## **Electronic supplementary information**

## Ionic Aggregation-Induced Emission Dye with Bulky Counterions for Preparation of Bright Near-Infrared Polymeric Nanoparticles

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**Fig. S1**. AIE characteristics of **TPE-F5**. A) absorption and B) fluorescence spectra of **TPE-F5** in CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O mixtures with different water fractions ( $f_W$ ). C) Plot of the relative fluorescence intensity ( $I/I_0$ ) at 710 nm versus  $f_W$  of the CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O mixture of **TPE-F5**. Excitation wavelength: 450 nm.



**Fig. S2**. AIE characteristics of **TPE-PF**<sub>6</sub>. A) Fluorescence spectra of **TPE-PF**<sub>6</sub> in CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O mixtures with different water fractions ( $f_W$ ) B) Plot of the relative fluorescence intensity ( $I/I_0$ ) at 650 nm versus  $f_W$  of the CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O mixture of **TPE-PF**<sub>6</sub>. Excitation wavelength: 450 nm.



**Fig. S3**. AIE characteristics of **TPE-CIO**<sub>4</sub>. A) Fluorescence spectra of **TPE-CIO**<sub>4</sub> in CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O mixtures with different water fractions ( $f_W$ ). B) Plot of the relative fluorescence intensity ( $I/I_0$ ) at 650 nm versus  $f_W$  of the CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O mixture of **TPE-CIO**<sub>4</sub>. Excitation wavelength: 450 nm.



Fig. S4. Large aggregates observed for TPE-PF6 polymeric NPs under wide-field fluorescence microscopy after immobilizing the particles on glass plates. Scale bar 10  $\mu$ M.



**Fig. S5.** Average intensity (A) and normalized single-particle intensity (B) as a function of time, recorded by a wide-field microscope. The excitation power density was 7.6 W cm<sup>-2</sup> at 470 nm.



**Fig. S6**. Stability of emission properties of TPE NPs in Serum. Fluorescence spectra of **TPE-F12** and **TPE-F5** NPs in A) phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) and B) 10% FBS-Phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) after incubation for 1 h. Excitation wavelength: 450 nm.



**Fig. S7**. Fluorescence imaging of HeLa cells incubated with **TPE-F5** PMMA-MA NPs or **TPE-PF6** NPs without polymer. The images correspond to A) **TPE-F5** polymeric NPs (PMMA-MA, 350 mM dye loading, pH 7.4), B) **TPE-PF6** (without polymer, pH 7.4) were incubated with HeLa cells for 3 h at 37 °C. The first column (in green) represents images of NPs after co-staining with a membrane marker **F2N12SM** using an excitation at 405 nm and a detection range of 450–500 nm, while second panels (red) present images of TPE polymeric NPs with an excitation of 488 nm and a detection range of 670-750 nm. Scale bar, 10  $\mu$ M. NPs were added to a final concentration corresponding to 210 nM of the loaded dye salt.



**Fig. S8**. Photostability of the TPE NPs in HeLa cells under continuous irradiation under widefield microscope. The images correspond to polymeric NPs loaded with **TPE-F12** (top), **TPE-F5** (middle) and **TPE-PF6** (bottom) incubated with HeLa cells for 3 h at 37 °C taken during the continuous irradiation at 470 nm (60x objective, power density 2.5 W cm<sup>-2</sup>) and a detection range of 670-750 nm. Scale bar, 20  $\mu$ M. NPs were added to a final concentration corresponding to 210 nM of the loaded dye salt.



**Fig. S9**. Cytotoxicity of the TPE NPs in HeLa cells after 24 h incubation, using MTT assay. Final concentration of the loaded dye salt is presented. Triton X-100 (0.1%) was used as a positive control. The error is the standard deviation of the mean (n = 6).

f <sub>w</sub> (%)	DLS Measurements					
	TPE-F12		TPE-F5		TPE-PF6	
	Size (nm)	PDI	Size (nm)	PDI	Size (nm)	PDI
90	115±2	0.120	240±10	0.143	60-5000 <sup>b</sup>	0.628
80	116±4	0.105	230±15	0.150	150-5000 <sup>b</sup>	0.543
70	130±4	0.097	680±30	0.080	70-400 <sup>b</sup>	0.780
60	300±10	0.081	370±30	0.230	130-4000 <sup>b</sup>	0.300
50	185±5	0.078	200-5000 <sup>b</sup>	0.165	185±10	0.090
30	160±5	0.137	30-5000 <sup>b</sup>	0.300	100-4000 <sup>b</sup>	0.300
10 <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table S1. DLS data obtained for different AIEgens in water-acetonitrile mixtures.<sup>a</sup>

<sup>*a*</sup> The values are corrected for the viscosity of each solvent mixture.  $f_w$  (%) is water fraction in the mixtures. <sup>*b*</sup> Broad range of sizes indicates a largely polydisperse sample with different populations observed in this range. <sup>*c*</sup> The signal was poor indicating absence of aggregates.