

## Supporting Information

# Carbon Dots Based Theranostic Platform for Dual- Modal Imaging and Free Radical Scavenging

*Jin-Sheng Lin,<sup>a</sup> Yi-Wen Tsai,<sup>a</sup> Khalilalrahman Dehvari,<sup>a</sup> Chih-Ching Huang,<sup>b</sup> Jia-Yaw Chang<sup>ac\*</sup>*

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemical Engineering, National Taiwan University of Science and  
Technology, Taipei, 10607, Taiwan, Republic of China

<sup>b</sup> Institute of Bioscience and Biotechnology, National Taiwan Ocean University, Keelung,  
20224, Taiwan, Republic of China

<sup>c</sup> Taiwan Building Technology Center, National Taiwan University of Science and  
Technology, Taipei, 10607, Taiwan, Republic of China

\*Corresponding author: Jia-Yaw Chang

Department of Chemical Engineering, National Taiwan University of Science and  
Technology, 43, Section 4, Keelung Road, Taipei 10607, Taiwan, Republic of China

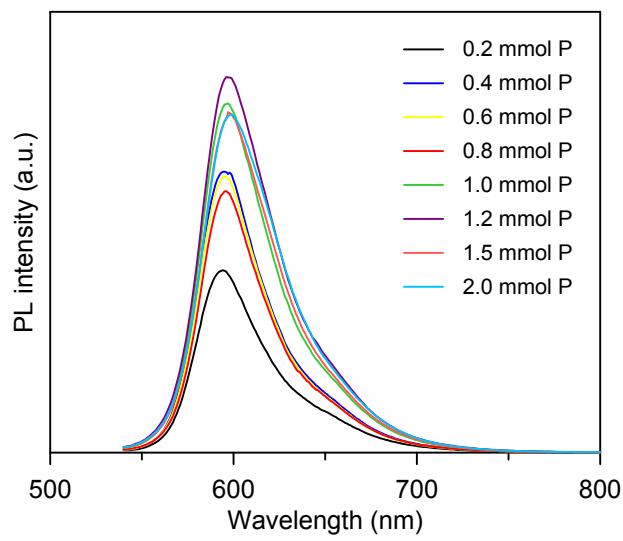
E-mail: jychang@mail.ntust.edu.tw

Tel.: +886-2-27303636.

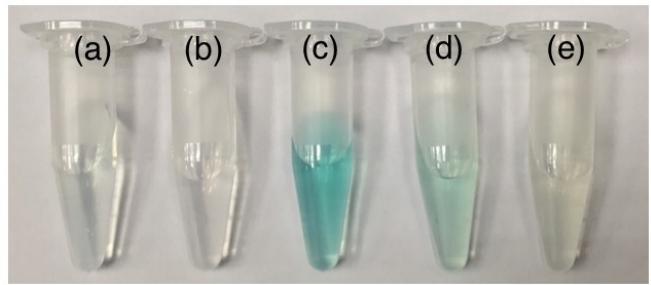
Fax: +886-2-27376644.

**Table S1.** Comparison of red-emitting Cdots published in the literature.

Precursors	Solvent	Preparation Approach	Purification	QY	ref.
polyacrylonitrile based carbon fibers	nitric acid	oxidation of carbon fibers in nitric acid	ultrafiltration for 48 h and dialyzed	20.7	<sup>1</sup>
p-phenylenediamine	ethanol	solvothermal at 160 °C for 12 h	column chromatography	26.1	<sup>2</sup>
polythiophene phenylpropionic acid	alkaline solution	hydrothermal at 240 °C for 36 h	filtered through Millipore 0.22 µm filter paper	2.3	<sup>3</sup>
ascorbic acid	oleylamine	heat at 280 °C for 4 h	centrifugation	14	<sup>4</sup>
citric acid	formamide	microwave reactor for heating at 160 °C for 1 h and 120 °C for another hour	precipitated with acetone overnight in a refrigerator (-20°C) and centrifugation	22.9	<sup>5</sup>
PEG800 and 2-((E)-2-((E)-2- chloro-3-((E)- 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-3,3-dimethylindolin-2-ylidene)- ethylidene)cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)vinyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-3,3-di-methyl-3H-indol-1-ium iodide	ethanol	solvothermal at 160 °C for 2 h	dialyzed against water for 1 d	5.7	<sup>6</sup>
glutathione	formamide	hydrothermal at 160 °C for 1 h	dialyzed against water for 1 week and filtered through Millipore 0.22 µm filter paper	16.8	<sup>7</sup>
p-phenylenediamine	ethanol	microwave reactor for 8 h	centrifugation and column chromatography	15	<sup>8</sup>
p-phenylenediamine and urea	water	hydrothermal at 160 °C for 10 h	column chromatography	23.81	<sup>9</sup>
2,5-diaminobenzenesulfonic acid and 4-aminophenylboronic acid hydrochloride	water	microwave reactor at 180 °C for 8 h	centrifugation and dialysis for 12 h	5.44	<sup>10</sup>
citric acid and 1,5-diaminonaphthalene	sulfuric acid	solvothermal at 200 °C for 1 h	centrifugation and dialysis for 1 week	12	<sup>11</sup>
spinach	ethanol/water	hydrothermal at 150 °C for 6 h	dialysis with a dialysis membrane for 3 days	15.3	<sup>12</sup>
citric acid and urea	formamide	solvothermal at 180 °C for 12 h	column chromatography and Sephadex column	4	<sup>13</sup>
citric acid, urea, and sodium fluoride	water	microwave reactor for 5 min	dialysis against double distilled water for 24	1.2	<sup>14</sup>
citric acid and urea	formamide	solvothermal at 140 °C for 12 h	centrifugation and added into the mixed solvent of petroleum ether and ethyl to obtain the solid	12.9	<sup>15</sup>
<i>o</i> -phenylenediamine and dithiothreitol	chloroform	Solvothermal 160 °C for 12 h	column chromatography	23%	<sup>16</sup>
L-cystine and <i>o</i> -phenylenediamine	ethanol	Solvothermal 220 °C for 12 h	Centrifugation, cylindrical filtration membrane and spin-dry.	35.7%	<sup>17</sup>

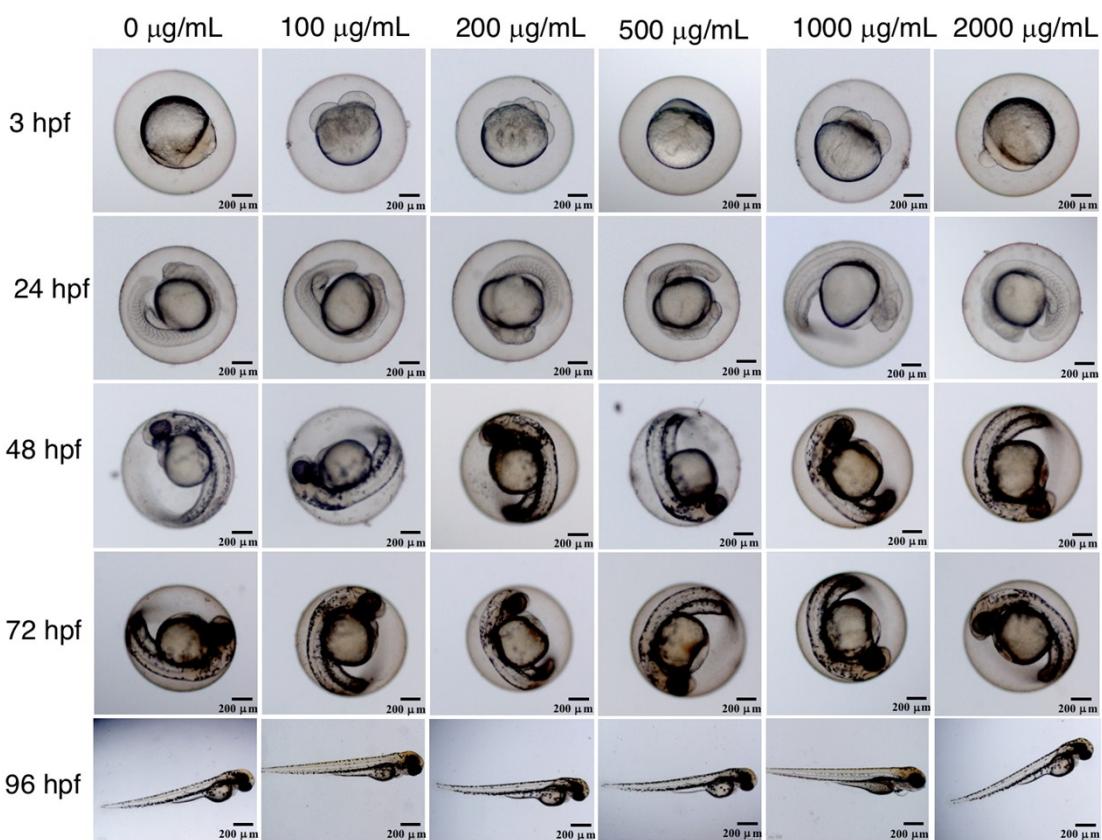


**Figure S1.** Photoluminescence spectra of P@Cdots prepared with different amounts of phosphoric acid.

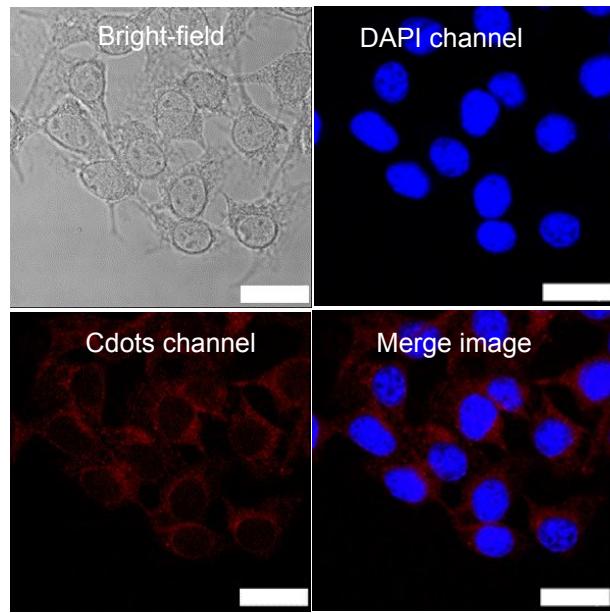


<b>PMn@CDs</b>	—	—	—	+	+
<b>TMB</b>	+	+	+	+	+
<b>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub></b>	+	—	+	+	+
<b>FeSO<sub>4</sub></b>	—	+	+	+	+

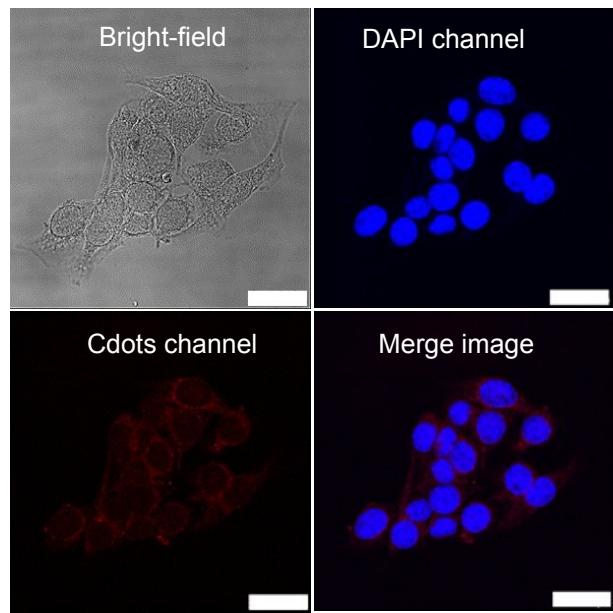
**Figure S2.** The photographs of the reaction system (a) TMB + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, (b) TMB + FeSO<sub>4</sub>, (c) TMB + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> + FeSO<sub>4</sub>, (d) PMn@CDs (8 µg/mL) + TMB + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> + FeSO<sub>4</sub>, and (e) PMn@CDs (16 µg/mL) + TMB + H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> + FeSO<sub>4</sub>, respectively.



**Figure S3.** Optical images of zebrafish embryonic development incubated with different concentrations of PMn@Cdots/HA.



**Figure S4.** Confocal microscopy images of B16F1 cells pretreated with free HA (300 ppm), then incubated with PMn@Cdots/HA for 24 h at 37°C, fixed with 75% alcohol, and followed by being stained with DAPI for nucleus. Bright-field image outlines the position of cells; DAPI channel represents the nuclear regions; Cdots channel shows the location of the PMn@Cdots/HA; merge image represents the combination of DAPI and Cdots channels. For all the images, the scale bars represent 20  $\mu$ m.



**Figure S5.** Confocal microscopy images of B16F1 cells incubated with PMn@Cdots for 24 h at 37°C, fixed with 75% alcohol, and followed by being stained with DAPI for nucleus. Bright-field image outlines the position of cells; DAPI channel represents the nuclear regions; Cdots channel shows the location of the PMn@Cdots; merge image represents the combination of DAPI and Cdots channels. For all the images, the scale bars represent 20  $\mu\text{m}$ .

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