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# **Supporting Information**

# **Total syntheses of seminalipid and its analogues by using 2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenylboronic acid as protective reagent** Naoyuki Shimada,\* Kenji Fukuhara, Sari Urata and Kazuishi Makino\*

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#### 1. General information

NMR spectra were recorded on Agilent Technologies 400-MR DD2 (400 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H, 100 MHz for <sup>13</sup>C), 400-MR (400 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H, 100 MHz for <sup>13</sup>C). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR data are reported as follows; chemical shift in parts per million (ppm) downfield or upfield from CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  7.26), CD<sub>3</sub>OD ( $\delta$  3.31) integration, multiplicity (br = broad, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, sep = septet, dd = double doublet, ddd = doubledouble doublet, ddd = double double double doublet, dt = double triplet, ddt = doubledouble triplet, dq = double qualtet, and m = multiplet), and coupling constants (Hz). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR chemical shifts are reported in ppm downfield or upfield from CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$ 77.0) or CD<sub>3</sub>OD ( $\delta$  49.0). Mass spectra were measured with JEOL JMS-AX505HA, JMS-700 MStation. and JEOL JMS-T100LP spectrometers. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Merck 60F-254 precoated silica gel plates and were visualized by fluorescence quenching under UV light. Column chromatography was performed using Silica Gel 60N (spherical, neutral, 63-210 µm) (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.). Air- and/or moisture-sensitive reactions were carried out under nitrogen atmosphere using oven-dried glassware. Allyl  $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside  $(5)^1$  was synthesized according to the literature.

Allyl  $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside 2,3-[2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]boronate ester (7)



2,6-Bis(trifluoromethyl)phenylboronic acid (264 mg, 1.00 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of allyl  $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside (5) (225 mg, 1.00 mmol)<sup>1</sup> in DCE (5.1 mL, 0.2 M). After stirring for 24 h under reflux, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 1 : 2) to give 7 (649 mg, 0.99 mmol, 99%) as a yellow amorphous material.

## TLC

 $R_f 0.33$  (hexane / EtOAc = 1 : 2). Optical rotation  $[\alpha]_D^{23} -23.3$  (c 1.56, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### IR(neat)

3476, 3424, 3099, 2915, 2879, 1578, 1473, 1433, 1348, 1296, 1204, 1185, 1146, 1076, 1035, 982, 896, 872, 822, 756, 748, 705, 679, 622, 541 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

### <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (dddd, J = 17.2, 10.4, 6.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u>=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.35 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH=CH<u>H</u>, *trans*), 5.24-5.22 (m, 1H, CH=CH<u>H</u>, *cis*), 4.45-4.37 (m, 3H, H-1, H-4, CH<u>H</u>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.31-4.23 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.17 (ddt, J = 12.8, 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H, CH<u>H</u>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.88-3.87 (m, 1H, H-3), 3.72-3.65 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 2.55 (br s, 2H, 2-OH, 3-OH).

#### <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 134.0, 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.1 Hz), 129.3, 128.6 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 5.0 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 274.2 Hz), 117.7, 101.6, 72.9, 71.1, 70.8, 69.9, 68.3, 65.2.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for  $C_{17}H_{17}^{11}B^{19}F_6NaO_6 [M+Na]^+ 465.0920$ , found 465.0903.

Allyl 3-O-(2,2,2-trichloroethyl)sulfo- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside 4,6-[2,6-bis(trifuluoromethyl)phenyl]boronic ester (9)



TCE-SO<sub>3</sub>-DMI (516 mg, 1.10 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of 7 (442 mg, 1.00 mmol), MS4Å (1.00 g, 1.00 g/1.00 mmol) and 1,2-dimethylimidazole (1.0 M in DCM solution, 1.10 mL, 1.10 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in THF (5.1 mL, 0.2 M) at 0 °C under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. After stirring for 24 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite<sup>®</sup> rinsing with DCM (50 mL). The organic layer was washed successively with aqueous 1 M HCl (25 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1) to give **9** (649 mg, 0.99 mmol, 99%) as a yellow oil.

#### TLC

 $R_f 0.53$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

## **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$  +33.8 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# IR (neat)

3436, 2959, 2920, 2848, 1579, 1472, 1413, 1345, 1296, 1271, 1201, 1178, 1132, 1092, 1048, 1011, 988, 907, 887, 834, 818, 775, 747, 727, 705, 679, 617, 542 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (dddd, J = 17.2, 10.4, 6.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u>=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.36 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH=CH<u>H</u>, trans), 5.27 (dq, J = 10.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH=CH<u>H</u>, *cis*), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.75 (brd, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.67 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.47-4.42 (m, 2H, H-1, CH<u>H</u>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>, H-1), 4.32 (dd, J = 12.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.26 (dd, J = 12.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-6'), 4.19 (ddt, J = 12.4, 6.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<u>H</u>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.97 (dd, J = 10.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.92-3.91 (m, 1H, H-5), 2.54 (brs, 1H, OH).

# <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 133.9 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 133.5, 129.5, 128.7 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 4.2 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.6 Hz), 118.3, 101.4, 92.6, 83.7, 79.8, 70.3, 68.8, 67.9, 67.6, 64.9.

# ESI-HRMS

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for  $C_{19}H_{18}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_9S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 674.9632, found 674.9620.

(4aR,6R,7R,8R,8aS)-2-(2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-7-hydroxy-6-((R)-oxiran-2-ylm ethoxy)hexahydropyrano[3,2-d][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-8-yl (2,2,2-trichloroethyl) sulfate (10)



70% *m*-CPBA (380 mg, 2.20 mmol, 4.3 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **9** (327 mg, 0.50 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL, 0.1 M) at 0 °C. After stirring for 24 h, the reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous  $Na_2S_2O_3$  (10 mL). After stirring for 2 h at room temperature, the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous  $Na_2S_2O_3$  (2 x 20 mL),  $H_2O$  (2 x 20 mL) and brine (2 x 20 mL) and dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . Filtration and concentration under reduced

pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 2) to give **10** (288 mg, 0.43 mmol, 86%, 93:7 dr) as a white powder.

## TLC

 $R_f 0.42$  (hexane / EtOAc = 3 : 2).

# **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$  +35.2 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

## IR (neat)

3422, 2962, 1628, 1578, 1474, 1413, 1376, 1346, 1298, 1202, 1178, 1092, 1049, 889, 727, 544 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.75-4.74 (m, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.65 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3) 4.46 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.33-4.25 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.04-3.92 (m, 4H, H-2, H-5, OC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.28-3.25 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.14 (brs, 1H, OH), 2.88-2.82 (m, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.4 Hz), 129.5, 128.7 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 4.3 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.2 Hz), 102.7, 92.6, 83.9, 79.8, 68.8, 68.5, 67.8, 67.7, 64.9, 50.8, 44.4.

## ESI-HRMS

HRMS (ESI) m/z Caicd for  $C_{19}H_{18}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3^{19}F_6NaO_{10}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 690.9581, found 690.9581.

(4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-2-[2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-6-[(*R*)-3-(hexadecyloxy)-2-hyd roxypropoxy]-7-hydroxyhexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-8-yl (2,2,2-trichloroethyl) sulfate (**11**)



BF<sub>3</sub>•OEt<sub>2</sub> (2.50  $\mu$ L, 0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **10** (67.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and 1-hexadecanol (133 mg, 0.550 mmol, 5.5 equiv) in DCM (3.3 mL, total 0.03 M) at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub>. After stirring for 18 h, the reaction

was quenched by adding saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 20 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1) to give **11** (56.8 mg, 0.072 mmol, 72%) as a colorless oil.

### TLC

 $R_f 0.30$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$  +31.3 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### IR (neat)

3751, 3375, 2925, 2854, 1735, 1718, 1467, 1413, 1345, 1296, 1200, 1178, 1134, 1089, 1046, 1011, 975, 872, 834, 817, 775, 746, 726, 678, 542, 448, 438 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.75 (brd, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.68 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.48 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.31-4.23 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.05-3.99 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O) 3.98-3.91 (m, 3H, H-2, H-5, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.84 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.6 Hz,1H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.57 (dd, J = 9.6, 6.4 Hz,1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.53 (dd, J = 9.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.51-3.45 (m, 3H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.62-1.54 (m, 3H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OH), 1.25 (m, 26H,), 0.87 (m, 3H, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 129.4, 128.7 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 4.8 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.0 Hz), 102.7, 92.6, 84.0, 79.8, 71.8, 71.5, 70.4, 69.6, 68.8, 67.6, 65.0, 31.9, 29.7, 29.65, 29.63, 29.61, 29.59, 29.5, 29.4, 29.3, 26.0, 22.7, 14.1.

## ESI-HRMS

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for  $C_{35}H_{52}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_{11}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>933.2190, found 933.2192.

(*R*)-1-(((4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-2-(2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-7-hydroxy-8-(((2,2,2-tr ichloroethoxy)sulfonyl)oxy)hexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(h exadecyloxy)propan-2-yl (*S*)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoate (**SI-1**)



(–)-MTPA-Cl (75.8 mg, 0.300 mmol, 3.0 equiv)<sup>2</sup> was added to a stirred solution of **11** (91.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and pyridine (40.4  $\mu$ L, 0.500 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DCM (2.50 mL, 0.04 M) at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub>. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1) to give (*S*)-ester (63.1 mg, 0.056 mmol, 56%) as a colorless oil.

#### TLC

 $R_f 0.49$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$  +12.3 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

## IR (neat)

3578, 2929, 2856, 1750, 1471, 1416, 1345, 1297, 1270, 1202, 1178, 1134, 1010, 977, 889, 816, 721, 543, 451, 436, 427, 412 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.64-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.40 (m, 3H), 5.49-5.43 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.92 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.70 (brd, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.55 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.28-4.21 (m, 3H, H-1, H-6), 4.06 (dd, J = 12.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O) 3.86-3.80 (m, 3H, H-2, H-5, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.77 (dd, J = 10.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.68 (dd, J = 10.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.60 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.52-3.42 (m, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.75 (brs, 1H, OH) 1.62-1.54 (m, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC

OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.25 (m, 26H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 3H, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>3</sub>).</u> <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)</u>

δ 166.4, 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.3 Hz), 132.4, 129.7, 129.5, 128.7 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 5.1 Hz), 128.4, 127.4, 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.4 Hz), 123.2 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 287.2 Hz), 103.0, 92.6, 83.5, 79.8, 73.9, 71.8, 68.8, 68.7, 68.4, 67.7, 67.6, 64.9, 55.5, 31.9, 29.69, 29.67, 29.66, 29.64, 29.60, 29.59, 29.58, 29.45, 29.4, 26.0, 22.7, 14.1.

### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for  $C_{45}H_{59}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_9NaO_{13}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 1149.2589, found 1149.2572.

(*R*)-1-(((4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-2-(2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-7-hydroxy-8-(((2,2,2-tr ichloroethoxy)sulfonyl)oxy)hexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(h exadecyloxy)propan-2-yl (*R*)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoate (**SI-2**)



(+)-MTPA-Cl (75.8 mg, 0.300 mmol, 3.0 equiv)<sup>2</sup> was added to a stirred solution of **11** (91.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and pyridine (40.4  $\mu$ L, 0.500 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DCM (2.50 mL, 0.04 M) at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub>. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1) to give (*R*)-ester (50.7 mg, 0.045 mmol, 45%) as a colorless oil.

# TLC

 $R_f 0.49$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1). Optical rotation  $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 26.5$  (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). IR (neat) 3850, 3747, 3686, 3666, 3646, 3626, 2928, 2856, 1748, 1731, 1579, 1470, 1416, 1381, 1345, 1297, 1201, 1177, 1133, 1013, 975, 888, 721, 543, 507, 447, 435, 425, 411 cm<sup>-1</sup>. **<sup>1</sup>H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.64-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.42-7.39 (m, 3H), 5.51-5.44 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.92 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.74 (brd, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl), 4.64 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.44 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1,), 4.32-4.24 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.15 (dd, J = 12.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.94-3.87 (m, 3H, H-2, H-5, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.64 (dd, J = 10.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.41-3.11 (m, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 3.06 (brs, 1H, OH), 1.50-1.46 (m, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.25 (m, 26H,), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 3H, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>).

### <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 166.7, 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 132.1, 129.7, 129.5, 128.7 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 3.8 Hz), 128.4, 127.4, 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.2 Hz), 123.2 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 286.6 Hz), 103.4, 92.6, 83.5, 79.8, 73.8, 71.9, 69.0, 68.7, 68.5, 67.8, 67.6, 64.9, 55.5, 31.9, 29.69, 29.66, 29.65, 29.62, 29.58, 29.49, 29.42, 29.4, 25.9, 22.7, 14.1.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for  $C_{45}H_{59}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_9NaO_{13}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 1149.2589, found 1149.2567.

(4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*S*,8a*S*)-2-(2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-6-((*R*)-3-(hexadecyloxy)-2-hyd roxypropoxy)-8-(((2,2,2-trichloroethoxy)sulfonyl)oxy)hexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]d ioxaborinin-7-yl palmitate (**12**)



Palmitic acid (38.5 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1.4 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **11** (95.6 mg, 0.110 mmol, 1.0 equiv), DCC (26.8 mg, 0.130 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DMAP (2.7 mg, 0.022 mmol, 0.2 equiv) in DCM (5.5 mL, 0.02 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding H<sub>2</sub>O (5.0 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with DCM (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) and brine (10 mL),

and dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ . Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane: EtOAc = 4 : 1) to give **12** (42.7 mg, 0.037 mmol, 34%) as a colorless oil.

## TLC

 $R_f 0.29$  (hexane / EtOAc = 3 : 1).

## **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$  +5.6 (*c* 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### IR (neat)

3414, 2919, 2850, 1747, 1469, 1417, 1346, 1298, 1202, 1177, 1135, 1092, 1049, 887, 834, 776, 724, 679, 543, 446 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.83 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (dd, J = 10.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.83 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.79-4.78 (m, 1H, H-4), 4.68 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.63 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.61 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.35-4.32 (m, 1H, H-6), 4.30-4.26 (m, 1H, H-6'), 3.99-3.95 (m, 2H, H-3, H-5) 3.82 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O, COC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 3.52-3.41 (m, 4H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 2.37 (dd, J = 8.0, 7.0 Hz, 2H, COC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.66-1.54 (m, 4H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>H<sub>27</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.38-1.25 (m, 50H), 0.90-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>H<sub>26</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>, OCl<sub>5</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>).

### <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 172.2, 134.1 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 129.8, 128.9 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 3.5 Hz), 124.3 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.6 Hz), 101.2, 92.5, 82.3, 80.2, 72.0, 71.7, 71.5, 69.6, 68.9, 67.8, 67.4, 65.1, 34.3, 32.1, 29.92, 29.88, 29.87, 29.85, 29.84, 29.73, 29.67, 29.6, 29.5, 29.3, 26.3, 25.0, 22.9, 14.3.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z Calcd for  $C_{51}H_{82}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3^{19}F_6NaO_{12}S [M+Na]^+ 1171.4488$ , found 1171.4489.

(*R*)-1-(((4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-2-(2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-7-hydroxy-8-(((2,2,2-tr ichloroethoxy)sulfonyl)oxy)hexahydropyrano[3,2-d][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(h exadecyloxy)propan-2-yl palmitate (**13**)



Palmitoyl chloride (33.2  $\mu$ L, 0.110 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **11** (91.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and pyridine (40.4  $\mu$ L, 0.500 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DCM (2.50 mL, 0.04 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene only to toluene : EtOAc = 15 : 1) to give **13** (113 mg, 0.098 mmol, 98%) as a colorless oil.

## TLC

 $R_f 0.74$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

# **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$  +20.0 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

## IR (neat)

3798, 3742, 3666, 2922, 2852, 2252, 1730, 1681, 1644, 1633, 1556, 1537, 1469, 1415, 1345, 1296, 1270, 1201, 1178, 1136, 1091 1048, 1010, 971, 906, 888, 833, 819, 784, 725, 677, 543, 433, 418 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.26-5.21 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.74-4.70 (m, 2H, H-4, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.64 (dd, J =9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.42 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.32-4.24 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.04 (dd, J = 11.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.93-3.84 (m, 3H, H-2, H-5, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.64 (dd, J = 10.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.58 (dd, J = 10.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.49-3.41 (m, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, COC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.67-1.52 (m, 5H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>27</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OH), 1.28-1.25 (m, 50H), 0.90-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>26</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>).

## <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 173.9, 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 129.4, 128.6 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 3.7 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.8 Hz), 103.1, 92.6, 83.9, 79.8, 71.8, 71.1, 69.2, 69.0, 68.8, 67.7, 67.5, 64.9, 34.3, 31.9, 29.7, 29.62, 29.61, 29.60, 29.5, 29.45, 29.42, 29.3, 29.2, 29.0, 26.0, 24.9, 22.6, 14.1.

#### FAB-HRMS

HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for  $C_{51}H_{82}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_{12}S [M+Na]^+ 1171.4589$ , found 1171.4519.

(*R*)-1-(((2*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-((((2-(2*l*3-trichloran-2-yl)acetyl)peroxy)thio)oxy)-3,5-dihy droxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)oxy)-3-(hexadecyloxy)propan-2-yl palmitate (**14**)



2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (52.1 mg, 0.500 mmol, 10.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **13** (60.2 mg, 0.0500 mmol) in DCM/MeOH/ethyleneglycol (5.0 mL, 0.01 M, 1 : 1 : 1) at room temperature. After stirring for 48 h, the resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1) to give **14** (40.0 mg, 0.043 mmol, 86%) as a colorless oil.

### TLC

 $R_f 0.25$  (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1).

### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$  +14.7 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### IR (neat)

3393, 3184, 2923, 2853, 1710, 1666, 1466, 1405, 1377, 1296, 1267, 1199, 1167, 1122, 1093, 1072, 1040, 1015, 963, 947, 895, 856, 786, 727, 702, 620, 544, 426, 414 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$ )

δ 5.21-5.19 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.00 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.85 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.58 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.41 (brd, J = 2.8 Hz 1H, H-4), 4.36 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.01-3.82 (m, 5H), 3.58-3.54 (m, 3H), 3.48-3.42 (m, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CL<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.36-2.32 (m, 3H, COC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CL<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OH), 1.63-1.54 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CL<sub>3</sub>H<sub>27</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CL<sub>4</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OHx2), 1.26 (m, 50H), 0.90-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>CL<sub>3</sub>H<sub>26</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>).

# <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 174.1, 104.1, 92.7, 85.8, 79.9, 73.6, 72.0, 71.2, 69.9, 69.0, 68.6, 68.1, 62.6, 34.5, 31.9, 29.70, 29.65, 29.64, 29.63, 29.50, 29.49, 29.45, 29.35, 29.27, 29.1, 26.0, 24.9, 22.7, 14.1.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{43}H_{81}^{35}Cl_3NaO_{12}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 949.4412, found m/z: 949.4425.

Seminolipid sodium salt (1)



Dimethylphenylsilane (34.6  $\mu$ L, 0.226 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of **14** (105 mg, 0.113 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 10% Pd-C (5 w/w%, 5.2 mg) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (78.7  $\mu$ L, 0.565 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DMF (1.60 mL, 0.07 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 30 minutes, dimethylphenylsilane (34.6  $\mu$ L, 0.226 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added again. After stirring for additional 0.5 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite pad rinsing with DMF (10 mL). The filtrate was lyophilized. The resulting residue was dissolved in MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1), and loaded onto a cation exchange resin column (DOWEX<sup>TM</sup>HCR-S Na<sup>+</sup> form), eluting with MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1). The obtained fractions were lyophilized to give seminolipid sodium salt **1** (70.2 mg, 0.086 mmol, 76%) as an amorphous material.

#### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{27} + 2.3 (c \ 0.10, \text{CHCl}_{3} / \text{MeOH} = 1 : 1).$ <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> / CD <sub>3</sub>OD = 1 : 1)  $\delta$  5.22-5.16 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.25-4.19 (m, 2H), 2.02(dd, J = 10.8, (0, H=, 1H), 2.81, 2.6( (m, 4H), 2.61, 2.27 (m, 5H), 2.21 (t, J = 8.0))

3.92(dd, J = 10.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H) 3.81-3.66 (m, 4H), 3.61-3.37 (m, 5H), 2.31 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, COC<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.63-1.48 (m, 4H), 1.24 (m, 50H), 0.87-0.83 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>26</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>).</u></u>

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3 / CD_3OD = 1 : 1$ )

δ 174.8, 104.2, 81.0, 75.3, 72.3, 72.2, 70.0, 69.8, 68.7, 67.8, 61.8, 34.9, 32.4, 30.19, 30.17, 30.16, 30.15, 30.07, 30.01, 29.9, 29.8, 29.6, 26.6, 25.5, 23.2, 14.3.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>79</sub>O<sub>12</sub>S [M–Na]<sup>-</sup> 795.5292, found 795.5267.

(*R*)-1-(((4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-8-((((2-(213-trichloran-2-yl)acetyl)peroxy)thio)oxy)-2-(2,6 -bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-7-hydroxyhexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(hexadecyloxy)propan-2-yl stearate (**15**)



Stearoyl chloride (37.2 µL, 0.110 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **11** (91.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and pyridine (40.4 µL, 0.500 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DCM (2.50 mL, 0.1 M) at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub>. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene only to toluene : EtOAc = 15 : 1) to give **15** (105.8 mg, 0.090 mmol, 90%) as a colorless oil.

### TLC

 $R_f 0.74$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$  +16.1 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### IR (neat)

3743, 3645, 3479, 2917, 2851, 2685, 1746, 1714, 1697, 1642, 1614, 1596, 1582, 1469, 1412, 1381, 1345, 1297, 1202, 1178, 1006, 975, 947, 906, 885, 864, 836, 815, 771, 722, 701, 670, 550, 436, 414 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.27-5.21 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.74 (brd, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.72 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.65 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz 1H, H-1), 4.33-4.23(m, 2H, H-6), 4.04 (dd, J = 11.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.93-3.88 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 3.86 (dd, J = 11.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.64 (dd, J = 10.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.58 (dd, J = 10.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHCC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.51-3.42 (m, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.38-2.34 (m, 2H, COC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>33</sub>), 1.65-1.54 (m, 5H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>31</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OH), 1.26 (m, 54H), 0.90-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>).

#### <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 173.9, 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 129.4, 128.6 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 4.0 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.6 Hz), 103.2, 92.6, 83.8, 79.8, 71.9, 71.0, 69.2, 68.9, 68.8, 67.7, 67.5, 64.9, 34.4, 31.9, 29.69, 29.66, 29.65, 29.64, 29.62, 29.61, 29.50, 29.47, 29.44, 29.34, 29.2, 29.1, 26.0, 24.9, 22.7, 14.1.

#### **FAB-HRMS**

HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for  $C_{53}H_{86}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_{12}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 1199.4795, found 1199.4803.

(*R*)-1-(((4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-8-((((2-(213-trichloran-2-yl)acetyl)peroxy)thio)oxy)-2-(2,6 -bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-7-hydroxyhexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-6-yl)oxy)-3-(hexadecyloxy)propan-2-yl oleate (**16**)



Oleyl chloride (36.3  $\mu$ L, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **11** (91.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and pyridine (40.4  $\mu$ L, 0.500 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DCM (2.50 mL, 0.5 M) at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub>. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene only to toluene : EtOAc = 15 : 1) to give **16** (74.0 mg, 0.063 mmol, 63%) as a colorless oil.

### TLC

 $R_f 0.74$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

#### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$  +15.3 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

## IR (neat)

2924, 2854, 1730, 1579, 1416, 1344, 1296, 1201, 1178, 1135, 1010, 975, 906, 889, 867, 836, 812, 774, 724, 673, 423, 407 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

### <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.37-5.31 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>=C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.27-5.21 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.74 (brd, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.65 (dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.33-4.23 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.04 (dd, J = 11.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.93-3.88 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 3.85 (dd, J = 11.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.64 (dd, J = 10.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.51-3.41 (m, 2H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.57 (dd, J = 10.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.51-3.41 (m, 2H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, COC<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>33</sub>), 2.03-1.98 (m, 4H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub>CH=CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 1.65-1.53 (m, 5H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>33</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OH), 1.30-1.24 (m, 46H), 0.89-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub></u>).</u></u></u></u></u>

# <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 173.9, 133.9 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.3 Hz), 130.0, 129.7, 129.4, 128.7 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 4.4 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.6 Hz), 103.2, 92.6, 83.7, 79.8, 71.9, 71.0, 69.2, 68.9, 68.8, 67.8, 67.5, 64.9, 34.4, 31.91 31.89, 29.8, 29.69, 29.67, 29.65, 29.63, 29.62, 29.51, 29.45, 29.4, 29.31, 29.30, 29.15, 29.11, 29.0, 27.21, 27.16, 26.0, 24.90, 22.68, 22.67, 14.1.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for  $C_{53}H_{84}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_{12}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 1197.4644, found 1197.4649.

(*R*)-1-(((2*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-4-(((((2-(2*l*3-trichloran-2-yl)acetyl)peroxy)thio)oxy)-3,5-dihy droxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)oxy)-3-(hexadecyloxy)propan-2-yl stearate (**17**)



2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (71.8 mg, 0.680 mmol, 10.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **15** (80.0 mg, 0.0680 mmol) in DCM/MeOH/ethyleneglycol (6.8 mL, 0.01 M, 1 : 1 : 1) at room temperature. After stirring for 48 h, the resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1) to give **17** (63.7 mg, 0.066 mmol, 98%) as a colorless oil.

### TLC

 $R_f 0.25$  (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1).

# **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$  +18.6 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### IR (neat)

3708, 3645, 3382, 2924, 2857, 2057, 1742, 1725, 1713, 1469, 1405, 1381, 1345, 1294, 1277, 1263, 1199, 1072, 1015, 963, 947, 896, 854, 786, 767, 727, 701, 673, 546, 447, 433, 423, 414 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 5.22-5.17 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.00 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.85 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.55 (dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.40 (brd, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.36 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.01-3.81 (m, 5H), 3.58-3.54 (m, 3H), 3.49-3.40 (m, 2H, OC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CL<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.35-2.32 (m, 3H, COC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CL<sub>14</sub>H<sub>33</sub>, OH), 1.63-1.52 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CL<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>CL<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OHx2), 1.25 (m, 54H,), 0.89-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>CL<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>, OCL<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H</u><sub>3</sub>).

# <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 174.1, 104.0, 92.7, 85.8, 79.9, 73.6, 72.0, 71.2, 69.8, 69.1, 68.6, 68.0, 62.4, 34.5, 31.9,

29.70, 29.66, 29.65, 29.63, 29.49, 29.45, 29.35, 29.27, 29.1, 26.0, 24.9, 22.7, 14.1. **ESI-HRMS** 

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C<sub>45</sub>H<sub>85</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>12</sub>S [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 977.4720, found 977.4753.

(R)-1-(((2R,3R,4S,5S,6R)-4-((((2-(2l3-trichloran-2-yl)acetyl)peroxy)thio)oxy)-3,5-dihy droxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)-3-(hexadecyloxy)propan-2-yl oleate (18)



2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (266.2 mg, 2.55 mmol, 10.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **16** (300 mg, 0.255 mmol) in DCM/MeOH/ethyleneglycol (25.5 mL, 0.01 M, 1 : 1 : 1) at room temperature. After stirring for 48 h, the resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (100 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1) to give **18** (189.4 mg, 0.199 mmol, 78%) as a colorless oil.

#### TLC

 $R_f 0.23$  (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1).

### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  +20.1 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### IR (neat)

3731, 3381, 2923, 2853, 2248, 1713, 1464, 1405, 1375, 1347, 1296, 1267, 1232, 1169, 1136, 1072, 963, 947, 895, 861, 843, 787, 727, 543, 462, 439, 420 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 5.37-5.31 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>=C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.22-5.17 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.00 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.84 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.54 (dd, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3) 4.40 (brd, *J* = 2.8 Hz 1H, H-4), 4.35 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.00-3.80 (m, 5H), 3.58-3.54 (m, 3H), 3.49-3.40 (m, 2H, OC<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.35-2.32 (m, 3H, 3H)</u></u></u>

 $COC\underline{H_2}C_{14}H_{33}$ , OH), 2.01-2.00 (m, 4H,  $C\underline{H_2}CH=CHC\underline{H_2}$ ), 1.63-1.53 (m, 6H,  $COCH_2C\underline{H_2}C_{16}H_{33}$ ,  $OCH_2C\underline{H_2}C_{14}H_{29}$ , OHx2), 1.30-1.24 (m, 46H), 0.89-0.86 (m, 6H,  $COCH_2C_{16}H_{30}C\underline{H_3}$ ,  $OC_{15}H_{30}C\underline{H_3}$ ).

# <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 174.1, 130.0, 129.7, 104.0, 92.7, 85.8, 79.9, 73.6, 72.0, 71.2, 69.7, 69.0, 68.6, 68.0, 62.4, 34.4, 31.91, 31.88, 29.8, 29.7, 29.64, 29.62, 29.51, 29.48, 29.44, 29.34, 29.31, 29.30, 29.2, 29.1, 29.0, 27.21, 27.16, 26.0, 24.9, 22.67, 22.66, 14.1.

### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C<sub>45</sub>H<sub>83</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>12</sub>S [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 975.45685, found 975.45880.

Seminolipid stearoyl ester analogue sodium salt (2)



Dimethylphenylsilane (20.8  $\mu$ L, 0.136 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of **19** (65.2 mg, 0.0683 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 10% Pd-C (5 w/w%, 3.2 mg) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (47.7 $\mu$ L, 0.342 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DMF (0.9 mL, 0.07 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 0.5 h, dimethylphenylsilane (18.6 mg, 0.136 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added again. After stirring for additional 0.5 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite pad rinsing with DMF (20 mL). The filtrate was lyophilized. The resulting residue was dissolved in MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1), and loaded onto a cation exchange resin column (DOWEX<sup>TM</sup>HCR-S Na<sup>+</sup> form), eluting with MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1). The obtained fractions were lyophilized to give seminolipid stearoyl ester analogue sodium salt **2** (48.5 mg, 0.0573 mmol, 84%) as an amorphous material.

#### **Optical rotation**

[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> +2.3 (*c* 0.10, CHCl<sub>3</sub> / MeOH = 1 : 1). <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> / CD <sub>3</sub>OD = 1 : 1) δ 5.22-5.16 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.25-4.19 (m, 2H), 3.93(dd, *J* = 10.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H) 3.81-3.67 (m, 4H), 3.61-3.39 (m, 5H), 2.32 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H, COC<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>33</sub>), 1.62-1.51 (m, 4H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>31</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.24</u> (m, 54H), 0.88-0.84 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub></u>). <sup>13</sup>**C-NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> / CD <sub>3</sub>OD = 1 : 1)</u></u></u> δ 174.9, 104.3, 81.1, 75.5, 72.4, 72.3, 70.1, 69.9, 68.8, 67.9, 61.9, 35.0, 32.5, 30.29, 30.25, 30.2, 30.12, 30.11, 30.07, 29.96, 29.93, 29.9, 29.7, 26.7, 25.6, 23.2, 14.3.

#### ESI-HRMS

HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>83</sub>O<sub>12</sub>S [M–Na]<sup>-</sup> 823.5605, found 823.5586.

Seminolipid oleoyl ester analogue sodium salt (3)



Dimethylphenylsilane (50.8  $\mu$ L, 0.332 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of **19** (158 mg, 0.166 mmol), 10% Pd-C (5 w/w%, 7.9 mg) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (115  $\mu$ L, 0.828 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DMF (2.3 mL, 0.07 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 0.5 h, dimethylphenylsilane (45.2 mg, 0.332mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added again. After stirring for additional 0.5 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite pad rinsing with DMF (20 mL). The filtrate was lyophilized. The resulting residue was dissolved in MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1), and loaded onto a cation exchange resin column (DOWEX<sup>TM</sup>HCR-S Na<sup>+</sup> form), eluting with MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1). The obtained fractions were lyophilized to give seminolipid oleoyl ester analogue sodium salt **3** (125 mg, 0.148 mmol, 89%) as an amorphous material.

### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_D^{28}$  +1.4 (c 0.10, CHCl<sub>3</sub> / MeOH = 1 : 1).

<sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3 / CD_3OD = 1 : 1$ )

δ 5.35-5.27 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>=C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.22-5.16 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.31 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.25-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.92 (dd, J = 11.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H) 3.81-3.67 (m, 4H), 3.61-3.38 (m, 5H), 2.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H, COC<u>*H*</u>2C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>33</sub>), 2.01-1.97 (m, 4H, C<u>*H*</u>2CH=CHC<u>*H*</u>2), 1.62-1.50 (m, 4H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>2C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>31</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>2C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 1.28-1.24 (m, 46H), 0.87-0.83 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>28</sub>C<u>*H*</u>3, OC<sub>15</sub>H<sub>30</sub>C<u>*H*</u>3).

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3 / CD_3OD = 1 : 1$ )

δ 174.8, 130.4, 130.2, 104.2, 80.9, 75.3, 72.3, 72.2, 70.0, 69.8, 68.8, 67.8, 61.8, 34.9, 32.46, 32.44, 30.273, 30.26, 30.22, 30.20, 30.18, 30.11, 30.04, 29.9, 29.84, 29.81, 29.77, 29.67, 29.62, 27.69, 27.68, 26.59, 25.5, 23.2, 14.3.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>81</sub>O<sub>12</sub>S [M–Na]<sup>-</sup> 821.5448, found 821.5447.

(4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-2-[2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-6-[(*R*)-3-(hexadecyloxy)-2-hyd roxypropoxy]-7-hydroxyhexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-8-yl (2,2,2-trichloroethyl) sulfate (**19**)



70% m-CPBA (965 mg, 5.59 mmol, 4.3 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of 9 (848 mg, 1.30 mmol) in DCM (21.0 mL, 0.06 M) at 0 °C. After stirring for 24 h, the reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (10 mL). After stirring for 2 h at room temperature, the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL), saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (2 x 50 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 50 mL) and brine (2 x 50 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude epoxide, which was used without further purification to the next step. BF3•OEt2 (32.0 µL, 0.260 mmol, 0.2 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of the crude product and oleyl alcohol (1.92 g, 7.15 mmol, 5.5 equiv) in DCM (13.0 mL, total 0.1 M) at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub>. After stirring for 14 h, the reaction was quenched by adding saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 50 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1) to give **19** (569.1 mg, 0.60 mmol, 46%) as a colorless oil.

#### TLC

 $R_f 0.30$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

## **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{27}$  +27.3 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### IR (neat)

3850, 3645, 3415, 2925, 2854, 1727, 1414, 1345, 1296, 1200, 1178, 1134, 1089, 1046,

873, 726, 666, 542, 429, 409 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.38-5.32 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>=C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.93 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.74 (brd, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.69 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.30-4.23 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.05-4.00 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O) 3.98-3.92 (m, 3H, H-2, H-5, OC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.84 (dd, J = 11.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H, OC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.62-3.51 (m, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>O), 3.48 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H, OC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>33</sub>), 3.31 (brs, 1H, OH) 2.03-1.98 (m, 4H, C<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>CH=CHC<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>) 1.61-1.54 (m, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u><sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>33</sub>), 1.28-1.26 (m, 22H), 0.86 (m, 3H, OC<sub>17</sub>H<sub>32</sub>C<u>*H*</u><u>3</u>).

## <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 129.9, 129.7, 129.4, 128.6 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 3.3 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.8 Hz), 102.8, 92.6, 83.8, 79.8, 71.8, 71.4, 70.6, 69.6, 68.8, 67.7, 67.6, 65.0, 31.9, 29.74, 29.68, 29.51, 29.48, 29.42, 29.297, 29.290, 29.25, 27.2, 26.0, 22.7, 14.1.

#### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for  $C_{37}H_{54}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_{11}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>959.2347, found 959.2381.

(4a*R*,6*R*,7*R*,8*R*,8a*S*)-2-[2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-6-[(*R*)-3-(hexadecyloxy)-2-hyd roxypropoxy]-7-hydroxyhexahydropyrano[3,2-*d*][1,3,2]dioxaborinin-8-yl (2,2,2-trichloroethyl) sulfate (**20**)



Palmitoyl chloride (75.2  $\mu$ L, 0.250 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **19** (213.5 mg, 0.228 mmol) and pyridine (92.0  $\mu$ L, 1.14 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DCM (0.46 mL, 0.5 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 12 h, the reaction was quenched by adding aqueous 1 M HCl (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL), H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (toluene only to toluene : EtOAc = 15 : 1) to give **20** (147 mg, 0.125 mmol, 55%) as a colorless oil.

## TLC

 $R_f 0.30$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

## **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{24}$  +20.4 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

# IR (neat)

3722, 3694, 3438, 2925, 2854, 1731, 1467, 1416, 1345, 1296, 1270, 1201, 1178, 1136, 1091, 1048, 1011, 978, 888, 775, 726, 678, 540, 458, 426 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.82 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.37-5.31 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>=C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.26-5.21 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.74 (brd, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.72 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.65(dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.32-4.24 (m, 2H, H-6), 4.04 (dd, J = 11.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.94-3.90 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 3.86 (dd, J = 11.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CHCH<sub>2</sub>O), 3.64 (dd, J = 10.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<u>2</u>O), 3.46 (ddd, J = 23.2, 9.2, 6.8 Hz, 2H, OC<u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>32</sub>), 2.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, COC<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.04-1.99 (m, 4H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub>CH=CHC<u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 1.65-1.52 (m, 5H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>27</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>31</sub>, OH), 1.28-1.25 (m, 46H), 0.89-0.86 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>26</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub></u>, OC<sub>17</sub>H<sub>32</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub></u>).</u></u></u></u></u>

# <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 173.9, 133.8 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 31.2 Hz), 129.93, 129.89, 129.77, 128.6 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 3.1 Hz), 124.1 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 272.7 Hz), 103.2, 92.6, 83.7, 79.8, 71.9, 71.0, 69.2, 68.9, 68.8, 67.8, 67.5, 65.0, 34.4, 31.90, 31.88, 29.74, 29.68, 29.64, 29.61, 29.5, 29.46, 29.40, 29.33, 29.29, 29.25, 29.23, 29.1, 27.2, 26.0, 24.9, 14.1.

# ESI-HRMS

HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for  $C_{53}H_{84}^{11}B^{35}Cl_3F_6NaO_{12}S$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>1197.4746, found 1197.4663.

(*R*)-1-(((2*R*,3*R*,4*S*,5*S*,6*R*)-3,5-dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-4-(((2,2,2-trichloroethoxy)sulfonyl)oxy)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)oxy)-3-(((*Z*)-octadec-9-en-1-yl)oxy)propan-2-yl palmitate (**21**)



2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (69.7 mg, 0. 669 mmol, 10.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **20** (78.6 mg, 0.0669 mmol) in DCM/MeOH/ethyleneglycol (6.7 mL, 0.01 M, 1 : 1 : 1) at room temperature. After stirring for 72 h, the resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (50 mL). The combined organic layer was washed successively with H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL), and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and concentration under reduced pressure furnished the crude product, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : EtOAc = 2 : 1) to give **21** (47.6 mg, 0.0499 mmol, 74%) as a colorless oil.

## TLC

 $R_f 0.30$  (hexane : EtOAc = 3 : 1).

#### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$  +20.6 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

## IR (neat)

3387, 3190, 2924, 2853, 1711, 1465, 1405, 1378, 1296, 1199, 1168, 1122, 1072, 1041, 1015, 963, 895, 856, 786, 727, 619, 544, 421, 410 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## <sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 5.37-5.30 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>=C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.23-5.16 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.00 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.85 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CCl<sub>3</sub>), 4.54(dd, J = 9.6 Hz, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3) 4.40 (brd, J = 2.8 Hz 1H, H-4), 4.35 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.01-3.78 (m, 5H), 3.58-3.53 (m, 3H), 3.44 (ddd, J = 22.4, 9.2, 6.8 Hz , 2H, OC<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>31</sub>), 2.35-2.32 (m, 3H, COC<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>, OH), 2.03-1.98 (m, 4H, C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CH=CHC<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>), 1.63-1.50 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>27</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>31</sub>, OHx2), 1.28-1.25 (m, 46H), 0.89-0.85</u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u>

(m, 6H,  $COCH_2C_{13}H_{26}C\underline{H_3}$ ,  $OC_{17}H_{32}C\underline{H_3}$ ).

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 174.1, 130.0, 129.8, 104.0, 92.7, 85.9, 79.9, 73.6, 71.9, 71.2, 69.7, 69.1, 68.6, 67.8, 62.3, 34.4, 31.90, 31.88, 29.74, 29.68, 29.65, 29.63, 29.61, 29.50, 29.47, 29.40, 29.33, 29.30, 29.29, 29.26, 29.25, 29.1, 27.19, 27.18, 26.0, 24.9, 22.7, 14.1.

### **ESI-HRMS**

HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C<sub>45</sub>H<sub>83</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>12</sub>S [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>975.4670, found 975.4570.

Seminolipid oleyl ether analogue sodium salt (4)



Dimethylphenylsilane (15.3  $\mu$ L, 0.100 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of **21** (47.6 mg, 0.0499 mmol), 10% Pd-C (5 w/w%, 2.4 mg) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (34.7  $\mu$ L, 0.250mmol, 5.0 equiv) in DMF (0.7 mL, 0.07 M) at room temperature. After stirring for 0.5 h, dimethylphenylsilane (13.7 mg, 0.100 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added again. After stirring for additional 0.5 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite pad rinsing with DMF (20 mL). The filtrate was lyophilized. The resulting residue was dissolved in MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1), and loaded onto a cation exchange resin column (DOWEX<sup>TM</sup>HCR-S Na<sup>+</sup> form), eluting with MeCN/MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/DMF (4 : 2 : 2 : 1). The obtained fractions were lyophilized to give seminolipid oleyl ether analogue sodium salt **4** (40.8 mg, 0.0483 mmol, 96%) as an amorphous material.

#### **Optical rotation**

 $[\alpha]_D^{28} + 1.1 (c \ 0.10, \text{CHCl}_3 / \text{MeOH} = 1 : 1).$ 

<sup>1</sup>**H-NMR** (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3 / CD_3OD = 1 : 1$ )

δ 5.35-5.27 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>=C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.22-5.16 (m, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*</u>CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.31 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.25-4.19 (m, 2H), 3.92 (dd, J = 11.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H) 3.81-3.67 (m, 4H), 3.61-3.37 (m, 5H), 2.32 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, COC<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>29</sub>), 2.02-1.96 (m, 4H, C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>CH=CHC<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>), 1.61-1.50 (m, 4H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>27</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>31</sub>), 1.28-1.24 (m, 46H), 0.87-0.83 (m, 6H, COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>26</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>3</sub>, OC<sub>17</sub>H<sub>32</sub>C<u>*H*<sub>3</sub>).</u></u></u></u></u></u></u>

 $^{13}$ C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> / CD <sub>3</sub>OD = 1 : 1)

δ 174.8, 130.4, 130.3, 104.2, 81.1, 75.4, 72.3, 72.2, 70.0, 69.9, 68.8, 67.9, 61.9, 34.9,

32.47, 32.46, 30.31, 30.28, 30.22, 30.20, 30.18, 30.11, 30.08, 30.04, 30.02, 29.89, 29.85, 29.80, 29.64, 27.69, 27.68, 26.6, 25.5, 23.2, 14.3.

# ESI-HRMS

HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>81</sub>O<sub>12</sub>S [M–Na]<sup>-</sup> 821.5448, found 821.5408.









































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