

## Supporting Information

### Complexation of 5-aminovaleric acid zwitterion in aqueous/methanol solution by heterotopic tri-cationic receptor

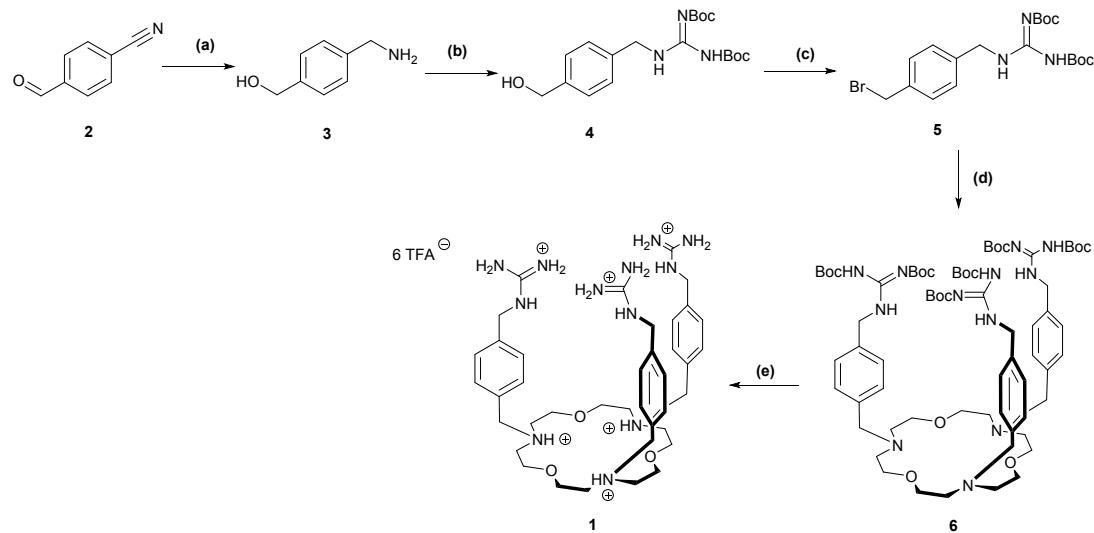
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#### 1. Synthetic route to receptor **1** with experimental procedures and NMR spectra



Scheme 1. Synthetic route to **1**

**(4-(aminomethyl)phenyl)methanol (3)**

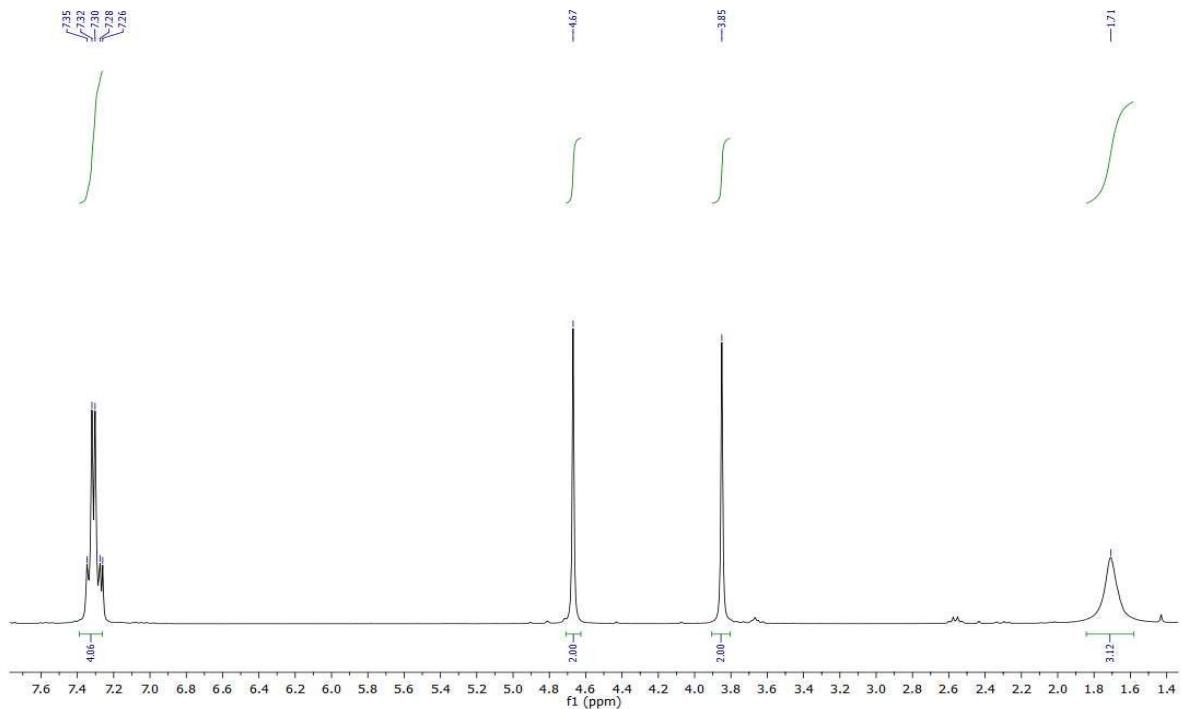


Figure 1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR of compound 3.

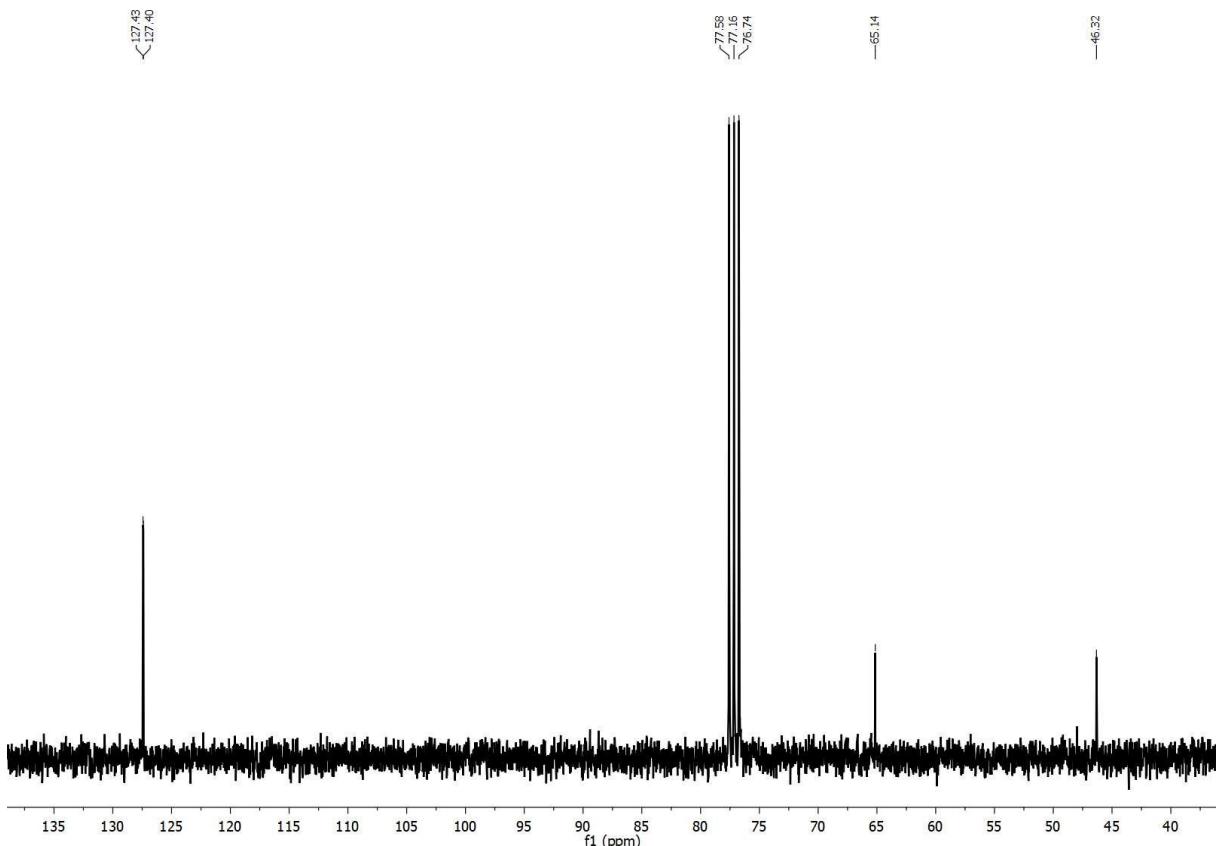


Figure 2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR of compound 3.

**N,N'-diBoc-N''-(4-hydroxymethyl)-benzylguanidine (4)**

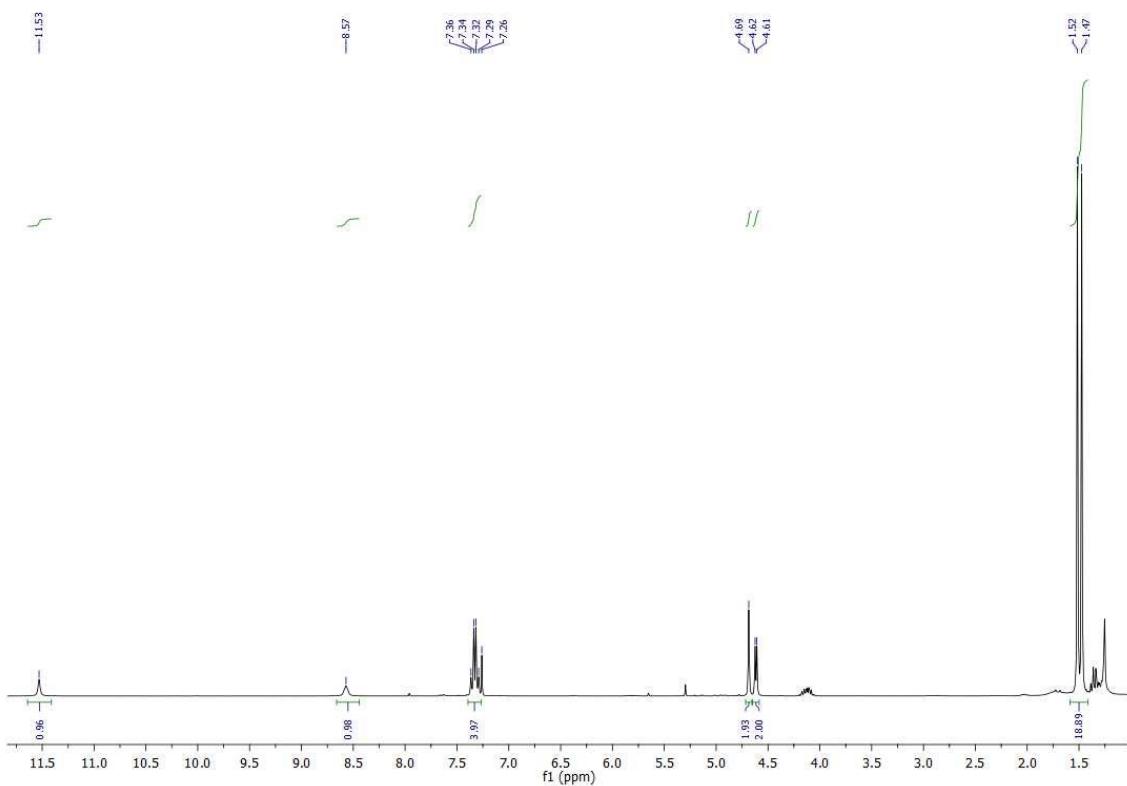


Figure 3.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of compound 4.

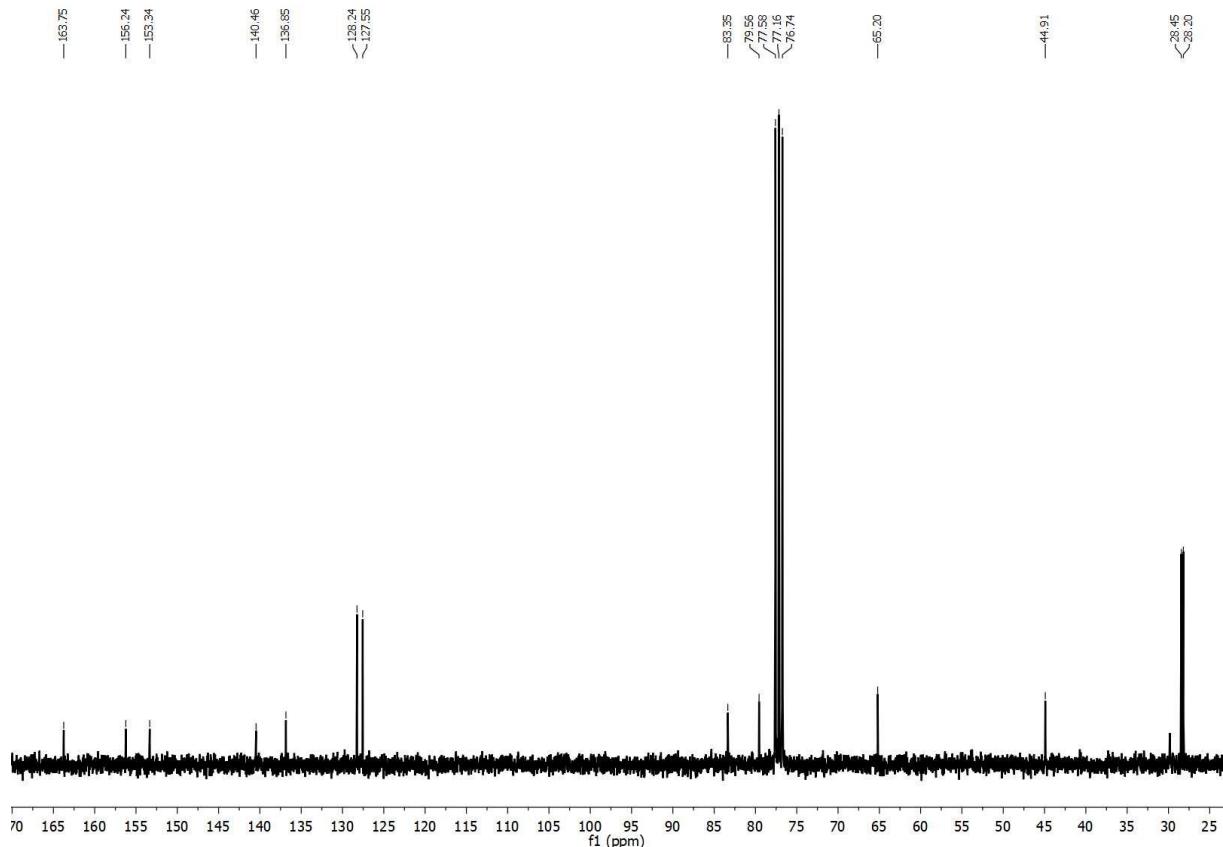


Figure 4  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of compound 4.

**N,N'-diBoc-N''-(4-bromomethyl)-benzylguanidine (5)**

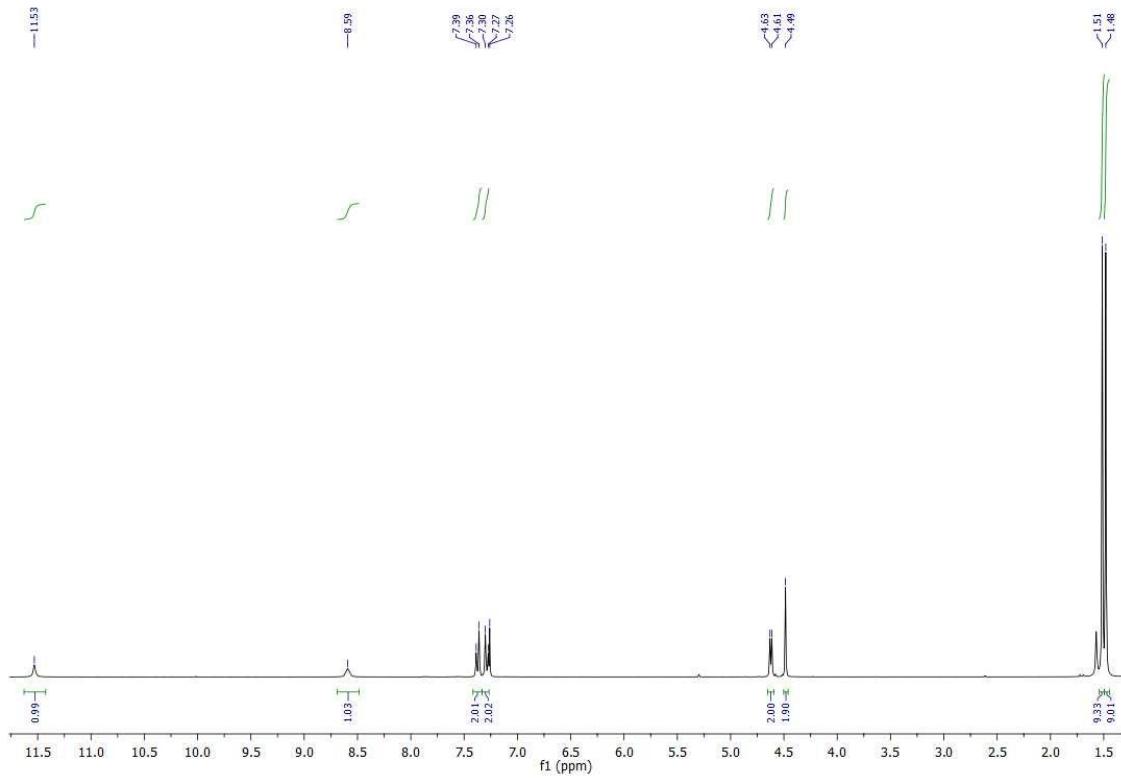


Figure 5. <sup>1</sup>H NMR of compound 5.

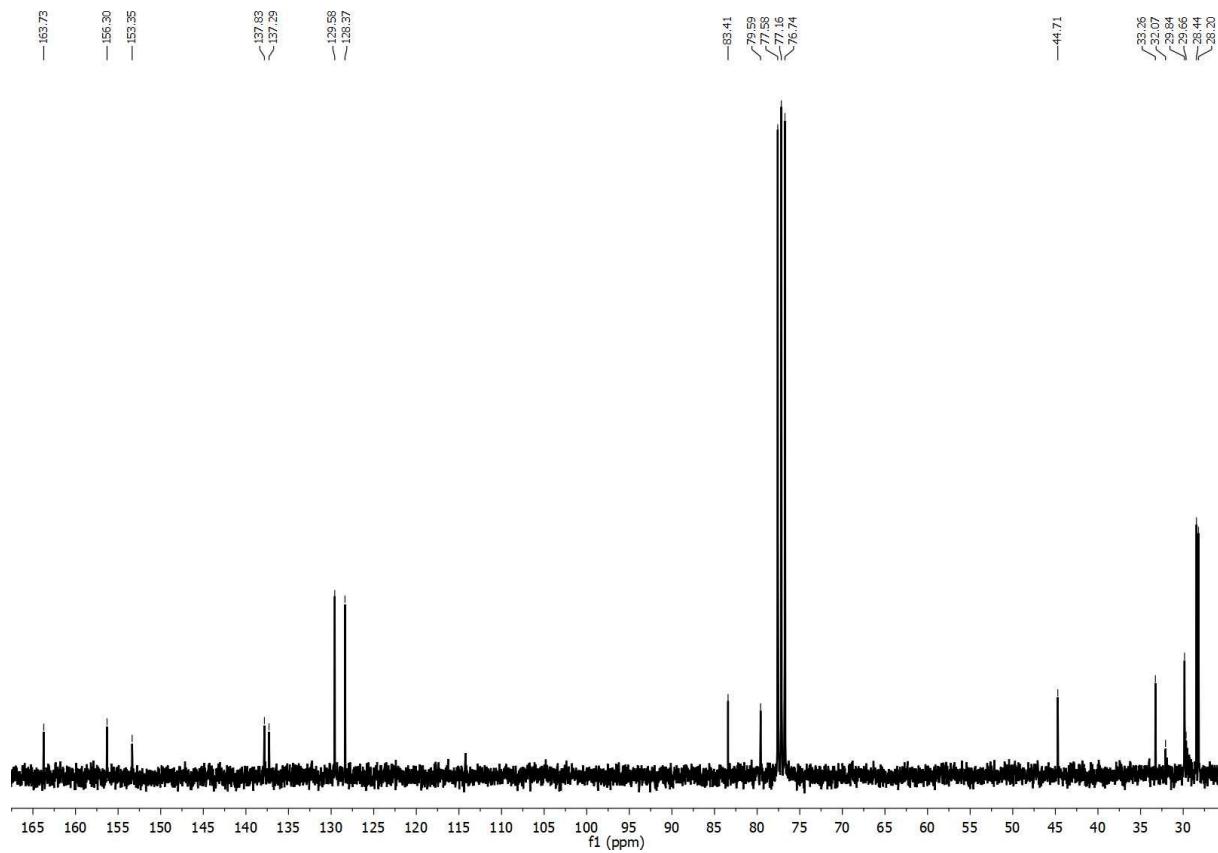


Figure 6.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of compound 5.

### Tri-[(4-((N,N'-diBoc-guanidine)methyl)-benzyl]-triaza-18-crown-6 (6)

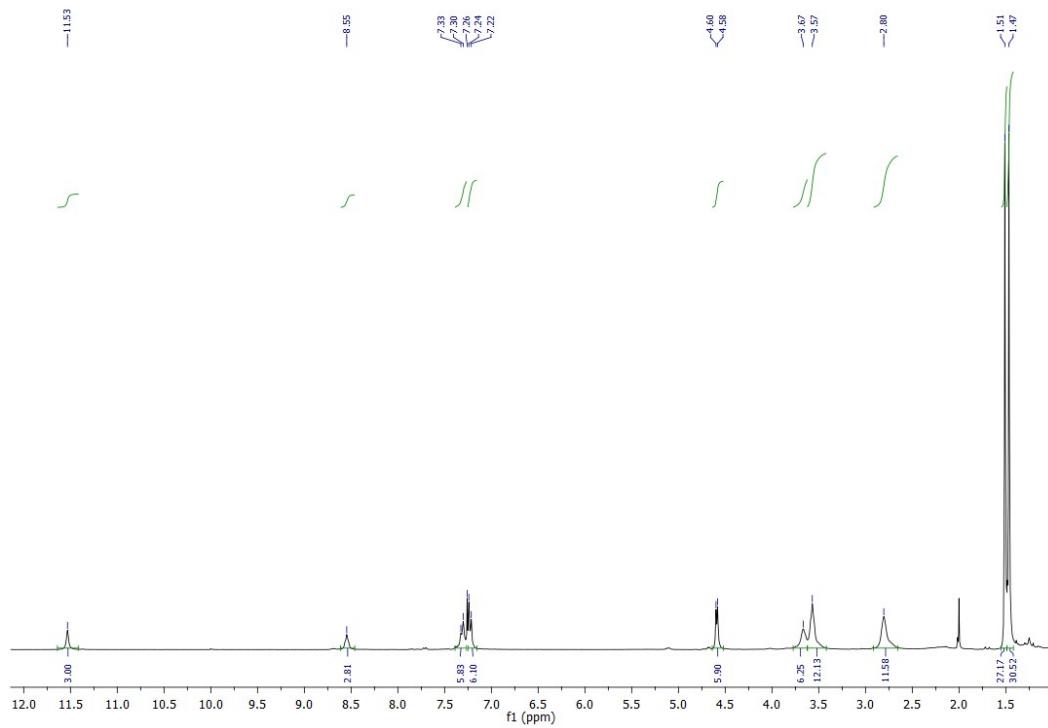


Figure 7.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of compound 6.

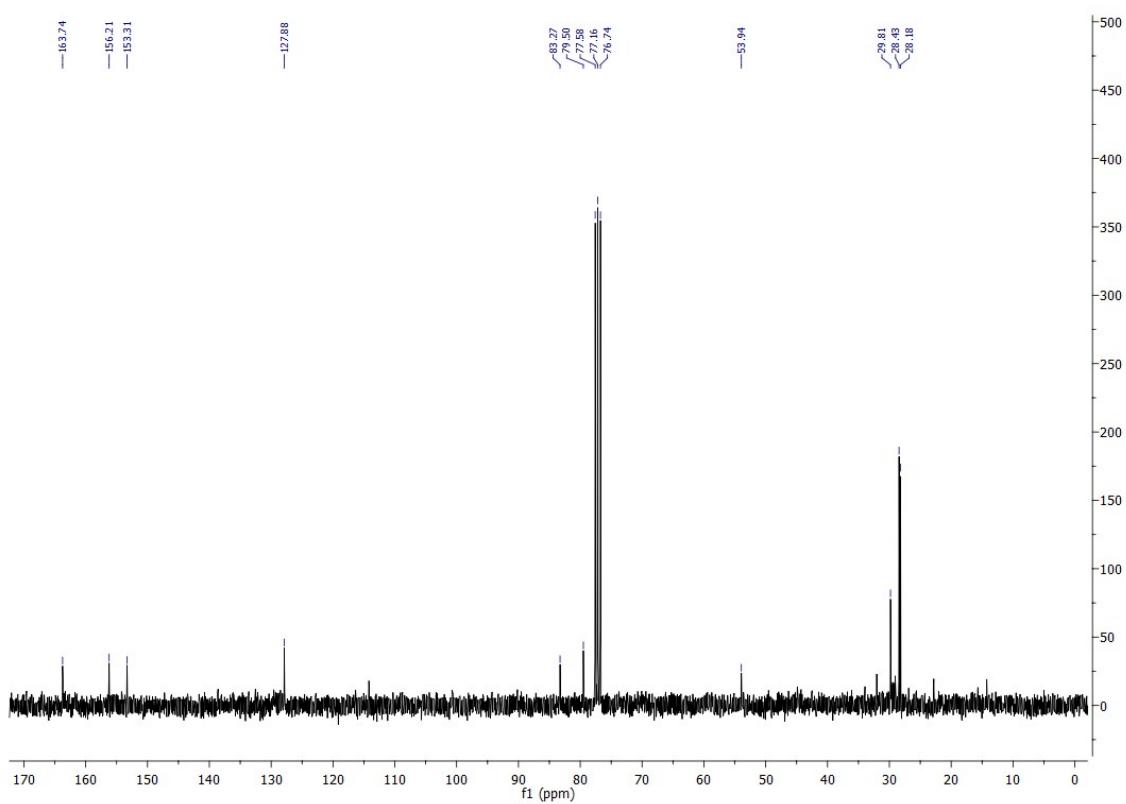


Figure 8.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of compound 6.

### Trifluoroacetic salt of Tri-[(4-guanidinemethyl)-benzyl]-triaza-18-crown-6 (1)

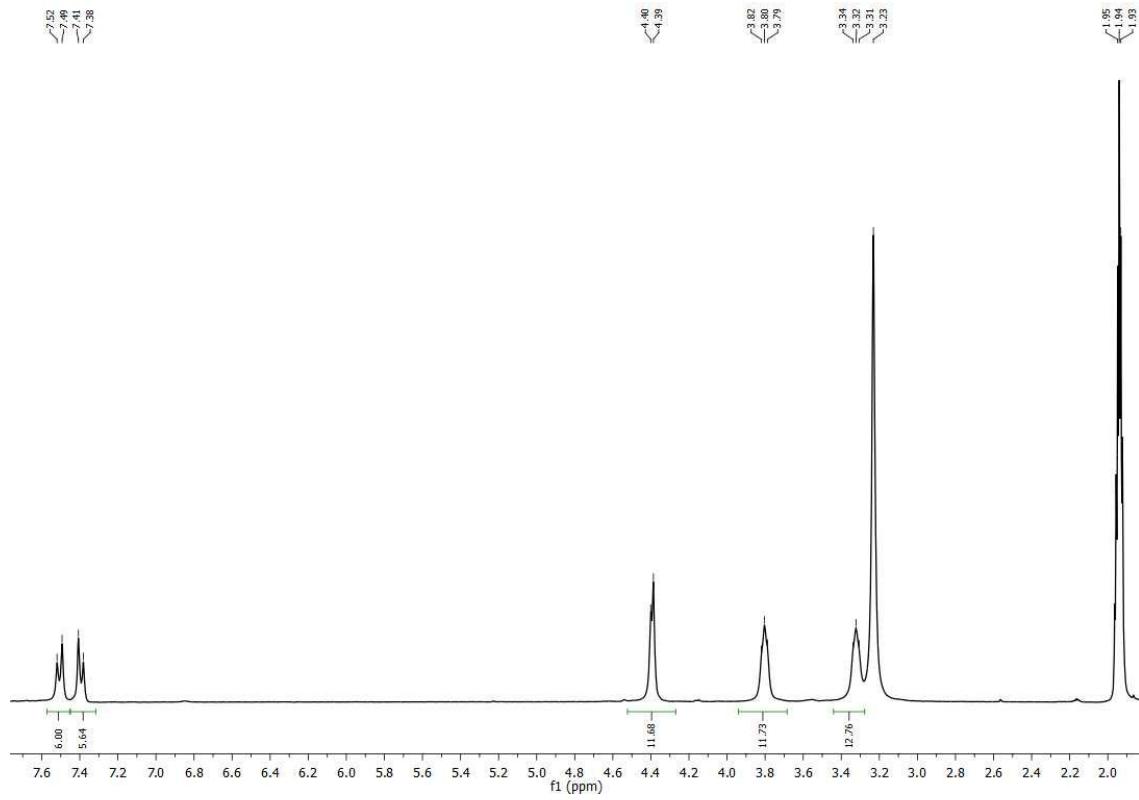


Figure 9.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of compound 1.

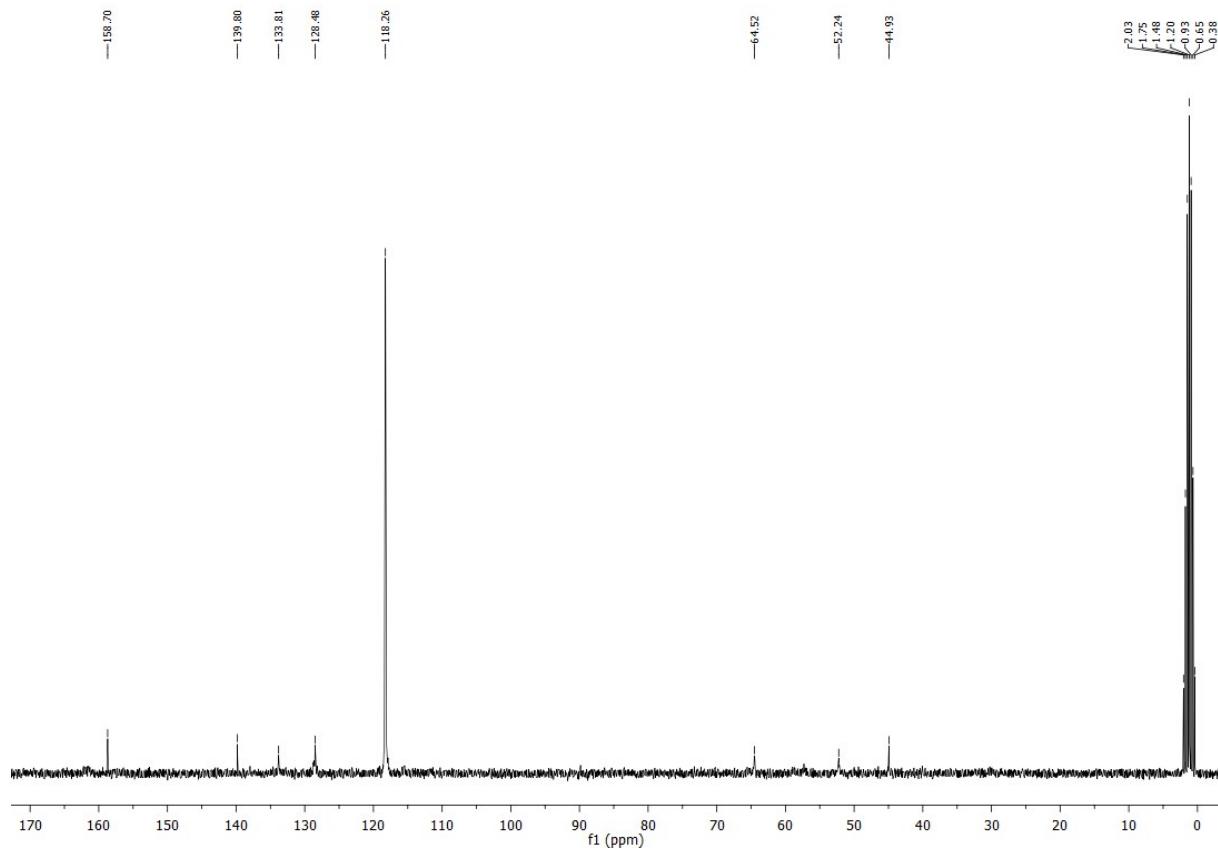


Figure 10. <sup>13</sup>C NMR of compound 1.

## 2. The calculated structure of 1•5-AVA complex

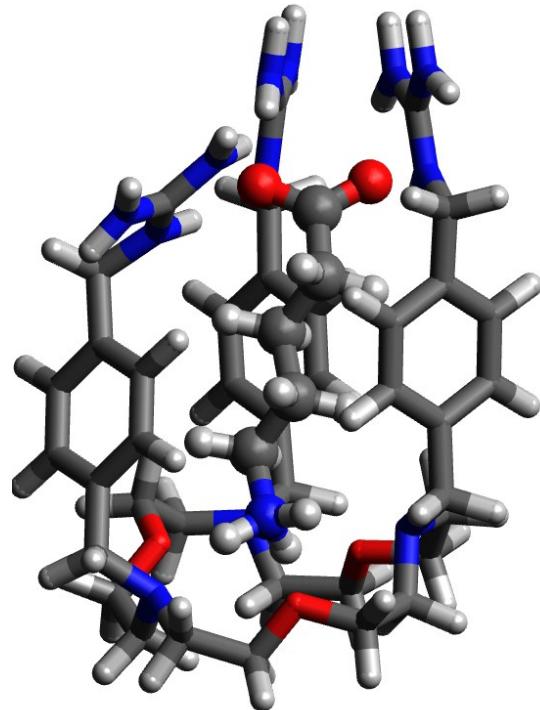
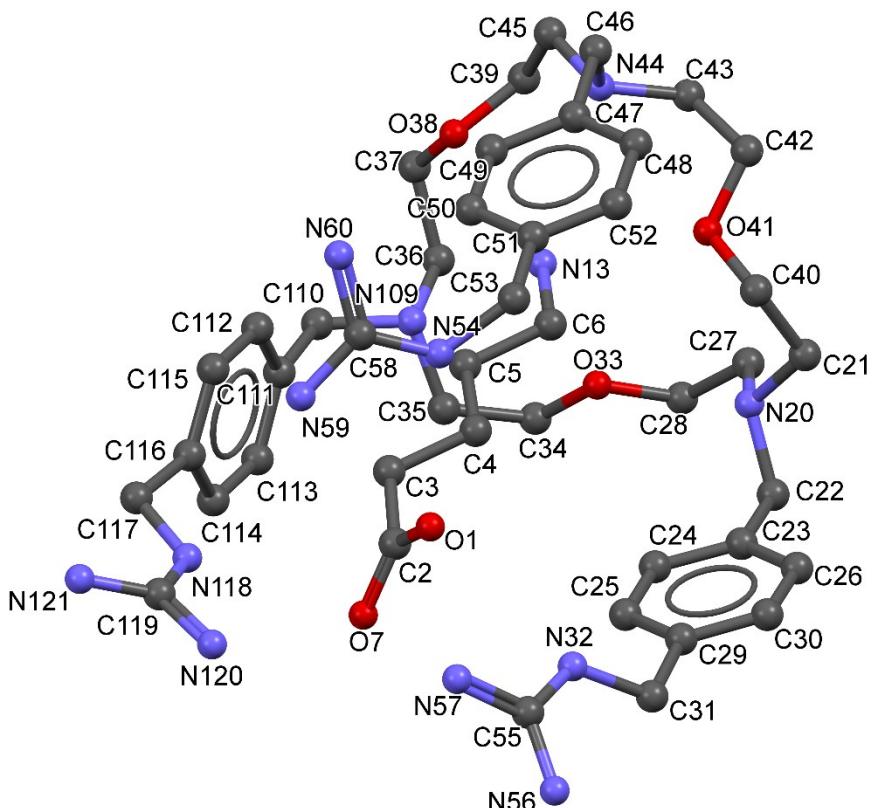


Figure 11. Molecular modelling structure of 1•5-AVA

Atom	Distance [Å]
O(crown)…N(5-AVA)	2.78
O(crown)…N(5-AVA)	2.91
O(crown)…N(5-AVA)	2.79
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	3.09
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	3.63
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	3.33
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	2.78
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	2.80
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	3.07
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	2.77
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	3.85
N(gua)…O(5-AVA)	2.91

*Table 1. Distances between atoms.*

Theoretical calculations for **1•5-AVA** were performed in Gaussian 09 (Revision D.01) [1]. The initial (starting point) geometry was obtained by preoptimization of **1•5-AVA** with universal force field and steepest descent algorithm implemented in Avogadro 1.2 [2]. Geometry optimization and frequency calculation were done with aim of the  $\omega$ B97xD hybrid functional and 6-311G(2df,2p) basis set [3]. Both calculations were conducted in simulated methanol environment using Polarizable Continuum Model [4]. Ultrafine integration grid method was also applied. Stationary point was found with positive values of all calculated frequencies. Evaluated energy for obtained final geometry is -7374755.61435 kJ/mol and atomic coordinates are provided below:



## Atomic coordinates for 1•5-AVA

Atom	X	Y	Z	C51	-0.029526	-0.421060	-3.765686
O1	3.768185	-0.681034	-0.881192	C52	-0.997134	-1.364130	-4.095515
C2	3.496612	-0.001569	0.158675	C53	1.425981	-0.792621	-3.974138
C3	2.177927	0.737815	0.180159	N54	2.397175	-0.019518	-3.229180
C4	0.968154	-0.148300	-0.059908	C55	5.541858	-3.308622	0.269661
C5	-0.311462	0.642380	0.114080	N56	6.376967	-4.209529	0.781851
C6	-1.515436	-0.228761	-0.124237	N57	6.005922	-2.266581	-0.404104
O7	4.261445	0.111763	1.136083	C58	2.983525	1.090763	-3.652742
H8	2.070968	1.239201	1.140789	N59	4.012339	1.570914	-2.955195
H9	2.220030	1.517315	-0.586632	N60	2.563862	1.725760	-4.742703
H10	0.998266	-0.588472	-1.056563	H61	-4.125648	-4.278934	0.212165
H11	0.974160	-0.980995	0.643385	H62	-2.442039	-4.740431	0.081804
H12	-0.343552	1.058133	1.121328	H63	-2.089236	-3.521446	3.328321
N13	-2.777306	0.517012	0.112523	H64	-2.499206	-4.978922	2.444744
H14	-1.531717	-0.590040	-1.147169	H65	-0.077594	-2.152844	2.640074
H15	-1.520490	-1.091534	0.539594	H66	-4.674388	-3.360578	2.360086
H16	-0.323193	1.493148	-0.571124	H67	-4.530371	-2.063224	1.181419
H17	-2.608145	1.450782	0.509874	H68	-3.277507	-2.067595	3.968468
H18	-3.378019	0.590350	-0.733981	H69	-4.776149	-1.287488	3.478416
H19	-3.298919	0.036385	0.845873	H70	1.622963	-6.328524	0.653018
N20	-2.787935	-3.149196	1.403024	H71	3.767764	-5.493087	0.554593
C21	-3.103592	-3.878331	0.172674	H72	4.105689	-4.688111	2.088574
C22	-2.043911	-3.982765	2.344001	H73	3.642830	-2.773622	-0.048718
C23	-0.588559	-4.121903	1.968111	H74	-2.283787	-0.075511	4.565522
C24	0.296670	-3.072519	2.205797	H75	-3.797010	0.740113	4.193355
C25	1.644623	-3.197429	1.917655	H76	-1.882581	2.209087	4.299302
C26	-0.089793	-5.288887	1.407314	H77	-4.199882	3.261093	3.380682
C27	-3.998051	-2.575544	1.982437	H78	-4.138956	4.517524	1.189538
C28	-3.788642	-1.600764	3.120695	H79	-5.639544	3.695225	1.551922
C29	2.139394	-4.372058	1.355540	H80	-6.489963	3.006249	-0.353648
C30	1.256755	-5.409116	1.092122	H81	-5.957727	1.443420	0.262822
C31	3.614134	-4.570906	1.118720	H82	-3.155797	-3.656460	-1.964794
N32	4.226735	-3.449089	0.423962	H83	-1.852398	-2.776705	-1.165388
O33	-3.052361	-0.467903	2.701506	H84	-5.535955	-2.655346	-1.370160
C34	-2.836031	0.433001	3.767604	H85	-4.683349	-2.159551	-2.829342
C35	-2.006168	1.635200	3.367600	H86	-5.869321	-0.422234	-0.630880
C36	-3.963441	2.743149	2.438073	H87	-6.467669	-0.599328	-2.274522
C37	-4.588806	3.531562	1.299277	H88	-6.525360	1.735219	-2.274224
O38	-4.476226	2.875303	0.050394	H89	-5.024130	2.655161	-2.356619
C39	-5.677020	2.274142	-0.393682	H90	-4.387593	1.489668	-3.909639
C40	-2.903923	-3.054617	-1.085630	H91	-2.100451	2.093860	-2.842446
O41	-3.647097	-1.853575	-1.081414	H92	0.279995	1.577576	-3.036694
C42	-4.862234	-1.895020	-1.782181	H93	-0.694229	-2.343706	-4.444946
C43	-5.553213	-0.553522	-1.665579	H94	1.569855	-1.832771	-3.687792
N44	-4.742041	0.610682	-2.045208	H95	1.667297	-0.743700	-5.039004
C45	-5.522816	1.838670	-1.836793	H96	2.778413	-0.409201	-2.359695
C46	-4.236348	0.523128	-3.430613	H97	6.047572	-5.056201	1.204997
C47	-2.767674	0.177499	-3.534651	H98	7.369021	-4.098316	0.683045
C48	-2.343552	-1.065211	-3.989396	H99	6.993825	-2.121203	-0.498834
C49	-1.798458	1.116823	-3.201142	H100	4.446115	2.444097	-3.189686
C50	-0.445855	0.824226	-3.314626	H101	4.403340	1.011524	-2.214119

H102	3.052907	2.528340	-5.094398
H103	2.320728	-2.380613	2.142095
H104	-3.073076	-1.814882	-4.267246
H105	1.716791	1.458893	-5.209816
H106	5.344171	-1.530261	-0.665243
H107	-4.460789	1.774048	2.470336
H108	-1.010765	1.296818	3.078094
N109	-2.521748	2.510396	2.305601
C110	-1.794644	3.787374	2.345493
C111	-0.323295	3.748947	1.998668
C112	0.089169	4.007888	0.695857
C113	0.653158	3.590293	2.977748
C114	1.998731	3.718566	2.670521
C115	1.432924	4.138747	0.385248
C116	2.401770	4.012761	1.372894
C117	3.856841	4.240895	1.053490
N118	4.612538	2.993830	1.024893
C119	5.859870	2.896231	0.577618
N120	6.442936	1.703992	0.525993
N121	6.514957	3.980216	0.166466
H122	4.196276	2.135595	1.369281
H123	7.396990	1.612834	0.230764
H124	5.891106	0.877115	0.746729
H125	7.459775	3.908602	-0.163557
H126	6.153293	4.901863	0.324532
H127	2.738627	3.622366	3.455603
H128	0.359097	3.405343	4.003206
H129	-0.653523	4.138068	-0.081791
H130	1.728650	4.362933	-0.632112
H131	3.934407	4.725012	0.078778
H132	4.288486	4.913642	1.799164
H133	-1.906901	4.239718	3.342675
H134	-2.264765	4.464737	1.639377
H135	-4.825084	-0.194335	-4.009170
H136	-0.756104	-6.121959	1.219863

### 3. $^1\text{H}$ NMR titrations experiments

$^1\text{H}$  NMR titration experiments were performed on a 300 MHz BrukerAvance spectrometer, at 298K. All solutions were buffered at pH 8.0 with TRIS (10 mM) in 30% water in methanol (v/v). In each case 0.5 mL of  $3.1 \times 10^{-3}$  M solution of receptor **1** was added to 5 mm NMR tube. Then to the receptor solution titrant solution of zwitterion in receptor solution (from  $5.9 \times 10^{-2}$  to  $6.3 \times 10^{-2}$  M) was added. After each addition of titrant, a spectrum was registered. Titration isotherms for Bg, Ar and in some cases -CH<sub>2</sub>- crown ethers protons were fitted to a 1:1 binding model. All measurements were carried out in at least duplicate using independent samples. The resulting titration data were analyzed using BindFit (v0.5) package, available online at <http://supramolecular.org>.

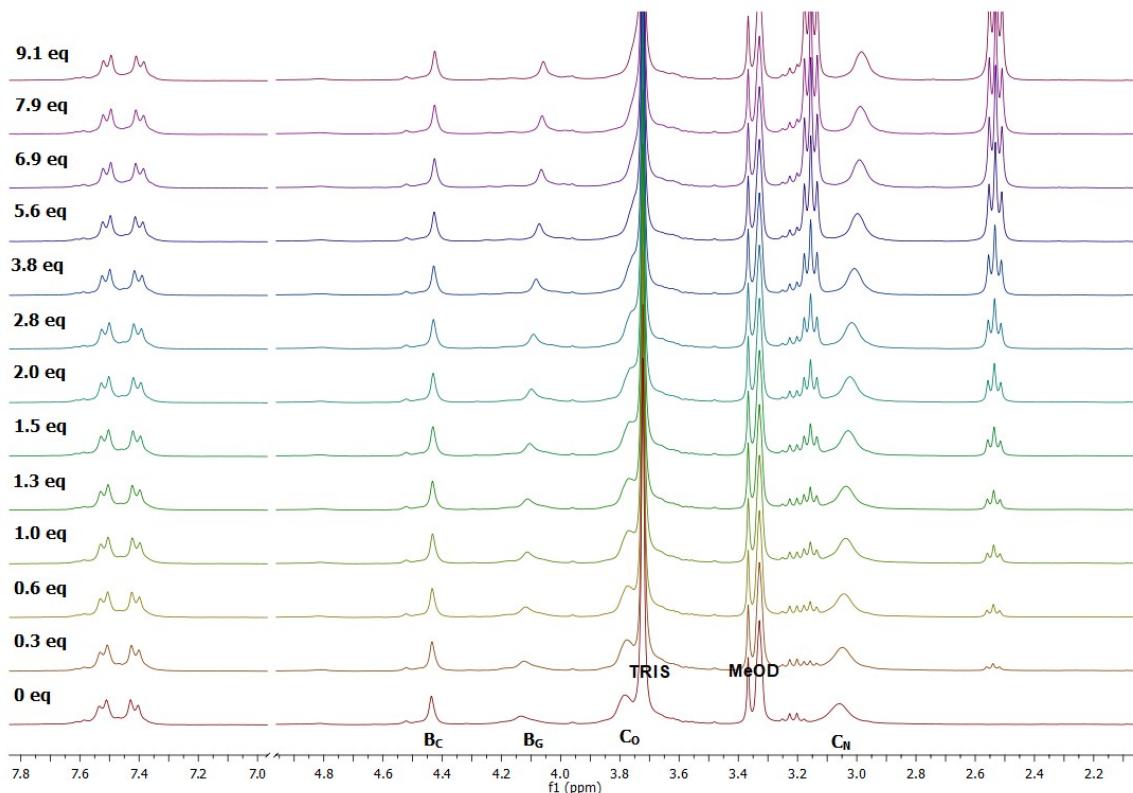


Figure 12. Partial  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration experiment of **1** upon titrant ( $\beta$ -Alanine) addition ( $C_{\text{titrant}} = 6.2 \times 10^{-2}$  M,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 3.1 \times 10^{-3}$  M).

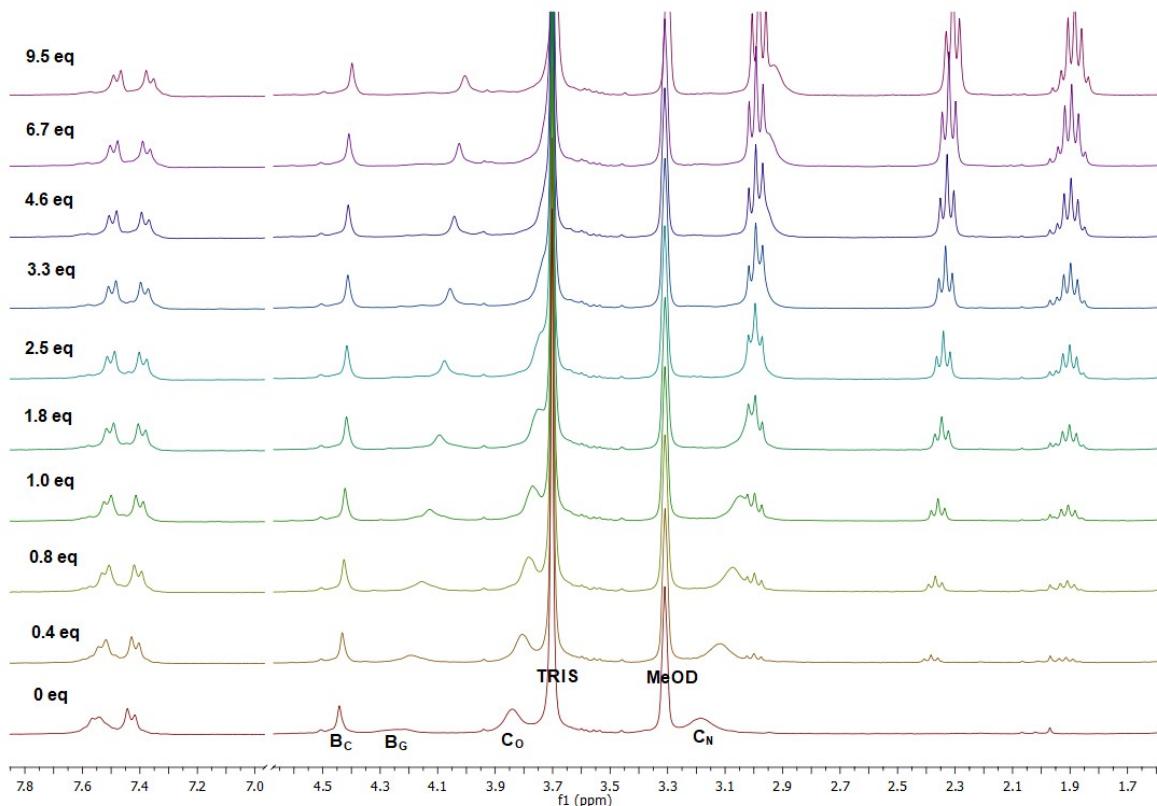


Figure 13. Partial <sup>1</sup>H NMR titration experiment of **1** upon titrant (GABA) addition ( $C_{\text{titrant}} = 6.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 3.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ).

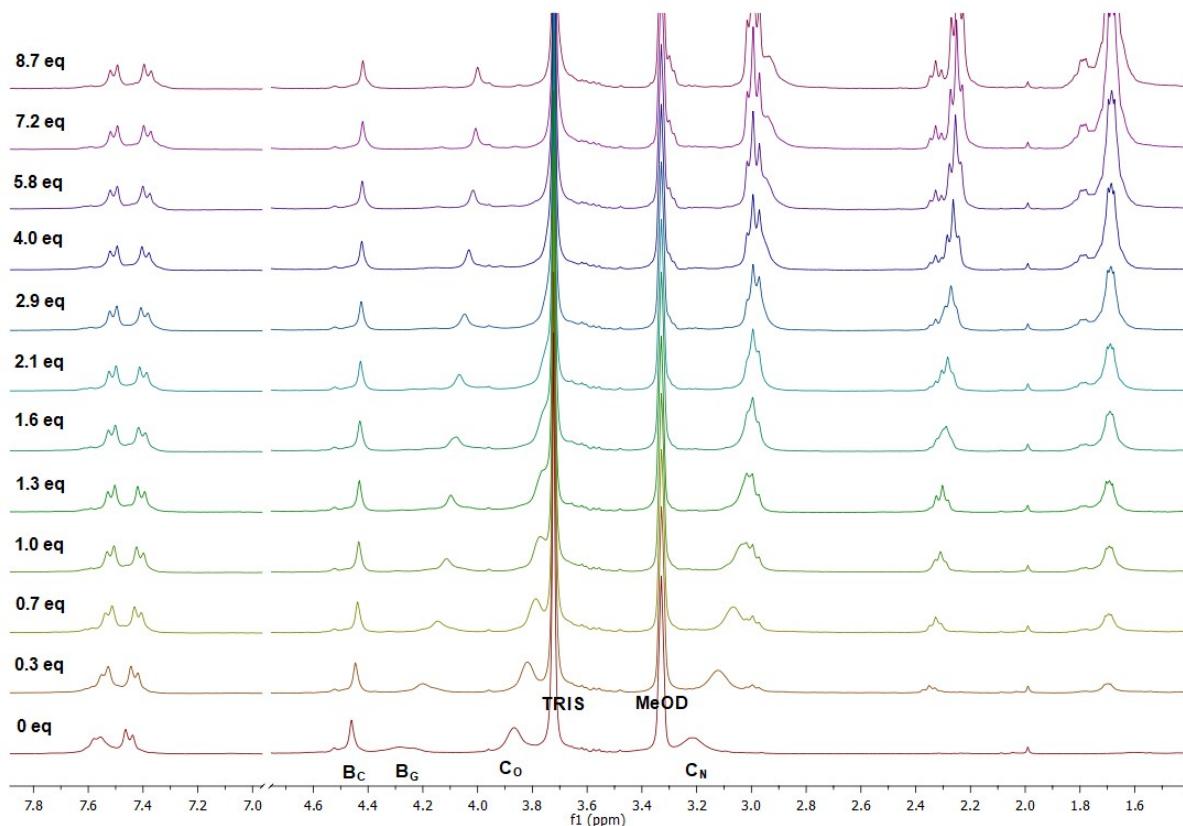


Figure 14. Partial <sup>1</sup>H NMR titration experiment of **1** upon titrant (5-AVA) addition ( $C_{\text{titrant}} = 5.9 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 3.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ).

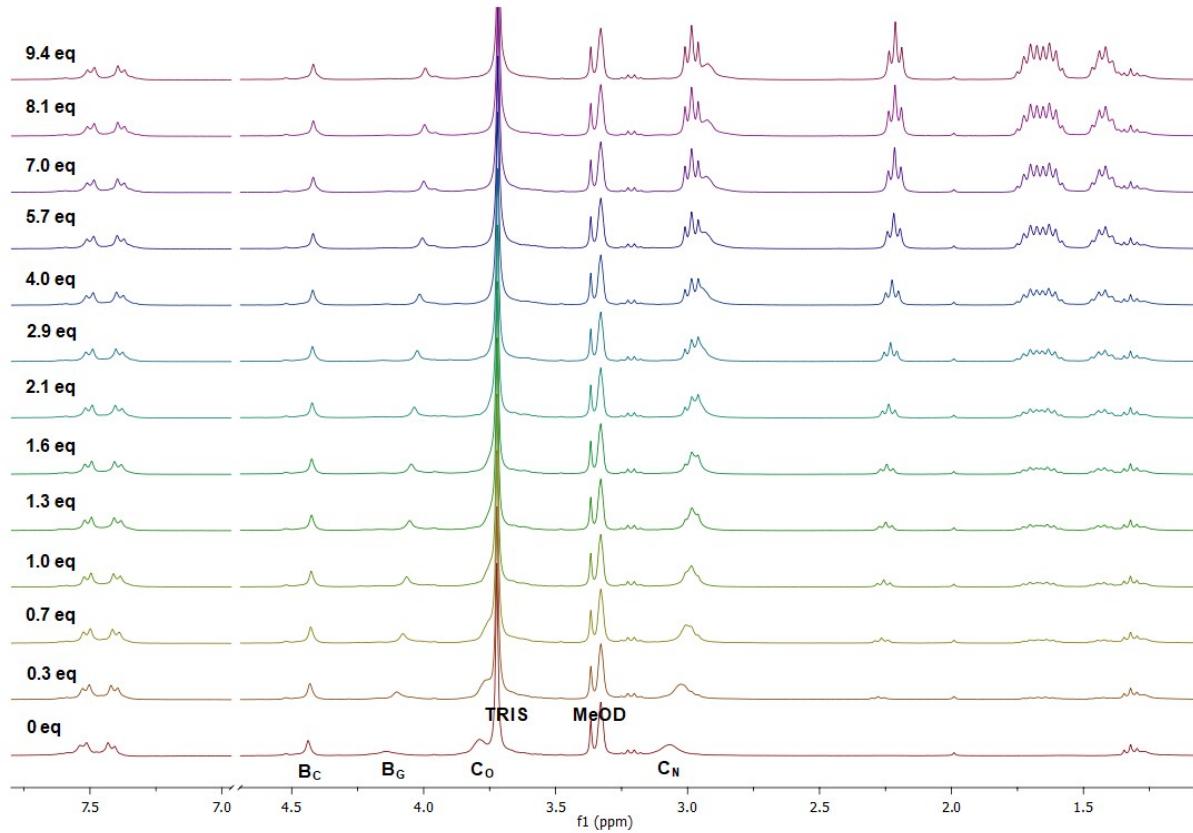


Figure 15. Partial  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration experiment of **1** upon titrant (6-ACA) addition ( $C_{\text{titrant}} = 6.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 3.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ).

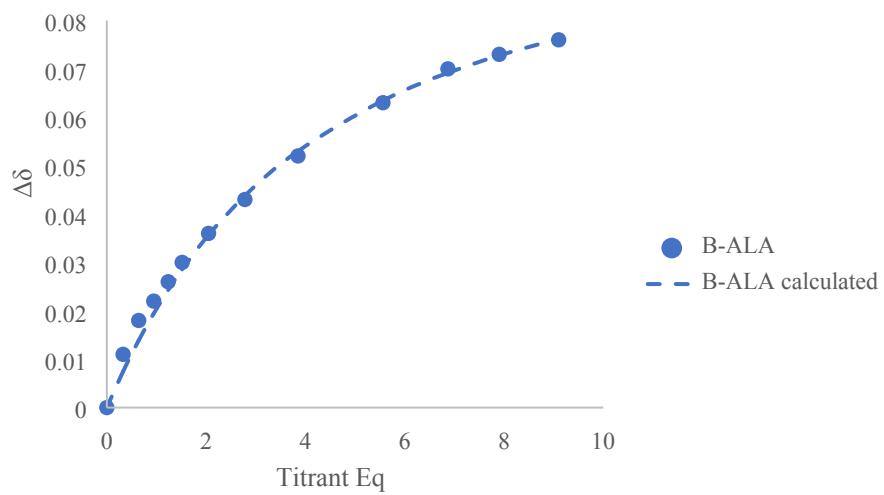


Figure 16.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration binding isotherm of **1** with  $\beta$ -Alanine.

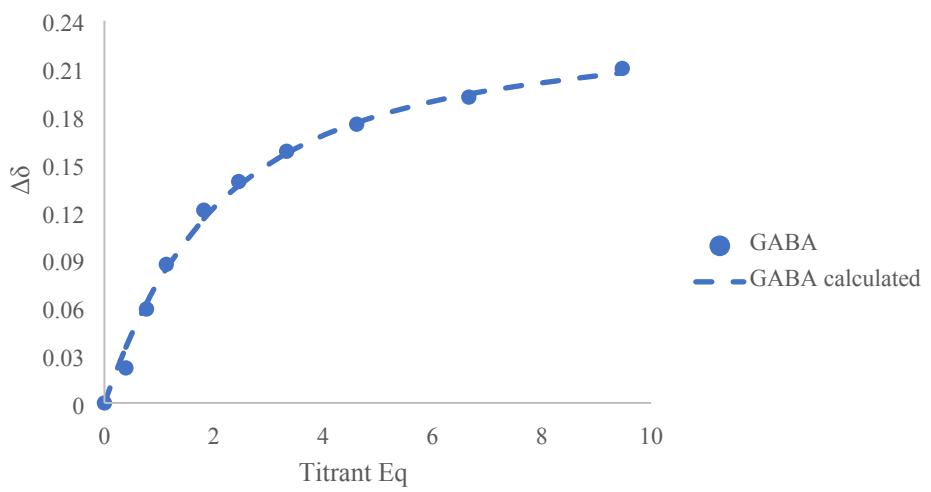


Figure 17.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration binding isotherm of **1** with GABA.

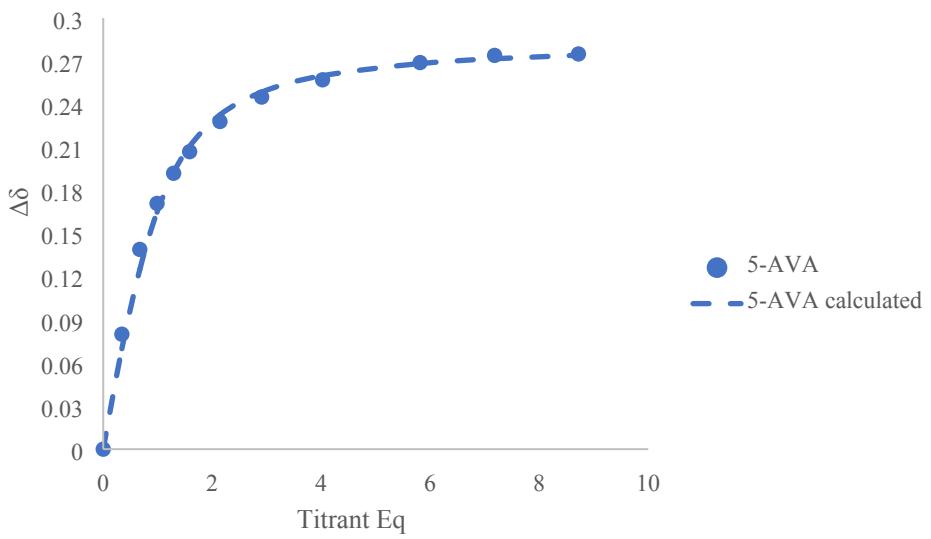


Figure 18.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration binding isotherm of **1** with 5-AVA.

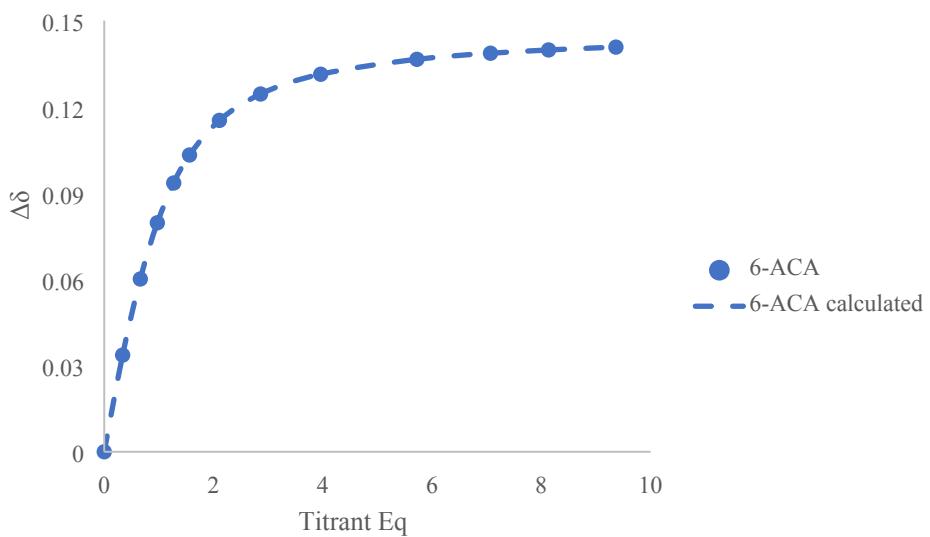


Figure 19.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration binding isotherm of **1** with 6-ACA.

Amino Acid	$K_a [\text{M}^{-1}]$
$\beta$ -Alanine	70
4-Aminobutyric acid	210
5-Aminovaleric acid	1 090
6-Aminocaproic acid	550

Table 2.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectroscopy  $K_a$  values for interactions of **1** with various amino acids (298 K, TRIS buffer pH=8.0, 30%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{MeOH}$ ), errors of <10%.

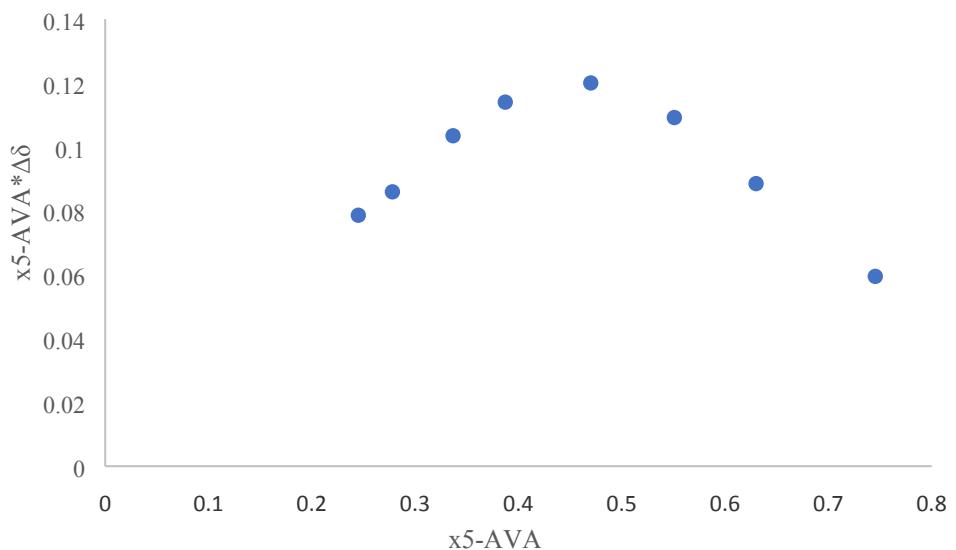


Figure 20. Job plot for determination of **1**/5-AVA ratio.

#### 4. UV-Vis titration experiments

##### UV-Vis Titrations of Indicator and Receptor.

The UV-Vis titration was performed using Thermo Spectronic Unicam UV500 Spectrophotometer at 298K. All solutions were buffered at pH 8.0 with TRIS (10 mM) in 30% water in methanol (v/v). A solution of fluorescein ( $3.8 \times 10^{-5}$  M) was prepared in the cuvette, and into this was titrated a stock solution of **1** ( $1.9 \times 10^{-3}$  M) and fluorescein, thereby keeping the host concentration constant. All measurements were carried out in at least duplicate using independent samples. The resulting titration data were analyzed using HypSpec package.

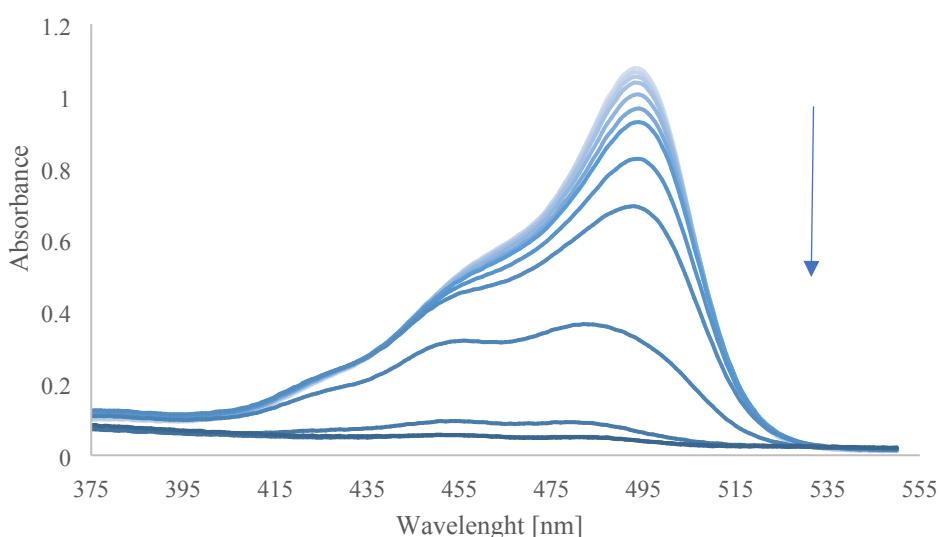


Figure 21. UV-Vis fluorescein spectrum changes upon titrant (**1**) addition ( $C_{\text{receptor}}=1.9 \times 10^{-3}$  M,  $C_{\text{fluorescein}}=3.8 \times 10^{-5}$  M).

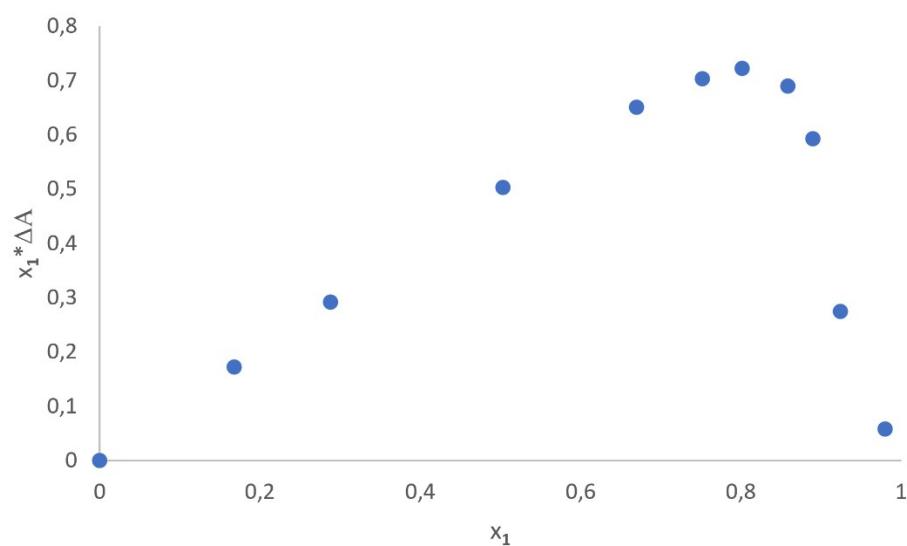


Figure 22. Job plot for determination of fluorescein/**1** ratio.

##### UV-Vis Titration of Receptor/Indicator Ensemble and Guest.

The UV-Vis titration was performed using Thermo Spectronic Unicam UV500 Spectrophotometer at 298K. All solutions were buffered at pH 8.0 with TRIS buffer (10 mM)

in 30% water in methanol (v/v). A solution of fluorescein ( $3.8 \times 10^{-5}$  M) and receptor **1** ( $3.8 \times 10^{-4}$  M) was prepared in the cuvette, and into this was titrated a stock solution of indicator, host, and guest, keeping the indicator and host concentrations constant. The data were taken at the appropriate wavelength to determine the association constants. The guests concentration in the stock solution was from  $6.2 \times 10^{-3}$  to  $6.8 \times 10^{-3}$  M. All measurements were carried out in at least duplicate using independent samples. The resulting titration data were analyzed using HypSpec package.

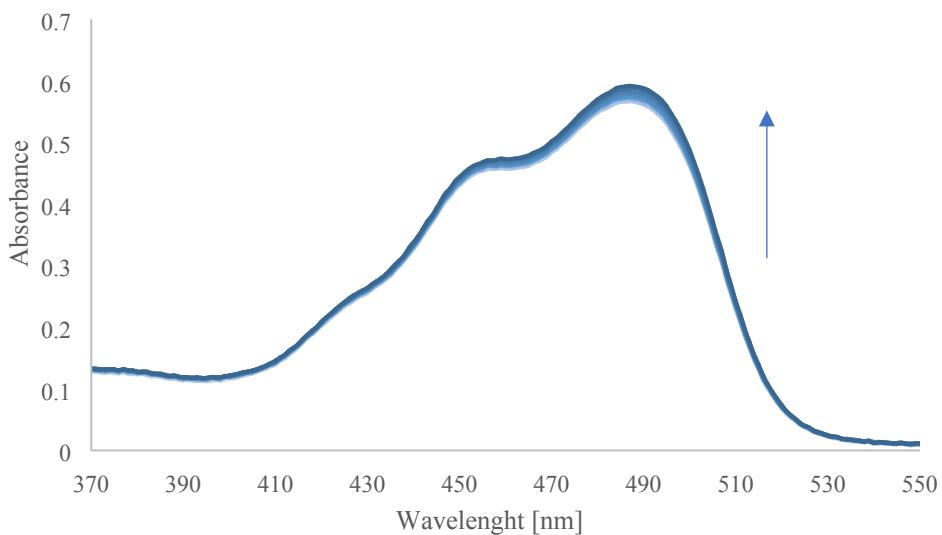


Figure 23. UV-Vis fluorescein-**1** complex spectrum changes upon titrant ( $\beta$ -Alanine) addition ( $C_{\text{titrant}}=6.4 \times 10^{-3}$  M,  $C_{\text{receptor}}=3.8 \times 10^{-4}$  M,  $C_{\text{fluorescein}}=3.8 \times 10^{-5}$  M).

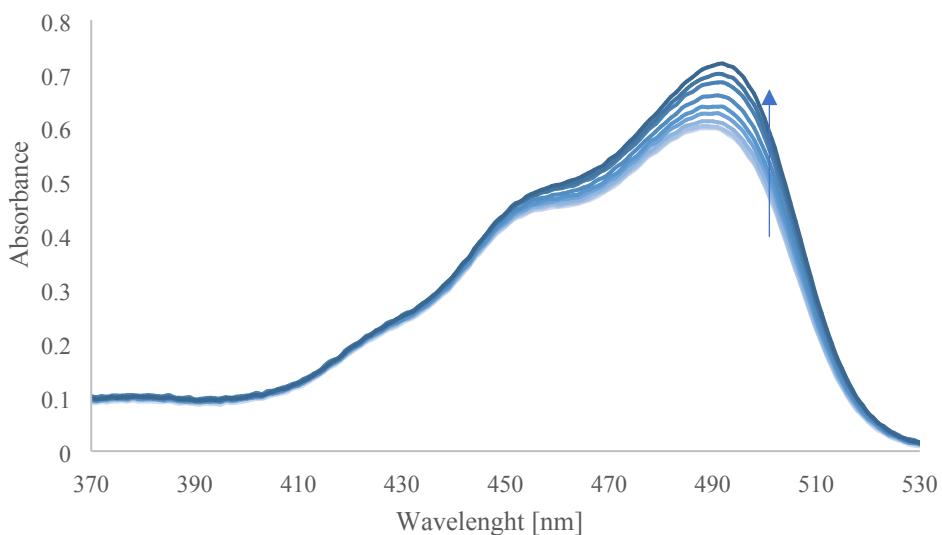


Figure 24. UV-Vis fluorescein-**1** complex spectrum changes upon titrant (GABA) addition ( $C_{\text{titrant}}=6.2 \times 10^{-3}$  M,  $C_{\text{receptor}}=3.8 \times 10^{-4}$  M,  $C_{\text{fluorescein}}=3.8 \times 10^{-5}$  M).

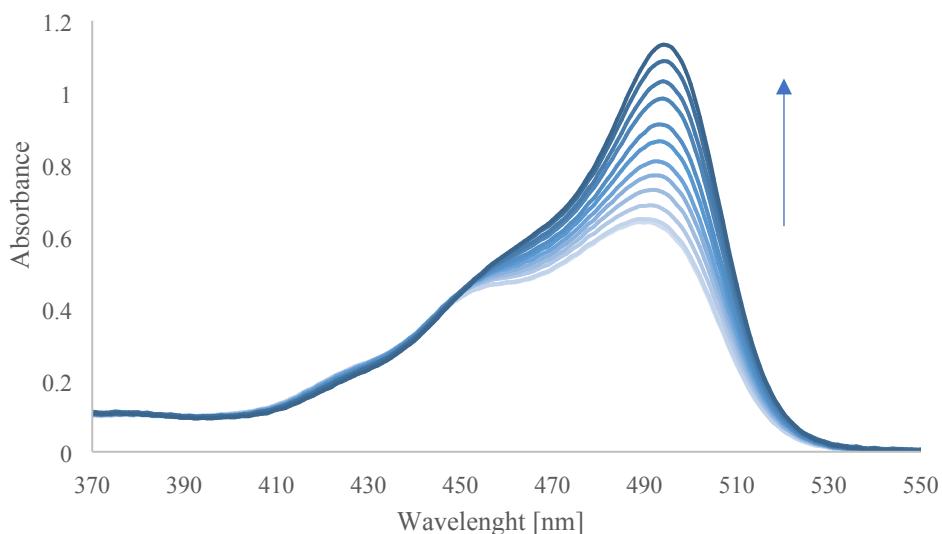


Figure 25. UV-Vis fluorescein-1 complex spectrum changes upon titrant (5-AVA) addition ( $C_{titrant}=6.4 \times 10^{-3} M$ ,  $C_{receptor}=3.8 \times 10^{-4} M$ ,  $C_{fluorescein}=3.8 \times 10^{-5} M$ ).

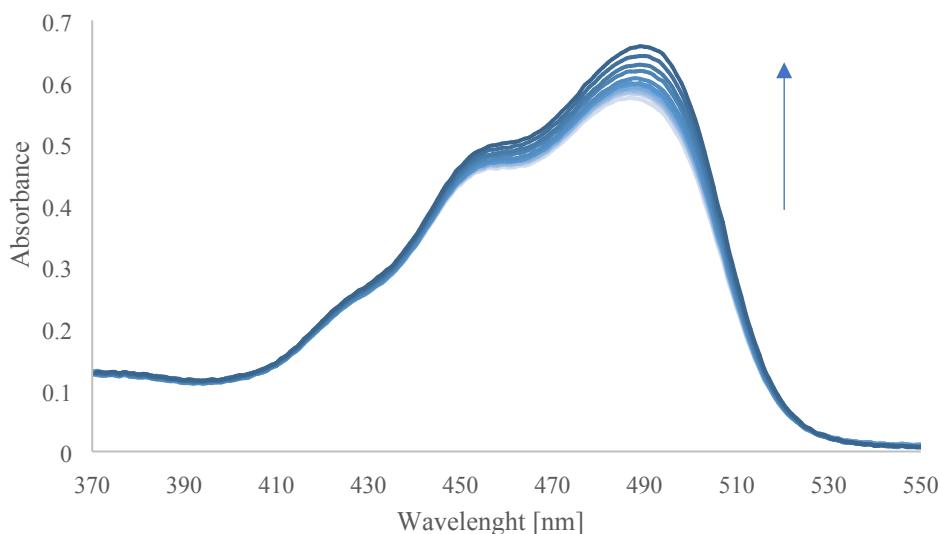


Figure 26. UV-Vis fluorescein-1 complex spectrum changes upon titrant (6-ACA) addition ( $C_{titrant}=6.4 \times 10^{-3} M$ ,  $C_{receptor}=3.8 \times 10^{-4} M$ ,  $C_{fluorescein}=3.8 \times 10^{-5} M$ ).

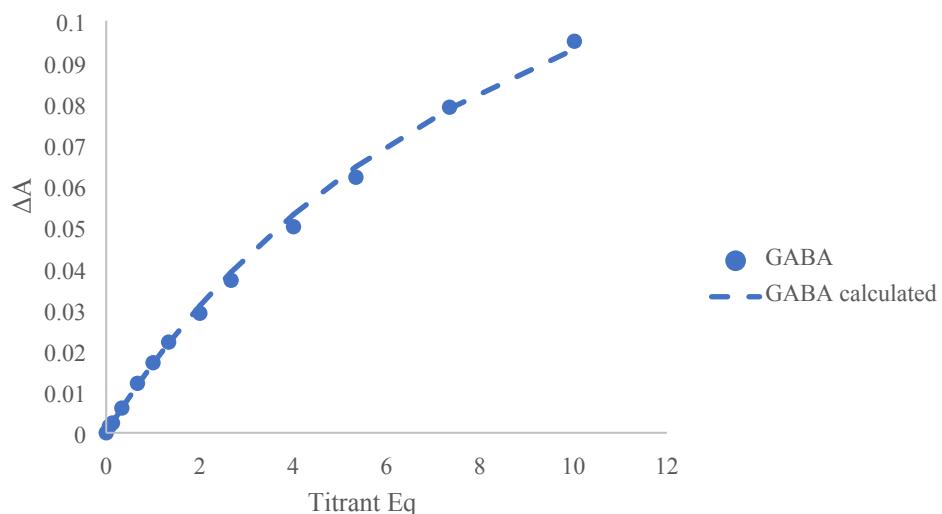


Figure 27. UV-Vis titration binding isotherm of fluorescein-1 complex with GABA ( $\lambda=493$  nm).

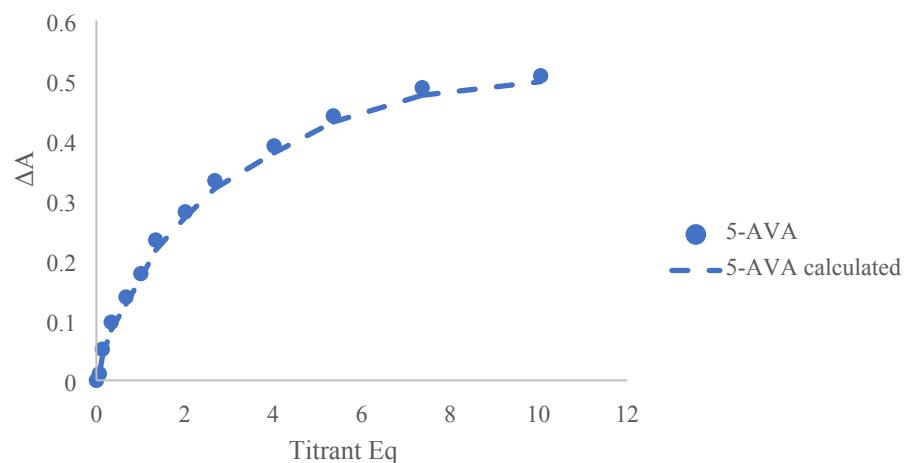


Figure 28. UV-Vis titration binding isotherm of fluorescein-1 complex with 5-AVA ( $\lambda=493$  nm).

Amino Acid	$K_a$ [M <sup>-1</sup> ]
$\beta$ -Alanine	<sup>a</sup>
4-Aminobutyric acid	114
5-Aminovaleric acid	690
6-Aminocaproic acid	<sup>a</sup>

Table 3. UV-Vis spectroscopy  $K_a$  values for interactions of **1** with various amino acids (298 K, TRIS buffer pH=8.0, 30% H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH), errors of <10%. <sup>a</sup>The Absorbance changes were too small to be calculated  $K_a$ .

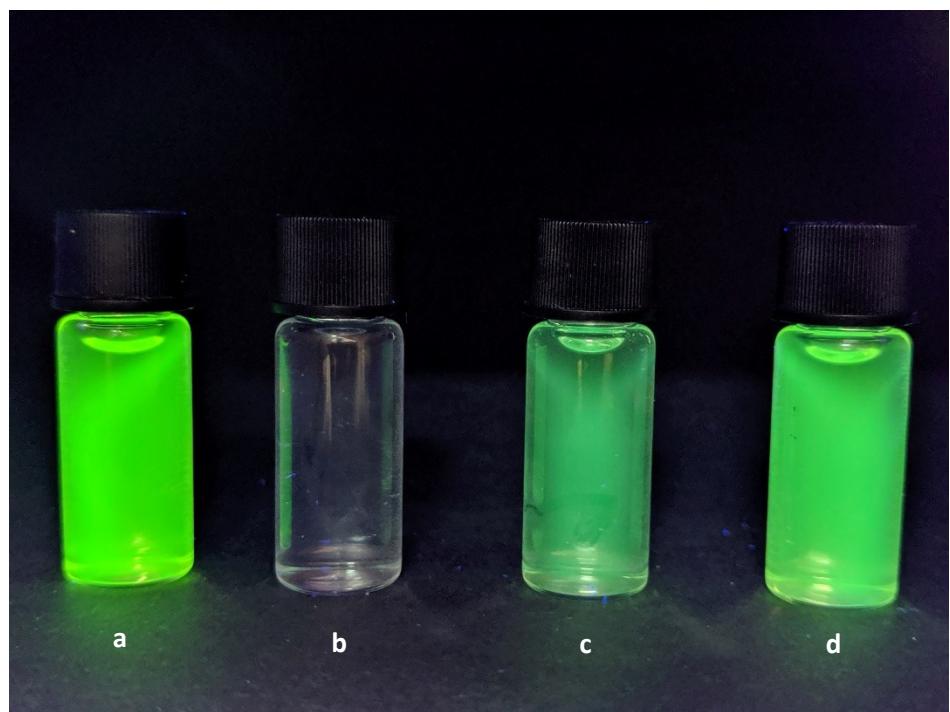


Figure 29. a) Solution of fluorescein; b) Solution of fluorescein after addition 20 eq of **1**; c) Displacement of fluorescein after addition 20 eq of GABA; d) Displacement of fluorescein after addition 20 eq of 5-AVA. All solutions were prepared in 30% water/methanol (v/v), 10 mM TRIS, pH=8.0. Radiating on 366 nm wavelength.

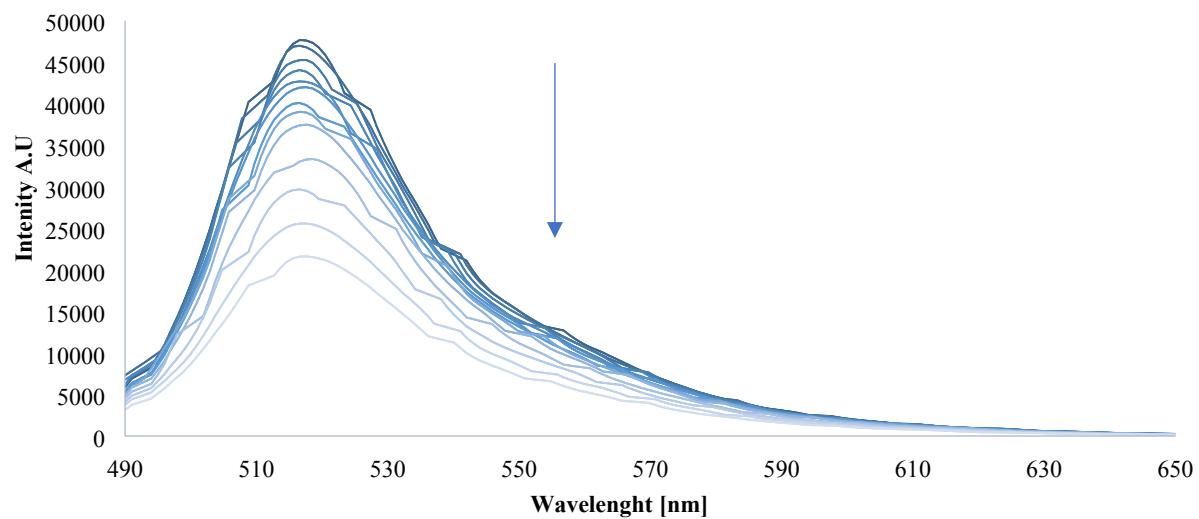


Figure 30. Emission titration of fluorescein with receptor **1** ( $C_{\text{Fluorescin}} = 7.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 4.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$ ), excitation wavelength 494,8 nm, solvent 30%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{MeOH}$ , 10 mM Tris Buffer.

## 5. Fluorescein : receptor 1 complex stoichiometry studies



Figure 31. Job plot for determination of fluorescein/**1** ratio. UV-Vis measurements  $C_{receptor}=1.9 \times 10^{-3} M$ ,  $C_{fluorescein}=3.8 \times 10^{-5} M$ , solvent 30%  $H_2O/MeOH$ , 10 mM Tris Buffer

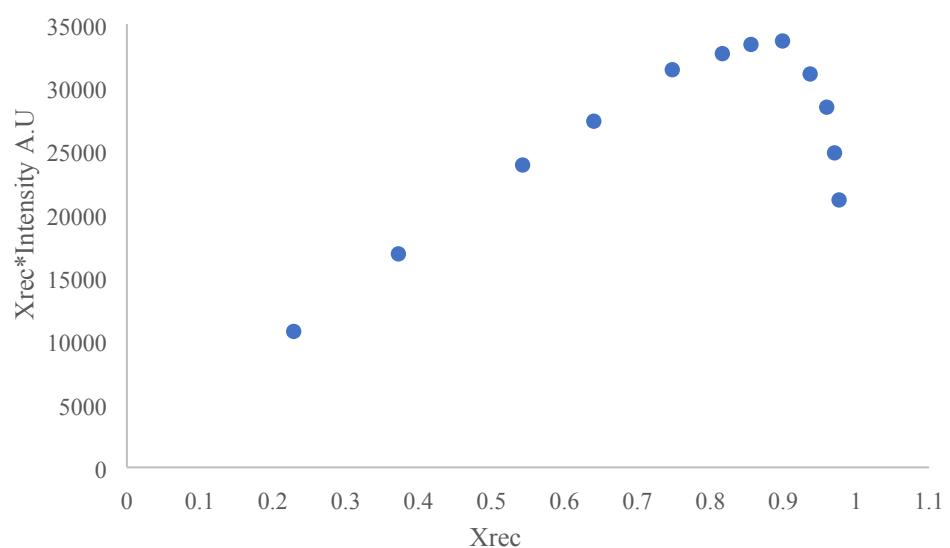


Figure 32. Job plot for determination of fluorescein/**1** ratio. Fluorescent measurements  $C_{Fluorescein}=7.7 \times 10^{-6} M$ ,  $C_{receptor}=4.5 \times 10^{-4} M$ , solvent 30%  $H_2O/MeOH$ , 10 mM Tris Buffer

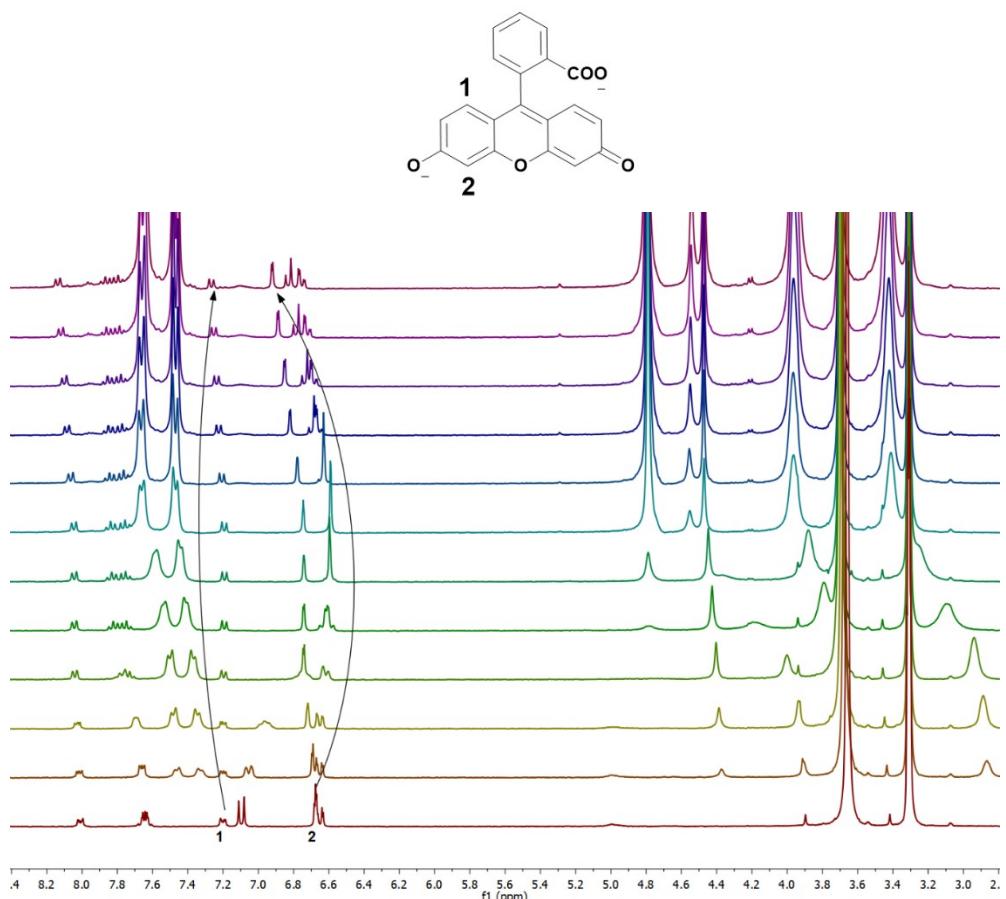


Figure 33. Partial  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration experiment of Fluorescein upon titrant (Receptor **1**) addition ( $C_{\text{fluorescein}} = 5.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 1.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ ).

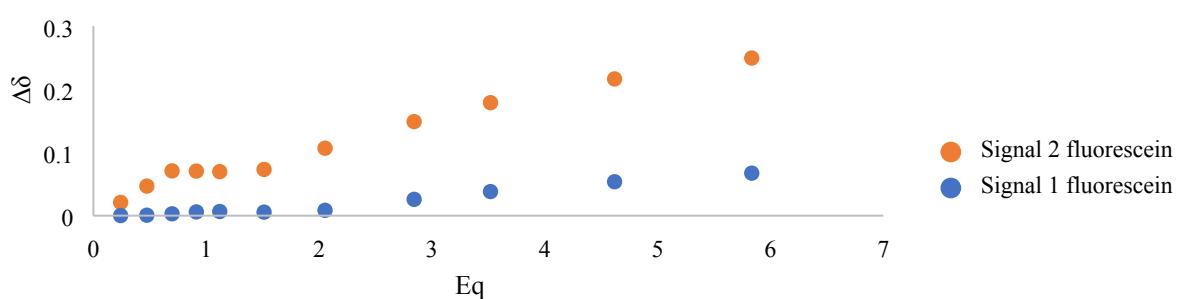


Figure 34.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR titration binding isotherm of fluorescein with receptor **1**.

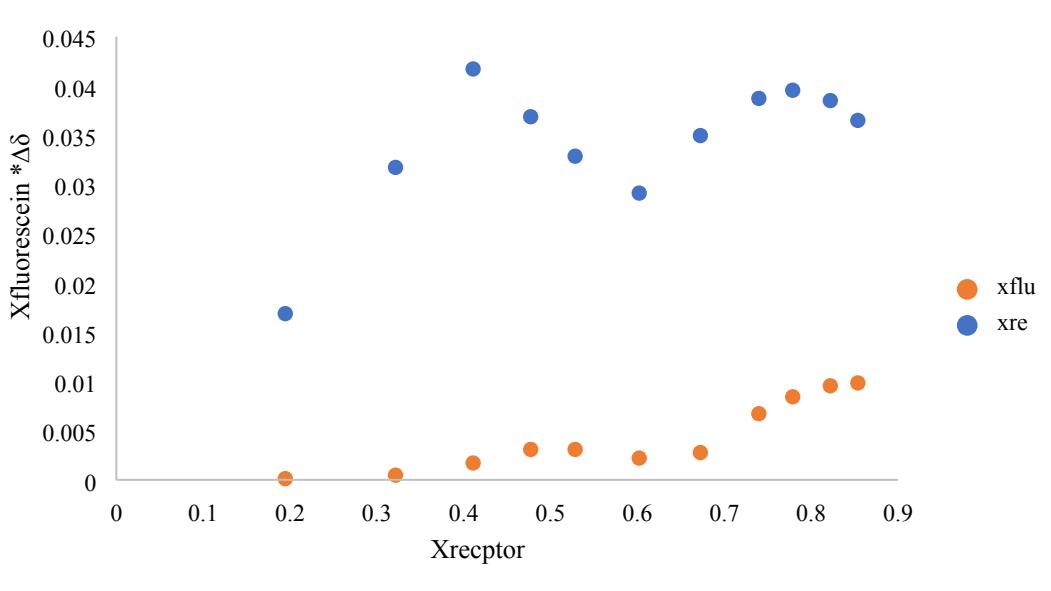


Figure 35. Job plot fluorescein/receptor **1**. NMR measurements  $C_{\text{fluorescein}} = 5.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 1.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ , solvent 30%  $\text{D}_2\text{O}/\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ , 10 mM Tris Buffer

Based on Uv/Vis ( $C_{\text{receptor}} = 1.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{fluorescein}} = 3.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$ ) and Fluorescence ( $C_{\text{fluorescein}} = 7.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 4.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$ ) titration isotherms and Job plots we can conclude that under these experiments conditions complexes of 3:1 Indicator: receptor **1** stoichiometry predominates. However, during NMR experiment performed in much higher concentration ( $C_{\text{fluorescein}} = 5.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ,  $C_{\text{receptor}} = 1.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ , the complex stoichiometry is not well defined and probably the predominant form of the complex is changing during the titration. However, at pH 8 the dianion form of fluorescein is predominant, therefore the formation of the complexes with a different stoichiometry than 1:1 is feasible.

Nevertheless the stoichiometry of fluorescein-receptor **1** complex should not affect the stoichiometry of receptor-5-AVA complex. This kind of multicomponent ensembles are known in the literature.<sup>4</sup> However during the titration fluorescein signal are observed as an average band corresponding to complexes between fluorescein/receptor of different stoichiometry. Based on the displacement isotherms and their very good fit to the 1:1 model, it can be assume that predominant form of complex receptor/zwitterion are 1:1.<sup>5</sup> In other words the response of the multicomponent ensemble to zwitterionic quest can be presented as typical 1:1 complex isotherm.

## 6. References

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