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Highly efficient structurally characterised novel precatalysts, di- and mono nuclear heteroleptic Cu(I) dixanthate/xanthate-phosphine complexes for azide-alkyne cycloadditions

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S1: Synthesis of Xanthate Ligands

The potassium salts of dixanthate, K_2L1-K_2L3 and xanthate, KL4-KL5 ligands were synthesised according to the following general procedure. To a stirred 15 mL THF solution of 2,6-pyridinedimethanol (0.139 g, 1mmol), 1,4-benzenedimethanol (0.138 g, 1 mmol), 1,4-cyclohexanediol (0.116 g, 1 mmol), piperonyl alcohol (0.304 g, 2 mmol) and methanol (0.064 g, 2 mmol) was added a pulverized KOH (0.112 g, 2 mmol) and 1.20 mL carbon disulfide (0.152 g, 2 mmol) in each case and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight in an ice bath maintain the temperature around 6 °C. The solvent was removed on a rotary evaporator to yield cream to light yellow coloured solid which was washed with ethanol followed by diethyl ether.

Characterisation

K₂**L1**. Yield: (0.249 g, 68%). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇N₁K₂O₂S₄ (367.61): C 29.40, H 1.92, N 3.81; Found: C 29.42, H 1.90, N 3.78. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1122 (v_{C-O}), 1055 (v_{C-S}). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO–*d*₆)δ (ppm): 7.74 –7.16 (m, 3H, $-C_5H_3N$), 5.40 (s, 4H, $-\{OCH_2\}_2-C_5H_3N$). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, DMSO–*d*₆) δ (ppm): 229.62 ($-CS_2$), 73.04 ($-OCH_2$), 161.66 – 118.73 ($-C_5H_3N$). UV-vis (MeOH, λ_{max} (nm), ε (M⁻¹ cm⁻¹)): 305 (0.36 × 10⁵), 265 (0.21 × 10⁵), 230 (0.25 × 10⁵), 208 (1.98 × 10⁵).

K₂**L2**. Yield: (0.271 g, 74%). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₈K₂O₂S₄ (366.63): C 32.76, H 2.20; found: C 32.79, H 2.19. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1098 (v_{C-O}), 1073 (v_{C-S}). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO–*d*₆) δ (ppm): 7.26 –7.21 (m, 4H, Ar–H), 5.29 (s, 4H, –{OCH₂}₂–C₆H₄). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, DMSO–*d*₆) δ (ppm): 230.00 (–CS₂), 72.35 (–OCH₂), 141.36 –126.76 (Ar–C). UV–vis (MeOH, λ_{max} (nm) ε (M⁻¹ cm⁻¹)): 305 (1.15 × 10⁵), 225 (1.66 × 10⁵), 210 (1.84 × 10⁵).

K₂**L3**. Yield: (0.244 g, 71%). Anal. Calcd for C₈H₁₀K₂O₂S₄ (344.62): C 27.88, H 2.92; Found: C 27.81, H 2.89.IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1137 (v_{C-O}), 1030 (v_{C-S}). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO– d_6)δ (ppm): 1.92–1.076 (m, 8H, ax/eq {-OCH}₂–C₄H₈–), 5.23-5.15 (m, ax/eq 2H, {-OCH}₂–C₄H₈). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, DMSO– d_6) δ (ppm): 229.53 (-CS₂), 77.62 ({-OCH}₂–C₄H₈), 33.16 -27.16 ({-OCH}₂–C₄H₈). UV-vis. (MeOH, λ_{max} (nm), ε (M⁻¹ cm⁻¹)): 305 (1.33 × 10⁵), 230 (1.00 × 10⁵), 210 (0.63 × 10⁵). **KL4**. Yield: (0.420 g, 79%). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇K₁O₃S₂ (266.38): C 40.58, H 2.65.Found: C 41.42, H 2.64. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1093 (v_{C-O}), 1059 (v_{C-S}).¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO– d_6)δ (ppm): 6.86 –6.77

(m, 3H, Ar –H), 5.20 (s, 2H, –OCH₂), 5.95 (s, 2H, –O–CH₂–O–). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, DMSO– d_6) δ . (ppm): 229.02 (–CS₂), 71.83 (–OCH₂), 99.24 (–O–CH₂–O–). 145.35 –106.91 (Ar –C). UV-vis (MeOH, λ_{max} (nm), ε (M⁻¹ cm⁻¹)): 303 (0.80 × 10⁵), 280 (0.63 × 10⁵), 215 (2.24 × 10⁵).

KL5. Yield: (0.234 g, 80%). Anal. Calcd for C₂H₃K₁O₁S₂ (146.27): C 16.42, H 2.07.Found: C 16.40, H 2.06. IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1107 (ν_{C-O}), 1048 (ν_{C-S}).¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO–*d*₆) δ (ppm): 3.67 (s, 3H, –OCH₃) ¹³C{¹H} NMR (125 MHz, DMSO–*d*₆) δ (ppm): 231.00 (–CS₂), 58.13 (–OCH₃). UV-vis (MeOH, λ_{max} (nm), ε (M⁻¹ cm⁻¹)): 305 (0.41 × 10⁵), 225 (0.22 × 10⁵), 210 (0.20 × 10⁵).

Fig. S1. UV-vis spectra of ligands 1-5 in methanol solution



Fig. S2. Non-covalent interactions in 1–5

Fig. S2. 1 Supramolecular structures of **1** sustained by H···H interaction (hydrogen atoms, except those involved in the interactions, are omitted for clarity)



Fig. S2. 2 (a) Intramolecular C–H··· π (CuS₂C, chelate) and (b) intermolecular C–H··· π interactions in complex 2



а

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Fig. S2. 3 C–H···O interactions in complex **3** and **4** (hydrogen atoms, except those involved in the interactions, are omitted for clarity)





Fig. S2. 4 C–H··· π , C–H···O interactions in complex **5** (hydrogen atoms except those involved in the interactions and some carbon skeleton are omitted for clarity)



	1	2	3	3*	4	5A	5B
Bond lengths							
Cu(1) - P(1)	2.2435(16)	2.2651(9)	2.2549(14)	2.2333(14)	2.2309(6)	2.246(3)	2.242(4)
Cu(1) - P(2)	2.2464(15)	2.2510(9)	2.2430(14)	2.2450(14)	2.2457(6)	2.243(4)	2.262(3)
Cu(1) - S(11)	2.378(2)	2.4428(9)	2.4388(15)	2.3898(15)	2.3881(6)	2.367(4)	2.416(4)
Cu(1) - S(13)	2.4495(17)	2.4122(9)	2.3752(16)	2.4187(16)	2.4235(7)	2.423(4)	2.371(4)
S(11) - C(12)	1.658(8)	1.675(3)	1.677(6)	1.686(6)	1.698(2)	1.690(14)	1.680(13)
S(13) - C(12)	1.685(8)	1.697(3)	1.651(6)	1.677(6)	1.687(2)	1.658(15)	1.672(13)
C(12) - O(14)	1.436(10)	1.344(4)	1.367(6)	1.351(6)	1.333(3)	1.364(14)	1.352(13)
Angles							
P(1)-Cu(1)-P(2)	123.27(6)	122.06(3)	126.57(6)	128.77(6)	125.21(2)	111.82(13)	114.58(12)
P(1)-Cu(1)-S(11)	114.26(7)	113.62(3)	102.76(5)	111.59(5)	117.51(2)	110.66(14)	121.17(13)
P(2)-Cu(1)-S(11)	113.22(8)	111.56(4)	112.66(6)	110.28(6)	104.29(2)	122.22(15)	108.53(13)
P(1)-Cu(1)-S(13)	112.73(7)	105.25(3)	113.91(6)	114.62(6)	112.79(2)	114.80(14)	119.93(14)
P(2)-Cu(1)-S(13)	108.16(6)	120.41(3)	113.25(6)	103.25(5)	110.80(2)	117.75(13)	110.99(12)
S(11)–Cu(1)–S(13)	74.71(7)	74.52(3)	74.64(5)	75.58(5)	75.29(2)	75.09(13)	75.70(13)
C(12)-S(11)-Cu(1)	82.8(2)	81.73(12)	80.1(2)	81.06(18)	81.52(8)	82.3(5)	80.2(4)
C(12)-S(13)-Cu(1)	80.0(2)	82.25(12)	82.59(19)	80.35(19)	82.40(8)	81.2(5)	81.7(4)
S(11)–C(12)–S(13)	122.4(4)	121.4(2)	122.6(3)	122.4(3)	120.48(13)	121.4(8)	122.4(7)

Table S1: Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for complexes 1-5

* this column gives the comparable coordination geometry around Cu(2) in complex 3

Fable S2: Weak seconda	ry interactions a	and their para	meters observe	ed in compounds 1-5
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Donor (D)-acceptor (A) hydrogen bonds (Å, °)							
Complex	D–H···A	$d(H \cdot \cdot \cdot A)$	d(D…A)	∠D–H…A	Symmetry		
					Element		
3	С(115)-Н(115)… О(14)	2.50	3.304(8)	144	1-x,1/2+y,3/2-z		
	C(84)–H(84)···· O(23)	2.71	3.525(8)	146	1+x,y,z		
4	C(74)–H(74)···· O(19)	2.62	3.252(5)	125	-x, 2-y, -z		
	C(56)–H(56)···· O(18)	2.68	3.273(5)	121	x, -1+y,z		

5	C(66A)–H(66A)···· O(14A)	2.63	3.375(4)	137	¹ / ₂ -x, y,1/2+z			
	C(35A)–H(35A)···· O(14A)	2.71	3.322(4)	124	x,1+y,z			
H···H and C–H··· π interactions in 1-5, distances in Å								
Complex	Н…Н		Н…Н		Symmetry element			
1	H(64)····H(42)		2.29		(1+x,-1+y,z)			
Complex	С–Н…π	С–Н…π		Symmetry element				
1	С(72)–Н(72)… π (С61–С66)	3.33		1-x,1-y,1-z				
2	С(43)–Н(43)… π (С71–С76)	3.15		x,1+y,z				
3	С(135)-Н(135)… π(С31-С3	3.17		x,3/2-y,1/2+z				
	С(55)-Н(55)… π(С121-С12	3.13		x,3/2-y,-1/2+z				
4	С(20)-Н(20)… π (С51-С56)		2.70		-x,2-z,1-z			
	С(85)–Н(85)… π (С21–С26)	3.32		1+x,y,z				
5	С(44А)–Н(44А)… π (С31В–С36В)		3.20		1-x,2-y,-1/2+z			
	С(45А)–Н(45А)···· π (С41В–С46В)		3.25		x,y,z			
	С(46А)Н(46А)···· π (С41ВС46В)		3.32		X,y,Z			
	С(53А)–Н(53А)···· π (С61А–С66А)		2.85		x,1+y,z			
	С(42А)–Н(42А)… π (С81А–С85А)		3.48		¹ / ₂ -x,y,1/2+z			
	С(63А)–Н(63А) π (С81В–С85В)		2.94		x,y,z			
	С(83B)-H(83B)···· π (C81B–C85B)		2.77		x,-1+y,z			

Entry ^a	Catalyst	mol%	Time	Solvent ^c	Yield (%) ^g
			(minutes)		
1	1	3	5	CDCl ₃	33
2	1	3	15	CDCI ₃	41
3	1	3	30	CDCI ₃	50
4	1	3	60	CDCI ₃	69
5	1	3	90	CDCI ₃	84
6	1	3	105	CDCI ₃	91
7	1	3	120	CDCI ₃	95

 Table S3 Reaction time optimisation of catalyst 1 for Click reaction

^aEntry : sugar azide (1.0 equiv.) and alkyne(1.1 equiv.). ^cDry solvent. ^gYields reported after ¹H NMR study.

S2: The synthesis of various triazolyl linked glycoconjugates (8a-i)

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranos-1-yl)-4-phenyl-[1,2,3]-triazole (8a)¹

2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranosyl azide (100mg, 0.268 mmol) and phenylacetylene (32.4 µL, 0.295 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (11.8 mg, 8.03 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8a**. Yield (95%), white solid, m.p. 200–202 °C, R_f = 0.5, (45% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.42–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.31 (m, 1H), 5.94 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.45–5.42 (m, 1H),5.26 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.33–4.29 (m, 1H), 4.16–4.13 (m, 1H),4.05–4.02 (m, 1H), 2.06 (s, 6H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.4, 169.8, 169.3, 168.9, 148.4, 129.8, 128.7, 128.4, 125.8, 117.7, 85.6, 75.0, 72.6, 70.1, 67.6, 61.5, 20.5, 20.46, 20.43and 20.1 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranos-1-yl)-4-(9-phenanthrene)- [1,2,3]-triazole (8b)

2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranosyl azide (100 mg, 0.268 mmol) and 9ethynylphenanthrene (60 mg, 0.295 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (11.8 mg, 8.03 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8b.** Yield (96%), white solid,m.p.;168–170 °C; R_f = 0.40, (40% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.74 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68–7.59 (m, 4H), 6.03 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.35–4.32 (m, 1H), 4.20–4.18 (m, 1H), 4.11–4.06 (m, 1H), 2.07-2.03 (m, 9H), 1.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.4, 169.8, 169.3, 169.0, 147.3, 131.1, 130.6, 130.4, 129.8, 128.8, 128.6, 127.2, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 126.0, 125.8, 122.9, 122.4, 121.2, 85.9, 75.1, 72.5, 70.4, 67.7, 61.5, 20.6, 20.4, and 20.1 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranos-1-yl)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8c)¹

2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranosyl azide (100 mg, 0.268 mmol), 1-bromo-4ethynylbenzene (53 mg, 0.293 mmol) were taken in dry dichloromethane (1.0 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (11.8 mg, 8.03 μ mol) to afford the corresponding triazole **8c.** Yield (95%). White solid; m.p. = 214–217 °C; R_f = 0.50 (40% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500.15 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.93 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.52–5.42 (m, 2H), 5.28–5.24 (m, 1H), 4.34–4.30 (m, 1H), 4.16–4.13 (m, 1H), 4.05– 4.02 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.07 (m, 6H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.4, 169.8, 169.3, 169.0, 147.4, 132.0, 128.7, 127.3, 122.5, 117.8, 85.7, 75.1, 72.6, 70.1, 67.6, 61.5, 20.6, 20.5, 20.4, and 20.1 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranos-1-yl)-4-(3-cyclohexenyl)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8d)¹

2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranosyl azide (100mg, 0.268 mmol) and 1-Ethynylcyclohexene (34.6 µL, 0.295 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (11.8 mg, 8.03 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8d**. Yield (95%).off white solid, m.p. = 196–198 °C; R_f = 0.5 (40% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.57 (s, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.44–5.36 (m, 2H), 5.22–5.18 (m, 1H), 4.27–4.24 (m, 1H), 4.10–4.07 (m, 1H), 3.99–3.97 (m, 1H), 2.31 (s, 2H), 2.15–2.11 (m, 2H), 2.03–2.02 (m, 6H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.71 (d, *J* = 5.5, 2H), 1.62 (d, *J* = 5.0, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.3, 169.7, 169.2, 168.8,149.9, 126.5, 125.8, 116.1, 85.4, 74.8, 72.6, 70.0, 67.6, 61.4, 26.1, 25.1, 22.2, 21.9, 20.5, 20.39, 20.36, and 20.0 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)-4-(4-n-pentylphenyl)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8e)¹

2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl azide (100 mg, 0.268 mmol), 1-ethynyl-4-pentylbenzene (57.3 μL, 0.321 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (11.8 mg, 8.03 μmol) to afford triazole derivative **8e.** Yield (96%).solid; m.p.= 170–176 °C; R_f = 0.5 (35% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26–7.22 (m, 2H), 5.93 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.54–5.51 (m, 1H), 5.45–5.42 (m, 1H), 5.29–5.25 (m, 1H), 4.34–4.30 (m, 1H), 4.16–4.14 (m, 1H), 4.04–4.02 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.07–2.06 (m, 6H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.63–1.61 (m, 2H), 1.32–1.24 (m, 4H), 0.89-0.86 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.4, 169.8, 169.3, 168.9, 148.5, 143.5, 128.8, 127.1, 125.7, 117.3, 85.6, 75.1, 72.7, 70.1, 67.7, 61.5, 35.6, 31.3, 30.9, 29.6, 22.4, 20.6, 20.5, 20.4, 20.1, and 13.9 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-galactopyranos-1-yl)-4-(1,2;5,6-*O*-isopropylidene-3-*O*methyl-α-D-glucofuranos-3-yl)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8f)

2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-galactocopyranosyl azide (100 mg, 0.268 mmol), and 1,2,5,6-*O*-isopropylidene-3-*O*-propargyloxy- α -D-glucofuranos-3-yl (87.9 mg, 0.295 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst 1 (11.8 mg, 8.03 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8f.** Yield (94%), off white solid; m.p. = 36–40 °C; R_f = 0.5 (50% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88 (s, 1H), 5.86–5.82 (m, 2H), 5.52–5.47 (m, 2H), 5.25–5.22 (m, 1H), 4.81–4.73 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.29–4.15 (m, 3H), 4.12–4.05 (m, 3H), 4.01–3.95 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.2, 169.8, 169.6, 168.9, 145.5, 120.9, 111.7, 108.9, 105.2, 86.2, 82.4, 81.6, 81.0, 74.1, 72.4, 70.6, 67.8, 67.2, 66.8, 63.7, 61.0, 26.79, 26.71, 26.1, 25.3, 20.5, 20.3, and 20.1 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tri-*O*-acetyl-4- $O(2^{\circ},3^{\circ},4^{\circ},6^{\circ}$ -tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-galacopyranosyl)- β -D-glucopyranos-1-yl)4-(*n*-hexane)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8g)²

2,3,4,6-Tri-*O*-acetyl-4-O(2',3',4',6'-tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-galactopyranosyl)- β -D-glucopyranosyl azide (100 mg, 0.151 mmol), 1-octyne (24.7 µL, 0.179 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (6.7 mg, 4.5 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8g**. Yield (96%); white solid; m.p. = 98-100 °C; $R_f = 0.45$, (50% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41 (s, 1H), 5.79–5.77 (m, 1H), 5.38–5.35 (m, 3H), 5.1–5.09 (m, 2H), 4.97–4.95 (m, 1H), 4.52–4.45 (m, 2H), 4.15–4.01 (m, 3H), 3.93–3.87 (m, 3H), 2.68 (t, *J* = 7.5

Hz, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.08–2.04 (m, 12H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H),1.64–1.61 (m, 2H), 1.32– 1.28 (m, 2H), 0.87–0.84 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.3, 170.1, 170.06, 170.01, 169.4, 169.1, 169.0, 149.0, 118.7, 101.0, 85.3, 75.8, 75.6, 72.6, 70.8, 70.7, 70.3, 69.0, 66.5, 61.7, 60.7, 31.4, 29.0, 28.7, 25.5, 22.4, 20.7, 20.6, 20.59, 20.56, 20.4, 20.1 and 13.9 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-galactopyranos-1-yl)-4-(2,3;5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-1-*O*-methyl-β-D-mannofuranos-1-yl)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8h)

2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-galactopyranosyl azide (100mg, 0.268 mmol), 2,3;5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-1-*O*-propargyloxy- β -D-mannofuranos-1-yl (87.9 mg, 0.295 mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst **1** (11.8 mg, 8.03 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8h**. Yield (93%); m.p. = 106 °C; R_f = 0.5, (50% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 (s, 1H), 5.82 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.54–5.50 (m, 2H), 5.24–5.21 (m, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.77–4.74 (m, 2H), 4.61– 4.58 (m, 2H), 4.39–4.37 (m, 1H), 4.21–4.08 (m, 4H), 4.04-3.96 (m, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 6H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.2, 169.8, 169.7, 169.0, 144.8, 121.0, 112.6, 109.1, 105.4, 86.1, 84.9, 80.5, 79.4, 73.9, 73.0, 70.7, 67.8, 66.84, 66.82, 61.1, 60.0, 26.7, 25.8, 25.1, 24.4, 20.5, 20.3 and 20.1 ppm.

1-(2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranos-1-yl)-4-(2,3;5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene-1-*O*-methyl-β-D-mannofuranos-1-yl)-[1,2,3]-triazole (8i)

2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranosyl azide (100 mg, 0.268 mmol) and 2.3:5.6-di-Oisopropylidene-1-O-propargyloxy- β -D-mannofuranos-1-yl (87.9 mg, 0.295mmol) were taken in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) in presence of Cu-catalyst 1 (11.8 mg, 8.03 µmol) to afford triazole derivative **8i.** Yield (94%); solid, m.p. = 108 °C, $R_f = 0.5$ (50% ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane); ¹H NMR $(500.15 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 7.80 (s, 1H), 5.86 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.47–5.37 (m, 2H), 5.28-5.21 (m, 1H), 5.069-5.065 (m, 1H), 4.77-4.72 (m, 2H), 4.65-4.60 (m, 2H), 4.41-4.40 (m, 1H), 4.31-4.27 (m, 1H), 4.13-3.97 (m, 5H), 2.06-2.04 (m, 6H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125.76 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.4, 169.8, 169.3, 168.8, 145.2, 121.1, 112.6, 109.1, 105.9, 85.7, 84.9, 80.3, 79.4, 75.0, 73.1, 72.6, 70.3, 67.6, 66.6, 61.5, 60.5, 26.8, 25.8, 25.1, 24.4, 20.6, 20.47, 20.44, and 20.1 ppm.

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S3:¹H, ¹³C and time dependent ³¹P NMR spectra of complex 1 and 4

S4: ¹H and ¹³C spectra of triazolyl glycoconjugates (**8a-i**)



Spectrum 1a: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of complex 1

8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 16.0 17.0 18.0 19.0 20.0 21.0 22.0 **Complex 1** 7.0 6.0 (thousandths) 0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 ¹. 240.0 230.0 220.0 210.0 200.0 190.0 180.0 170.0 160.0 150.0 140.0 130.0 120.0 110.0 100.0 90.0 80.0 70.0 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 20.0 10.0 0 X : parts per Million : Carbon 13 155.756 133.646 129.456 128.351 119.890 77.253 77.000 76.747 74.393 .012

Spectrum 1b: ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of complex 1



Spectrum 1c: Time dependent ³¹P NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectra of complex 1



Spectrum 2a: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of complex 4



Spectrum 2b: ¹³C NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of complex 4



Spectrum 2c : Time dependent ³¹P NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectra of complex 4



Spectrum 1: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8a



Spectrum 2: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8a



Spectrum 3: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8b



Spectrum 4: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8b



Spectrum 5: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8c



Spectrum 6: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8c



Spectrum 7: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8d



Spectrum 8: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8d



Spectrum 9: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8e



Spectrum 10: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8e



Spectrum 11: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8f



Spectrum 12: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8f



Spectrum 13: ¹H NMR (500MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8g



Spectrum 14: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8g



Spectrum 15: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8h





Spectrum 16: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8h



Spectrum 17: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8i



Spectrum 18: ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8i

S5: References

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