Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Nanoscale. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2019

Supplementary Information

Single molybdenum atom anchored on 2D Ti_2NO_2 MXene as a promising electrocatalyst for N_2 fixation

Yuwen Cheng,^{a,b} Jianhong Dai,^a Yan Song,^{a,*} Yumin Zhang^{b,*}

a School of Materials Science and Engineering, Harbin Institute of Technology at Weihai, 2 West Wenhua Road, Weihai, 264209, PR China

b National Key Laboratory of Science and Technology for National Defence on Advanced Composites in Special Environments, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin, 150001, PR China

* Corresponding Authors

E-mail: sy@hitwh.edu.cn (Y.S). E-mail: zhym@hit.edu.cn (Y.M.Z).

1. Reaction mechanisms of nitrogen reduction into ammonia

The reactions of each possible reduction mechanisms are taken into consideration, the reactions for NRR are as below:

Alternating:

C	*+N₂→*N-N	ΔG_1	(S1)
	*N-N+H++ $e^{-} \rightarrow *N-NH$	ΔG_2	(S2)
	*N-NH+H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH-NH	ΔG_3	(\$3)
	*NH-NH+H++e- \rightarrow *NH-NH ₂	ΔG_4	(S4)
	*NH-NH ₂ +H ⁺ + e^{-} *NH ₂ -NH ₂	ΔG_5	(\$5)
	*NH-NH ₂ +H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH ₂ +NH ₃	ΔG_6	(S6)
	$*NH_2+H^++e^- \rightarrow *NH_3$	ΔG_7	(S7)
	$*NH_3 \rightarrow *+NH_3$	ΔG_8	(S8)
Distal:			
	*+ $N_2 \rightarrow N-N$	ΔG_1	(S1)
	*N-N+H++ $e \rightarrow N$ -NH	ΔG_2	(S2)
	*N-NH+H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *N-NH ₂	ΔG_9	(S9)
	*N-NH ₂ +H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *N+NH ₃	ΔG_{10}	(S10)
	$*N+H^++e^-\rightarrow *NH$	ΔG_{11}	(S11)
	*NH+H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH ₂	ΔG_{12}	(S12)
	$*NH_2+H^++e^- \rightarrow *NH_3$	ΔG_7	(S7)
	$*NH_3 \rightarrow *+NH_3$	ΔG_8	(S8)
Enzymatic:			
	$*+N_2 \rightarrow *N-*N$	ΔG_{13}	(S13)
	*N-*N+H++ e^{\rightarrow} N-*NH	ΔG_{14}	(S14)
	*N-*NH+H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH-*NH	ΔG_{15}	(\$15)
	*NH-*NH+H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH-*NH ₂	ΔG_{16}	(S16)
	*NH-*NH ₂ +H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH ₂ -*NH ₂	ΔG_{17}	(S17)
	*NH-*NH ₂ +H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH ₂ -*NH ₃	ΔG_{18}	(S18)
	*NH ₂ -*NH ₃ +H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH ₃ +NH ₃	ΔG_{19}	(S19)
	$*NH_3 \rightarrow *+NH_3$	ΔG_8	(S8)
Consecutive:			
	$*+N_2 \rightarrow *N-*N$	ΔG_{13}	(S13)
	*N-*N+H++ $e^{\rightarrow}N$ -*NH	ΔG_{14}	(S14)
	*N-*NH+H++ e - \rightarrow *N-*NH ₂	ΔG_{20}	(S20)
	*N-*NH ₂ +H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *N+NH ₃	ΔG_{21}	(S21)
	$*N+H^++e^-\rightarrow *NH$	ΔG_{11}	(S11)
	*NH+H ⁺ +e ⁻ \rightarrow *NH ₂	ΔG_{12}	(S12)
	$*NH_2+H^++e^- \rightarrow *NH_3$	ΔG_7	(S7)
	$*NH_3 \rightarrow *+NH_3$	ΔG_8	(S8)

For alternating mechanism, the protonation continuously occurs on two sides until formation of $*NH_2-NH_2$ species following $*N_2$ configuration and the first NH_3 released. The second NH_3 is generated following the $*NH_2$ and $*NH_3$. For distal mechanism, the protonation continuously

occurs on one side until first NH₃ released, and then second NH₃ is released after the *N species hydrogenated into *NH, *NH₂ and *NH₃. For enzymatic mechanism, N₂ adsorption and forms the *N-*N configuration, the protonation continuously occurs on two sides until the formation of *NH₂-*NH₂ species and the NH₃ released successively. For consecutive mechanism, the protonation continuously occurs on one side, forming the *NH-*NH, *NH₂-*NH until first NH₃ released, and then second NH₃ is generated after the *N species hydrogenated into *NH, *NH₂ and *NH₃.

2. Figures and Tables



Figure S1. Schematic of possible sites of TM on M₂NO₂. The green, red, blue balls stand for M (Ti, V, and Cr) metal, O, and N atoms, respectively.



Figure S2. Schematic structures of intermediates of NRR on TM/Ti_2NO_2 surface for the end-on configuration via alternative and distal mechanisms.



Figure S3. Schematic structures of intermediates of NRR on TM/Ti₂NO₂ surface for the side-on configuration via enzymatic and consecutive mechanisms.



Figure S4. Free energy diagrams of NRR on Ti_2NO_2 surface through (a) alternating, (b) distal, (c) enzymatic, and (d) consecutive mechanisms under different applied potentials.



Figure S5. Reaction Gibbs free energy diagrams of NRR on Mo/Ti_2NO_2 through enzymatic, mechanism under 2×2 (red line) and 3×3 (blue line) supercell calculation models.



Figure S6. Band structures of M₂NO₂ (bottom) and Mo/M₂NO₂ (top) (M=Ti, V, and Cr).



Figure S7. Partial densities of states of Ti, N, O, and Mo atoms of Mo/Ti₂NO₂.



Figure S8. (a) DOSs of Ti_2N , (b) Ti pDOS of Ti_2N , (c) N pDOS of Ti_2N , (d) DOSs of Ti_2NO_2 , (e) Ti pDOS of Ti_2NO_2 , (f) N pDOS of Ti_2NO_2 , and (g) O pDOS of Ti_2NO_2 .



Figure S9. Free energy diagrams of NRR on Mo/V_2NO_2 through (a) alternating, (b) distal, (c) enzymatic, and (d) consecutive mechanisms under different applied potentials.



Figure S10. Free energy diagrams of NRR on Mo/Cr_2NO_2 through (a) alternating, (b) distal, (c) enzymatic, and (d) consecutive mechanisms under different applied potentials.



Figure S11. Densities of states of M_2NO_2 with considering spin- polarization, (a) Ti_2NO_2 , (b)

V₂NO₂, and (c) Cr₂NO₂.



Figure S12. Atomic configurations of Mo/Ti_2NO_2 after a*b initio* molecular dynamics (AIMD) simulations under the temperature of 500K. The AIMD calculations were typically run for 1ps and 5ps, with a time step of 2fs. (a) 0ps, (b) 1ps, (c) 5ps, (d) 0 ps top view, (e) 1ps top view, and (f) 5ps top view.



Figure S13. Atomic configurations of Mo_9/Ti_2NO_2 after AIMD simulations under the temperature

of 500K (the top panel). The AIMD calculations were typically run for 1ps and 3ps, with a time step of 2fs. (a) 0ps, (b) 1ps, (c) 3ps, (d) 0 ps top view, (e) 1ps top view, and (f) 5ps top view. Atomic configurations of Mo_2/Ti_2NO_2 at end of AIMD simulations under the temperature of 500K (the bottom panel). The AIMD calculations were typically run for 1ps and 3ps, with a time step of 2fs. (h) 0ps, (i) 1ps, (j) 3ps, (k) 0 ps top view, (l) 1ps top view, and (m) 3ps top view.



Figure S14. Valence charges of each intermediate during NRR on Mo/V_2NO_2 via the end-on (a) and side on (b) adsorptions, the N–N bond length of intermediate during NRR via end-on (c), and side-on (d) adsorptions, where the bond lengths increases linearly before N_2 is being broken.



Figure S15. Valence charges of each intermediate during NRR on Mo/Cr_2NO_2 via the end-on (a) and side on (b) adsorptions, the N–N bond length of intermediate during NRR via end-on (c), and side-on (d) adsorptions, where the bond lengths increases linearly before N₂ is being broken.



Figure S16. Schematic of hydrogen adsorptions on Mo/Ti₂NO₂ surface.



Figure S17. Schematic of gas molecule adsorptions on Mo/Ti_2NO_2 surface. (a) end-on mechanism of N interacting with catalyst for NO₂ adsorption, (b) end-on mechanism of O interacting with catalyst for NO₂ adsorption, (c) side-on mechanism of NO₂ adsorption, (d) end-on mechanism of C interacting with catalyst for CO adsorption, (e) end-on mechanism of O interacting with catalyst for CO adsorption, and (f) side on mechanism of CO adsorption.

<u> </u>			
M ₂ AC	<i>a</i> (Å)	$c(\text{\AA})$	c/a
Ti ₂ N	2.976	13.168	4.424
Ti ₂ NO ₂	3.016	12.614	4.181
Ti ₂ NF ₂	3.071	12.551	4.086
Ti ₂ N(OH) ₂	3.004	10.576	3.521
V_2N	2.891	12.606	4.360
V_2NO_2	2.894	12.223	4.227
V_2NF_2	3.121	11.542	3.698
$V_2N(OH)_2$	3.005	10.189	3.391
Cr ₂ N	2.779	12.555	4.517
Cr ₂ NO ₂	2.751	12.804	4.654
Cr_2NF_2	3.016	11.664	3.867
$Cr_2N(OH)_2$	3.457	11.177	3.233

Table S1. The lattice parameters of bulk M_2N , M_2NO_2 , M_2NF_2 and $M_2N(OH)_2$ (M= Ti, V, and Cr) with *P*63/*mmc* symmetry.

Table S2. Total energies of 1×1 supercells of M_2NO_2 , M_2NF_2 and $M_2N(OH)_2$ (M= Ti, V, and Cr).

systems	fcc (eV)	hcp (eV)	top (eV)
Ti ₂ NO ₂	-42.558	-41.254	-25.473
Ti ₂ NF ₂	-36.323	-36.086	-35.554
Ti ₂ N(OH) ₂	-53.819	-53.567	-48.899
V_2NO_2	-39.201	-39.110	-27.746
V_2NF_2	-33.763	-33.491	-22.132
$V_2N(OH)_2$	-37.550	-35.382	-33.251
Cr ₂ NO ₂	-35.858	-35.720	-20.904
Cr_2NF_2	-30.665	-30.287	-29.509
Cr ₂ N(OH) ₂	-40.237	-28.541	-39.415

Table S3. Binding energies (E_b) of M₂NO₂, M₂NF₂ and M₂N(OH)₂ (M= Ti, V, and Cr).

systems	O* (eV)	F (eV)	OH (eV)
Ti ₂ NT _x	-5.923	-3.654	-4.119
V_2NO_2	-4.828	-2.961	2.431
Cr ₂ NO ₂	-4.040	-2.293	0.205

Systems	H1 site (eV)	H2 site (eV)	T1 site (eV)
Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	3.45	4.96	5.29
Mo/V ₂ NO ₂	14.76	14.65	16.10
Mo/Cr ₂ NO ₂	-6.64	-5.18	-2.63
Mn/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-5.01	-4.27	-1.28
Fe/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-3.82	-3.27	-1.94
Co/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-2.81	-2.35	-0.51
Ni/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-1.92	-1.79	-0.17
Cu/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.49	-0.36	0.27

Table S4. Relative energies of Ti_2NO_2 and TM/M_2NO_2 systems with TM anchored at H1, H2, and T1 sites, respectively.

Table S5. Binding energies of TM with M_2NO_2 .

Systems	Binding energy (eV)
Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-1.71
Mo/V ₂ NO ₂	-0.98
Mo/V ₂ NO ₂	-1.42
Mn/Ti ₂ NO ₂	1.38
Co/Ti ₂ NO ₂	1.70
Ni/Ti2NO2	0.14
Fe/Ti ₂ NO ₂	1.45
Cu/Ti_2NO_2	2.38

Table S6. The Gibbs reaction free energies (eV) of intermediates (ΔG_{1-12}) through alternating and distal mechanisms in TM/M₂NO₂ systems.

Systems	ΔG_1	ΔG_2	ΔG_3	ΔG_4	ΔG_5	ΔG_6	ΔG_7	ΔG_8	ΔG_9	ΔG_{10}	ΔG_{11}	ΔG_{12}
Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.32	0.58	0.54	-0.93	0.72	-2.47	0.33	0.12	-0.84	-0.79	-0.34	-0.17
Mo/V ₂ NO ₂	0.09	0.61	0.57	-0.82	-0.22	-1.88	0.23	0.13	-0.79	-0.87	-0.49	-0.20
Mo/Cr ₂ NO ₂	-0.07	0.17	-0.86	-0.71	0.94	-1.88	0.72	0.36	-0.29	-1.17	-0.57	-0.47
Mn/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.75	0.55	0.64	0.05	-0.76	-1.74	0.75	0.50	-0.02	-0.71	-0.16	-0.62
Fe/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-1.02	0.87	0.49	-0.14	-2.14	2.09	-1.11	0.93	0.34	2.99	-2.08	-2.33
Co/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-1.05	1.03	0.43	0.30	-0.11	-1.47	-0.60	0.68	0.53	0.55	-0.57	1.06
Ni/Ti ₂ NO ₂	2.09	-1.82	1.37	-0.38	-0.10	-1.31	-0.66	0.74	0.59	1.60	-1.78	-1.62
Cu/Ti ₂ NO ₂	1.34	0.03	-0.51	0.20	-0.71	-0.99	-1.03	0.94	-0.33	3.04	-2.09	-2.60
Ti ₂ NO ₂	0.30	2.60	-0.45	-1.49	-1.52	0.77	0.88	-0.37	0.09	1.87	-0.76	-1.69

Systems	AG	AG	AGu	AG	ΛG_{1-}	AG	ΛG	AGu	AG
Systems	ΔO_{13}	ΔO_{14}	ΔO_{15}	ΔO_{16}	$\Delta \mathbf{U}_{17}$	ΔO_{18}	Δ019	ΔO_{20}	ΔO_{21}
Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.28	0.32	-0.24	-0.04	-0.26	-0.56	-0.49	-0.90	-0.51
Mo/V_2NO_2	0.19	0.54	-0.45	-0.33	-0.58	-1.02	0.80	-0.99	-0.70
Mo/Cr ₂ NO ₂	-0.11	-0.16	-0.53	-0.84	0.38	-0.64	0.21	-0.68	-0.41
Mn/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.35	0.55	-0.06	-2.10	-1.30	0.29	-0.88	-0.61	-0.49
Fe/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.46	0.72	0.15	-0.56	-1.35	0.13	0.22	3.96	2.75
Co/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.45	0.80	0.32	-0.61	-0.79	-1.08	0.33	0.13	1.06
Ni/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.43	0.91	0.14	-0.50	-0.59	-1.42	0.22	0.54	1.35
Cu/Ti ₂ NO ₂	-0.21	1.58	36	0.29	-0.81	-1.65	-0.64	-0.22	2.76
Ti ₂ NO ₂	0.27	2.68	-0.30	-0.38	-1.01	-0.40	-1.31	0.19	-2.02

Table S7. The Gibbs reaction free energies (eV) of intermediates (ΔG_{13-21}) through enzymatic and consecutive mechanisms in TM/M₂NO₂ systems.

Table S8. The calculated η_{NRR} and electrons (based Bader charge analysis) of adsorbed N₂ receiving and TM losing of TM/Ti₂NO₂ systems.

Systems	$\eta_{\rm NRR}$ (V)	adsorbed N2 receiving electrons	TM losing electrons (e)
		<i>(e)</i>	
Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	0.16	0.52	1.58
Mn/Ti_2NO_2	0.39	0.38	1.17
Fe/Ti ₂ NO ₂	0.56	0.35	1.07
Co/Ti ₂ NO ₂	0.64	0.30	0.96
Ni/Ti2NO2	0.75	0.27	0.91
Cu/Ti ₂ NO ₂	1.42	0.19	0.87
Ti ₂ NO ₂	2.44	-0.03	-

Table S9. The adsorption energies (eV) of adsorbed N_2 on Mo/M_2NO_2 surface via the end-on and side-on adsorptions.

Adsorption	Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	Mo/V ₂ NO ₂	Mo/Cr ₂ NO ₂
End-on	-0.94	-0.36	-0.37
Side-on	-1.05	-0.28	-0.52

Adsorption	Adsorbed intermediates	Mo/Ti ₂ NO ₂	Mo/V ₂ NO ₂	Mo/Cr ₂ NO ₂
End on	N ₂	0.091, -0.091	0.091, -0.091	0.091, -0.091
	*N-N	0.711, -0.366	2.046, -1.746	1.955, -1.641
	*N-NH	0.581, 0.953	0.579, 0.961	0.547, 0.959
	*NH-NH	1.299, 1.076	1.273, 1.121	1.303, 1.074
	*NH-NH ₂	1.429, 1.929	1.451, 1.922	1.397, 1.911
	*NH ₂ -NH ₂	2.027, 2.012	1.955, 1.973	1.961, 1.935
	*NH ₂ -NH ₃	2.435, 2.999	2.441, 2.993	2.381, 2.997
	*N-NH ₂	0.699, 1.881	0.696, 1.861	0.698, 1.851
	*NH ₃	2.943	2.921	2.931
Side on	N_2	0.091, -0.091	0.091, -0.091	0.091, -0.091
	*N-*N	0.323, 0.195	0.377, 0.368	0.391, 0.325
	*N-*NH	1.249, 0.441	1.254. 0.418	1.229, 0.421
	*HN-*NH	1.346, 1.339	1.309, 1.376	1.309, 1.326
	*HN-*NH ₂	1.998, 1.427	1.993, 1.422	1.971, 1.412
	$*H_2N-*NH_2$	2.383, 2.406	2.394, 2.356	2.378, 2.439
	*H ₂ N-*NH ₃	2.896, 2.501	2.885, 2.498	2.897, 2.482
	*N-*NH2	1.979, 0.641	1.976, 0.627	1.956, 0.611
	*NH ₃	2.943	2.921	2.931

Table S10. Valence charge (in unit of e) variation of N atom in intermediates of NRR onMo/M2NO2 surface via the end-on and side-on adsorption styles.