

Supplementary Information

Atomically-thin two-dimensional ZnSe/ZnSe(ea)_x Van der Waals nanojunction for synergistically enhanced visible light photocatalytic H₂ evolution

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AQE calculation

Calculated AQE at different wavelength of ZnSe/ZnSe(ea)_x.

λ (nm)	H ₂ evolved(μ mol)	P*S (mW)	AQE (%)
450	133.12	304	64.50
500	84.88	510	22.00
550	62.38	670	11.20

When $\lambda = 450$ nm:

$$N_p = \frac{P * S * t}{hc / \lambda} = \frac{304 \times 10^{-3} \times 3600 \times 450 \times 10^{-9}}{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^8} = 2.48 \times 10^{20}$$
$$N_e = 2 \times M \times N_A = 2 \times 133.12 \times 10^{-6} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 1.60 \times 10^{20}$$
$$AQE = \frac{N_e}{N_p} \times 100\% = 64.50\%$$

When $\lambda = 500$ nm:

$$N_p = \frac{P * S * t}{hc / \lambda} = \frac{510 \times 10^{-3} \times 3600 \times 500 \times 10^{-9}}{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^8} = 4.64 \times 10^{20}$$
$$N_e = 2 \times M \times N_A = 2 \times 84.88 \times 10^{-6} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 1.02 \times 10^{20}$$
$$AQE = \frac{N_e}{N_p} \times 100\% = 22.00\%$$

When $\lambda = 550$ nm:

$$N_p = \frac{P * S * t}{hc / \lambda} = \frac{670 \times 10^{-3} \times 3600 \times 550 \times 10^{-9}}{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^8} = 6.70 \times 10^{20}$$
$$N_e = 2 \times M \times N_A = 2 \times 62.38 \times 10^{-6} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 7.50 \times 10^{19}$$
$$AQE = \frac{N_e}{N_p} \times 100\% = 11.20\%$$

DFT calculation Details.

Our calculations are based on density functional theory (DFT) under the generalized gradient approximation (GGA) with the Perdew–Burke–Ernzerhof (PBE) functional as implemented in the VASP code¹⁻³. A plane wave basis set with the projector-augmented plane wave (PAW) was performed to describe the ion-electron interaction and the plane-wave cutoff energy was set to be 500eV.⁴ The k -point mesh of $15 \times 15 \times 1$ were generated according to the Monkhorst-Pack scheme for monolayer ZnSe (1×1) cell.⁵ All the geometries were relaxed until the forces acting on each ion were smaller than 0.01 eV \AA^{-1} , and the energy change was less than 10^{-5} eV . The Ethylamine was put on several different adsorption sites of ZnSe monolayer with different orientations to search for the most stable adsorption site. The electronic properties of ZnSe and ZnSe(ea)_x are computed based on the HSE06 functional.⁶

Supporting Tables

Table S1 the Determination of coordination number.

sample	Total Zn+Se Mass percentage(%)	ZnSe(amine) _x /total Zn Molar percentage (%)	non-coordinated ZnSe/ZnSe(amine) _x	Coordinated ZnSe /total Zn+Se Mass ratio	Weight loss Mass percentage (%)	coordination number x
3-days& amine=ea	86.97	13.06	6.67	0.15	13	3.19
10-days& Amine=ea	87.38	12.62	6.92	0.14	14	3.61
6-days& Amine=ea	82.99	17.01	4.88	0.20	16	2.97
3 days& amine=Pa	75.14	24.86	3.02	0.33	22.77	2.17

Table S2. H₂ evolution rates of some representative photocatalysts without using any cocatalyst.

Photocatalyst	H ₂ evolution rate ($\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}^{-1}\cdot\text{g}^{-1}$)	Light source incident light
Ball-milled black phosphorus (BP-BM) ²⁴	512	300W Xe lamp / $\lambda > 420$ nm
Amorphous red phosphorus/crystalline red phosphorus ²⁵	0.6/1.6	300W Xe lamp / full spectrum
mesoporous crystalline Si ²⁶	400	300W Xe lamp / $\lambda > 420$ nm
g- C ₃ N ₄ /carbon nanodots ²⁷	105	300W Xe lamp / $\lambda > 420$ nm
Phosphorus-doped g- C ₃ N ₄ ²⁸	670	300W Xe lamp / $\lambda > 420$ nm
g-C ₃ N ₄ /S-Se-graphene ²⁹	2590	300W Xe lamp / $\lambda > 420$ nm
Oxygen-Doped ZnIn ₂ S ₄ nanosheets ³⁰	2120	300W Xe lamp / $\lambda > 420$ nm

Supporting Figures

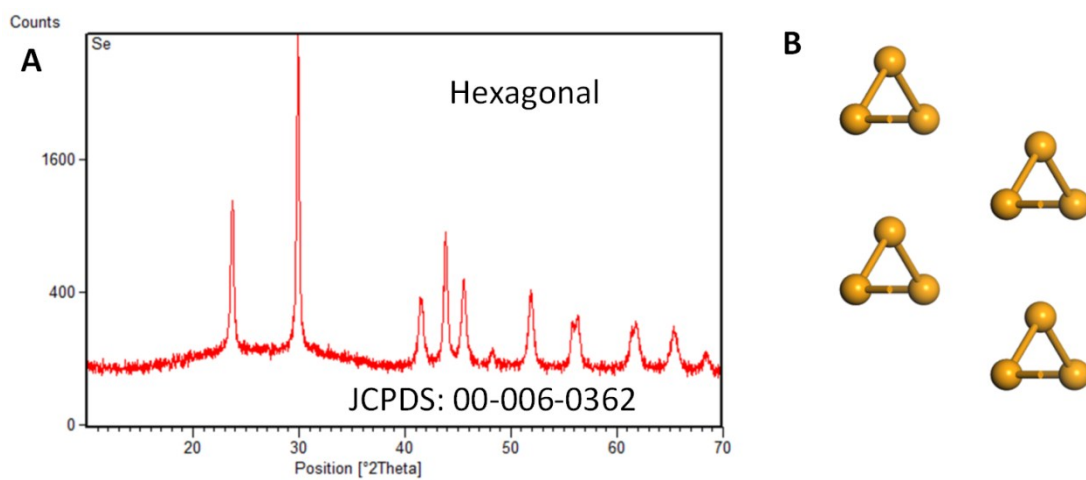


Figure S1. (A) XRD pattern and (B) Projection Se crystal structure along the z-axis.

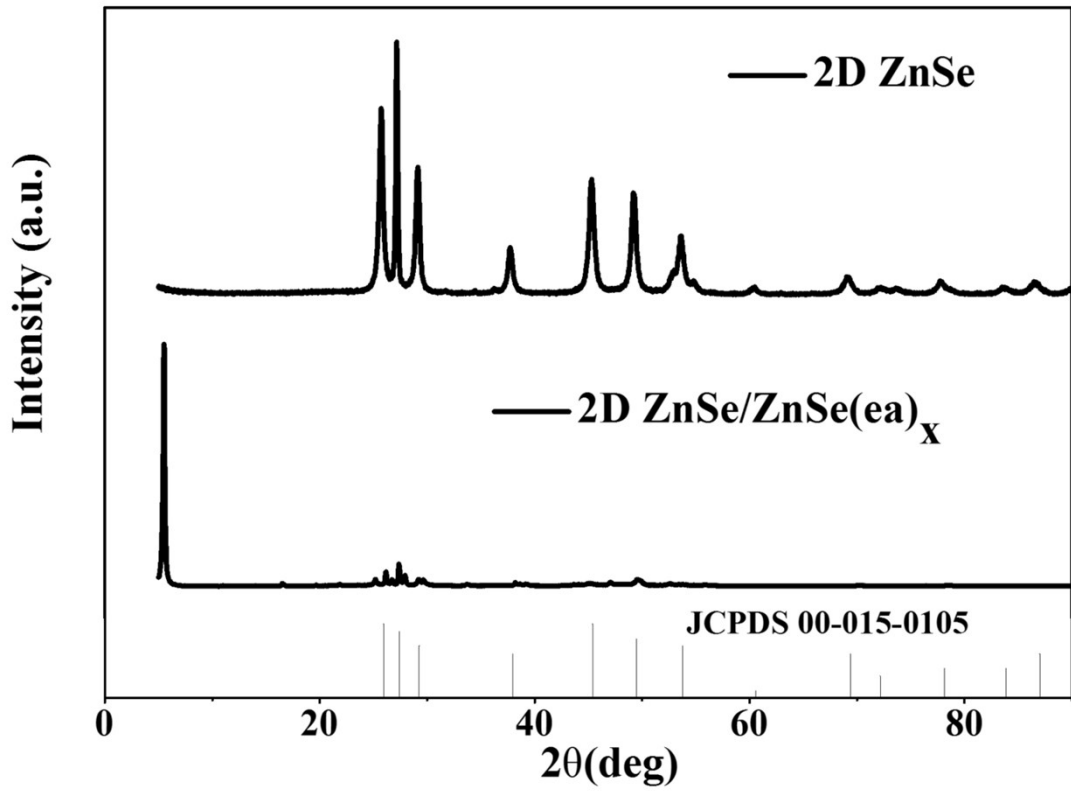


Figure S2. The XRD pattern of 2D/2D ZnSe/ZnSe(ea)_x VDW nanojunction and pure 2D ZnSe nanosheets.

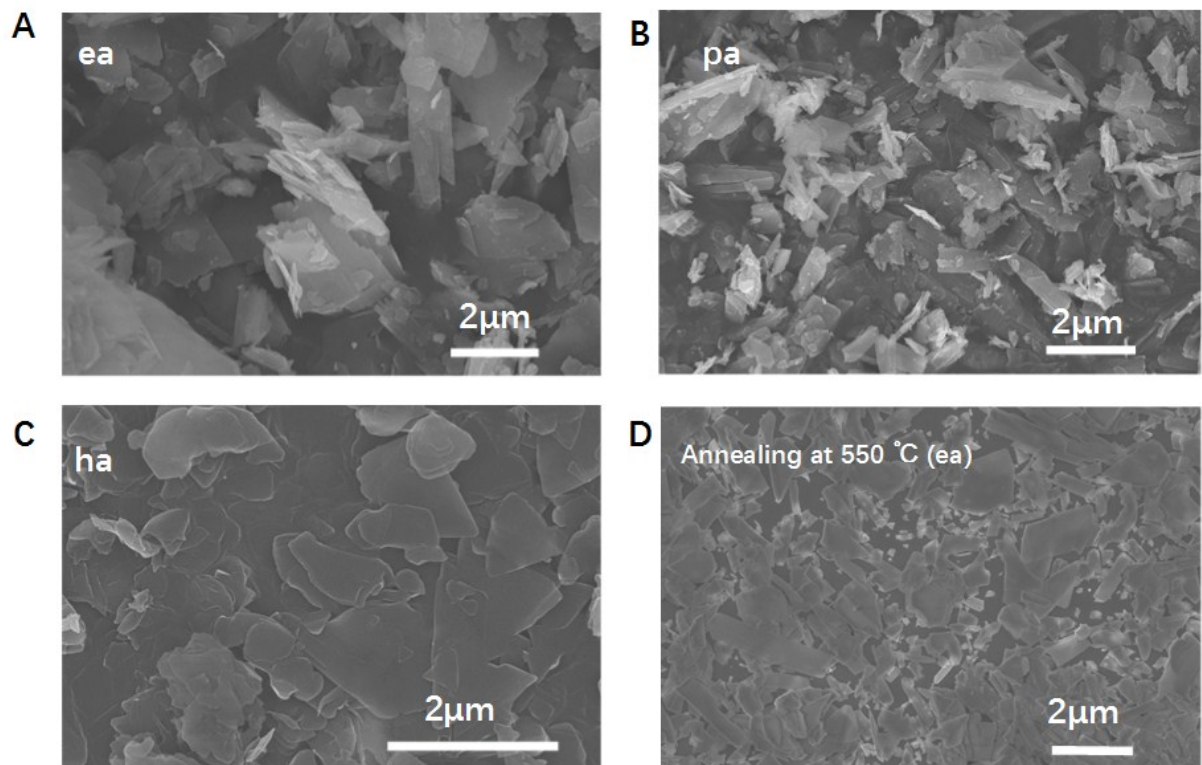


Figure S3. SEM images of 2D/2D ZnSe/ZnSe(ea)_x (A) 2D/2D ZnSe/ZnSe(pa)_y, (B) 2D/2D ZnSe/ZnSe(ha)_z, (C) and 2D ZnSe sample (D).

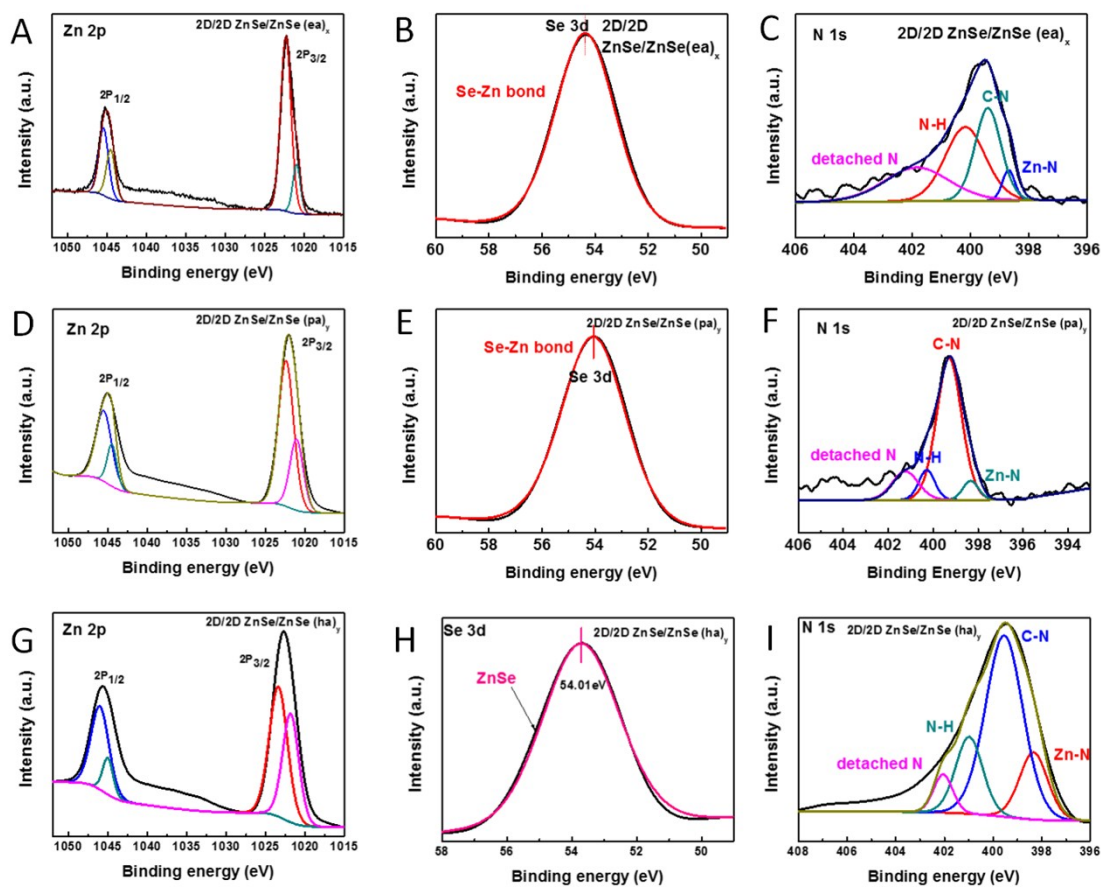


Figure S4. High-resolution XPS spectra of Zn 2p , Se 3d , N 1s in $2D/2D \text{ ZnSe/ZnSe}(\text{ea})_x$ (A-C), $2D/2D \text{ ZnSe/ZnSe}(\text{pa})_y$ (D-F), $2D/2D \text{ ZnSe/ZnSe}(\text{ha})_z$ (G-I).

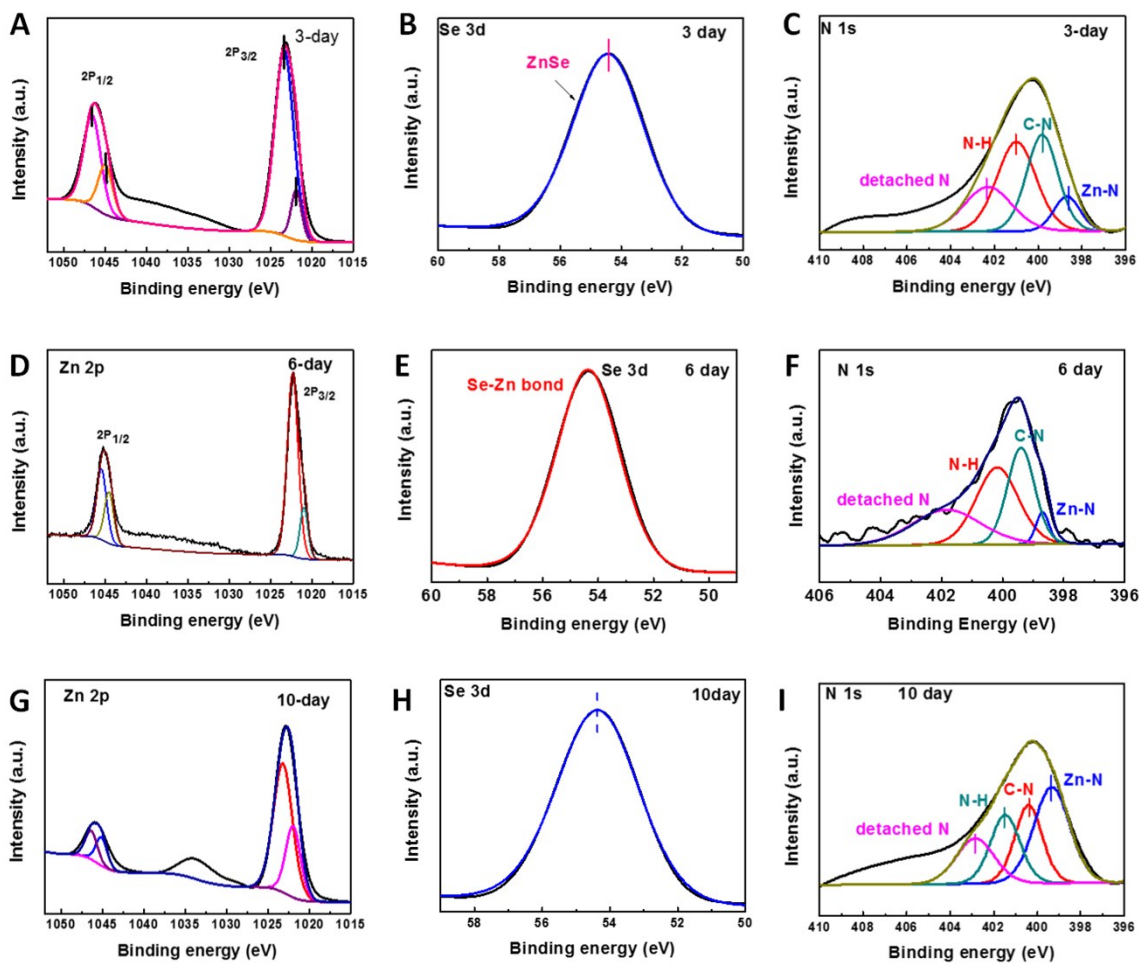


Figure S5. High-resolution XPS spectra of Zn 2p, Se 3d, N 1s in ZnSe/ZnSe(ea)_x samples attained after different reaction days (A-C, 3-days, D-F, 6-days, G-I, 10-days).

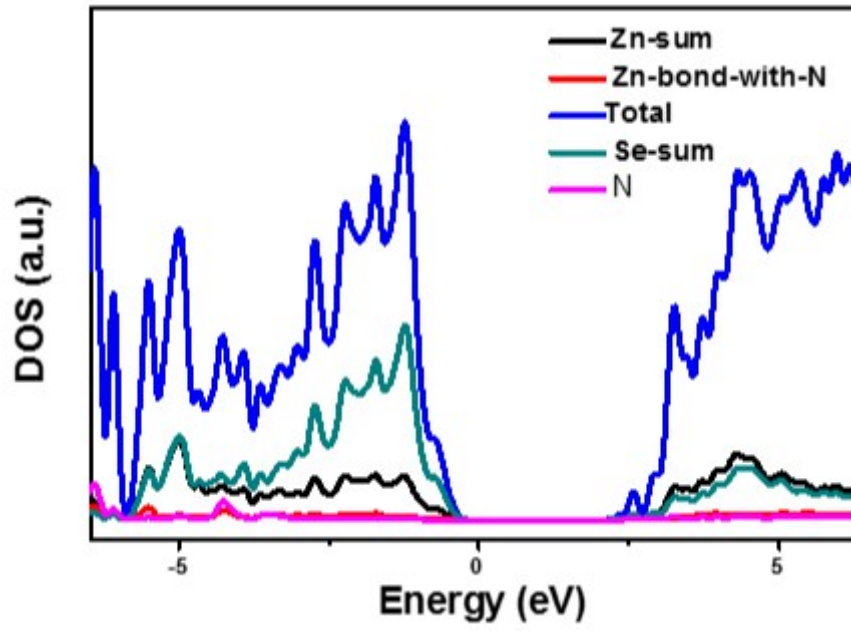


Figure S6. The calculated DOS for ZnSe(ea)_x. DOS=density of states.

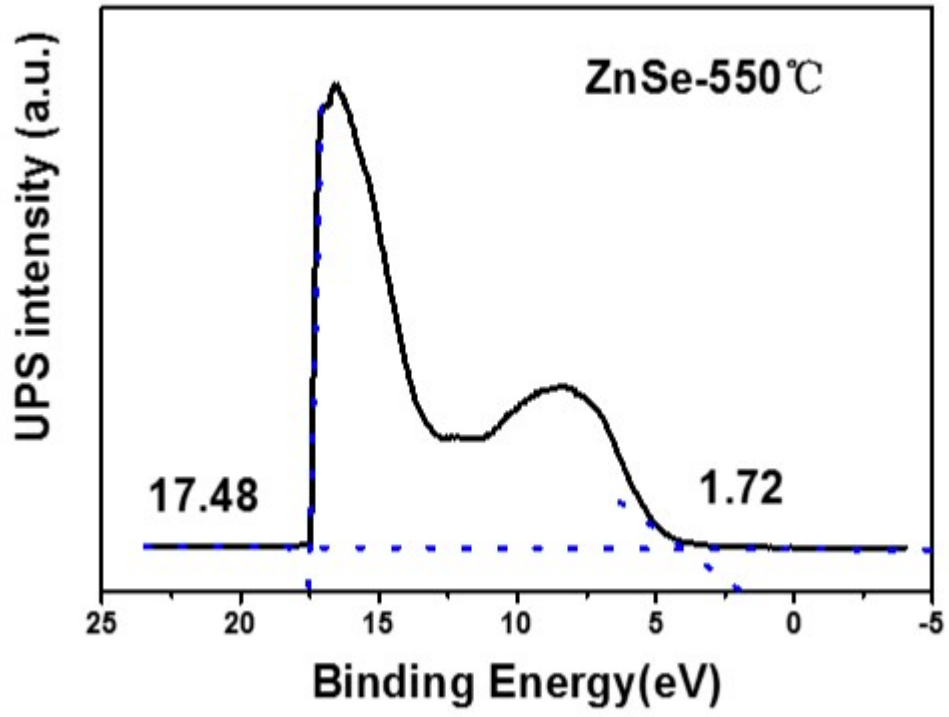


Figure S7. UPS spectrum of pure 2D ZnSe.

References

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