## Synthesis and Spectroscopic Characterization of Ternary Copper(II) Complexes Containing Nitrogen and Oxygen Donors as Functional Mimics of Catechol Oxidase and Phenoxazinone Synthase

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S1: FTIR spectrum of Me<sub>4</sub>en



S2: FTIR spectrum of EDTA



S3: Multi FTIR spectra of complex 1 and its ligand system L and L'



S4: FTIR spectrum of N-methyl iminodiacetic acid



S5: Multi FTIR spectra of complex  ${\bf 2}$  and its ligand system L and L'



S6: FTIR spectrum of complex 2



S7: ESR spectra of complexes  ${\bf 1}$  and  ${\bf 2}$ 



S8: (a) Cyclic voltammogram for complex **2** at CPE at phosphate buffer pH 7 using scan rate of 50 mV/s; (b) Effect of scan rate on the peak current height of  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M complex **2** using cyclic voltammetry at CPE at phosphate buffer pH 7



S9: Cyclic voltammogram for  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M 3,5-DTBCH<sub>2</sub> at CPME at phosphate buffer pH 7 using scan rate of 50 mV/s.



S10: Cyclic voltammogram for  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M *o*-APH<sub>3</sub> at CPME at phosphate buffer pH 7 using scan rate of 50 mV/s



S11: Dependence of the initial rate on the concentration of the substrate for the oxidation reaction of 3,5-DTBCH<sub>2</sub> catalyzed by complex **2** in methanol; (a) is the first step and (b) is the second step. The concentration of complex was  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and the reaction was followed at 400 nm



S12: Dependence of the initial rate on the concentration of the substrate for the oxidation reaction of CatH<sub>2</sub> catalyzed by complex **1** in methanol; (a) is the first step and (b) is the second step. The concentration of complex was  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and the reaction was followed at 390 nm



S13: Dependence of the initial rate on the concentration of the substrate for the oxidation reaction of 4-CH<sub>3</sub>-CatH<sub>2</sub> catalyzed by complex 1 in methanol; (a) is the first step and (b) is the second step. The concentration of complex was  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and the reaction was followed at 400 nm



S14: Dependence of the initial rate on the substrate concentration for the oxidation reaction of 4- NO<sub>2</sub>-CatH<sub>2</sub> catalyzed by complex 1 in methanol for the first step; the concentration of complex was  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and the reaction was followed at 400 nm



S15: Dependence of the initial rate for on the concentration of the substrate for the oxidation reaction of *o*-APH<sub>3</sub> catalyzed by complex **2** in methanol; (a) is the first step and (b) is the second step. The concentration of complex was  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and the reaction was followed at 433 nm



S16: Dependence of the initial rate for on the concentration of the substrate for the oxidation reaction of *o*-APH<sub>3</sub> catalyzed by complex **2** in methanol; (a) is the first step and (b) is the second step. The concentration of complex was  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and the reaction was followed at 433 nm