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**Fig. S1:** FTIR spectrum of Ag<sub>2</sub>O·SnO<sub>2</sub>·Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> nanoparticle

## Cyclic voltammetry and Impedance spectroscopy study:

It is investigated the electrode performance with  $Ag_2O_3 \cdot SnO_2 \cdot Cr_2O_3$  NPs fabricated GCE and bare-GCE electrode by cyclic voltammetry (CV) and impedance spectroscopy study (EIS) in 5.0 mM [Fe(CN)6]<sup>3-/4-</sup> containing 0.1 M KCl. CVs of 5.0 mM [Fe(CN)6]<sup>3-/4-</sup> containing 0.1 M KCl were recorded separately using NPs-coated GCE and bare-GCE at a scan rate of 0.1 Vs<sup>-1</sup>, which represented with red and blue color curves (Fig. S3a). Figure S3a shows that a bare GC electrode gives well-defined redox peaks while NPs/GCE provides low-currents response due to the slightly blocking the electrode surface. The NPs/GCE exhibited substantial redox currents in comparison with those exhibited by the GCE electrode, which demonstrated the most auspicious catalytic performance in presence of 4-AP. The EIS spectra (5.0 mM [Fe(CN)6]<sup>3-/4-</sup> containing 0.1 M KCl) were recorded to explore the relative charge transfer of the modified electrodes with NPs coated and uncoated GCE as shown in Fig. S3b.



**Fig. S2.** (a) CV of bare and  $Ag_2O \cdot SnO_2 \cdot Cr_2O_3$  nanoparticles coated GCE and (b) EIS of bare and  $Ag_2O \cdot SnO_2 \cdot Cr_2O_3$  nanoparticles coated GCE in 5.0 mM [Fe(CN)6]<sup>3-/4-</sup> containing 0.1 M KCl.



Fig. S3. Control experiment: Electrochemical  $0.1\mu$ M 4-AP response with various modification of working GCE electrode in identical conditions. (a) Mono- and (b) Binary metal oxides responses and compared with the Ag<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>·SnO<sub>2</sub>·Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> NPs.

**Table S1:** Excitation wavelength dependent emissions of  $Ag_2O \cdot SnO_2 \cdot Cr_2O_3$  nanoparticleannealed at 600 °C

Excitation wavelength (nm)	Emissions observed (nm)
320	436,467
350	431,464
370	426,464
380	427,462

Table S2: Excitation wavelength dependent emissions of Ag<sub>2</sub>O·SnO<sub>2</sub>·Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

nanoparticlesannealed at 850 °C

Excitation wavelength (nm)	Emissions observed(nm)
330	403, 426 and 454
340	404, 427 and 453
350	405, 426 and 452
370	405, 428 and 454