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## **Supporting Information**

## Janus coordination polymer derived PdO/ZnO nanoribbons for efficient 4-nitrophenol reduction

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Figure S1. digital photos for the color changes during the synthesis process.



Figure S2. FTIR spectra of the Zn (MAA)<sub>2</sub> nanoribbons.

The characteristic asymmetric and symmetric stretching vibrations peaks of carboxylate groups is located at about 1420 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 1546 cm<sup>-1</sup> respectively in the FTIR spectra of the  $Zn(MAA)_2$  nanoribbons, manifesting the successful coordination of  $Zn^{2+}$  and MAA<sup>-</sup>.



**Figure S3.** TGA curve of Zn(MAA)<sub>2</sub> nanoribbons tested under air atmosphere (heating rate: 10 °C/min).

As is shown in TGA curve, the initial decomposition temperature and the complete decomposition temperature of the  $Zn(MAA)_2$  nanoribbons under air atmosphere is around 102 and 352 °C respectively. TGA results further manifests the molecule formula of  $Zn(MAA)_2$  we synthesized. The weight loss ratio from 102 to 352 °C is approximately 66.42 %, which is in accordance with the calculated value of 65.37 %.



Figure S4. XRD pattern of the Zn (MAA)<sub>2</sub> assemblies.



Figure S5. SEM image of the Zn (MAA)<sub>2</sub> nanoribbons.



**Figure S6.** FTIR spectrum of the Zn (MAA)<sub>2</sub>/Pd(II) nanoribbons (a) and the Zn(MAA)<sub>2</sub> nanoribbons (b).



**Figure S7.** SEM image of the Zn (MAA)<sub>2</sub>/Pd(II) nanoribbons.



**Figure S8.** TEM images (a, b) of the Zn (MAA)<sub>2</sub>/Pd(II) nanoribbons.



Figure S9. EDX spectrum of Zn(MAA)2/Pd(II).



**Figure. S10** High-resolution XPS spectra of ZnO/PdO nanoribbons: Zn 2p spectrum (a), and Pd 3d spectrum (b).

According to Fig. S10a, peaks are located at 1022.0 and 1045.0 eV in Zn 2p spectra, Thus, the spin-orbit splitting for  $Zn-2p_{3/2}$  and  $Zn-2p_{1/2}$  is calculated to be 23 eV, which confirms the Zn atoms are completely oxidized.



Figure. S11 SEM image of the ZnO/PdO nanoribbons.