Electronic Supplementary Information

SERS Analysis of Carcinoma-associated Fibroblasts in Tumor Microenvironment Based on Targeted 2D Nanosheets

Dongling Li¹, Haihong Yu¹, Zhouyi Guo^{1*}, Shengtao Li¹, Yang Li¹, Yanxian Guo¹, Huiqing Zhong ¹, Honglian Xiong² and Zhiming Liu^{1*}

¹ SATCM Third Grade Laboratory of Chinese Medicine and Photonics Technology & Guangdong Provincial Key Laboratory of Laser Life Science, College of Biophotonics, South China Normal University, Guangzhou 510631, P.R. China

² Department of Physics and Optoelectronic Engineering, Foshan University, Guangdong, P.R. China

*Corresponding authors: Zhiming Liu and Zhouyi Guo

E-mail: liuzm021@126.com (Z. Liu); ann@scnu.edu.cn (Z. Guo)



Fig. S1 Size distribution of a) MoS2-Au NSs and b) BP-Au NSs.



Fig. S2 HRTEM images of a) $MoS_2 NSs$, b) AuNPs and c) MoS_2 -Au NSs, and corresponding SAED patterns (Inserts).



Figure S3. UV-vis-NIR absorbance spectra of MoS₂-Au NSs with different raw material ratios (Insert: Photographs of MoS₂-Au NSs solutions).



Figure S4. a) SERS spectra of different concentrations of R6G mixed with MoS_2 -Au-2 (2.5 mM) under 785 nm laser excitation. b) Enhancement factors of R6G (1365 cm⁻¹ peak) at various concentrations induced by MoS₂-Au NSs under 785 nm laser excitation.



Figure S5. SERS spectra of 2.5 mM MoS₂-Au-2 with different concentrations of a) R6G and b) MG molecules under 514.5 nm laser irradiation.



Figure S6. a) TEM image of MoS₂-Au NSs after storing at dark (4 °C) for one month.b) SERS spectra of MG induced by MoS₂-Au NSs during a four-week observation.



Figure S7. a) Mean SERS spectra of NIH-3T3 cells without or within incubated MoS₂-Au and MoS₂-Au-PC nanocomposites, respectively. b) Raman spectra of five points in e). c) Raman spectra of five points in g). d) Brightfield image and e) merged SERS image of NIH-3T3 cells incubated with MoS₂-Au NSs. f) Brightfield image and g) merged SERS image of NIH-3T3 cells incubated with MoS₂-Au-PC NSs. Scale bar: 20 μm.