1	T. cruzi	$2.7 \pm 0.1$	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL1)]		$6.4 \pm 0.1$
L2	Tulahuen 2	$5.0 \pm 0.1$	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL2)]		$13.1 \pm 0.1$
L3		$4.9 \pm 0.1$	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL3)]		$27.5 \pm 0.1$
L4		>25	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL4)]		$15.0 \pm 0.1$
L5		$3.5 \pm 0.1$	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL5)]		$8.6 \pm 0.1$
L6		$4.5 \pm 0.1$	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL6)]		$10.0 \pm 0.1$
L7		$4.1 \pm 0.1$	$[PtCl_2(HL7)]$		$13.7 \pm 0.1$
L8		$3.6 \pm 0.1$	[PtCl <sub>2</sub> (HL8)]		>25
			Nifurtimox		$6.1 \pm 0.1$

# Table S6 Anti-leishmanial activity of the compounds 1 and 3 (at a dose $30\mu M$ )

Name of	Activity	vity Cell morphology		Cell m	notility	Viable cell count (cells/ml)	
compounds	against	(in 1	0µl)	(in 1	0µ1)		
	UR-6	24hrs	72hrs	24hrs	72hrs	24hrs	72hrs
Control	-	Morphologically	Morphologically	Highly	Highly	3x10 <sup>5</sup>	8x10 <sup>5</sup>
(without		unchanged	unchanged	motile	motile		
SAG)							
Control	-	Morphologically	Morphologically	Highly	Highly	3.1 x10 <sup>5</sup>	7.8x10 <sup>5</sup>
(without SAG		unchanged	unchanged	motile	motile		
but with 10%		_	_				
DMSO)							
SAG	+	20% cells with	40% cells with	70% non	80% non	4x10 <sup>3</sup>	1x10 <sup>3</sup>
(Standard		changed	changed	motile	motile		
anti-		morphology and	morphology and				
leishmanial		the rest remaining	the rest remaining				
drug) (10uM)		unchanged (80%)	unchanged (60%)				
1 (30µM)	+	Morphology	Morphology	70% non	90% non	1x10 <sup>2</sup>	7x10 <sup>2</sup>
		totally changed in	totally changed in	motile	motile		
		80%.	90%				
<b>3</b> (30µM)	+	Morphology	Morphology	95% non	99% non	5x10	2.2x10
		totally changed in	totally changed in	motile	motile		
		90%.	99%				
Control	Against	Morphologically	Morphologically	Highly	Highly	3.6x10 <sup>5</sup>	6.25x10 <sup>5</sup>
(without	AG 83	unchanged	unchanged	motile	motile		
SAG)	-	C	C				
Control	-	Morphologically	Morphologically	Highly	Highly	2.7 x10 <sup>5</sup>	4.75x10 <sup>5</sup>
(without SAG		unchanged	unchanged	motile	motile		
but with 10%							
DMSO)							
SAG	+	30%cells with	50% cells with	75% non	90% non	2.25x10 <sup>4</sup>	1.5x10 <sup>4</sup>
(Standard		changed	changed	motile	motile		
anti-		morphology and	morphology and				
leishmanial		the rest remaining	the rest remaining				
drug) (10uM)		unchanged 70(%)	unchanged (50%)				
1 (30µM)	+	No such	No such	80% non	95% non	$2x10^{3}$	$1.25 \times 10^{3}$
		distinguishable	distinguishablecha	motile	motile		
		change in	nge in				
		Morphology.	Morphology.				
		Dead cells have	Dead cells have				
		become little	become little				
		elongated	elongated				
<b>3</b> (30µM)	+	No such	No such	90% non	98% non	$4.5 \times 10^2$	$2.5 \times 10^2$
		distinguishable	distinguishable	motile	motile		
		change in	change in				
		Morphology.	Morphology.				
		Dead cells have	Dead cells have				
		become little	become little				
		elongated	elongated				

Name of the organisms	MIC	MIC value in	MIC value in	MIC value	10%		
	value	$\mu M$	μΜ	in µM	DMSO		
	in $\mu M$						
	1	3	Streptomycin	Tetracycline			
Bacillus subtilis	>100	>100	1.4	2.2			
Staphylococcus aureus	>100	>100	1.7	1.8	_		
ATCC25923							
Klebsiella pneumoniae	>100	>100	1.5	1			
Escherichi coli	>100	>100	1.4	2.2			
Salmonella typhi ATCC 34	>100	>100	8.6	1.8			
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC27853	>100	>100	1.2	6.8	_		
Vibrio cholera	>100	>100	10.3	1.8			
Salmonella typhimurium	>100	>100	0.7	1.6			
Enterococcus faecalis	>100	>100	1.2	1.8			
Shigella dysenteriae	>100	>100	1.5	1.6			
Proteus vulgaris	>100	>100	1.4	2.2			

 Table S7 Determination of minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of 1 and 3 in bacterial system

## Table S8 The antifungal activity (MIC) of $1 \mbox{ and } 3$

Name of organisms	MIC value in µM				
	1	3	Nystatin	DMSO	
Aspergillus oryzae	>100	108	8.6	_	
Aspergillus niger	>100	>100	4.3		
Saccharomyces cerevisiae	>100	>100	8.6		
Penicillium chrysogenum	>100	>100	108		

Center	Atomic	e A	tomic	Coordinates	s (Angstroms)
number	numt	ber	type	X Y	Z
1	7	0	1.168845	0.649005	1.350385
2	7	0	3.074175	-1.156236	0.945605
3	6	0	2.280270	1.054233	0.790182
4	1	0	2.429896	2.084447	0.484870
5	6	0	3.313738	0.074345	0.569822
6	1	0	4.247061	0.362186	0.097621
7	17	0	-1.056681	-1.391072	2.460706
8	17	0	1.392432	-3.710852	1.943322
9	7	0	3.916443	-2.194012	0.841282
10	1	0	3.428860	-3.069824	1.042351
11	7	0	0.108571	1.411985	1.646368
12	1	0	-0.687075	0.830165	1.917719
13	6	0	-1.299007	3.210034	0.870845
14	6	0	-0.066072	2.790254	1.396492
15	6	0	0.909189	3.744261	1.731960
16	6	0	0.653737	5.099983	1.517995
17	6	0	-0.571559	5.519261	0.990556
18	6	0	-1.549038	4.569089	0.678700
19	1	0	-2.050924	2.468089	0.615230
20	1	0	1.840280	3.436127	2.196597
21	1	0	1.411075	5.832344	1.784904
22	1	0	-0.765312	6.576279	0.831842
23	1	0	-2.507163	4.883486	0.273857
24	6	0	5.489604	-3.274355	-0.635440
25	6	0	6.762056	-3.379028	-1.198081
26	6	0	7.742194	-2.423196	-0.913296
27	6	0	7.446133	-1.370944	-0.041243
28	6	0	6.182448	-1.266001	0.542886
29	6	0	5.192190	-2.214052	0.236198
30	1	0	4.721072	-4.007079	-0.867203
31	1	0	6.982602	-4.204677	-1.869203
32	1	0	8.729493	-2.501861	-1.359478
33	1	0	8.208370	-0.636274	0.204529
34	1	0	5.983593	-0.480054	1.264413
25	46	0	1 151/75	1 103683	1 700613

## Table S9 Optimized coordinates of 1

Center	Atomic	Atomic	Coordinates (Angstroms)		
number	number	type			
			Х	Y	Z
1	46	0	1.267981	-1.2518	2.241993
2	7	0	1.177922	0.629537	1.339146
3	7	0	3.132822	-1.16058	1.33274
4	6	0	2.258645	0.91686	0.659611
5	1	0	2.358508	1.838501	0.095134
6	6	0	3.319603	-0.06063	0.655441
7	1	0	4.241431	0.126044	0.110678
8	17	0	-0.88178	-1.08025	3.119221
9	17	0	1.63902	-3.38506	3.09462
10	7	0	4.060217	-2.13078	1.48138
11	1	0	3.625569	-2.9714	1.870556
12	7	0	0.084782	1.396246	1.433832
13	1	0	-0.6723	0.899176	1.911276
14	6	0	-1.2678	3.217385	0.568363
15	6	0	-0.04368	2.753525	1.091984
16	6	0	0.981111	3.68924	1.31981
17	6	0	0.797112	5.036187	1.014443
18	6	0	-0.42075	5.479864	0.490239
19	6	0	-1.45644	4.568855	0.278179
20	1	0	1.911104	3.360626	1.771938
21	1	0	1.601066	5.741466	1.204896
22	1	0	-0.56979	6.529142	0.253161
23	1	0	-2.41188	4.894481	-0.12046
24	6	0	5.110051	-2.8098	-0.66157
25	6	0	6.247447	-2.91292	-1.46583
26	6	0	7.472146	-2.43018	-0.99888
27	6	0	7.567351	-1.8504	0.269329
28	6	0	6.428876	-1.75388	1.070838
29	6	0	5.191521	-2.23018	0.618554
30	1	0	6.167842	-3.37253	-2.44573
31	1	0	8.353075	-2.51571	-1.6291
32	1	0	8.521621	-1.48347	0.635666
33	1	0	6.478072	-1.32199	2.066266
34	17	0	-2.58016	2.093252	0.290835
35	17	0	3.584391	-3.42506	-1.25003

## Table S10 Optimized coordinates of 2

Center	Atomic	Atomic Coordinates (Angstroms)			stroms)
number	number	type	Х	Y	Z
1	78	0	1.233200	-1.377852	1.938873
2	7	0	1.260092	0.641015	1.613700
3	7	0	3.132732	-1.132155	1.225988
4	6	0	2.368221	1.070895	1.057991
5	1	0	2.505129	2.109790	0.781366
6	6	0	3.398149	0.094150	0.843543
7	1	0	4.349214	0.361510	0.397529
8	17	0	-1.009776	-1.400318	2.646754
9	17	0	1.435557	-3.710483	2.149585
10	7	0	4.005153	-2.168337	1.163762
11	1	0	3.499679	-3.045065	1.306477
12	7	0	0.206454	1.421036	1.949199
13	1	0	-0.603645	0.832525	2.153836
14	6	0	-1.113197	3.013045	0.667813
15	6	0	0.001758	2.743763	1.474406
16	6	0	0.854200	3.788196	1.863992
17	6	0	0.601813	5.088838	1.424326
18	6	0	-0.509680	5.360022	0.618996
19	6	0	-1.370202	4.321448	0.251690
20	1	0	-1.770164	2.199023	0.372894
21	1	0	1.684779	3.585944	2.534233
22	1	0	1.262574	5.895343	1.730903
23	1	0	-0.707963	6.375659	0.288065
24	1	0	-2.239223	4.525244	-0.367994
25	6	0	5.236223	-3.039271	-0.751022
26	6	0	6.401182	-3.098911	-1.519791
27	6	0	7.493092	-2.283265	-1.209008
28	6	0	7.425158	-1.418535	-0.111203
29	6	0	6.273269	-1.368751	0.676036
30	6	0	5.170659	-2.171602	0.348241
31	1	0	4.378302	-3.659895	-0.995976
32	1	0	6.449961	-3.777548	-2.367045
33	1	0	8.395403	-2.327190	-1.812649
34	1	0	8.278564	-0.797313	0.147199
35	1	0	6.236305	-0.738585	1.560195

## Table S11 Optimized coordinates of 3

Table S12 Optimized coordinates of 4

Center	Atomic	Atom	tomic Coordinates (Angstroms)			
number	number	type	Х	Y	Z	
1	78	0	1.325952	-1.207779	2.450371	
2	7	0	1.320552	0.735065	1.827972	
3	7	0	3.130083	-1.101883	1.502121	
4	6	0	2.373175	1.074684	1.126173	
5	1	0	2.486608	2.071760	0.713735	
6	6	0	3.373489	0.058932	0.946305	
7	1	0	4.286516	0.245196	0.390610	
8	17	0	-0.805792	-1.069172	3.428288	
9	17	0	1.561003	-3.479820	2.995307	
10	7	0	4.005847	-2.142130	1.490720	
11	1	0	3.520867	-2.997660	1.773694	
12	7	0	0.320322	1.594366	2.150804	
13	1	0	-0.482813	1.068239	2.505505	
14	6	0	-0.490382	2.815718	0.145264	
15	6	0	0.115480	2.800161	1.416142	
16	6	0	0.509427	4.013371	1.994995	
17	6	0	0.307797	5.222430	1.327321	
18	6	0	-0.293657	5.222749	0.065805	
19	6	0	-0.695425	4.023085	-0.526343	
20	1	0	0.963559	3.984918	2.981219	
21	1	0	0.612221	6.155938	1.791378	
22	1	0	-0.459282	6.158223	-0.461490	
23	1	0	-1.172104	4.016412	-1.501305	
24	6	0	4.823680	-2.660092	-0.795288	
25	6	0	5.879010	-2.740411	-1.706903	
26	6	0	7.165370	-2.365786	-1.312115	
27	6	0	7.403700	-1.918111	-0.009617	
28	6	0	6.346900	-1.845231	0.899097	
29	6	0	5.049266	-2.212064	0.520085	
30	1	0	5.687929	-3.097929	-2.713664	
31	1	0	7.981806	-2.432368	-2.025962	
32	1	0	8.405879	-1.636324	0.299761	
33	1	0	6.507060	-1.516996	1.922035	
34	17	0	-1.008602	1.322487	-0.598131	
35	17	0	3.219245	-3.136198	-1.295370	

Center	Atomic	Atomic Coo		ordinates (Angstroms)	
number	number	type	Х	Y	Ζ
1	78	0	1.071240	-1.290535	0.860808
2	7	0	0.755480	0.482766	-0.055422
3	7	0	2.584399	-1.276506	-0.477739
4	6	0	1.558302	0.710524	-1.116071
5	1	0	1.408800	1.591969	-1.730991
6	6	0	2.550820	-0.241970	-1.343625
7	1	0	3.269056	-0.190220	-2.155390
8	17	0	-0.874768	-1.081631	2.255335
9	17	0	1.628795	-3.477237	1.684597
10	7	0	3.585991	-2.238754	-0.623930
11	1	0	3.198093	-3.126880	-0.304806
12	7	0	-0.236646	1.417937	0.247389
13	1	0	-1.011707	0.906648	0.670632
14	6	0	-0.940163	3.342504	1.525862
15	6	0	0.108723	2.557939	1.007163
16	6	0	1.433527	2.971763	1.220316
17	6	0	1.693700	4.148638	1.928026
18	6	0	0.653465	4.931043	2.436799
19	6	0	-0.667807	4.511003	2.233024
20	1	0	-1.968060	3.021143	1.371827
21	1	0	2.250794	2.362661	0.851844
22	1	0	2.727458	4.447051	2.090821
23	1	0	0.864958	5.843455	2.988946
24	1	0	-1.494057	5.096411	2.631573
25	6	0	5.760166	-3.069157	0.025034
26	6	0	7.047983	-2.877594	0.519709
27	6	0	7.469394	-1.609913	0.942754
28	6	0	6.568924	-0.543561	0.870990
29	6	0	5.272687	-0.723863	0.380408
30	6	0	4.855524	-1.992242	-0.054164
31	1	0	5.438746	-4.056103	-0.300880
32	1	0	7.726841	-3.726058	0.578872
33	1	0	8.475020	-1.461322	1.328435
34	1	0	6.869599	0.445161	1.211928
35	1	0	4.577700	0.107297	0.352831

Table S13	Optimized coordin	nates of $[3]^{-}$
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Center	Atomic	Ato	mic Coo	rdinates (Ar	ngstroms)
number	number	type	Х	Y	Ζ
	78	0	1 860231	-0 877379	1 746194
2	70 7	0	1 901891	1 090206	1 275606
3	, 7	0	2.826012	-0.928664	-0.033045
4	6	0	2.525245	1.382092	0.114641
5	1	0	2.600072	2.406673	-0.234650
6	6	0	3.017126	0.287698	-0.590860
7	1	0	3.536070	0.364864	-1.540827
8	17	0	0.737826	-0.471587	3.845040
9	17	0	1.882838	-3.244352	2.026277
10	7	0	3.406526	-2.024566	-0.675608
11	1	0	2.753164	-2.804553	-0.667222
12	7	0	1.417778	2.104161	2.086723
13	1	0	1.154955	1.686755	2.984302
14	6	0	-0.406462	3.021746	0.575311
15	6	0	0.537665	3.111383	1.622944
16	6	0	0.617191	4.341539	2.311135
17	6	0	-0.182749	5.430401	1.980493
18	6	0	-1.074801	5.336365	0.906196
19	6	0	-1.177911	4.131598	0.211364
20	1	0	1.349310	4.413161	3.111282
21	1	0	-0.090999	6.356994	2.542074
22	1	0	-1.689884	6.184055	0.615368
23	1	0	-1.886474	4.023502	-0.604632
24	6	0	5.255635	-3.613238	-0.766714
25	6	0	6.559445	-3.996378	-0.464289
26	6	0	7.364255	-3.168268	0.322761
27	6	0	6.836359	-1.965222	0.801435
28	6	0	5.528605	-1.588845	0.501023
29	6	0	4.703631	-2.405107	-0.294656
30	1	0	6.934141	-4.941594	-0.845997
31	1	0	8.381812	-3.466574	0.561115
32	1	0	7.441041	-1.316080	1.430370
33	1	0	5.114977	-0.669363	0.898398
34	17	0	-0.732662	1.516175	-0.260989
35	17	0	4.272835	-4.683817	-1.772040

**Table S14** Optimized coordinates of  $[4]^-$ 

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