

# Supporting Information

## Selenium-Rich Nickel Cobalt Bimetallic Selenide with Core-Shell Architecture Enables Superior Hybrid Energy Storage Device

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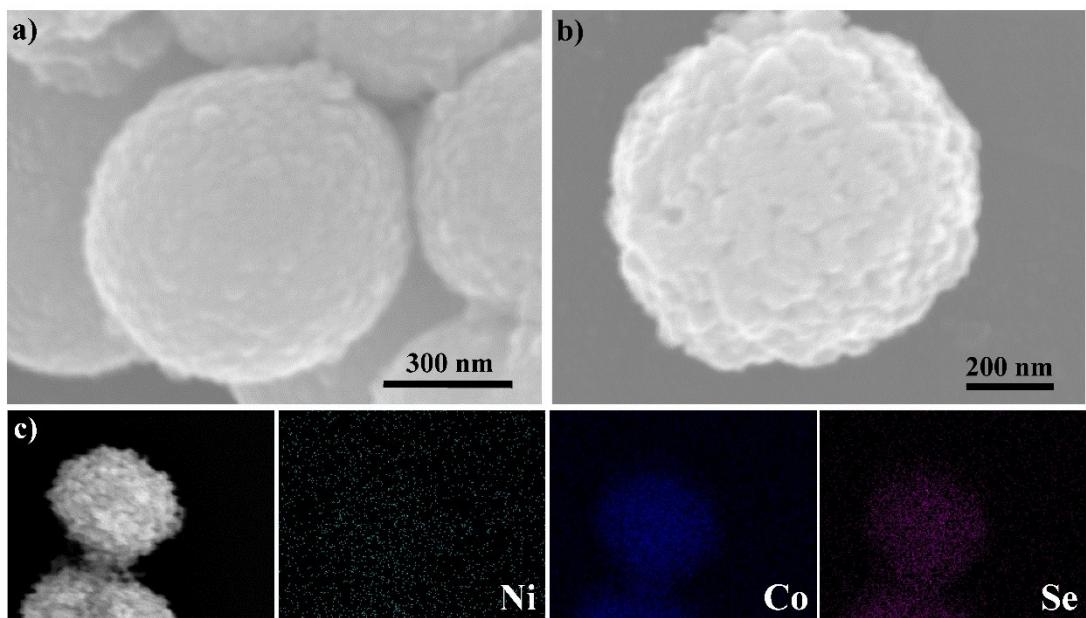
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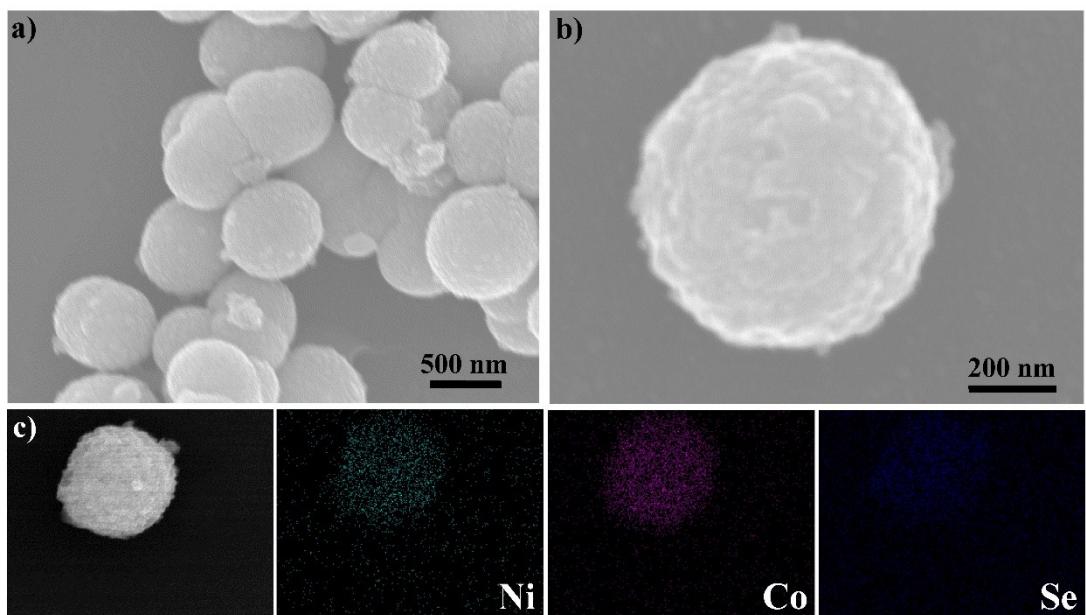
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**KEYWORDS:** *nickel cobalt selenide, cathode, energy storage, core-shell structure, battery-supercapacitor hybrids*

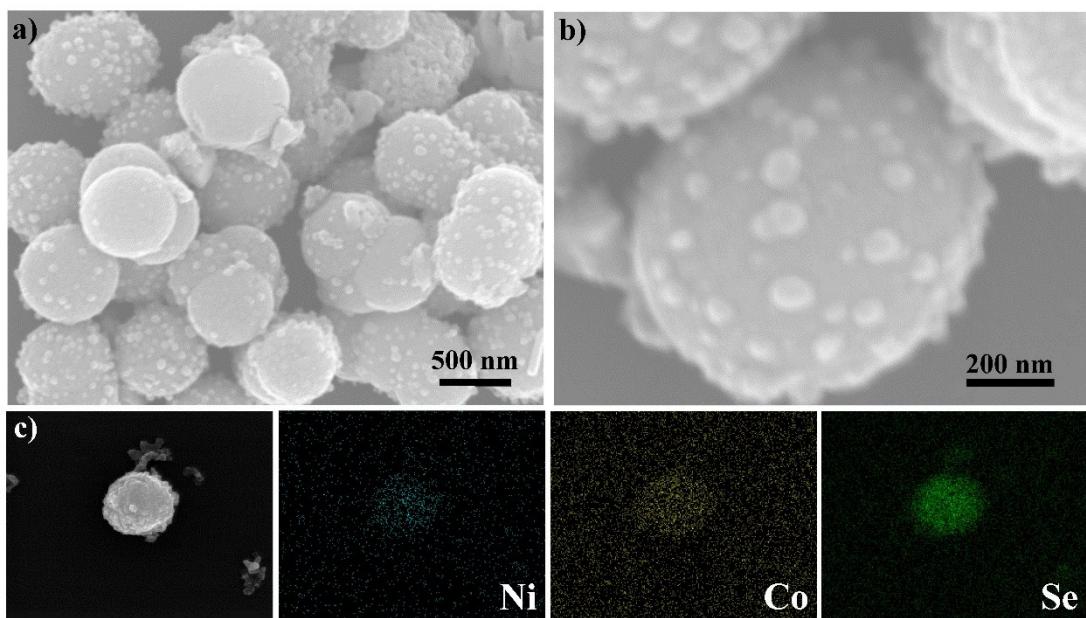
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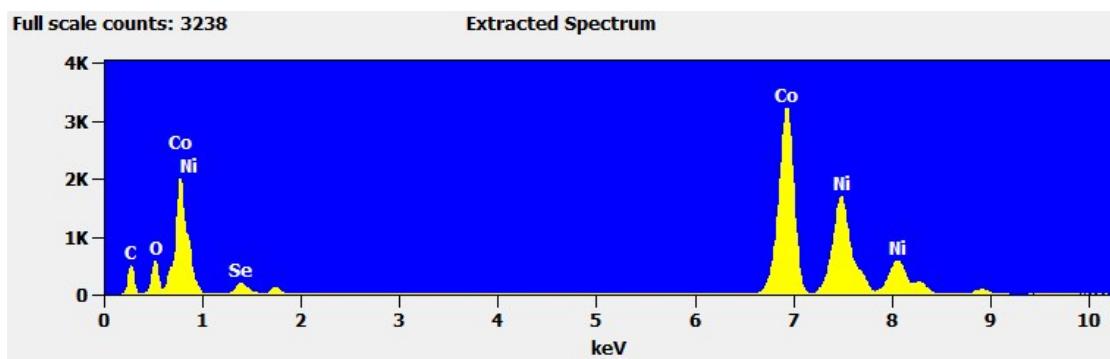
**Figure S1.** SEM images of the  $\text{Co}_9\text{Se}_8/\text{Co}_{0.85}\text{Se}-1$  at a) and b) low magnification; c) The corresponding EDS elemental mappings of Ni, Co and Se.



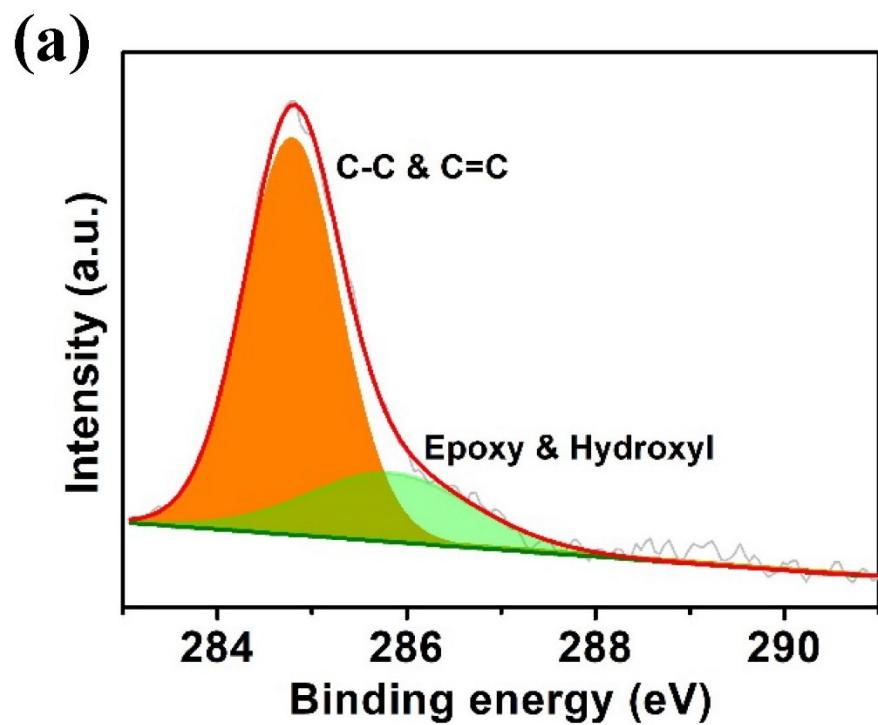
**Figure S2.** SEM images of the  $(\text{NiCo})_9\text{Se}_8/(\text{NiCo})_{0.85}\text{Se}-0.5$  at a) and b) low magnification; c) The corresponding EDS elemental mappings of Ni, Co and Se.



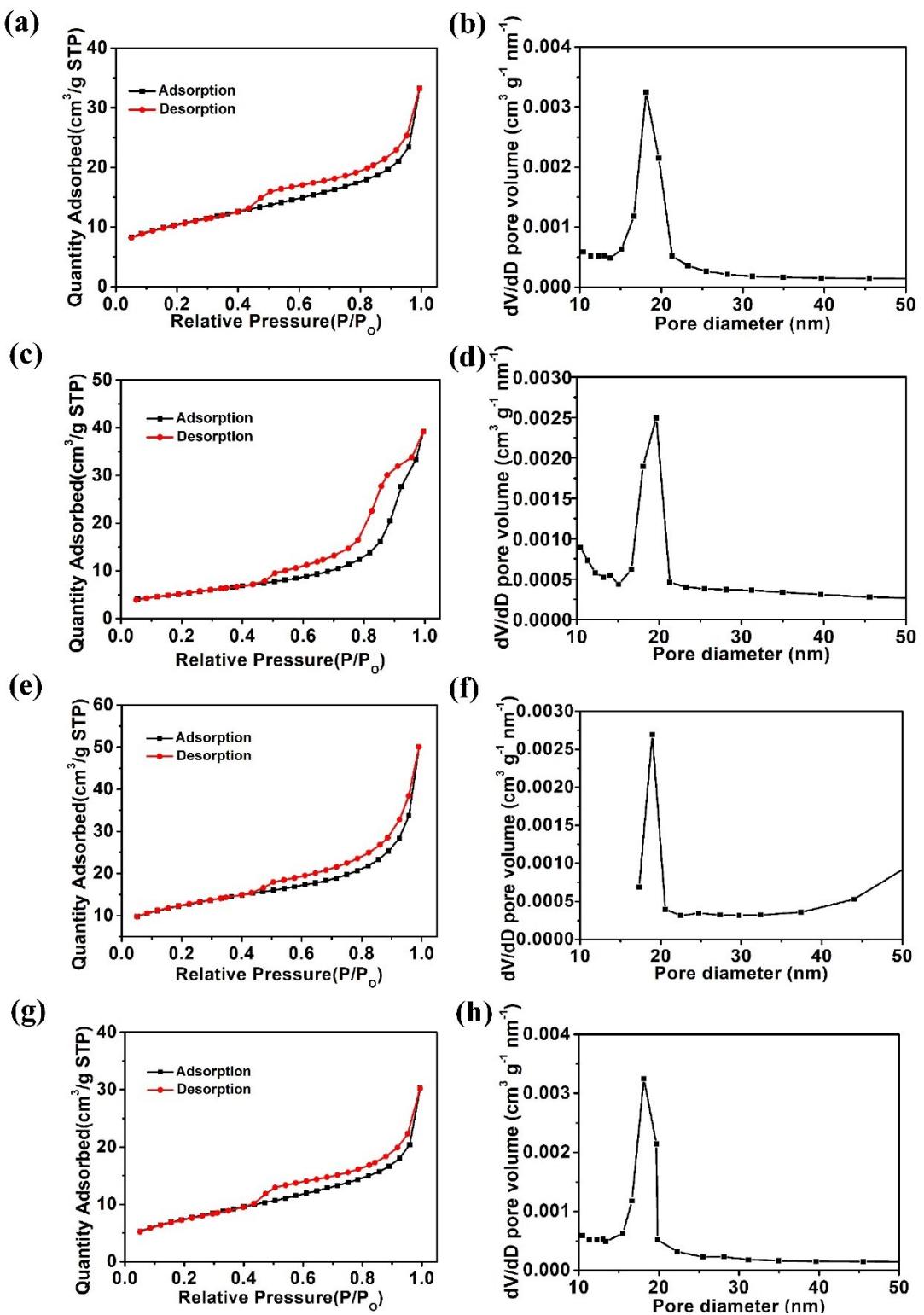
**Figure S3.** SEM images of the  $(\text{NiCo})_9\text{Se}_8/(\text{NiCo})_{0.85}\text{Se}-2$  at a) and b) low magnification; c) The corresponding EDS elemental mappings of Ni, Co and Se.



**Figure S4.** The EDS spectrum of the  $(\text{NiCo})_9\text{Se}_8/(\text{NiCo})_{0.85}\text{Se}-1$  core-shell sphere.



**Figure S5.** XPS spectra of the as-synthesized  $(\text{NiCo})_9\text{Se}_8/(\text{NiCo})_{0.85}\text{Se}-1$  core-shell sphere: C 1s.



**Figure S6.** BET test: Nitrogen adsorption/desorption isotherms and the pore-size

distribution. a-b) Co<sub>9</sub>Se<sub>8</sub>/Co<sub>0.85</sub>Se-1; c-d) (NiCo)<sub>9</sub>Se<sub>8</sub>/(NiCo)<sub>0.85</sub>Se-0.5; e-f)

(NiCo)<sub>9</sub>Se<sub>8</sub>/(NiCo)<sub>0.85</sub>Se-1; g-h) (NiCo)<sub>9</sub>Se<sub>8</sub>/(NiCo)<sub>0.85</sub>Se-2.

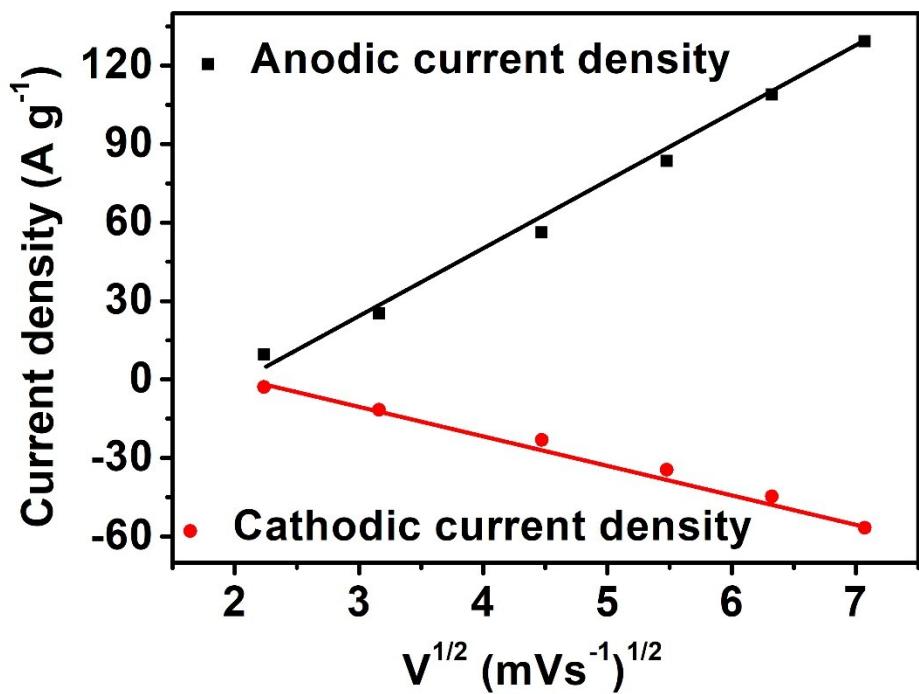
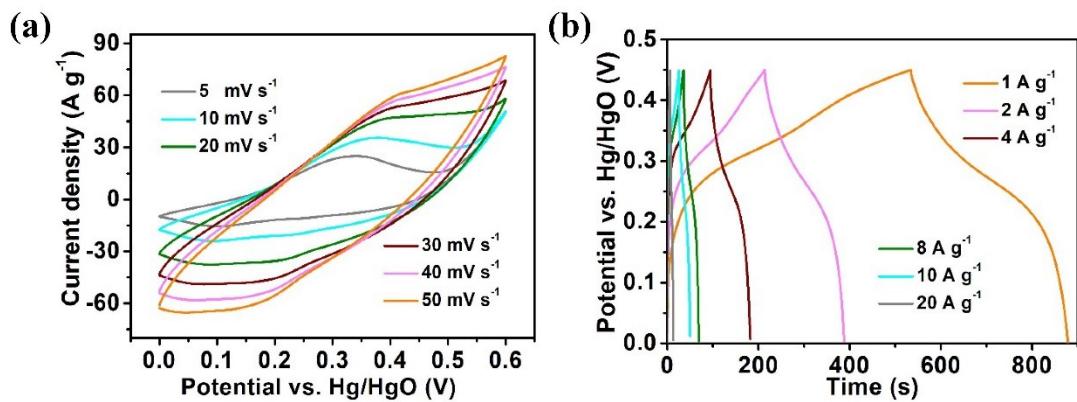
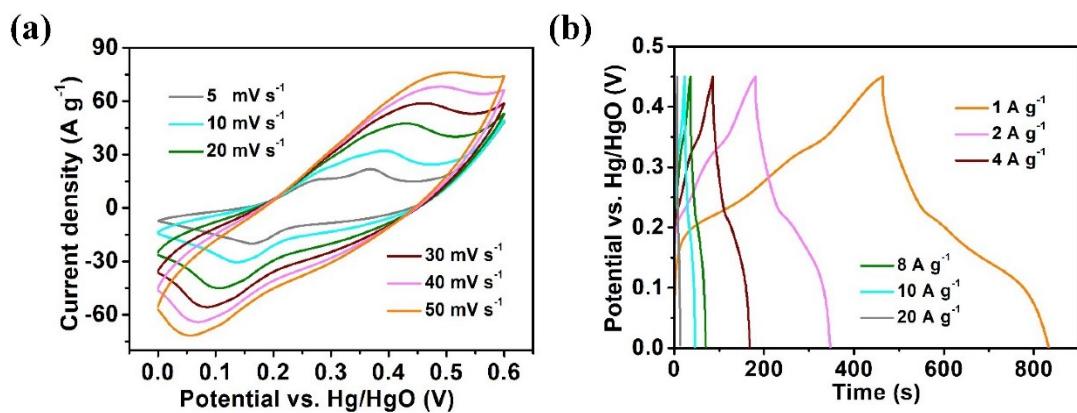


Figure S7. Correlation between peak current density and square roots of scan rates of Ni-Co-Se-1

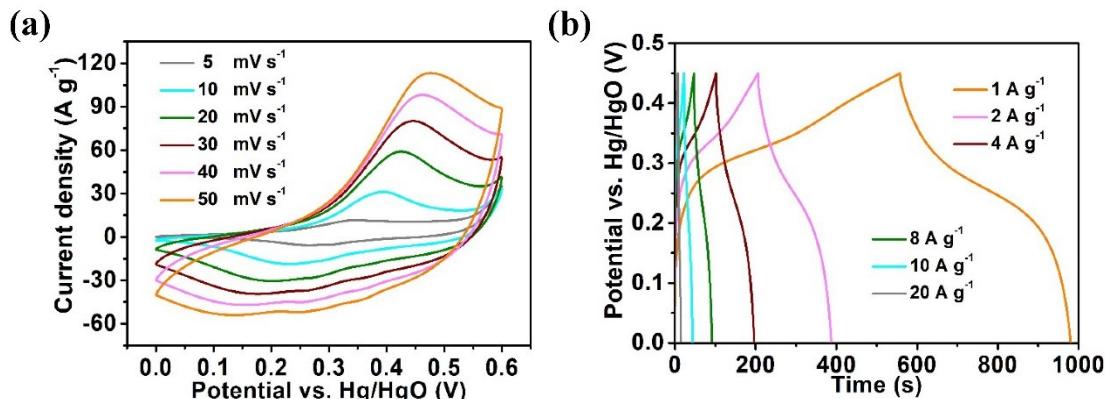
Ni-Co-Se-1



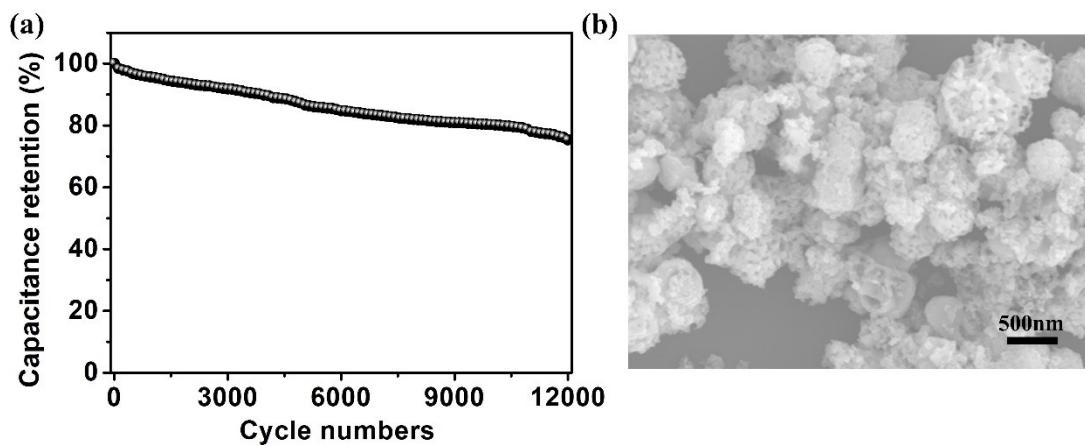
**Figure S8.** The electrochemical performance of the  $\text{Co}_9\text{Se}_8/\text{Co}_{0.85}\text{Se}-1$ : (a) The CV curves; (b) The GCD curves.



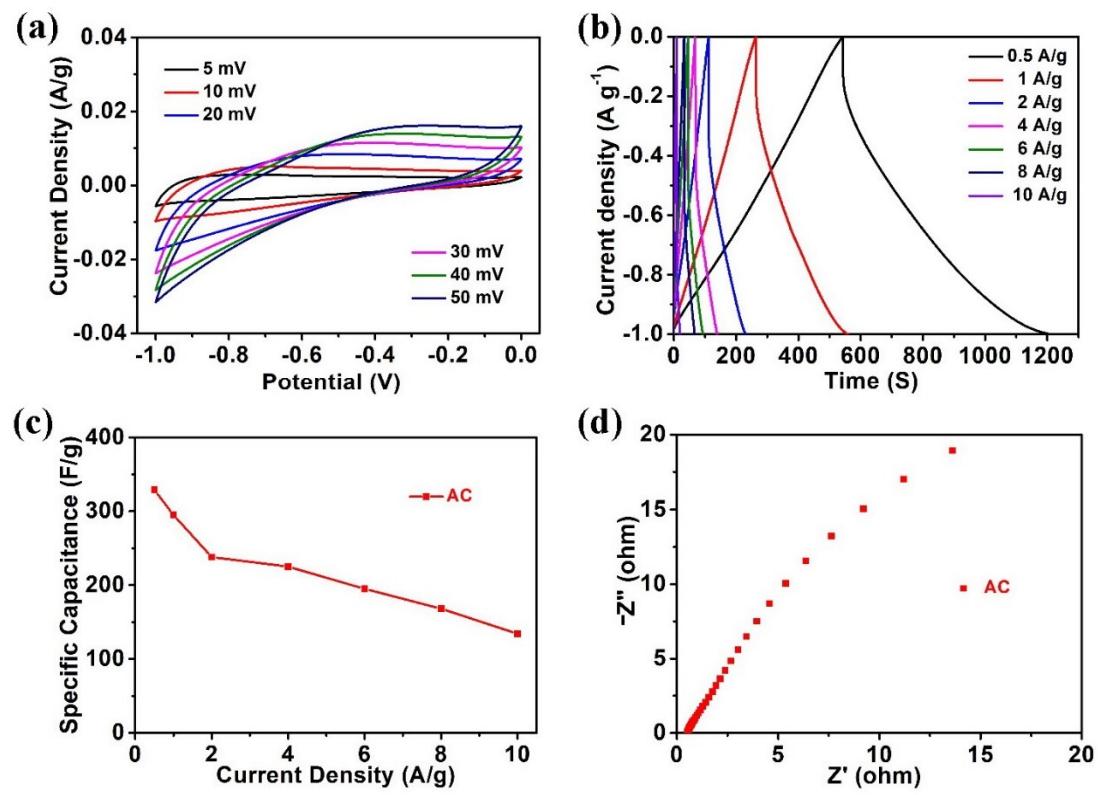
**Figure S9.** The electrochemical performance of the  $(\text{NiCo})_9\text{Se}_8/(\text{NiCo})_{0.85}\text{Se}-0.5$ : (a) The CV curves; (b) The GCD curves.



**Figure S10.** The electrochemical performance of the  $(\text{NiCo})_9\text{Se}_8/(\text{NiCo})_{0.85}\text{Se}-2$ : (a) The CV curves; (b) The GCD curves.



**Figure S11.** Electrochemical properties of the Ni-Co-Se-1: (a) The cycling performance; (b) SEM images of Ni-Co-Se-1 after 12000 cycles.



**Figure S12.** The electrochemical performance of AC: (a) The CV curves; (b) The GCD curves; (c) Rate performance; (d) EIS curves.

**Table S1.** Comparison of electrochemical performance between various hybrid pseudocapacitive electrodes and our work.

Electrode composition	Electrolyt	Specific capacitance		Counter electrode	Cyclic stability	Ref.
		e				
(NiCo) <sub>9</sub> Se <sub>8</sub> / (NiCo) <sub>0.85</sub> Se	1M KOH	164.44 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup> (1315.52 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup> / 591 C g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )		Hg/HgO electrode	85.72 % after 5000 cycles	This work
Ni <sub>0.67</sub> Co <sub>0.33</sub> Se <sup>[1]</sup>	6M KOH	535 C g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>		Hg/HgO electrode	63 % after 2000 cycles	S1
NiSe-CoSe <sup>[2]</sup>	6M KOH	584 C g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>		Hg/HgO electrode	83.8 % after 1000 cycles	S2
(Ni <sub>0.33</sub> Co <sub>0.67</sub> )Se <sub>2</sub> <sup>[3]</sup>	3M KOH	827.9 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>		saturated calomel electrode	78.1 % after 2000 cycles	S3
Co <sub>0.85</sub> Se nanosheet <sup>[4]</sup>	2M KOH	422 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>		saturated calomel electrode	93 % after 2000 cycles	S4
NiCoSe <sub>2</sub> <sup>[5]</sup>	6M KOH	750 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 3 A g <sup>-1</sup>		saturated calomel electrode	92.1 % after 5000 cycles	S5
NiSe <sub>2</sub> nanosheet <sup>[6]</sup>	1M KOH	466 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 3 A g <sup>-1</sup>		Hg/HgO electrode	81.3 % after 1000 cycles	S6
NiCo <sub>2.1</sub> Se <sub>3.3</sub> /Graphene <sup>[7]</sup>	6M KOH	742.4 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>		Hg/HgO electrode	83.8 % after 1000 cycles	S7

CoSe <sub>2</sub> Nanoarrays <sup>[8]</sup>	3M KOH	759.5 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	saturated calomel electrode	94.5 % after 5000 cycles	S8
Ni <sub>0.9</sub> Co <sub>1.92</sub> Se <sub>4</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>	3M KOH	1021.1 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 2 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	Hg/HgO electrode	88.39 % after 5000 cycles	S9
Ni <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.5</sub> Se <sub>2</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>	6M KOH	524 C g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>	Hg/HgO electrode	91 % after 3500 cycles	S10
CoSe <sub>2</sub> /C <sup>[11]</sup>	2M KOH	726 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 2 A g <sup>-1</sup>	saturated calomel electrode	85.1 % after 2000 cycles	S11
NiCo <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2.2</sub> Se <sub>1.8</sub> /CC <sup>[12]</sup>	6M KOH	870 C g <sup>-1</sup> at 2.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	Hg/HgO electrode	83 % after 5000 cycles	S12
NiSe nanorod <sup>[13]</sup>	6M KOH	6.81 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 5 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	Hg/HgO electrode	78.9% after 2000 cycles	S13
NiSe <sub>2</sub> <sup>[14]</sup>	4 M KOH	1044 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 3 A g <sup>-1</sup>	Ag/AgCl electrode	67 % after 2000 cycles	S14
CoSe <sup>[15]</sup>	1M KOH	510 F g <sup>-1</sup> at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>	saturated calomel electrode	91% after 5000 cycles	S15

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