## **Supporting Information**

# Selective geranylation of biflavonoids by *Aspergillus terreus* aromatic prenyltransferase AtaPT

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#### **Experimental Procedures**

#### Chemicals

Geranyl diphosphate (GPP) was prepared according to the method described by Woodside.<sup>1</sup>

Plasmid construction, protein overproduction in E.coli and purification

The PCR fragment containing the entire coding sequence of *ataPT* was amplified using primers ataPT F NdeI (5'-ATACATATGCTCCCCCATCAGACA-3') and (5'-ATTCTCGAGTTAGTGGTGATGGTGATGATGCACACG ataPT R XhoI TGCGACATTTCCC -3'), and then digested by restriction enzymes NdeI and XhoI. The NdeI-XhoI fragment was ligated into the NdeI-XhoI linearized pCDFDuet<sup>TM</sup>-1 (Novagen) to yield the *E.coli* expression vector pCDFDuet-ataPT. E.coli BL21 (DE3) cells harboring the plasmid pCDFDuet-ataPT were cultivated in a 2000 ml Erlenmeyer flask containing 500 ml liquid TB medium supplemented with 100  $\mu$ g/ml streptomycin and grown at 37 °C to the OD value at 600 nm of 0.6. Isopropyl thiogalactoside (IPTG) was added into the culture to a final concentration of 1.5 mM, and the cells were induced at 37°C for 30 h. The bacterial cells were centrifuged and the pellets were resuspended in lysis buffer (10 mM imidazole, 50 mM NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 300 mM NaCl, pH 8.0) at 2-5 mL per gram wet weight. After sonication on ice, the lysate was centrifuged at 13,000 x g for 30 min at 4 °C to remove the cellular debris. One-step purification of the soluble his<sub>6</sub>tagged fusion protein by affinity chromatography with Ni-NTA agarose resin (Qiagen) was performed according to the manufacturer's instructions. To change the buffer, the purified protein was passed through a PD-10 column (GE Healthcare), which had been equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, previously. AtaPT was eluted with the 50 mM Tris-HCl, 15 % glycerol, pH 7.5. The purified enzyme was checked by SDS-PAGE (Figure S1). Bradford Protein Assay was used for protein quantification.

Enzyme assays

The reaction mixtures (100µL) for determination of enzymatic activities contained 0.5 mM biflavonoid, 10 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 10% DMSO (v/v), 0.8 mM DMAPP or GPP and 100 µg purified recombinant protein AtaPT in 50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 7.5. After incubation for 16 h at 37 °C, the reaction was terminated by the addition of 100 µl of MeOH and vortexing for 1 min. The protein was removed by centrifugation at 12,000 g, 4 °C for 20 min. The supernatant was directly analyzed by HPLC. For kinetic parameter determination, the enzyme assays (50µL) contained 10 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 10% DMSO (v/v), 2 mM GPP and substrates at final concentrations of 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5 and 1 mM. The used protein amounts and incubation time were 12.5 ug/60 min for substrates 1-3 and 25 ug/90 min for substrate 4.

For enzymatic product isolation, assays were carried out under the same condition described above in large scales (30-60 ml). The reactions were incubated at 37  $^{\circ}$ C for overnight and then extracted by ethyl acetate for 3 times. The residues were dissolved in methanol and injected to a semi-preparative HPLC for purification.

#### HPLC conditions for analysis and isolation

The enzymatic products were analyzed by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC Agilent 1100) with a Venusll MP C18 4.6ID ×10cm column. Water (solvent A) and acetonitrile (solvent B) were used at a flow rate of 1 ml/min. The analysis started with a linear gradient of 30-100 % (solvent B, v/v) for 12 minutes. The column was then washed with 100% (v/v) solvent B for 5 minutes, and equilibrated with 30% (v/v) solvent B for 5 minutes.

For compound isolation, semi-preparative HPLC using semi-preparative column (YMC-Pack, ODS-A 250×10 mm) was eluted at a flow rate of 3.0 ml/min. A linear gradient of 35-95 % (v/v) solvent B for 40 min was used to give compounds.

#### Protein sequence of his<sub>6</sub>-tagged AtaPT

## MLPPSDSKDPRPWQILSQALGFPNYDQELWWQNTAETLNRVLEQCDYSVHL QYKYLAFYHKYILPSLGPFRRPGVEPEYISGLSHGGHPLEISVKIDKSKTICRL

GLQAIGPLAGTARDPLNSFGDRELLKNLATLLPHVDLRLFDHFNAQVGLDRA QCAVATTKLIKESHNIVCTSLDLKDGEVIPKVYFSTIPKGLVTETPLFDLTFAA IEQMEVYHKDAPLRTALSALKDFLRPRVPTDASITPPLTGLIGVDCIDPMLSRL KVYLATFRMDLSLIRDYWTLGGLLKDEGTMKGLEMVETLAKTLKLGDEAC ETLDAERLPFGINYAMKPGTAELAPPQIYFPLLGINDGFIADALVEFFQYMGW EDQASRYKDELKAKFPNVDISQTKNVHRWLGVAYSETKGPSMNIYYDVVA GNVARVHHHHH

## Supplementary Tables and Figures

Compounds	Chemical	HR-ESI-MS data		Deviation (nnm)
Compounds	formula	Calculated	Measured	Deviation (ppin)
<b>1</b> a	$C_{42}H_{38}O_{10}$	703.2543 [M+H] <sup>+</sup>	703.2545	0.3
2a	$C_{41}H_{36}O_{10}$	689.2387 [M+H]+	689.2382	-0.7
<b>3</b> a	$C_{40}H_{34}O_{10}$	675.2230 [M+H]+	675.2229	-0.1
<b>4a</b>	$C_{40}H_{34}O_{10}$	675.2230 [M+H] <sup>+</sup>	675.2229	-0.1

Table S1: HR-ESI-MS data of compounds 1a-4a.

Compd	$H_{3}CO \xrightarrow{7}_{8} O \xrightarrow{6'}_{3'} OH HO \xrightarrow{5'}_{4'} OH HO \xrightarrow{7'''}_{9''''} 6''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''$	4""-OCH3 7"
Pos.	$\delta_{ m H},$ multi, $J$	$\delta_{ m C}$
2		165.0
3	6.75, s	102.7
4	-	181.9
5	-	161.1
6	6.28, s	98.0
7	-	164.5
8	6.36, s	92.5
9	-	157.3
10	-	104.6
11 (OCH <sub>3</sub> )	3.74, s	56.0
1'	-	117.2
2'	8.23, bd	131.5
3'	-	123.9
4	-	166.6
5	6.86, d, 8.6	119.9
<b>0</b>	/.8/, dd, 2.0, 8.6	126.5
2	-	159.0
3	0.32, \$	106.2
4	-	1/0.0
5		138.3
0 7′′	0.23, 8	101.4
/ 	-	109.5
0 0''	-	156.5
10''		106.3
10		123.4
2	7 69 d 8 7	127.3
-	1.07, <b>u</b> , 0.7	147.5

Table S2: <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR data of **1a** in DMSO- $d_6$ .

3	6.65, d, 8.7	114.2
4	-	161.4
5	6.65, d, 8.7	114.2
6	7.69, d, 8.7	127.3
7'''(OCH <sub>3</sub> )	3.54, s	55.3
1''''	4.59, d, 5.7	65.5
2	5.46, t, 5.7	120.7
3	-	139.6
4	1.74, s	16.5
5	2.07, m	39.0
6	2.10, m	25.9
7	5.12, t, 6.5	123.8
8	-	131.1
9	1.65, s	25.5
10''''	1.59, s	17.6

Compd	$H_{3}CO \xrightarrow{7}_{8} O \xrightarrow{2}_{9''} O \xrightarrow{3'}_{9''} O \xrightarrow{1'''}_{9'''} O \xrightarrow{1''''}_{9''''} O \xrightarrow{1''''''}_{5''''''''} O 1''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''$	oH d=−OH
Pos.	$\delta_{ m H},$ multi, $J$	$\delta_{ m C}$
2	-	165.1
3	6.80, s	103.0
4	-	181.9
5	-	161.1
6	6.31, overlaps	98.1
7	-	165.1
8	6.55, overlaps	92.7
9	_	157.4
10	-	104.7
11 (OCH <sub>3</sub> )	3.77, s	56.1
1′	_	117.4
2'	8.19 , d, 2.4	131.4
3'	-	123.9
4′	-	164.2
5′	6.91, d, 8.7	119.7
6'	7.92, dd, 2.4, 8.7	127.5
2	-	159.7
3''	6.45, s	105.4
4''		176.0
51	-	158.6
6''	6.31, s	97.7
7''	-	167.1
8''	-	107.4
9''	-	156.3
10''	-	105.6
1‴	-	121.7

Table S3: <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR data of 2a in DMSO- $d_6$ .

2	7.55, d, 8.8	127.8
3	6.54, d, 8.7	115.6
4	-	160.2
5	6.54, d, 8.7	115.6
6	7.55, d, 8.8	127.8
1	4.60, d, 5.9	65.6
2	5.46, t, 6.2	120.5
3	-	139.9
4	1.74, s	16.6
5	2.06, m	38.9
6	2.11, m	25.5
7	5.11, t, 6.1	123.8
8	-	131.1
9	1.65, s	25.9
10''''	1.58, s	17.6

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Compd	$\begin{array}{c} OH & O \\ F \\ HO & S \\ H$	
Pos.	$\delta_{\rm H}$ , multi, J	$\delta_{ m H}$ , multi, J
	in Acetone- <i>d</i> <sub>6</sub>	in DMSO- <i>d</i> <sub>6</sub>
2	-	-
3	6.74, s	6.63, s
4	-	-
5	-	-
6	6.23, d, 2.0	6.05, br.s
7	-	-
8	6.53, d, 2.0	6.14, br.s
9	-	-
10	-	-
5-OH	13.04	-
1'	-	-
2'	8.10, d, 2.3	8.22, d, 1.4
3'	-	-
4′	-	-
5'	7.23, d, 8.7	6.78, d, 6.8
6'	8.03, dd, 2.3, 8.6	7.80, dd, 1.6, 6.8
2''	-	-
3''	6.62, s	6.39, s
4‴	-	-
5''	-	-
6	6.45, s	6.16, s
7''	-	-
8	-	-
9''	-	-
10''	-	-

Table S4: <sup>1</sup>H NMR data of **3a** in acetone- $d_6$  and DMSO- $d_6$ .

1‴	-	-
2	7.54, d, 8.8	7.61, d, 7.2
3	6.78, d, 8.8	6.48, d, 7.2
4‴	-	-
5	6.78, d, 8.8	6.48, d, 7.2
6	7.54, d, 8.8	7.61, d, 7.2
1	4.70, d, 6.0	4.57, d, 6.7
2	5.56, t, 5.9	5.46, t, 6.8
3	-	-
4	1.77, s	1.73, s
5	2.08, m	2.06, m
6''''	2.14, m	2.11, m
7	5.13, t, 6.8	5.12, t, 6.1
8	-	-
9''''	1.66, s	1.65, s
10''''	1.60, s	1.59, s

Compd	HO $7^{m}$ $7^{m}$ $9^{m}$ $6^{m}$ $HO$ $7^{m}$ $6^{m}$ $HO$ $7^{m}$ $6^{m}$ $HO$ $7^{m}$ $6^{m}$ $HO$ $7^{m}$ $6^{m}$ $0$ $HO$ $7^{m}$ $0$ $HO$ $7^{m}$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$	5"" 2"" 1"" 4"" 2" 0H 5" 0H 5" 6"
Pos.	$\delta_{ m H},$ multi, $J$	$\delta_{ m C}$
2		163.2
3	6.86, s	103.9
4	-	181.9
5	-	161.5
6	6.20, d, 2.0	99.0
7	-	164.5
8	6.49, d, 2.0	94.1
9	-	157.4
10	-	104.0
<b>5-OH</b>	12.89, s	-
<b>7-OH</b>	10.93, s	-
<u> </u>	-	124.3
2'	8.02, d, 8.9	128.4
3'	7.03, d, 9.0	115.4
4'	-	160.7
5′	7.03, d, 9.0	115.4
6'	8.02, d, 8.9	128.4
2''	-	164.3
3''	6.81, s	102.5
4″	-	182.1
5″	-	153.2
6''	-	124.7
7''	-	153.8
8''	6.71, s	94.6
9''	-	157.2
10''	-	104.2

Table S5. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR data of 4a in DMSO- $d_6$ .

5′′-ОН	13.21, s	-
1	-	121.0
2	7.79, overlap	128.0
3	-	128.7
4	-	159.2
5	6.96, d, 8.2	115.5
6'''	7.81, overlaps	126.1
4 <sup>···</sup> -OH	10.41, s	-
1''''	3.31, d, 7.4	28.0
2	5.34, t, 6.8	122.2
3	-	135.6
4	1.72, s	16.0
5	2.01, m	39.3
6	2.07, m	26.3
7	5.08, t, 5.6	124.1
8	-	130.9
9	1.58, s	25.5
10''''	1.54, s	17.6



Figure S1: Analysis of purified his<sub>6</sub>-AtaPT on SDS-PAGE. Lane M: molecular mass standard; lane 1: purified his<sub>6</sub>-AtaPT.



Figure S2: HR-ESI-MS spectrum of compound 1a.



Figure S3: HR-ESI-MS spectrum of compound 2a.



Figure S4: HR-ESI-MS spectrum of compound 3a.



Figure S5: HR-ESI-MS spectrum of compound 4a.



Figure S6: Key HMBC and NOESY correlations of AtaPT product 1a.



Figure S7: Key HMBC and NOESY correlations of AtaPT product 2a.



Figure S8: Key NOESY correlations of AtaPT product **3a**.



Figure S9: Key HMBC and NOESY correlations of AtaPT product 4a.





Figure S11: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of **1a** in DMSO- $d_6$  (600 MHz).











Figure S16: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of **2a** in DMSO- $d_6$  (600 MHz).













Figure S22: NOESY spectrum of 3a in DMSO- $d_6$  (400 MHz).





Figure S24: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of **4a** in DMSO- $d_6$  (600 MHz).







## Reference

1. A. B. Woodside, Z. Huang and C. D. Poulter, *Org. Synth.*, 1988, **66**, 211-215.