

## **Electronic supplementary information for:**

### **Magnet-activatable nanoliposomes as intracellular bubble microreactors to enhance drug delivery efficacy and burst cancer cells**

Yang Liu,<sup>a</sup> Jing Li,<sup>a</sup> Heming Chen,<sup>a</sup> Yan Cai,<sup>a</sup> Tianyu Sheng,<sup>a</sup> Peng Wang,<sup>b</sup> Zhiyong  
Li,<sup>a</sup> Fang Yang,<sup>\*a</sup> and Ning Gu,<sup>\*a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> State Key Laboratory of Bioelectronics, Jiangsu Key Laboratory for Biomaterials  
and Devices, School of Biological Sciences and Medical Engineering, Southeast  
University, Nanjing 210096, China

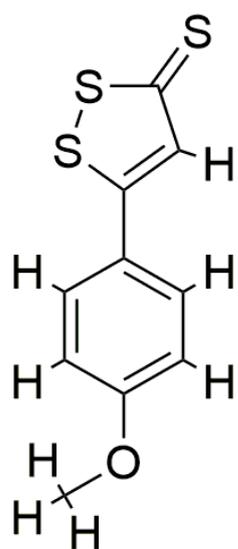
<sup>b</sup> Key Laboratory of Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Department of Sports Medicine  
and Adult Reconstructive Surgery, Nanjing Drum Tower Hospital, The Affiliated  
Hospital of Nanjing University Medical School, Nanjing 210093, China

\* Corresponding authors:

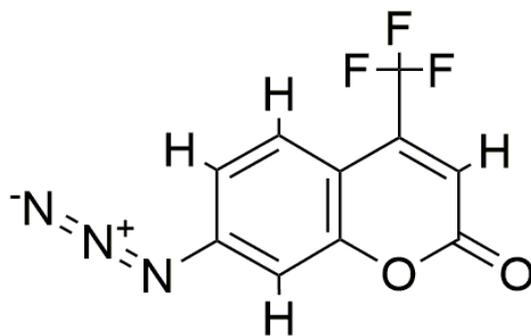
Fang Yang, email: yangfang2080@seu.edu.cn

Ning Gu, email: guning@seu.edu.cn

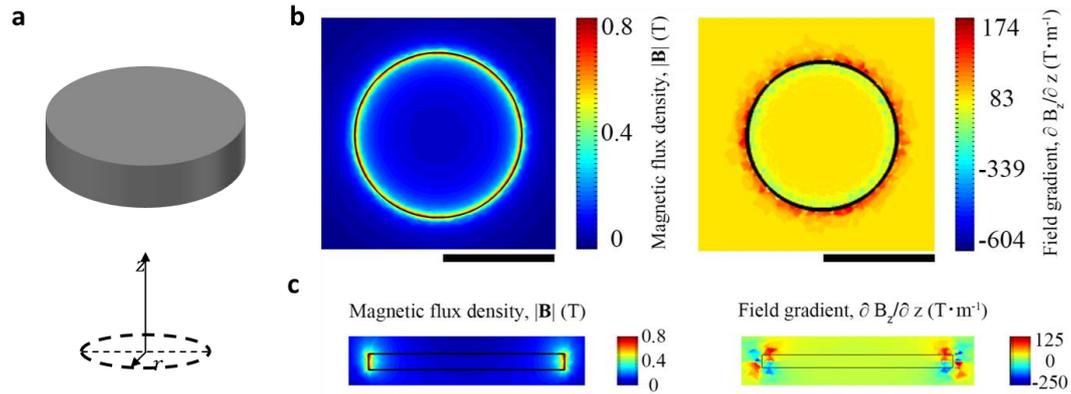
a



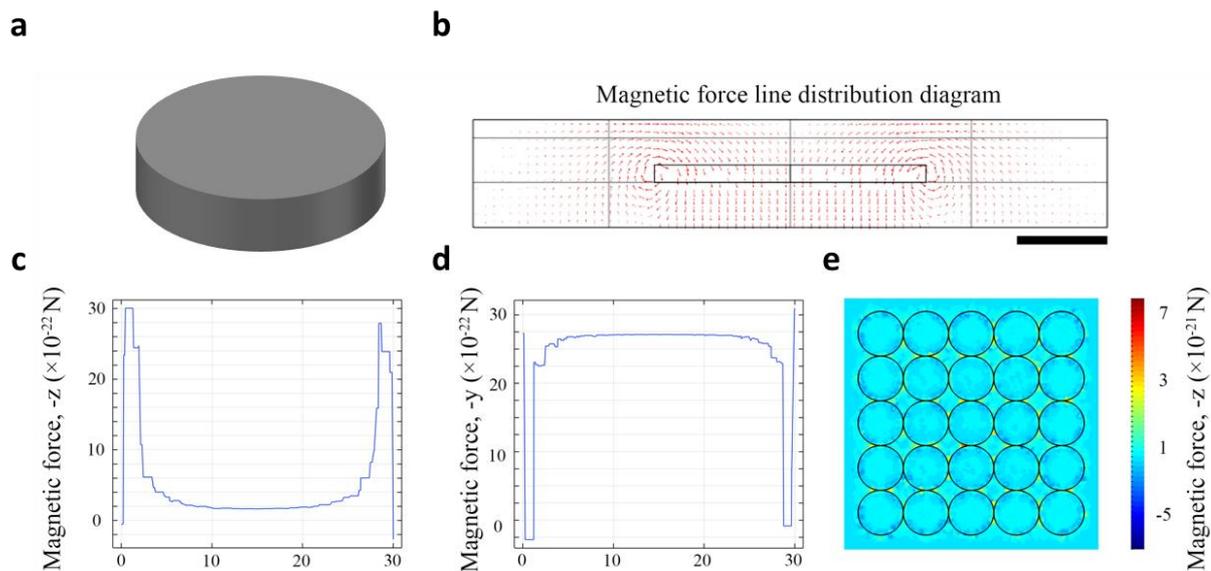
b



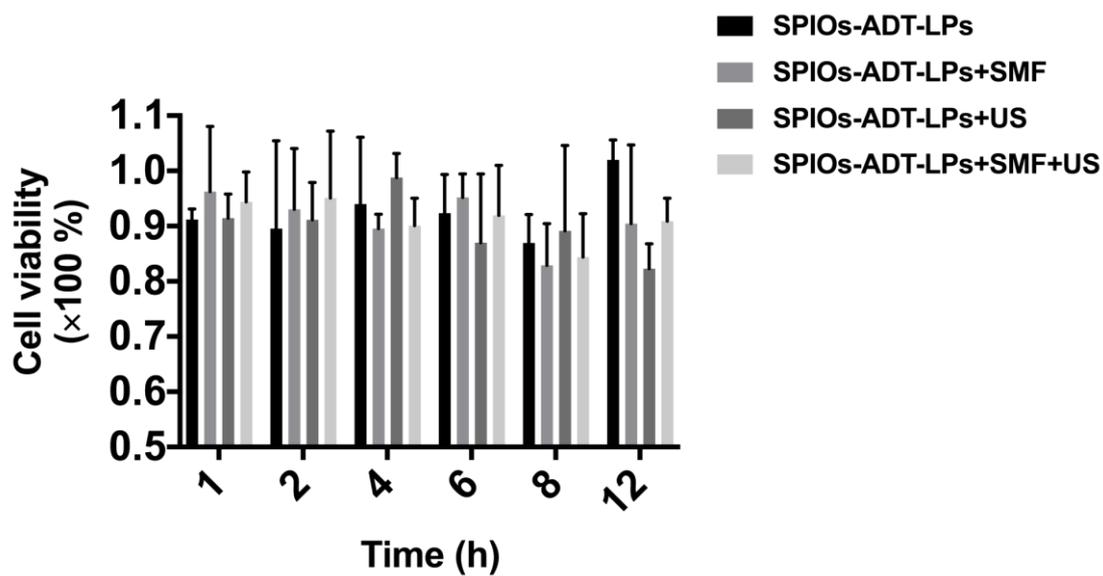
**Fig. S1** The chemical structures of ADT(a) and CF<sub>3</sub>-N<sub>3</sub>(b).



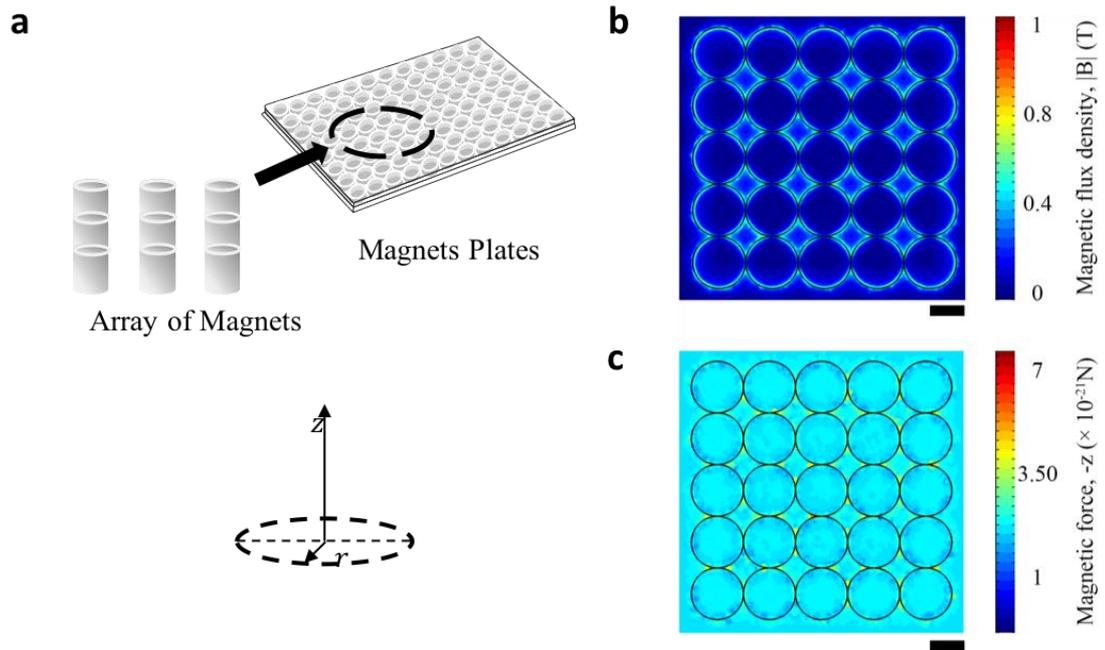
**Fig. S2** The magnetic flux density and the field gradient *in vitro*. (a) Diagram of the magnet ( $H \times D = 2 \text{ mm} \times 30 \text{ mm}$ ). The magnet is magnetized along the Z direction. (b) The magnetic flux density and One component of the magnetic flux density gradient under the overhead view,  $\partial B_z / \partial z$ , scale bar = 20 mm. (c) The magnetic flux density and One component of the magnetic flux density gradient in the side view,  $\partial B_z / \partial z$ . Scale bar = 20 mm.



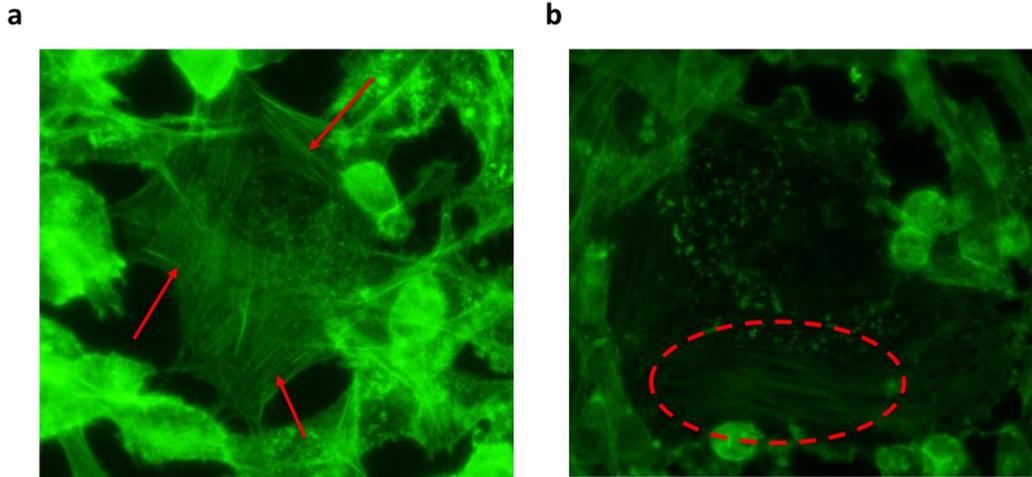
**Fig. S3** The magnetic force field *in vitro*. (a) Diagram of the magnet ( $H \times D = 2 \text{ mm} \times 30 \text{ mm}$ ). (b) The force vectors within the plane are plotted. Scale bar = 20 mm. (c, d) Force curve in the z and y direction. (e) Overlaid contour lines of magnetic flux density and magnetic force vectors. Scale bar = 1 mm.



**Fig. S4** Cell viability of SPIOs-ADT-LPs incubated with L-02 cells under different incubation conditions.



**Fig. S5** The magnetic field for *in vitro* SPIOs-ADT-LPs uptake in tumor cell culture. The cells were cultured in 96-well plates placed on a magnetic sheet that provided pulling force for the whole plates. The sheet was assembled with small cylindrical magnets ( $H \times D = 2 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm}$ ). For simplicity, only a  $5 \times 5$  matrix is shown here. (a) A schematic diagram of the matrix of the magnets. (b) The magnetic flux density. (c) The magnetic force in the  $z$ -direction. Scale bar = 20 mm.



**Fig. S6** Representative fluorescence images of tumor cells with different treatment. (a) Representative fluorescence image of tumor cells in control group after 12 h culture. Arachnoid cytoskeleton which the arrow points can be observed clearly. (b) Representative fluorescence image of tumor cells incubated with SPIOs-ADT-LPs after 4 h. The fluorescence density of the cytoskeleton is significantly reduced, and the orientation of the remaining cytoskeleton begins to be consistent (dashed oval boxes).