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## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Synthesis, characterization and photodynamic activity of Sn(IV) triarylcorroles with red-

## shifted Q bands

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Figure S1. MALDI-TOF MS data for 1-Sn and 2-Sn.



Figure S2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz) spectra of 1-Sn and 2-Sn in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S3. Emission spectra of (a) 2 and (b) 2-Sn in DMF upon excitation at the B band maximum.



Figure S4. Fluorescence decay (magenta or royal blue) and IRF (light blue or red) curves for 1, 2, 1-Sn, 2-Sn in DMF.



**Figure S5**. Transient absorption curve for (a) **1-Sn**, (b) **2-Sn** in DMF upon irradiation at 425 nm. The decay curves for (c) **1-Sn** and (d) **2-Sn** at 500 nm.



**Figure S6**. Plots of the change in absorbance for DPBF at 414 nm *vs*. irradiation time; (a) **1-Sn** and (b) **2-Sn** in the presence of different quenchers. L and D refers to light and dark, respectively.



**Figure S7**. Cytotoxicity of (a) **1** and (b) **2** in MCF-7 cells after 24 h incubation in the dark followed by photo-irradiation (30 min) with a Thorlabs 625 nm LED as determined by MTT assay. The dark treated cells are denoted with solid black circles, while red circles are used for the photoexposed cells (30 min).



**Figure S8**. The calculated TD-DFT spectra of **1-Sn** and **2-Sn** at the CAM-B3LYP/SDD level of theory. The Q and B bands are highlighted with red diamonds. The simulated spectra were generated with the Chemcraft program with a fixed bandwidth of 2000 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

	# a	$\lambda_{\exp}^{b}$	$\lambda_{calc} c$	$\mathbf{v_{calc}}^d$	f <sup>e</sup>	Wavefunction = f
1-Sn						
Q	1	627	560	17.9	0.19	74% s $\rightarrow$ a; 25% a $\rightarrow$ s;
	2		525	19.1	0.00	<b>59%</b> $\mathbf{a} \rightarrow \mathbf{a}$ ; <b>39%</b> $\mathbf{s} \rightarrow \mathbf{s}$ ;
В	3	434	372	26.9	1.14	<b>58%</b> s $\rightarrow$ s; <b>37%</b> a $\rightarrow$ a;
	4		368	27.2	1.31	$68\% a \rightarrow s; 24\% s \rightarrow a; \dots$
2-Sn						
Q	1	617	548	18.3	0.18	75% s $\rightarrow$ a; 24% a $\rightarrow$ s;
	2		512	19.5	0.01	<b>59%</b> $\mathbf{a} \rightarrow \mathbf{a}$ ; <b>40%</b> $\mathbf{s} \rightarrow \mathbf{s}$ ;
В	3	426	360	27.7	1.19	$60\% s \rightarrow s; 38\% a \rightarrow a; \dots$
	4		355	28.2	1.28	73% $\mathbf{a} \rightarrow \mathbf{s}$ ; 25% $\mathbf{s} \rightarrow \mathbf{a}$ ;

**Table S1**. Calculated and observed electronic excitation wavelengths of the B3LYP/6-31G(d) optimized geometries of **1-Sn** and **2-Sn** at the CAM-B3LYP/SDD level of theory, and their calculated oscillator strengths and wavefunctions.

<sup>*a*</sup> Excited state number assigned in increasing energy in the TD-DFT calculations. Only states located below 33,333 cm<sup>-1</sup> resulting from allowed electronic transitions with an oscillator strength greater than 0.5 are consistently included. <sup>*b*</sup> Experimental wavelengths in nm, recorded in Table 1. <sup>*c*</sup> Calculated wavelengths in nm. <sup>*d*</sup> Calculated band energy (10<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>). <sup>*e*</sup> Calculated oscillator strengths. <sup>*f*</sup> Wavefunctions describing the MOs involved in the transition based on eigenvectors predicted by TD-DFT. Only one-electron transition contributions of more than 5% are included. **a**, **s**, -**a** and -**s** refer to the MO nomenclature of Michl's perimeter model.

## **Full Reference**

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