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Redox-Switching of ternary Ni(II) and Cu(II) complexes: Synthesis, experimental and theoretical studies along with second-order nonlinear optical properties

Néstor Novoa, Carolina Manzur, Thierry Roisnel, Vincent Dorcet, Nolwenn Cabon, Françoise Robin-Le Guen, Isabelle Ledoux-Rak, Samia Khalal, Jean-Yves Saillard, David Carrillo and Jean-René Hamon

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Scheme S1. Synthetic procedure to generate compounds 5 and 6.



Scheme S2. Formation of the heterotetrametallic complex 4'.



Chart S1. Hydrogen and carbon atom labeling schemes for 1 (left) and 3 (rigth) used for ¹H NMR assignments.



Fig. S1 Molecular structure of the Cu(II) mononuclear complex **2** with the atom labelling scheme. Hydrogen atoms have been omitted for clarity. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at 50% probability.



Fig. S2 Cyclic voltammogram of compound **2** (0.9 mM) in $CH_2Cl_2/[n-Bu_4N][PF_6]$ (0.1 M), v= 0.1 Vs⁻¹, Pt disk working electrode.



Fig. S3 Cyclic voltammogram of compound 3 (0.9 mM) in $CH_2Cl_2/[n-Bu_4N][PF_6]$ (0.1 M), $v= 0.1 \text{ Vs}^{-1}$, Pt disk working electrode.



Fig. S4 Cyclic voltammogram of compound **4** (1.1 mM) in $CH_2Cl_2/[n-Bu_4N][PF_6]$ (0.1 M), v= 0.1 Vs⁻¹, Pt disk working electrode.



Fig. S5 A) TLCV of compound **3** (1 mM) in CH₂Cl₂/[*n*-Bu₄N][PF₆] (0.1 M), v= 5 mV s⁻¹, Pt disk, and **B**) Evolution of the UV-visible spectrum of compound **3** during its complete oxidation during the TLCV.



Fig. S6 Experimental UV-vis spectra of complexes 2 (top), 3 (middle) and 4 (bottom), recorded in CH_2Cl_2 solutions at 20 °C.



Fig. S7 Kohn-Sham orbital diagrams of 2 and 4.

	1	2				
Bond distances						
O(1)-C(1)	1.328(3) [1.317]	1.314(8) [1.315]				
C(1)-C(2)	1.416(3) [1.413]	1.420(11) [1.420]				
N(1)-C(2)	1.420(3) [1.408]	1.419(8) [1.403]				
N(1)-C(7)	1.333(3) [1.321] 1.312(8) [1.318]					
C(7)-C(9)	1.409(4) [1.409] 1.424(9) [1.413]					
C(9)-C(10)	1.372(3) [1.385] 1.392(9) [1.388]					
C(10)-O(2)	1.307(3) [1.283] 1.286(8) [1.283]					
C(14)-O(3)	1.365(3) [1.349] 1.378(8) [1.343]					
C(17)-O(3)	1.419(3) [1.416]	1.428(10) [1.416]				
N(2)-C(18)	1.348(3) [1.338] 1.341(9) [1.339]					
N(2)-C(22)	1.342(3) [1.341]	1.360(8) [1.341]				
C(23)-C(24)	1.364(3) [1.371]	1.377(8) [1.372]				
C(25)-C(26)	1.331(3)	1.342(8)				
C(27)-C(28)	1.347(4)	1.353(8)				
C(26)-O(4)	1.384(3) [1.359]	1.373(8) [1.358]				
C(27)-O(4)	1.377(3) [1.353]	1.379(8) [1.353]				
	Bond angles					
M(1)-O(1)-C(1)	112.18(15) [111.9]	110.7(4) [111.3]				
M(1)-N(1)-C(2)	110.39(16) [110.2]	108.5(5) [109.8]				
M(1)-N(1)-C(7)	123.82(18) [123.4]	124.4(5) [122.6]				
M(1)-O(2)-C(10)	125.83(16) [125.7]	125.9(4) [124.5]				
M(1)-N(2)-C(18)	122.42(16) [121.0]	123.7(5) [120.6]				
M(1)-N(2)-C(22)	120.87(17) [121.6]	119.6(5) [122.1]				
N(1)-C(7)-C(9)	122.4(2) [122.3]	122.4(7) [122.4]				
C(7)-C(9)-C(10)	126.2(3) [125.8]	125.9(7) [127.2]				
C(9)-C(10)-O(2)	123.7(2) [124.0]	125.1(6) [124.8]				
C(14)-O(3)-C(17)	117.1(2) [118.1]	117.3(6) [118.2]				
C(20)-C(23)-C(24)	132.4(2) [131.1]	128.2(7) [130.6]				
C(23)-C(24)-C(25)	118.6(2) [118.9]	124.6(7) [119.0]				
C(23)-C(24)-C(28)	128.4(2) [127.4]	121.7(7) [127.3]				
C(26)-O(4)-C(27)	117.81(18) [119.6]	119.7(5) [119.7]				

Table S1. Selected X-ray and corresponding DFT-optimized (into square brackets) bonddistances (Å) and angles (°) for compounds 1 and 2.

	3	4'
	Bond distances	
O(1)-C(1)	1.335(3) [1.317]	1.339(3)
C(1)-C(2)	1.412(4) [1.413]	1.430(4)
N(1)-C(2)	1.430(3) [1.408]	1.419(4)
N(1)-C(7)	1.331(3) [1.322]	1.323(4)
C(7)-C(9)	1.407(4) [1.407]	1.414(4)
C(9)-C(10)	1.377(3) [1.385]	1.385(4)
C(10)-O(2)	1.298(3) [1.283]	1.299(4)
N(2)-C(21)	1.353(3) [1.341]	1.329(4)
N(2)-C(25)	1.345(3) [1.338]	1.342(4)
C(26)-C(27)	1.365(3) [1.371]	1.364(4)
C(28)-C(29)	1.334(3)	1.334(4)
C(30)-C(31)	1.344(3)	1.330(4)
C(29)-O(3)	1.380(3) [1.354]	1.378(4)
C(30)-O3)	1.382(3) [1.359]	1.381(4)
Fe(1)- $C(Cp)$	2.044(3) [2.050]	2.047(3)
Fe(1)-C(Cp')	2.045(3) [2.050]	2.047(3)
	Bond angles	
M(1)-O(1)-C(1)	112.03(16) [111.99]	111.77(19)
M(1)-N(1)-C(2)	109.97(16) [110.20]	110.31(19)
M(1)-N(1)-C(7)	123.68(18) [123.32]	122.3(2)
M(1)-O(2)-C(10)	125.67(17) [125.17]	122.03(19)
M(1)-N(2)-C(21)	121.31(17) [121.24]	119.5(2)
M(1)-N(2)-C(25)	121.77(17) [121.36]	122.2(2)
N(1)-C(7)-C(9)	122.2(2) [122.15]	121.3(3)
C(7)-C(9)-C(10)	126.4(2) [125.74]	128.9(3)
C(9)-C(10)-O(2)	124.3(2) [124.38]	125.7(3)
C(26)-C(27)-C(28)	131.9(2) [119.02]	120.8(3)
C(26)-C(27)-C(31)	127.9(2) [127.30]	126.4(3)
C(29)-O(3)-C(30)	118.59(19) [119.62]	117.9(2)

Table S2. Selected X-ray and corresponding DFT-optimized (into square brackets) bonddistances (Å) and angles (°) for compounds 3 and 4'.

Table S3. Metrical parameters of the ferrocenyl units in compounds 3 and 4'.

Compd	Fe-Cp _{CNT} (Å)	Fe-Cp' _{CNT} (Å)	Cp _{CNT} -Fe-Cp' _{CNT} (°)	Cp/Cp' (°)
3	1.651	1.652	178.98	8.08
4'	1.650	1.652	179.64	1.98

Abbreviations: $Cp = C_5H_5$, $Cp' = C_5H_4$, CNT = centroid.