Supporting Information

Diastereoselective [3+2]-Cycloaddition of Oxindoles with α,β-Disubstituted Nitroethylenes: Regioreversed Spiropyrrolidines Posed Potent MRSA Activity

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I. X-ray crystal structure and data of 13a, 13l & 14a

Instrumental details about crystal 13a

Good quality single crystals were collected under an optical microscope equipped with polarizer. A high resolution data set of crystal $C_{18}H_{16}BrN_3O_3$ was collected on Bruker APEX-II CCD diffractometer using MoK α radiation (λ =0.71073 Å) at 298K. The single crystal was affixed to a Hampton Research cryoloop using Paratone-N oil. Data collection and reduction was performed using Bruker APEX2 and Bruker SAINT, respectively. The structure was solved by patterson methods using SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 2008) and were refined by SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 2008). The computing molecular graphics were prepared with ORTEP diagram using Mercury software (Mercury CSD 3.10.3 (Build 205818).



Figure S1: ORTEP representation of compound 13a

Instrumental details about crystal 131

Good quality single crystals were collected under an optical microscope equipped with polarizer. A high resolution data set of crystal $C_{19}H_{18}FN_3O_3$ was collected on an Oxford Xcaliber Mova diffractometer equipped with an EOS CCD detector using MoK α radiaton (λ =0.71073 Å) and a Mova microsource. The single crystal to was affixed to a Hampton Research cryoloop using Paratone-N oil and was cooled with a liquid nitrogen stream using an Oxford Cryosystem nitrogen gas-stream cooling device. Data collection and reduction was performed using CrysAlisPro (version 1.171.38.43). The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS-2013/1 (Sheldrick, 2008) and structures were refined by SHELXL-2016/6 (Sheldrick, 2016). The computing molecular graphics were with ORTEP diagram using Mercury software (Mercury CSD 3.10.3 (Build 205818).



Figure S2: ORTEP representation of compound 13l

Instrumental details about crystal 14a

Good quality single crystals were collected under an optical microscope equipped with polarizer. A high resolution data set of crystal $C_{46}H_{45}Br_2N_6O_6$ was collected on an Oxford Xcaliber Mova diffractometer equipped with an EOS CCD detector using MoK α radiaton (λ =0.71073 Å) and a Mova microsource. The single crystal to was affixed to a Hampton Research cryoloop using Paratone-N oil and was cooled with a liquid nitrogen stream using an Oxford Cryosystem nitrogen gas-stream cooling device. Data collection and reduction was performed using CrysAlisPro (version 1.171.38.43) and WINGX(version 2018.3).All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms on heteroatoms were located from difference electron density maps. All C-H atoms were fixed geometrically. The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS-2013/1 (Sheldrick, 2008) and structures were refined by SHELXL-2016/6 (Sheldrick, 2016). The computing molecular graphics were with Ortep diagram using Mercury software (Mercury CSD 3.10.3 (Build 205818).



Figure S3: ORTEP representation of compound 14a

Identification code	13 a	131	14a
Empirical formula	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ Br N ₃ O ₃	$C_{19}H_{18}FN_3O_3$	$C_{23}H_{26}Br_2N_3O_3$
Formula weight	804.50	355.36	937.70
Temperature/K	296(2) K	99.97(10)	99.97(10)
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	P12(1)/n1	P 21/n	C 2/c
a/Å	15.516(5) Å	19.0038(6) Å	24.8162(5) Å
b/Å	9.876(4) Å	7.3040(2) Å	11.0757(2) Å
c/Å	23.035(7) Å	25.2096(7) Å	34.2851(7) Å
α/°	90°	90°	90°
β/°	104.61(2)°	108.964(3)°	100.280(2)°
γ/°	90°	90°	90°
Volume/Å ³	3415.8(19) Å ³	3309.26(18) Å ³	9272.2(3) Å ³
Z	4	8	8
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.564 x 10 ⁻⁹	1.427 x 10 ⁻⁹	1.343 x 10 ⁻⁹
μ/mm^{-1}	2.429 mm ⁻¹	0.106 mm-1	1.801 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	1632	1488	3848
Crystal size/mm ³	0.262 x 0.243 x 0.236	0.263 x 0.251 x 0.238	0.275 x 0.269 x 0.257
Radiation	ΜοΚα (🗆 🗆 0.71073	ΜοΚα (🗆 🗆 0.71073	ΜοΚα (🗆 🗆 0.71073
	Å)	Å)	Å)
2θ range for data	1.82 to 27.75°	3.418 to 27.482°	3.337 to 27.483°
collection/°			
Index ranges	-20<=h<=20, -	-24<=h<=24, -	-32<=h<=32, -
	12<=k<=12, -	9<=k<=9, -	14<=k<=14, -
	29<=l<=29	32<=l<=32	44<=l<=44
Reflections collected	54024	46806	67257
Independent reflections	7878 [$\mathbf{R}_{int} = 0.0960$]	7580 [R(int)= 0.0679]	10619 [R(int)=
			0.0476]
Data/restraints/parameters	7878 / 0 / 453	7580 / 0 / 480	10619 / 0 / 568
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	0.897	1.036	1.077
Final R indexes $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$	$R_1 = 0.0499, wR2 =$	$R_1 = 0.0464, wR2 =$	$R_1 = 0.0512, wR2 =$
	0.1295	0.0959	0.1577
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0991, wR2 =$	$R_1 = 0.0639, wR2 =$	$R_1 = 0.0604, wR2 =$
	0.1566	0.1069	0.1653
Largest diff. peak/hole/eÅ ³	0.524 and -0.669 e.Å⁻	0.301 and -0.239 e.Å ⁻	3.621 and -0.407 e.Å ⁻
	3	3	3
CCDC	1887027	1886930	1895444

II. Copies of NMR Spectra of 13a-13k





















S15





III. Copies of NMR Spectra of 14a-14h



 D_2O exchange experiment for the compound ${\bf 14a}$















S25



IV. Copies of NMR Spectra of 13l-13s

















V. Copies of NMR Spectra of 15 & 16





VI. Copies of 2D-NMR spectra of 13l

a) COSY for the compound 13l



b) NOESY for the compound 131



c) HSQC for the compound 13l





VII. Copies of HPLC chromatograms for starting materials

Synthesis of Starting materials

All the starting materials (**6b-6j** & **12a-12i**) were synthesized according to the procedure in the literature. ¹⁻⁵ The purity of the compounds were confirmed by reverse-phase HPLC screening Agilent 1220 Infinity II LC instrument.

Sl.No.	Sample code & Structure	IUPAC Name	% Purity	Reference
			HPLC	
1	O N 6b Me	1-methylindoline-2,3-dione	96.88	1
2	O N 6c Et	1-ethylindoline-2,3-dione	99.21	1
3		1-benzylindoline-2,3-dione	94.83	1
4		1-(3-chlorobenzyl)indoline-2,3-dione	98.08	1
5	F N H 6f	5-fluoroindoline-2,3-dione	99.83	2
6	CI N H 6g	5-chloroindoline-2,3-dione	95.50	2
7	Br N 6h	5-bromoindoline-2,3-dione	96.76	2

8	Me Ne N H Gi	5-methylindoline-2,3-dione	96.68	2
9	O V N CI N 6j	7-chloroindoline-2,3-dione	91.59	2
10	Br 12a	(Z)-(2-bromo-2-nitrovinyl)benzene	96.59	5
11	F 12b NO ₂	(E)-1-fluoro-4-(2-nitroprop-1- enyl)benzene	99.81	3
12	CI 12c NO ₂	(E)-1-chloro-4-(2-nitroprop-1- enyl)benzene	97.65	3
13	Me NO ₂ 12d	(E)-2-(2-nitroprop-1-enyl)furan	99.86	3
14	Me NO ₂ 12e	(E)-2-(2-nitroprop-1-enyl)thiophene	91.72	3
15	CI Br	(Z)-1-(2-bromo-2-nitrovinyl)-2- chlorobenzene	92.56	5
16	Br NO ₂ 12g	(Z)-2-(2-bromo-2-nitrovinyl)furan	91.30	5
17	CI 12h	(Z)-(2-chloro-2-nitrovinyl)benzene	92.56	4
18	12i ^{Br}	(Z)-1-bromo-3-methyl-1-nitrobut-1-ene	91.85	5

RP-HPLC analysis were carried out on Agilent HPLC (autosampler) on C-18 column using MeOH- H2O binary solvent (90:10)









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VIII. Chem3D GS Single point MM2 Calculations on the Internediate Structures



	12a via (U)-Shaped ylide 8b ; ($R^2=R^4=H$)				
	<i>Si'</i> facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)- 12a <i>via</i> (<i>S</i>)-Shaped vlide 8a ; (R ² =R ⁴ =H)	-6.0869	100.8038	17.419 3	- 337.058 5
Pr→N [⊕] O [⊕] H O H O [⊕] H O	'Si' facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)- 12a <i>via</i> (<i>U</i>)-Shaped ylide 8b ; ($\mathbb{R}^2 = \mathbb{R}^4 = \mathbb{H}$)	-6.1971	102.9784	17.056 4	- 335.388 9
V O O O O Me Ph N O Me Ph N O O Me N O O Me NH	<i>Re'</i> facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)- 12a <i>via</i> (<i>S</i>)-Shaped ylide 8a ; (R ² =Me, R ⁴ =H)	4.2126	73.2864	28.250 2	- 209.629 9
VI	<i>Re'</i> facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)-	1.1283	72.6976	26.984 6	- 202.799 7

	12a <i>via</i> (<i>U</i>)-Shaped ylide 8b ; (\mathbb{R}^2 =Me, \mathbb{R}^4 =H)				
	<i>Si'</i> facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)- 12a <i>via</i> (<i>S</i>)-Shaped ylide 8a ; (R ² =Me, R ⁴ =H)	2.5241	73.1824	25.911 4	- 205.239 7
	<i>Si'</i> facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)- <i>12a</i> <i>via</i> (<i>U</i>)-Shaped ylide 8b ; (R^2 =Me, R^4 =H)	2.0156	104.5159	18.582 2	- 321.888 9
Ph H ₃ C H ₃	<i>Re</i> ' facial addition to nitroalkene (<i>E</i>)- 12a <i>via</i> (<i>S</i>)-Shaped benzylic anion 8a '; (R ² =Me, R ⁴ =H)	-5.5806	100.8601	17.032 6	- 328.663 5
$\mathbf{X}^{\mathbf{O}}_{\mathbf{N}}^{\mathbf{O}} \mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{N}}^{\mathbf{O}} \mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{N}}^{\mathbf{O}}$		-5.1472	101.3293	17.443 1	- 325.784 4

'Si' facial addition to nitroalkene (E)-		
12a <i>via</i> (<i>S</i>)-Shaped benzylic anion 8a' ;		
$(R^2 = Me, R^4 = H)$		