Supporting Information

Hierarchical Multi-Level Block Copolymer Patterns by Multiple Self-Assembly

Hyunsung Jung^{1†}, Won Ho Shin^{1†}, Tae Wan Park¹, Young Joong Choi¹, Young Joon Yoon¹, Sung Heum Park^{2,6}, Jae-Hong Lim³, Jung-Dae Kwon³, Jung Woo Lee⁴, Se-Hun Kwon⁴, Gi Hun Seong^{5*}, Kwang Ho Kim^{4,6*}, and Woon Ik Park^{1,6*}

¹Electronic Convergence Materials Division, Korea Institute of Ceramic Engineering & Technology (KICET) 101 Soho-ro, Jinju 52851, Republic of Korea

²Department of Physics, Pukyoung National University (PKNU), Busan 48547, Republic of Korea

³Surface Technology Division, Korea Institute of Materials Science (KIMS), Gyeongnam 51395, Republic of Korea

⁴Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Pusan National University (PNU), Pusan 46241, Republic of Korea

⁵Department of Bionano Engineering, Hanyang University, Ansan 15588, Republic of Korea

⁶Global Frontier R&D Center for Hybrid Interface Materials, Busan 46241, Republic of Korea

KEYWORDS: block copolymer, self-assembly, multi-patterning, double-dot pattern, pondering

structure

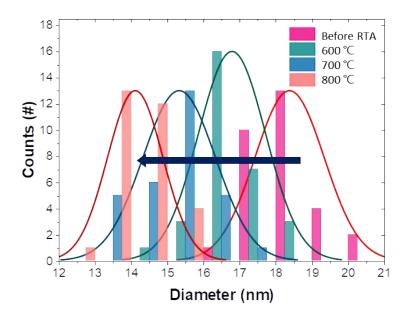


Figure S1. Size distribution of SiO_x dot patterns at various RTA temperatures. Graph for size distribution of self-assembled SiO_x dot (SD51) patterns. The pattern size decreases in proportion to the RTA temperature.

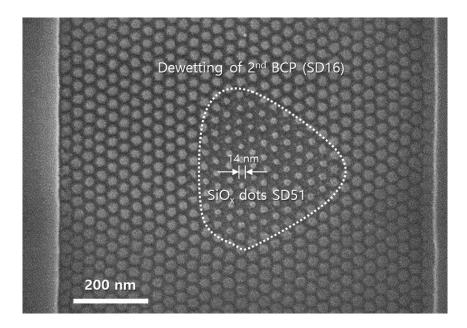


Figure S2. Dewetting of the self-assembled second BCP (SD16) on a SiO_x dot pattern. A selfassembled SiO_x dot pattern was used as a template to form a big-dot pattern of which the dewetting area indicates that the templated SiO_x dots are converted into the big-size dot pattern through a second self-assembly of cylinder-forming SD16 BCP under a high vapor pressure of toluene.

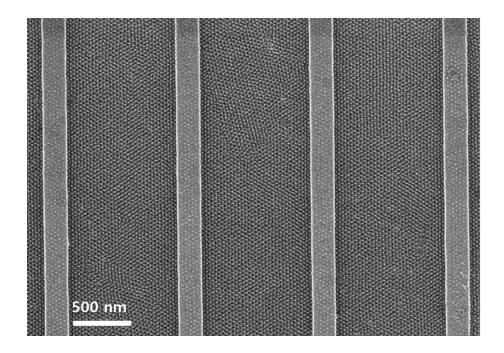


Figure S3. Self-assembled double-dot SiO_x pattern in a topographic Si template over a large area. The self-assembled SD51 at 2.2 wt% annealed in pure toluene shows a multi-layer dot (double-dot) SiO_x pattern.