

## **An incisive optical recognition of monohydrogen phosphate by a fluorescein based chemodosimeter**

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## **EXPERIMENTAL**

### **1.1 Apparatus:**

The IR Spectra for the receptor **FLH** was recorded on JASCO-FTIR Spectrophotometer while <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra for the same were recorded on a JEOL AL 300 FT NMR Spectrometer. Mass spectrometric analysis was carried out on a MDS Sciex API 2000 LCMS/Bruker Compass data analysis spectrometer. Electronic spectra were recorded at room temperature (298 K) on a UV-1700 pharماسpec spectrophotometer with quartz cuvette (path length= 1.0cm). Emission spectra were recorded on JY HORIBA Fluorescence spectrophotometer.

### **1.2 Materials:**

All reagents for synthesis were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and were used without further purification.

### **1.3 General Methods:**

All titration experiments were carried at room temperature. All the anions were used as their TBA salts. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded by using tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal reference standard. For the <sup>1</sup>H NMR titration spectra of **FLH**, 5×10<sup>-3</sup>M solutions were prepared in DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub> while the stock solution of HPO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> was prepared in DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>. For UV-visible/fluorescence titration experiments, the solutions of cations were prepared in aqueous medium. Chloride salt of metal ions was used for solution preparation. Due to insufficient solubility of **FLH** in water, its stock solution of 0.25 M was prepared in DMSO which was used for fluorescence titration experiment in EtOH: water (3: 2, v/v) at 1.0μM concentration through dilution.

### **1.4. Materials and Instrumentation**

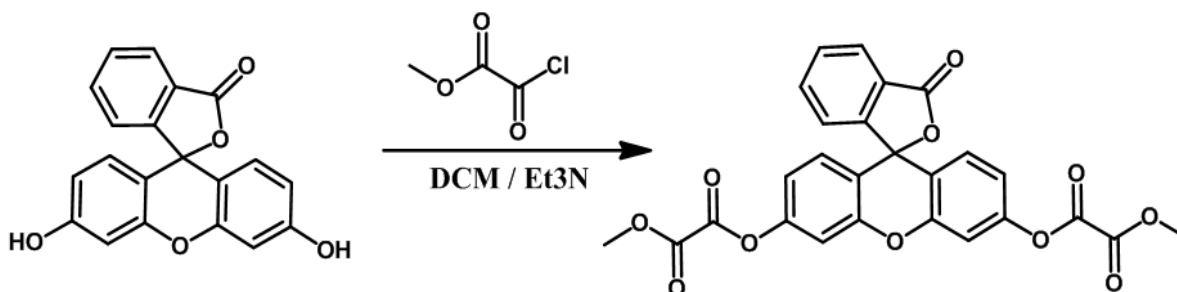
All solvents and reagents (analytical and spectroscopic grade) were obtained from Sigma-Aldrich and were used as received. Solutions of various anions were prepared as their TBA salts.

The chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) are reported in ppm, relative to tetramethylsilane [ $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_4$ ]. The UV-vis. absorption spectra were recorded at 25°C using a UV-1700 pharmaspec spectrophotometer. Emission spectra were recorded on Varian Cary Eclipse Fluorescence spectrophotometer and JY HORIBA Fluorescence spectrophotometer. The IR Spectra were recorded on JASCO-FTIR Spectrophotometer while  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL AL 300 FT NMR Spectrometer. Mass spectrometric analysis was carried out on a MDS Sciex API 2000 LCMS spectrometer.

### Synthesis of Receptor FLH

To the mixture of fluorescein (0.15g, 0.45mmol) and triethylamine (0.2mL) in 15 mL anhydrous dichloromethane ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ) at 0°C; methylchloroacetate (0.5 mL, in 5 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ) was added drop wise with constant stirring over the time period of 30 min. The reaction mixture was warmed at room temperature and was further stirred overnight (**Scheme 1**). The solution was diluted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (30 mL), washed with brine (30 mL  $\times$  2), and then dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . The solvent was removed in vacuum to obtain a crude solid mixture. Finally, the target compound **FLH** was isolated as a yellow solid (70% yield) by silica chromatography eluting with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . The purity of **FLH** was checked by thin layer chromatography (TLC). The probe **FLH** was fully characterized by  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR, IR along with ESI-MS spectrometry (**ESI; Figure 1 to 4**).

**Spectroscopic characterization data of FLH:** Yield: 64%; **IR/cm<sup>-1</sup>:** 3401, 3102, 2924, 2854, 1538, 1523, 1766, 1435, 1364, 1109, 1090, 925, 820;  **$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, TMS):**  $\delta$  = 8.97 (d, 1H, ArH), 7.8-7.7 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.44 (d, 2H, ArH), 7.07, 6.96 (d,d 3H, ArH), 3.87 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3^-$ );  **$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, TMS):**  $\delta$  =172.40, 169.29, 166.21, 156.53, 154.66, 151.29, 150.72, 129.25, 125.33, 124.96, 123.92, 117.91, 116.93, 110.09, 102.21, 80.62; **ESI-MS:** m/z Calculated for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_9\text{S}$  [M] = 504, Found [M+1] = 505.2.

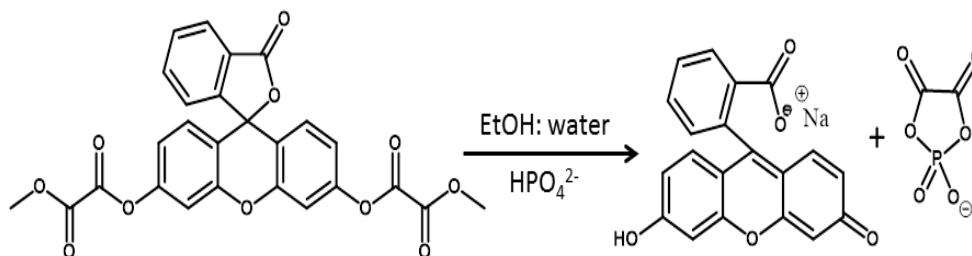


**Scheme 1.** Synthesis of receptor **FLH**.

## Synthesis of FLHP

Mono basic phosphate adduct of **FLH** i.e. **FLHP** was synthesized by adding 3 mL aqueous solution of  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  (1.5 mmol) slowly to a magnetically stirred 10 mL ethanol: water (3:2, v/v) solution of **FLH** (0.5 mmol) (**Scheme 2**). The mixture was further stirred at room temperature for ~2 hours where by a yellowish precipitate was formed. The same was filtered and washed several times with diethyl ether and finally dried under vacuum over anhydrous  $\text{CaCl}_2$ . The probe **FLHP** was fully characterized by  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR, IR along with ESI-MS spectrometry (**ESI; Figure 5 to 8**).

**Spectroscopic characterization data of complex FLHP:** Yield: 40%; **IR**/ $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3427, 2963, 2876, 2169, 1707, 1634, 1575, 1523, 1486, 1468, 1421, 1387, 1345, 1226, 1209, 1167, 1105, 1033, 882, 740;  **$^1\text{H}$  NMR:** (300 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ , TMS):  $\delta$  = 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H, Ar), 8.02-7.98 (m, 3H, Ar), 7.82-7.74 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.71 (s, 1H, Ar), 7.38-6.51 (m, 3H, Ar), 3.91 (s, 3H,  $\text{OCH}_3$ );  **$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR** (75 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ , TMS):  $\delta$  = 211.68, 168.29, 159.67, 156.50, 154.68, 152.06, 151.44, 151.20, 150.76, 135.46, 130.38, 130.04, 129.11, 128.76, 128.08, 125.83, 124.59, 123.87, 100.00, 109.83, 109.43, 105.24, 51.90; **ESI-MS:** m/z Calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{11}\text{NaO}_5$  [M] = 354 found [M-1] = 353.1.

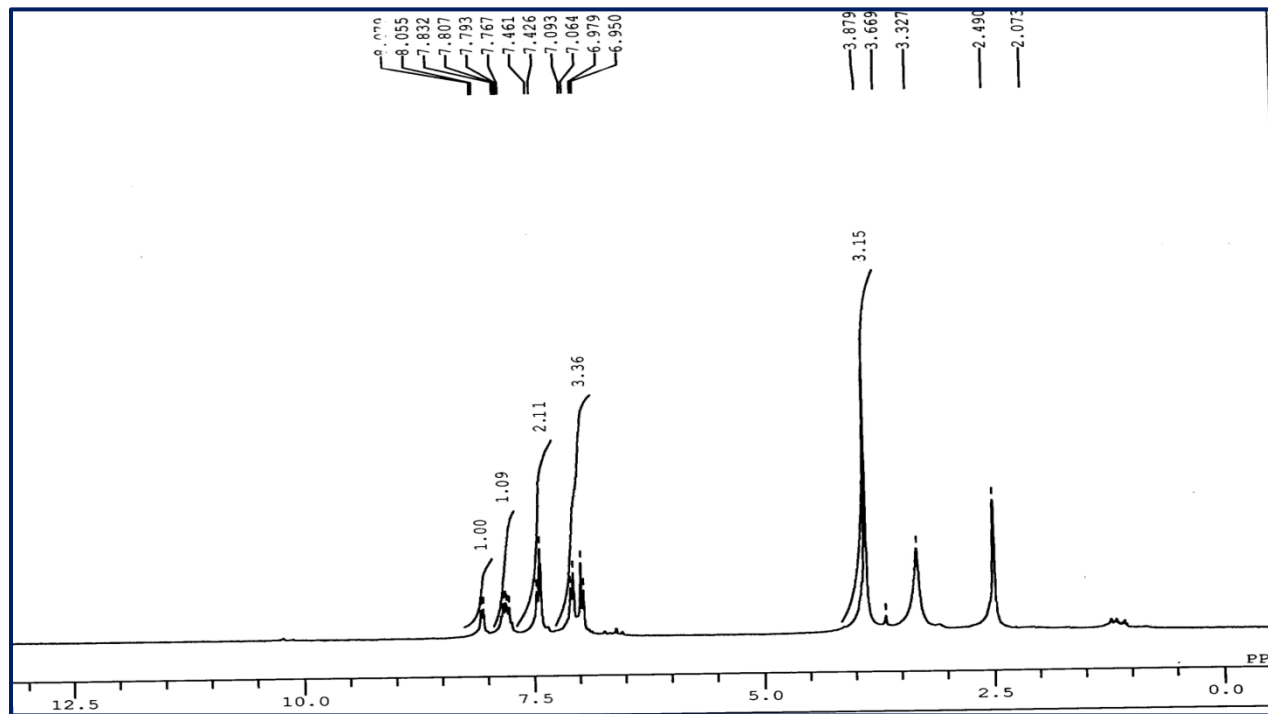


**Scheme 2.** Synthesis of **FLHP**.

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**Figure S1:**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **FLH** (in  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ ):



**Figure S2:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of **FLH** (in  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ ):

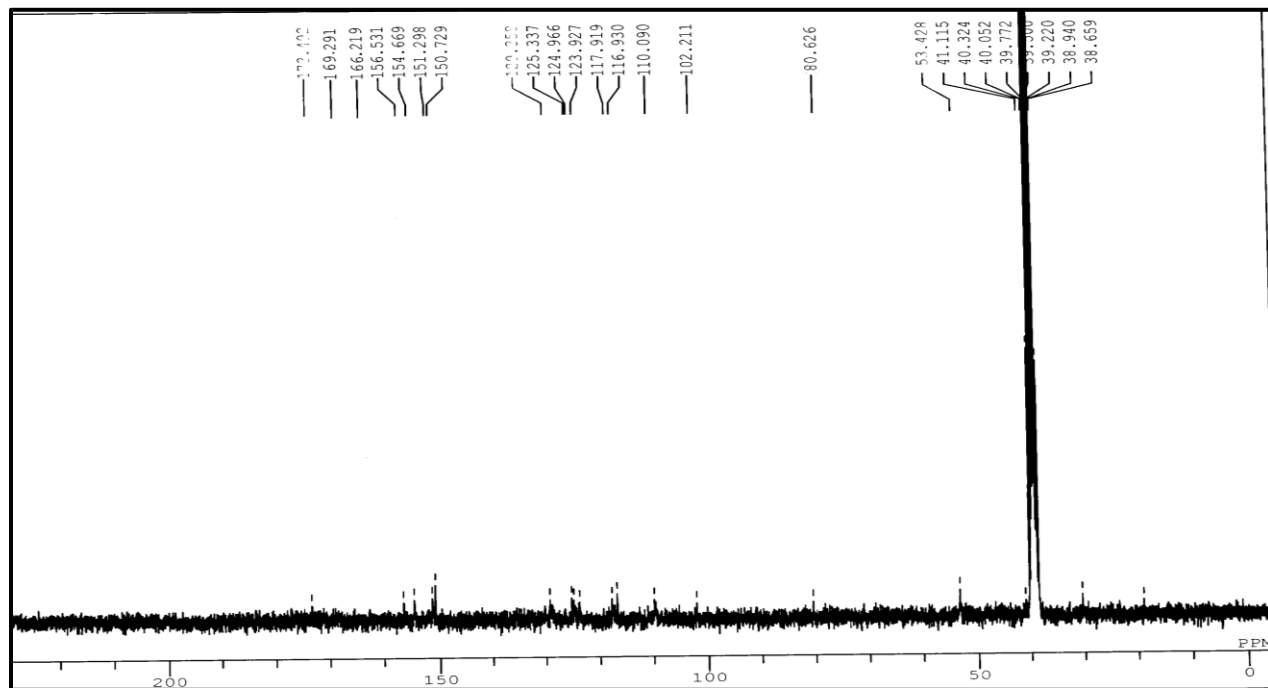


Figure S3: IR spectrum of FLH:

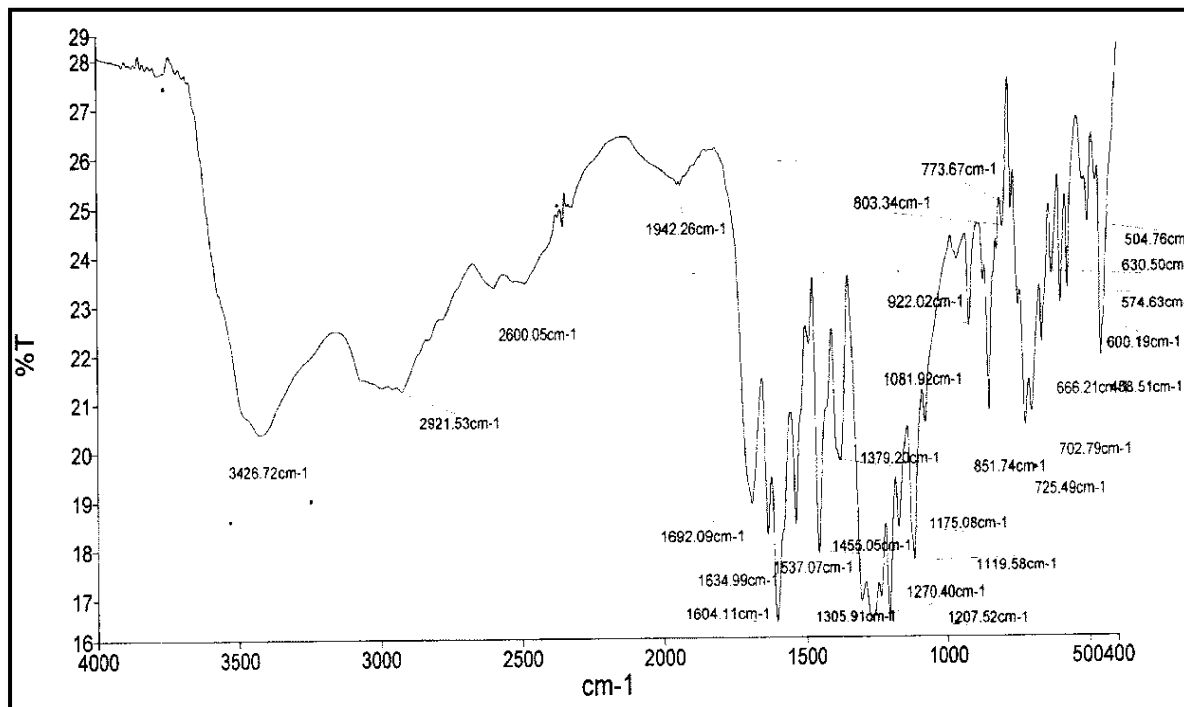


Figure S4: Mass spectrum of FLH:

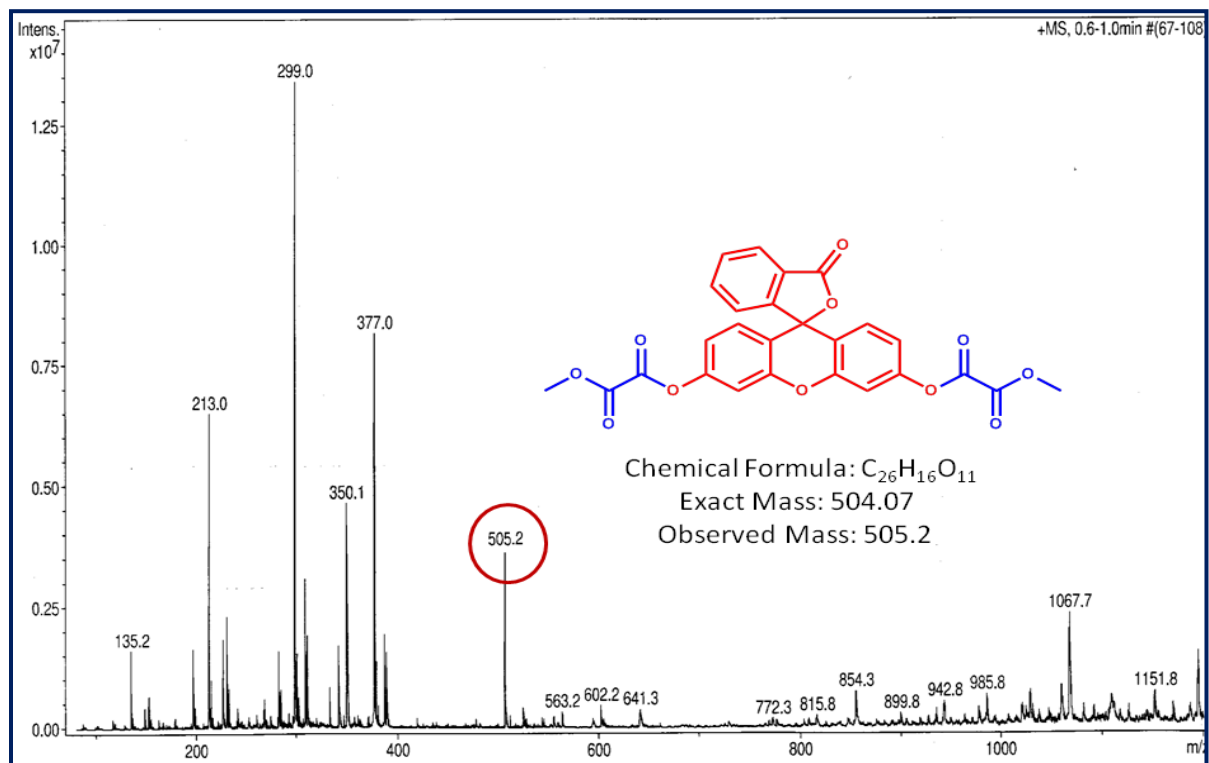
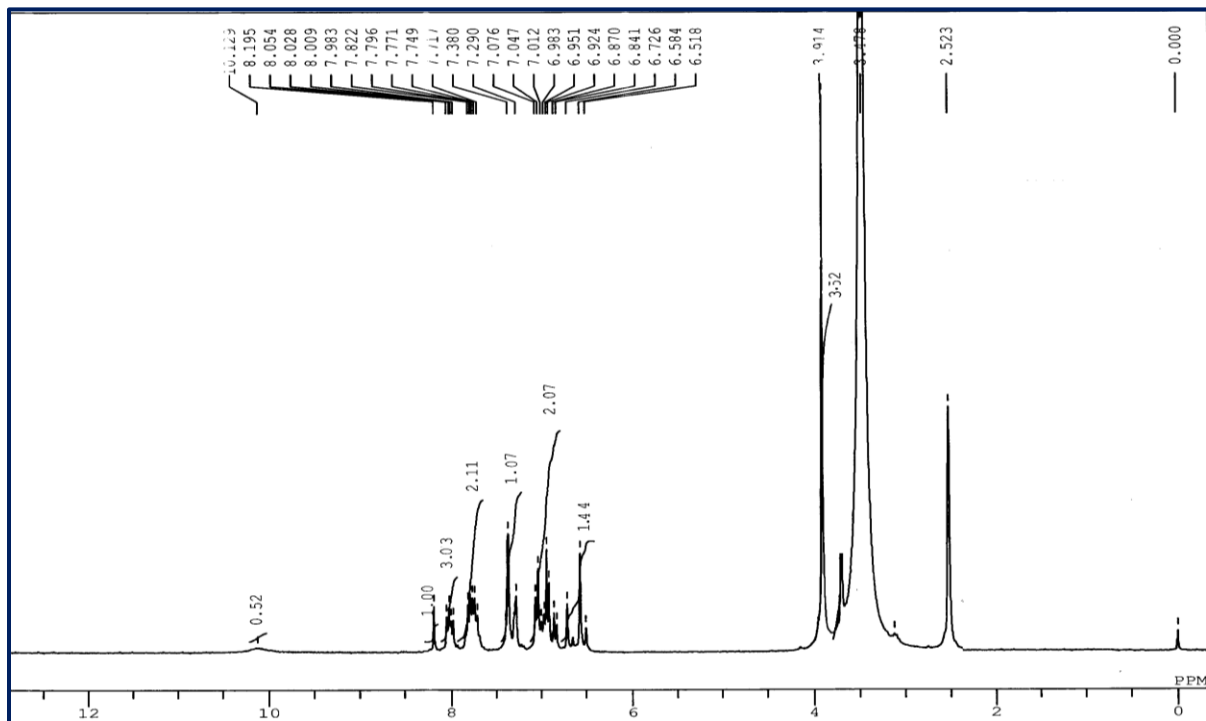




Figure S5:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of FLHP (in  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ ):



**Figure S6:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of **FLHP** (in  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ ):

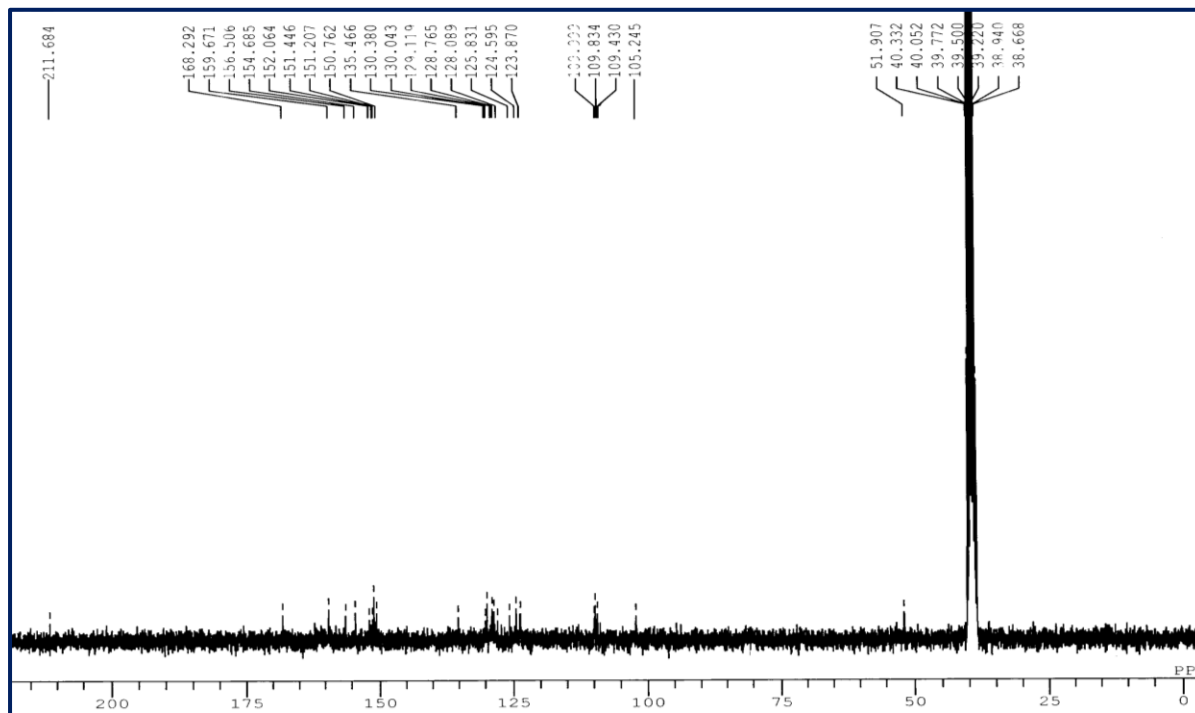
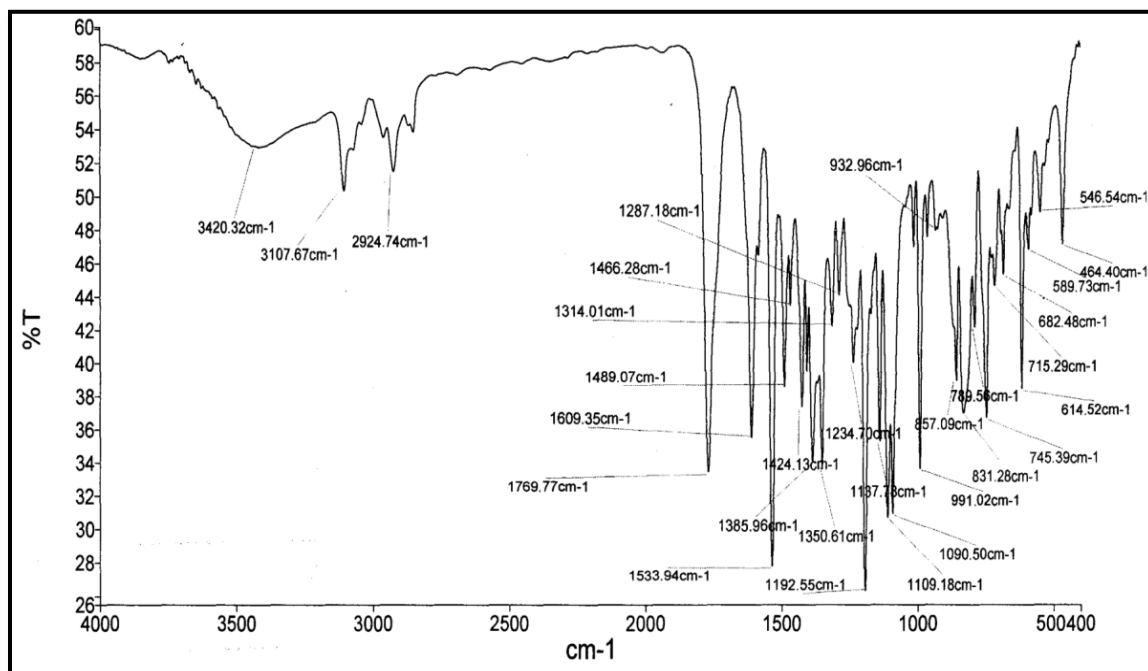
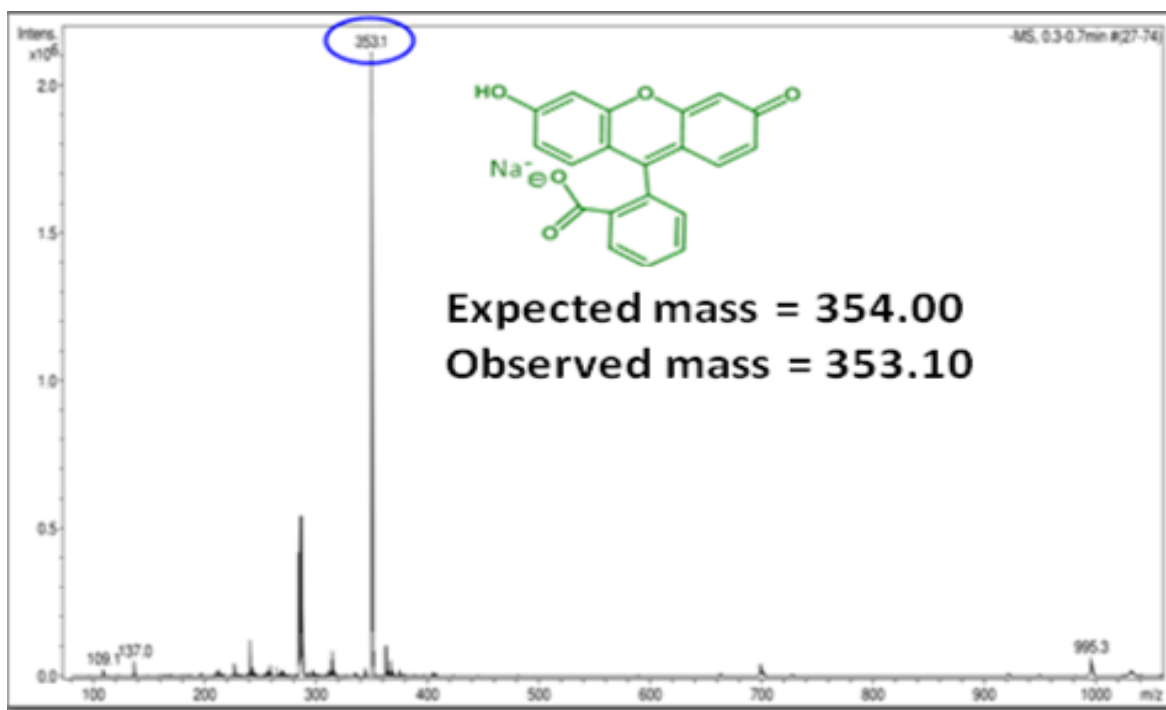


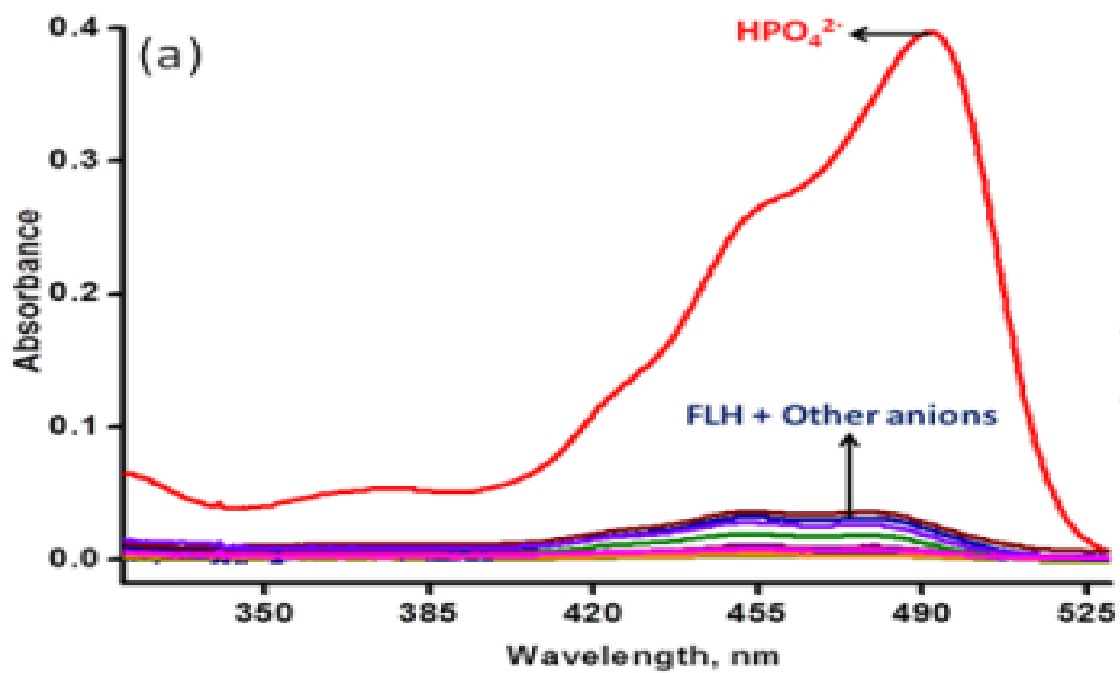
Figure S7: IR spectrum of FLHP:



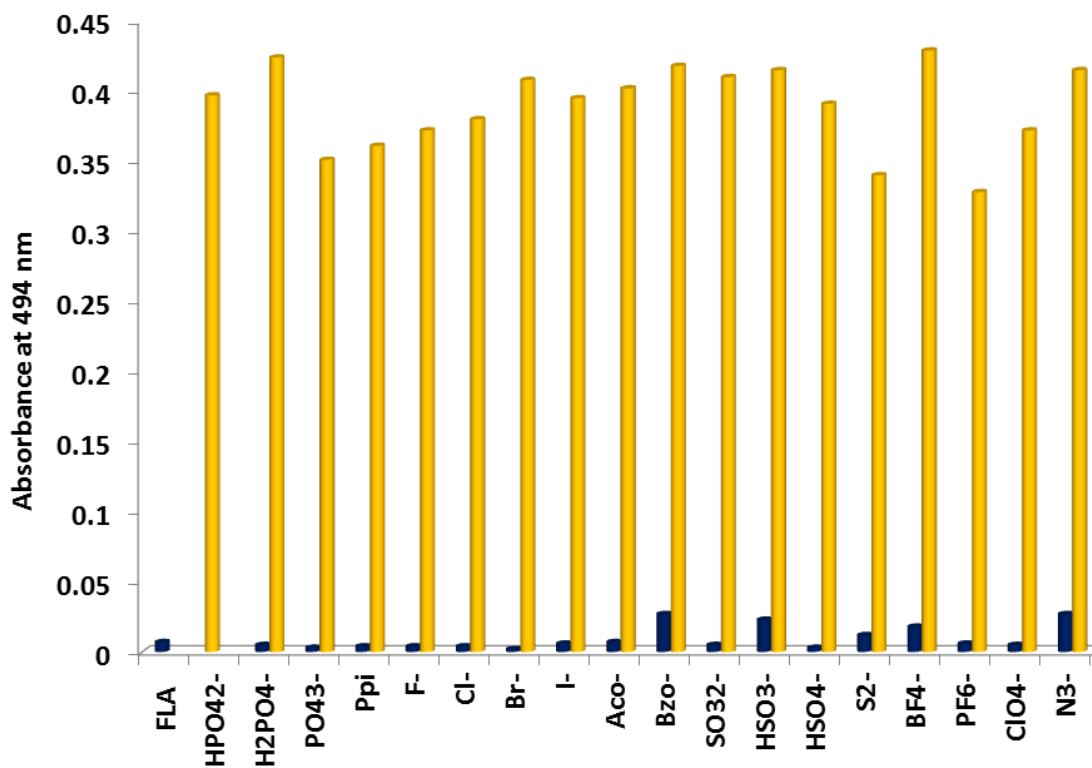
**Figure S8:** Mass spectrum of **FLHP**:



**Figure S9:** UV-visible spectra of **FLH** with different anions at 10 $\mu$ M in EtOH: water (3: 2, v/v) medium:



**Figure S10:** Bar graph representation of Absorption spectrum for competition study; [yellow bars] showing response **FLH** in presence of various anions, [blue bars] showing response of **FLH** in presence of  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  followed by various competing anions:



**Figure S11:** Naked-eye images of **FLH** in the presence of  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  and various anions (under visible light):

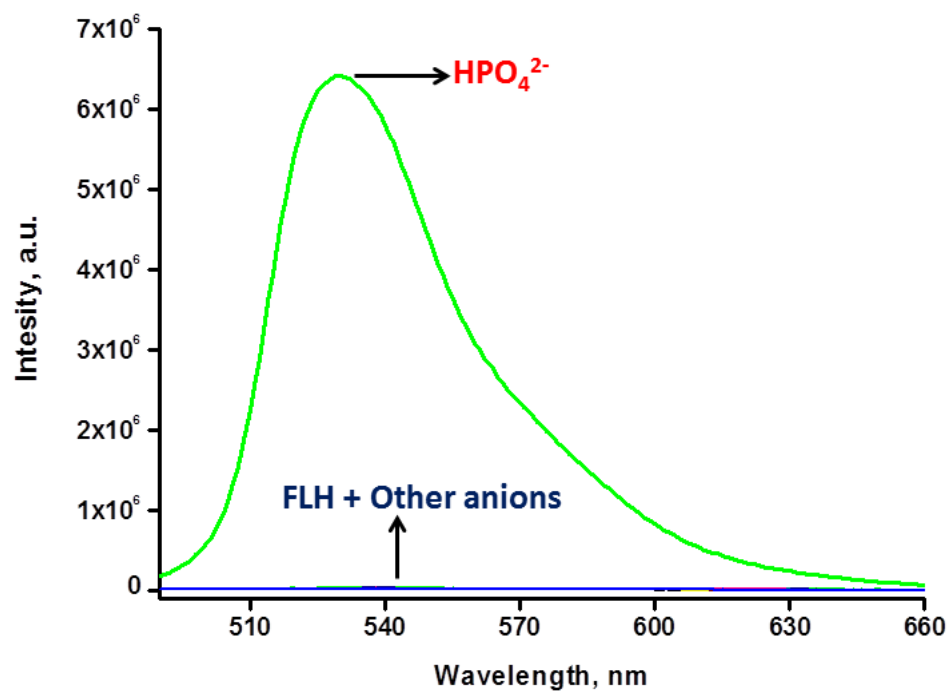


**Figure S12:** Naked eye fluorescence images of **FLH** (1.0 $\mu$ M) in the presence of  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  and various anions (10 equiv.):

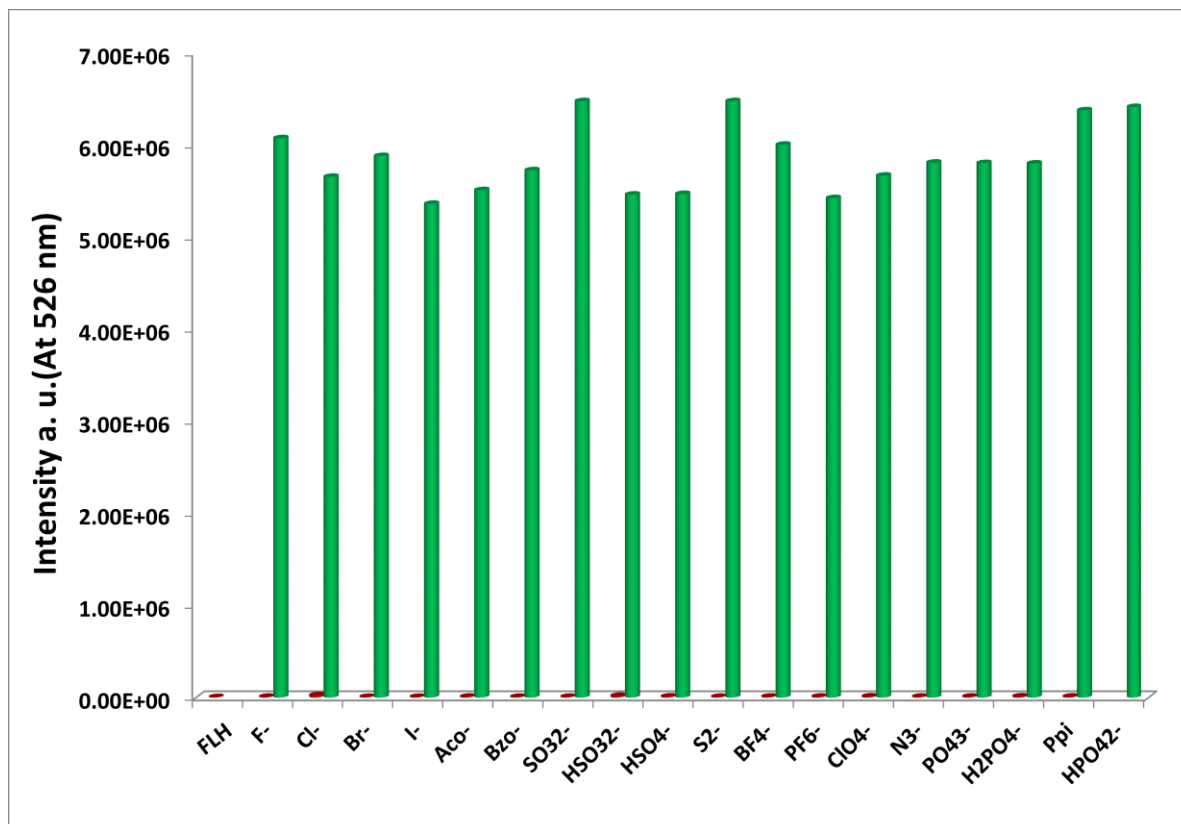




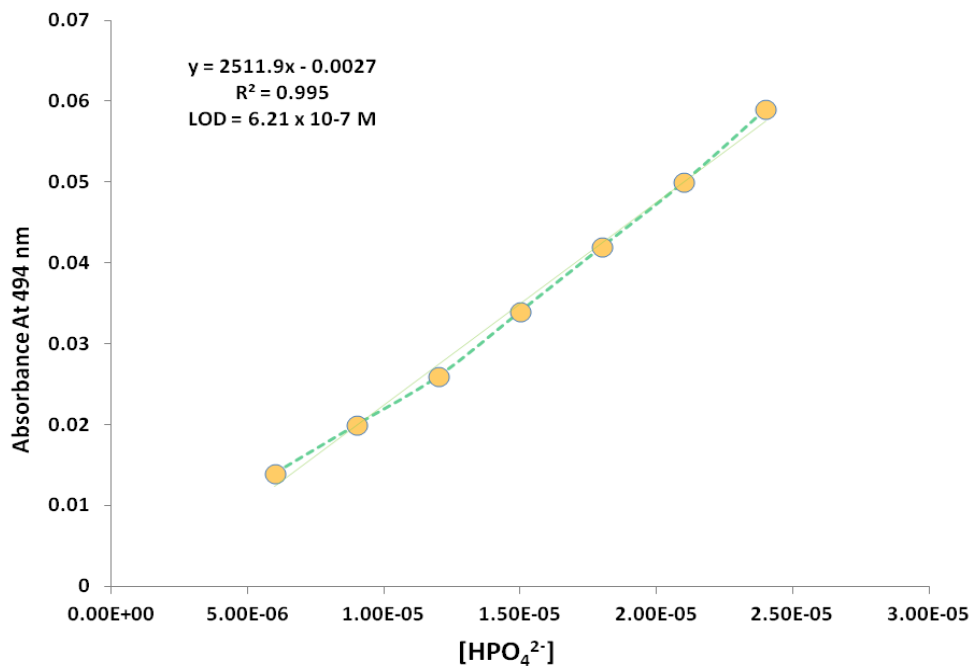
**Figure S13:** Fluorescence spectra of receptor **FLH** (1.0 $\mu$ M) upon addition of different anions:



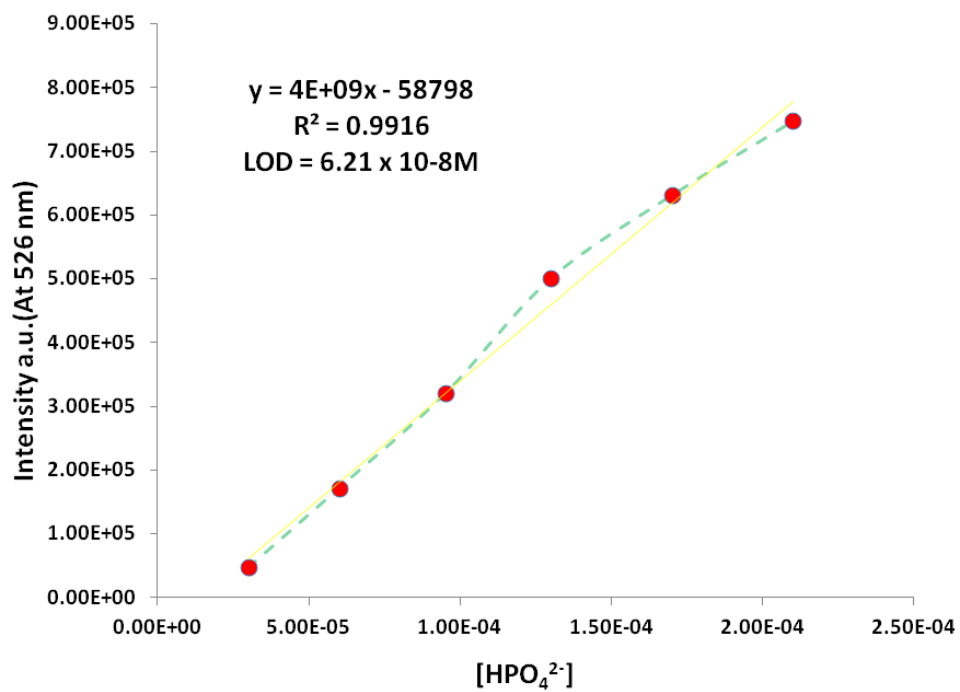
**Figure S14:** Bar graph representation of emission spectrum for competition study; [green bars] showing response **FLH** in presence of various anions, [red bars] showing response of **FLH** in presence of  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  followed by various competing anions:



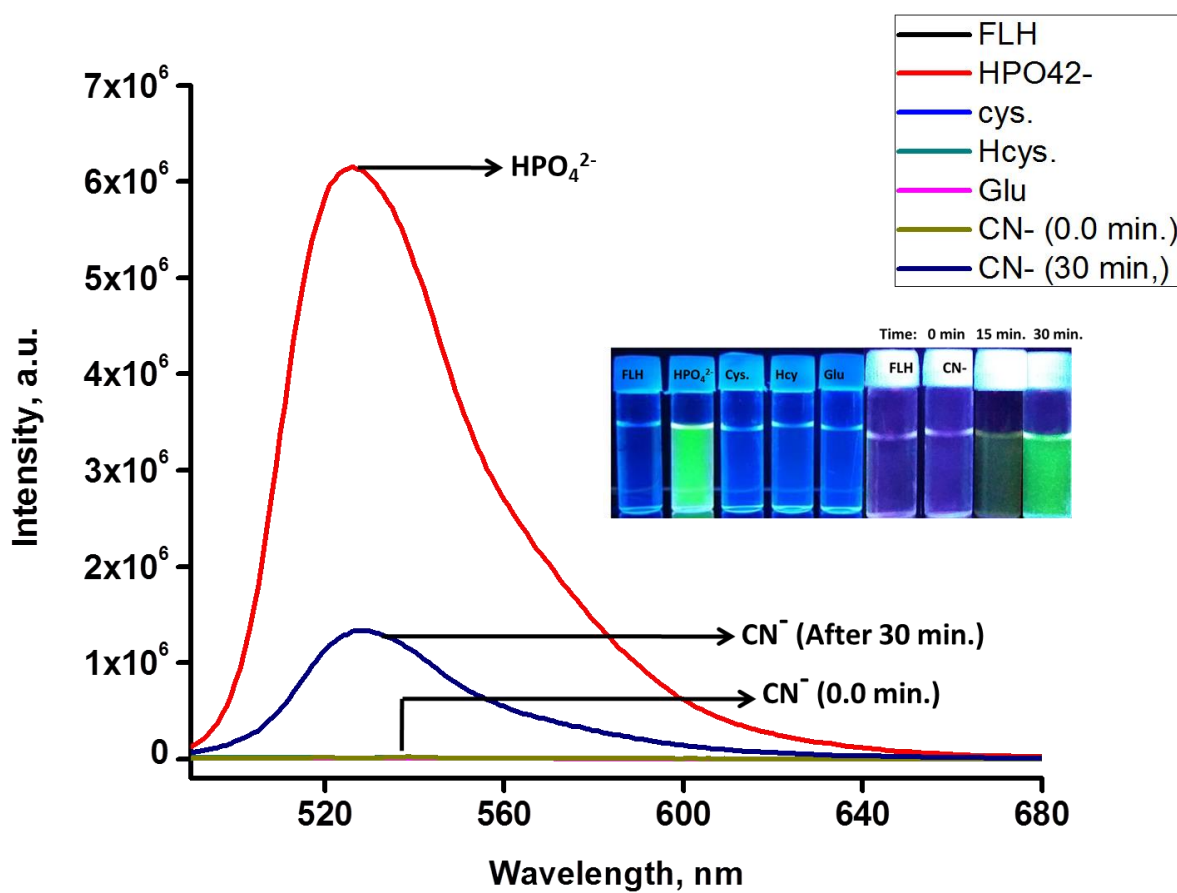
**Figure S15:** Calibration curve for determination of detection limit of **FLH** for  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  by using absorption titration data (494 nm):



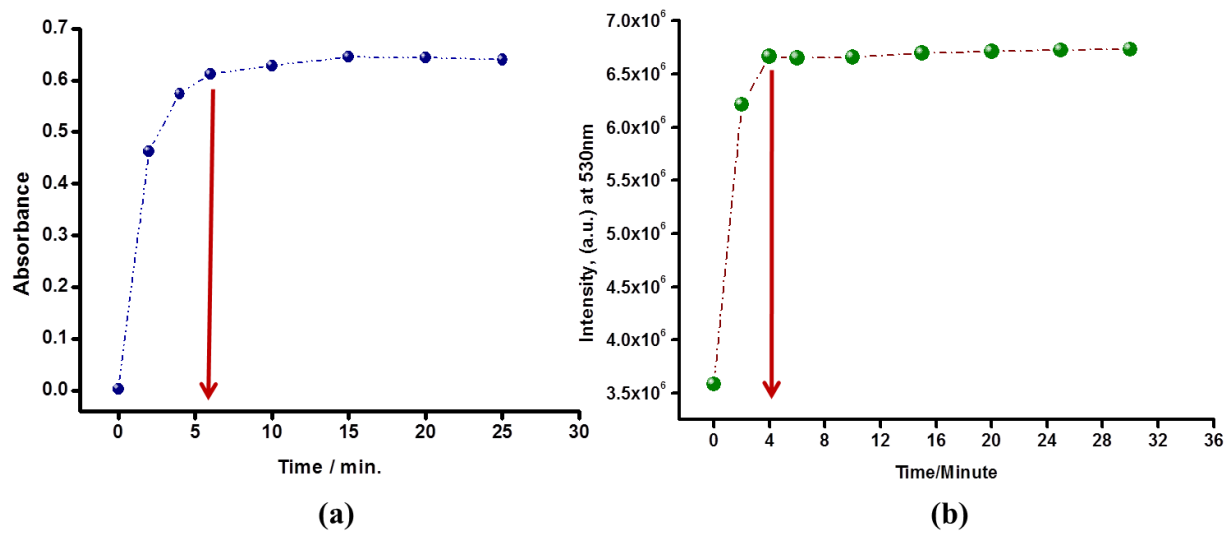
**Figure S16:** Calibration curve for determination of detection limit of **FLH** for  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  by using emission titration data (526 nm):



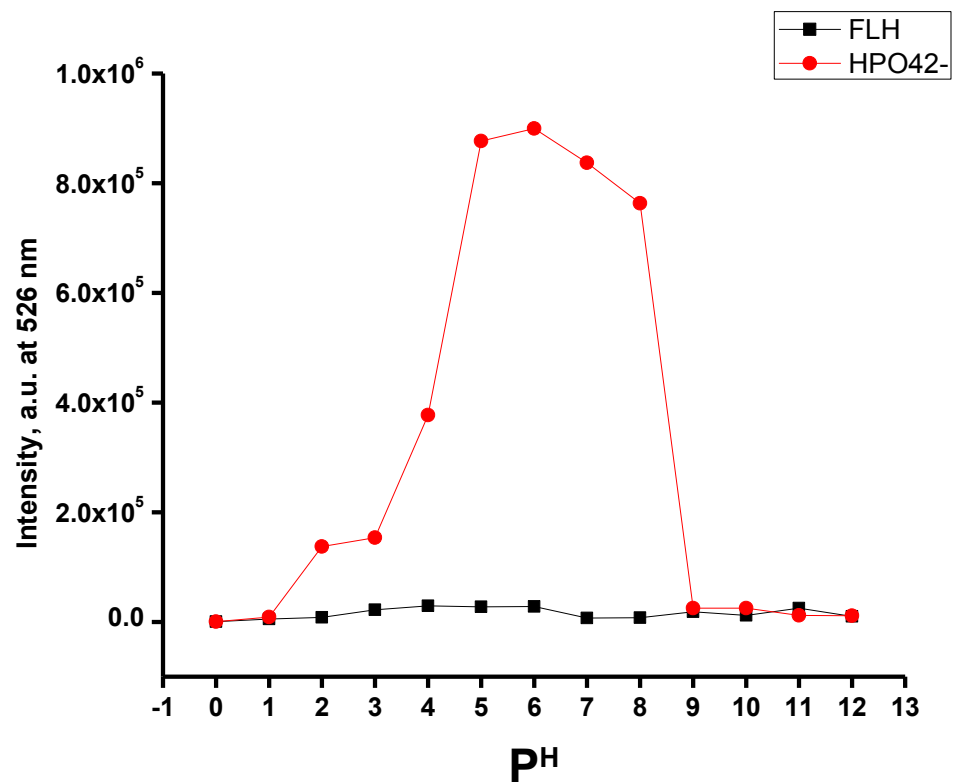
**Figure S17:** Fluorescence spectra of receptor **FLH** (1.0 $\mu$ M) upon addition different anions and corresponding fluorescence images



**Figure S18:** Reaction time profile of **FLH** with  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  by (a) Through UV-visible spectra ( $\lambda_{\text{abs}}$  at 495 nm) and (b) Fluorescence spectra  $\lambda_{\text{em}}$  at 530 nm.



**Figure S19:** The variation in fluorescence intensity in **FLH** with the change in pH in the presence of  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$ :



**TABLE S1:** Crystal data of **FLHP**

<b>Identification code</b>	<b>FLHP</b>
CCDC number	<b>994988</b>
Empirical formula	$C_{20}H_{14}O_6$
Formula weight	350.31
Temperature	293(2) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, P -1
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.1166(11) Å    alpha = 70.890(10) deg. b = 9.7387(12) Å    beta = 69.248(11) deg. c = 11.3513(12) Å    gamma = 77.970(11) deg.
Volume	788.47(17) Å <sup>3</sup>
Absorption coefficient	0.110 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	364.0
Crystal size	0.24 x 0.20 x 0.18 mm
Theta range for data collection	3.31 to 29.02 deg.
Limiting indices	-10<=h<=9, -11<=k<=12, -12<=l<=14
Reflections collected / unique	6075 / 3557 [R(int) = 0.0390]
Completeness to theta = 25.00	99.8 %
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>
Data / restraints / parameters	3557 / 0 / 240
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.007
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0723, wR2 = 0.1541
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1596, wR2 = 0.2106
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.277 and -0.285 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>