

Supporting Information

Diketopyrrolopyrrole–fullerene C₆₀ architectures as highly efficient heavy atom-free photosensitizers: synthesis, photophysical properties and photodynamic activity

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Contents

Figure S1. Absorption spectra of (A) **DPP-C₆₀** and (B) **C₆₀-DPP-C₆₀** in different solvents.

Figure S2. (A) Transient absorption spectrum of **DPP4** determined at different times after laser flash excitation at 532 nm in argon-saturated solution and (B) absorption decay monitored at 390 nm and 540 nm in toluene.

Figure S3. (A) Transient absorption spectrum of **DPP5** determined at different times after laser flash excitation at 532 nm in argon-saturated solution and (B) absorption decay monitored at 400 nm and 550 nm in toluene.

Figure S4. Absorption spectra changes for the photooxidation of DMA photosensitized by (A) **DPP4** and (B) **DPP5** after different irradiation times ($\Delta t = 3$ min) in toluene and (C) **DPP4** and (D) **DPP5** after different irradiation times ($\Delta t = 5$ min) in DMF.

Figure S5. Absorption spectra changes for the photooxidation of DMA photosensitized by (A) **DPP-C₆₀** and (B) **C₆₀-DPP-C₆₀** after different irradiation times ($\Delta t = 3$ min) in toluene and (C) **DPP-C₆₀** and (D) **C₆₀-DPP-C₆₀** after different irradiation times ($\Delta t = 5$ min) in DMF.

Figure S6. NMR and MS spectroscopic data.

Scheme S1. Molecular structure of **MC₆₀**.

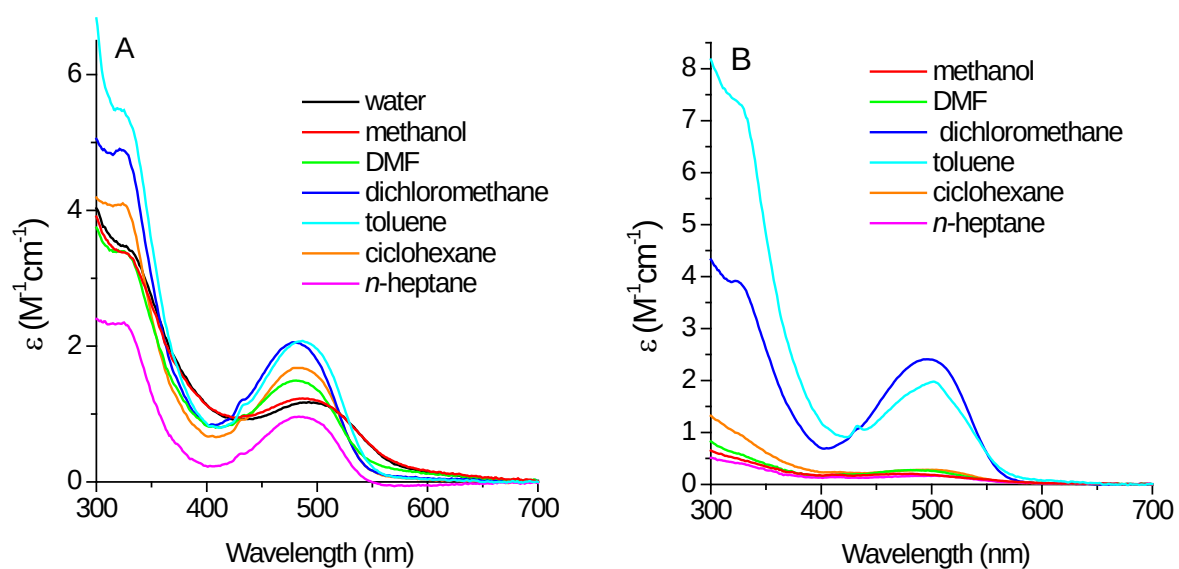


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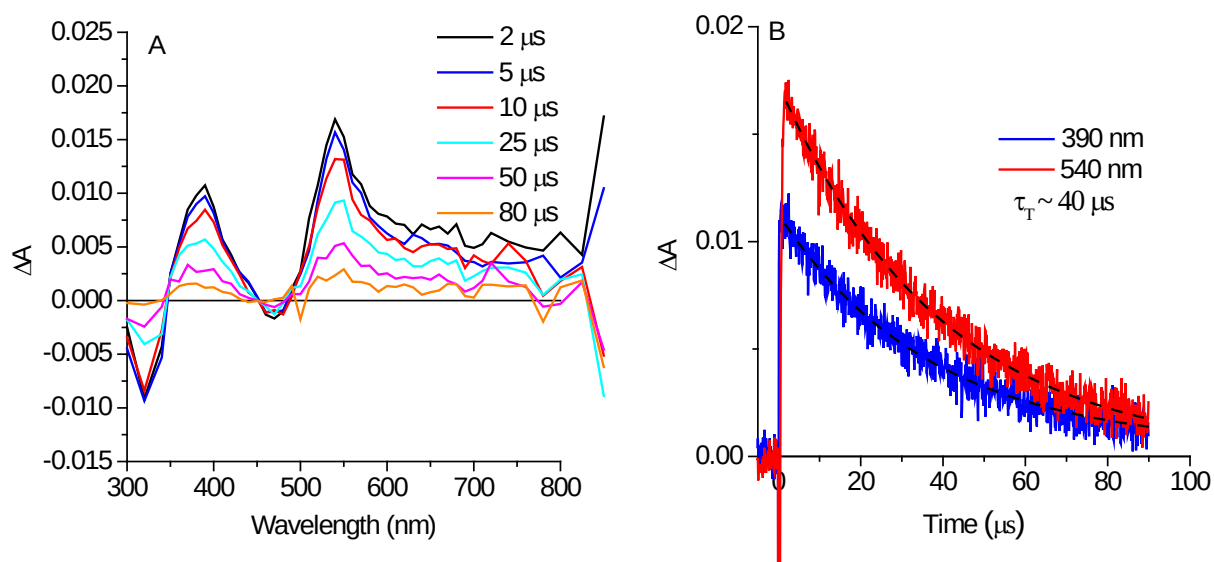


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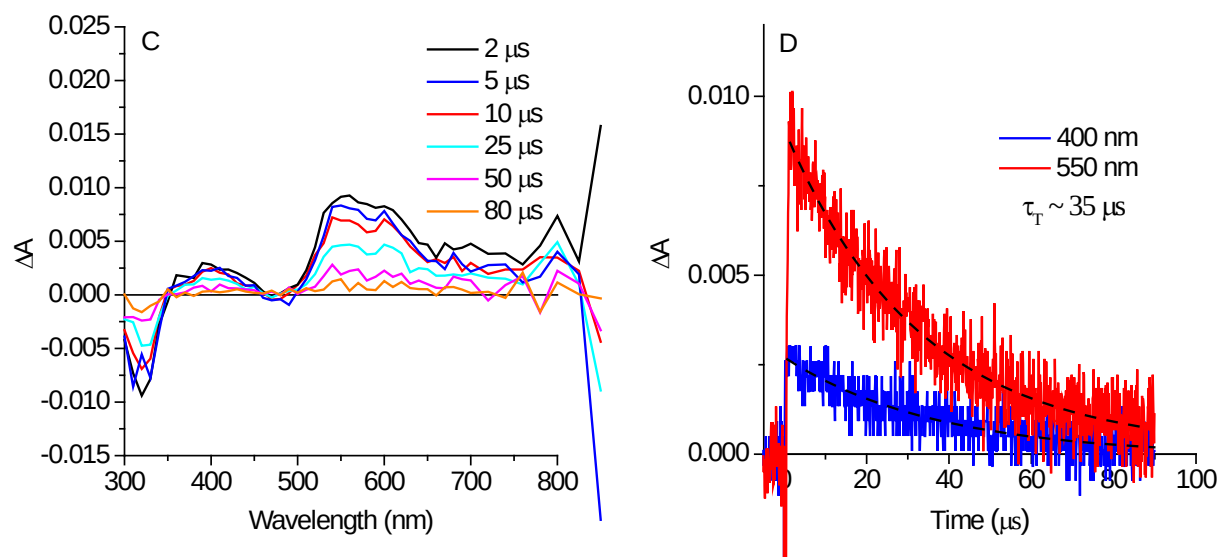


Figure S3. (A) Transient absorption spectrum of **DPP5** determined at different times after laser flash excitation at 532 nm in argon-saturated solution and (B) absorption decay monitored at 400 nm and 550 nm in toluene.

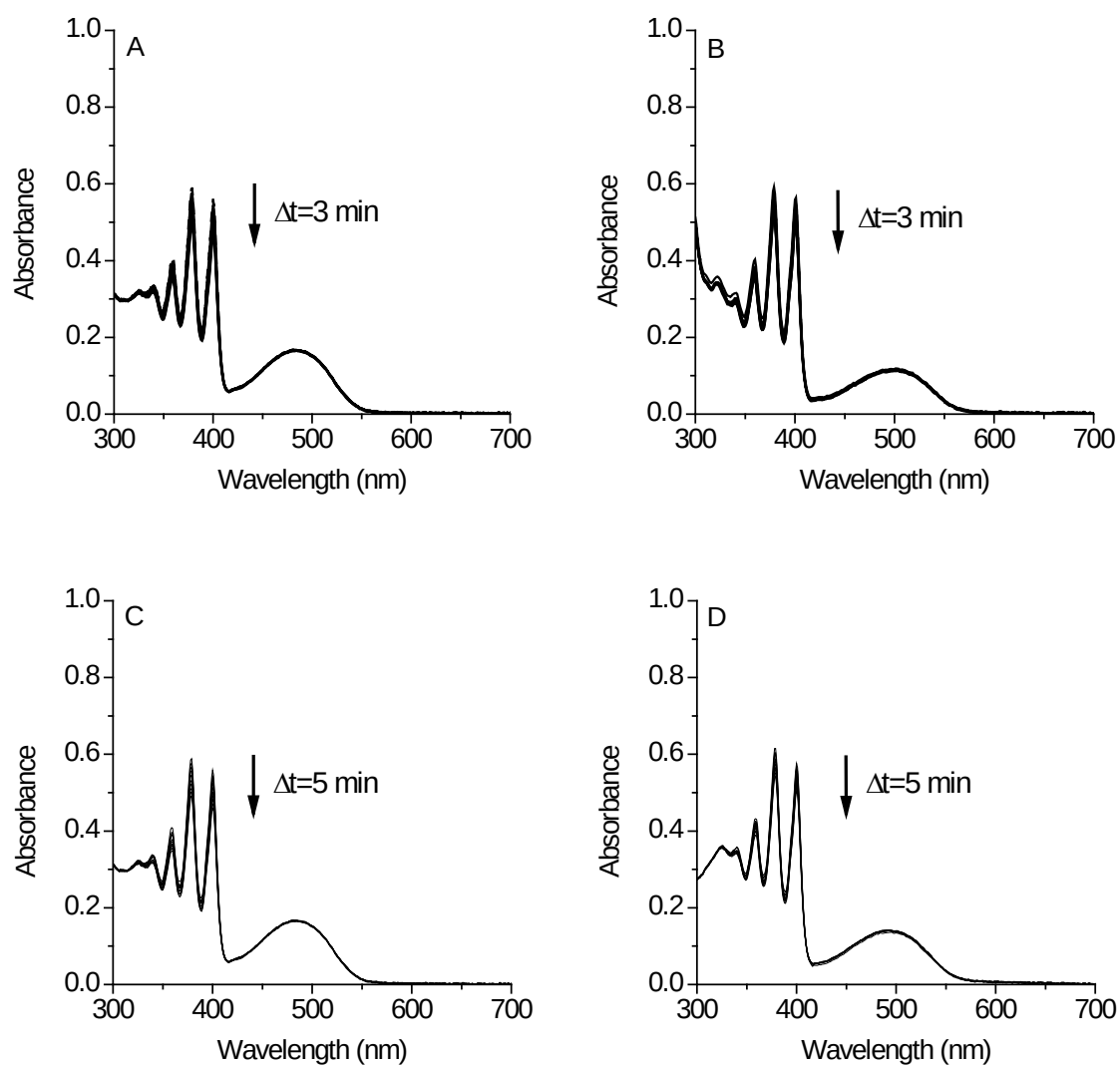


Figure S4. Absorption spectra changes for the photooxidation of DMA photosensitized by (A) **DPP4** and (B) **DPP5** after different irradiation times ($\Delta t = 3$ min) in toluene and (C) **DPP4** and (D) **DPP5** after different irradiation times ($\Delta t = 5$ min) in DMF.

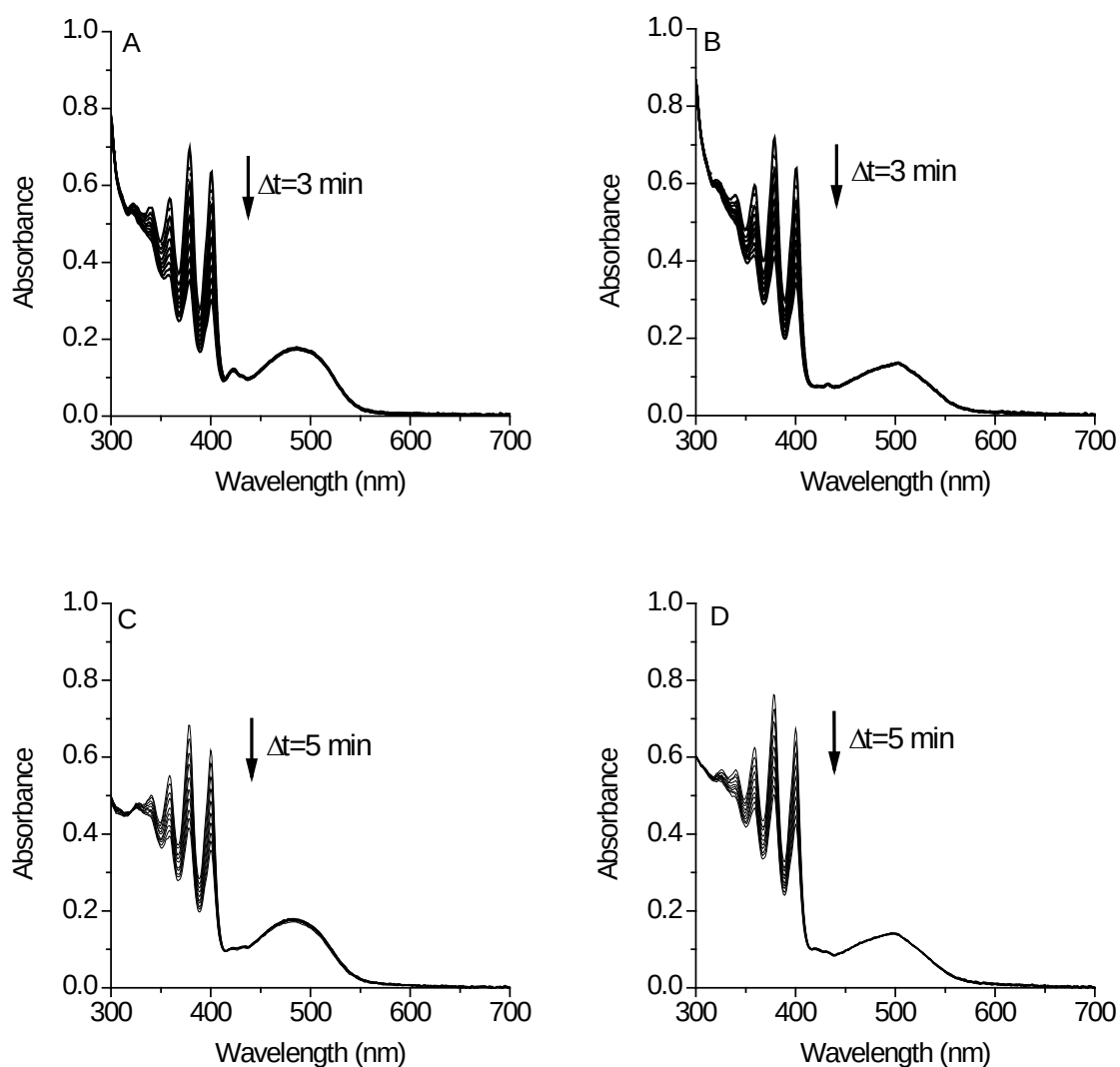
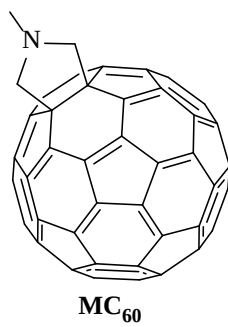
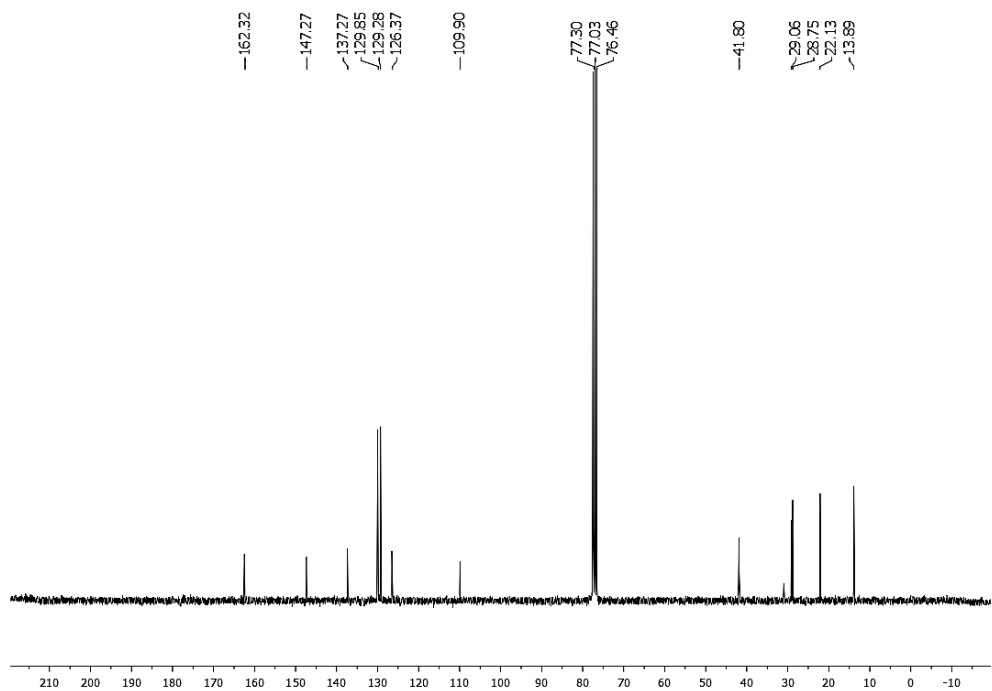
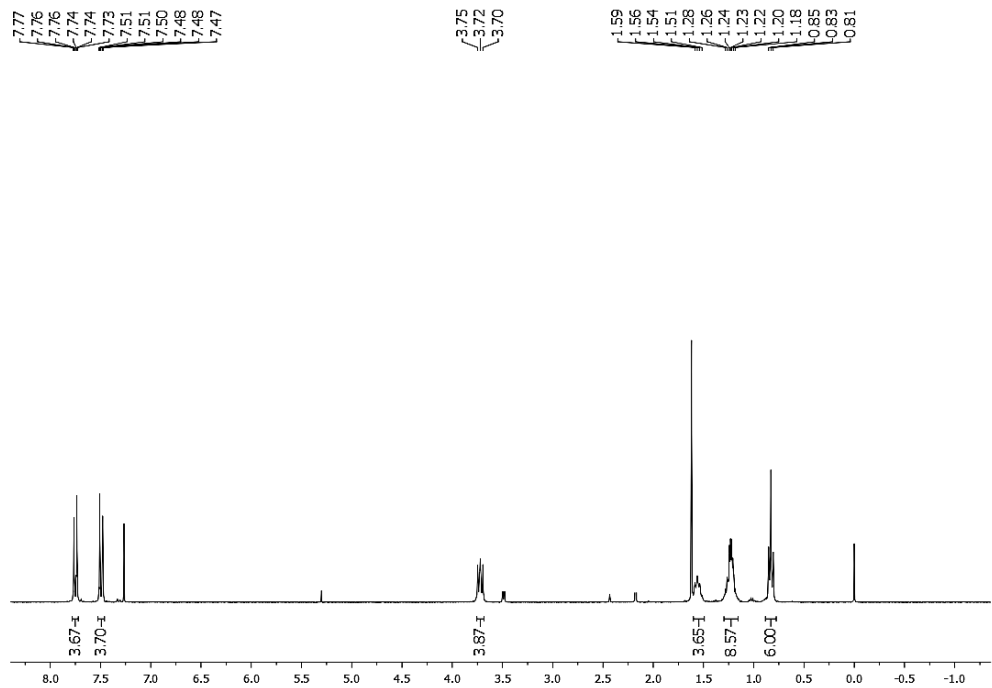


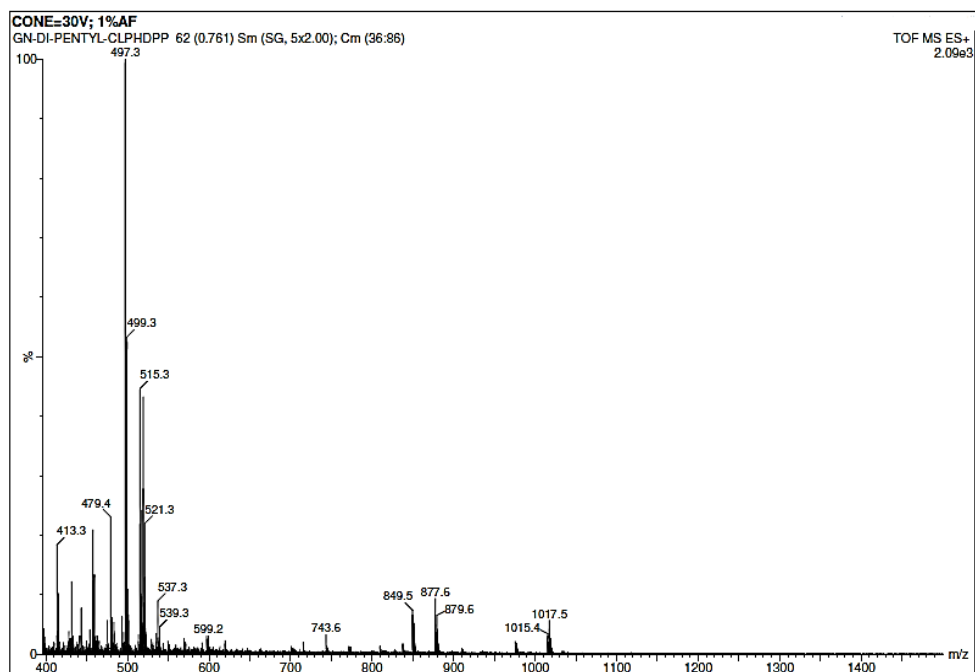
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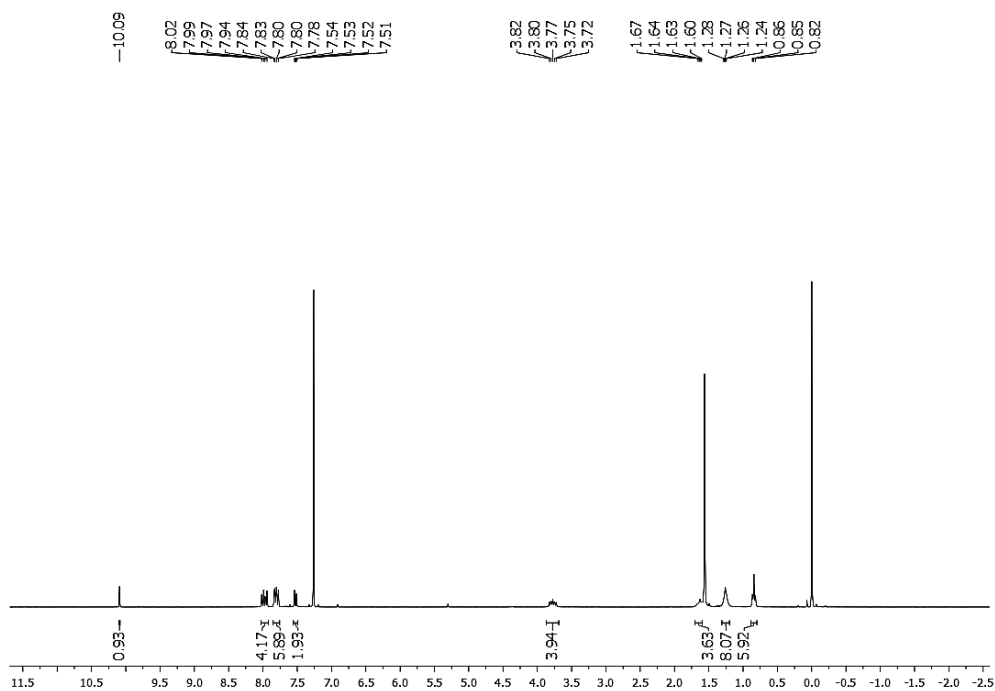
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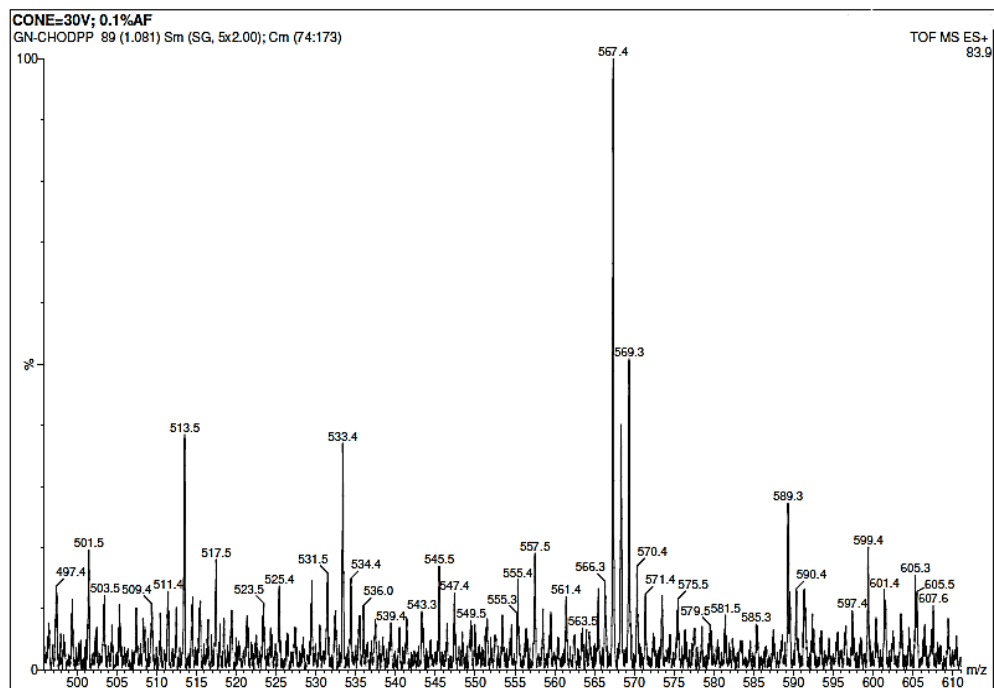
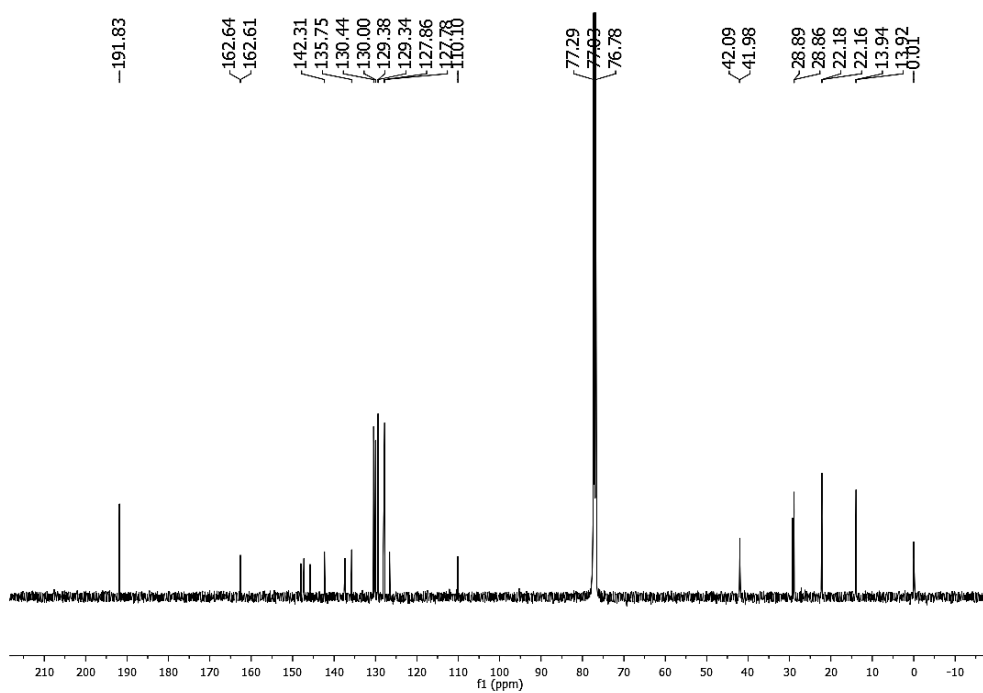
DPP1



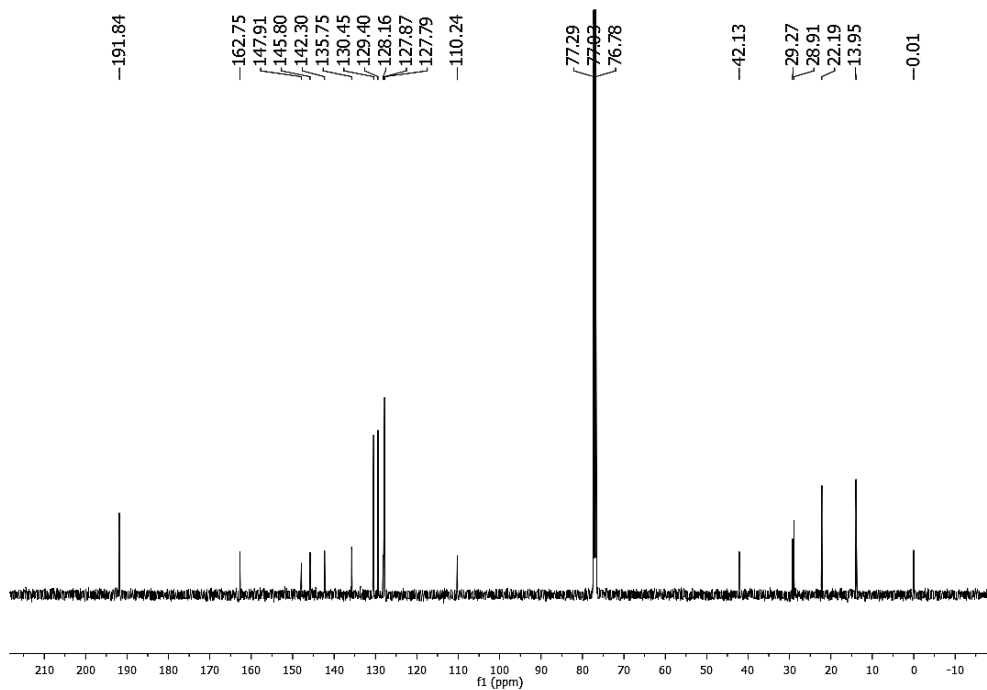
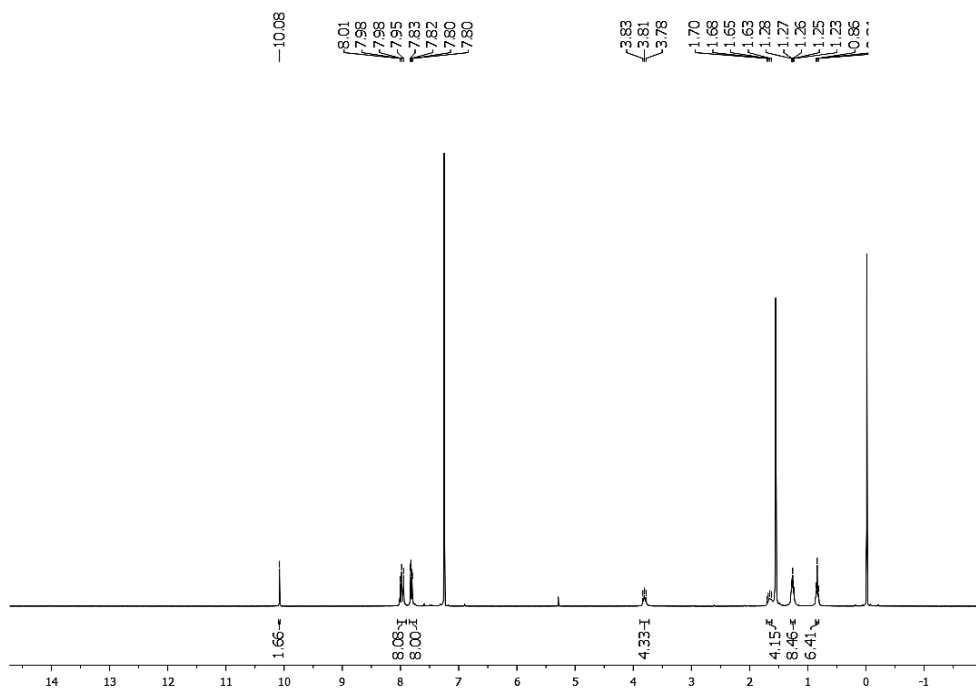


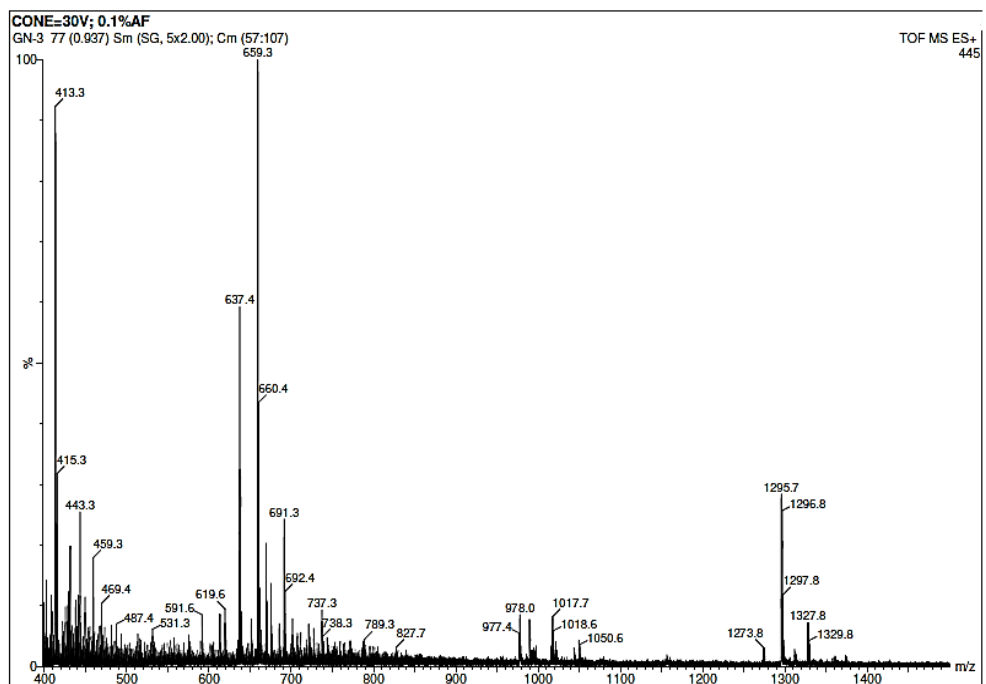
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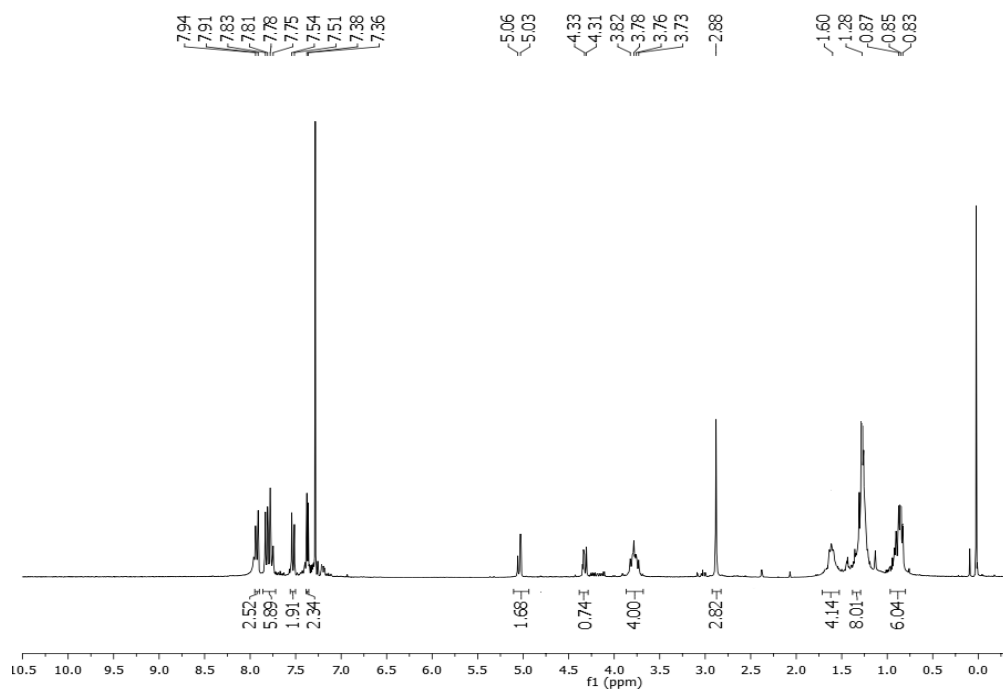


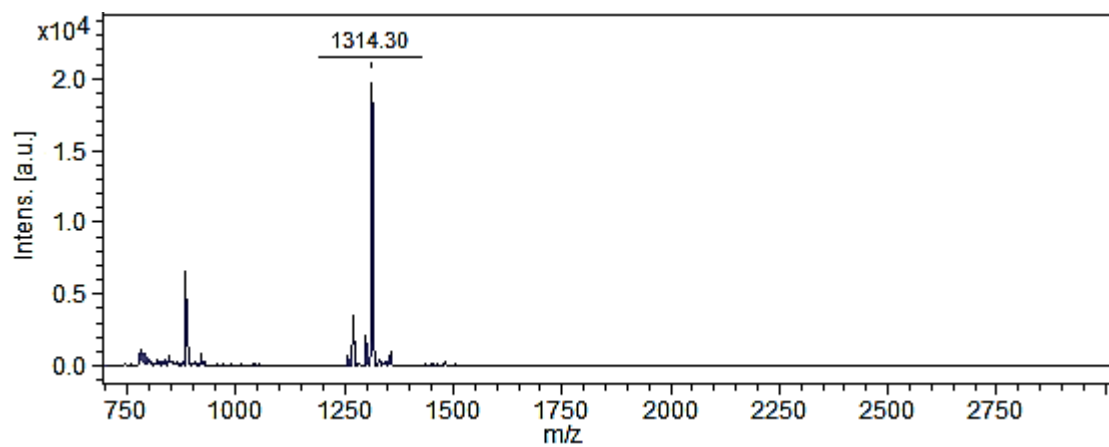
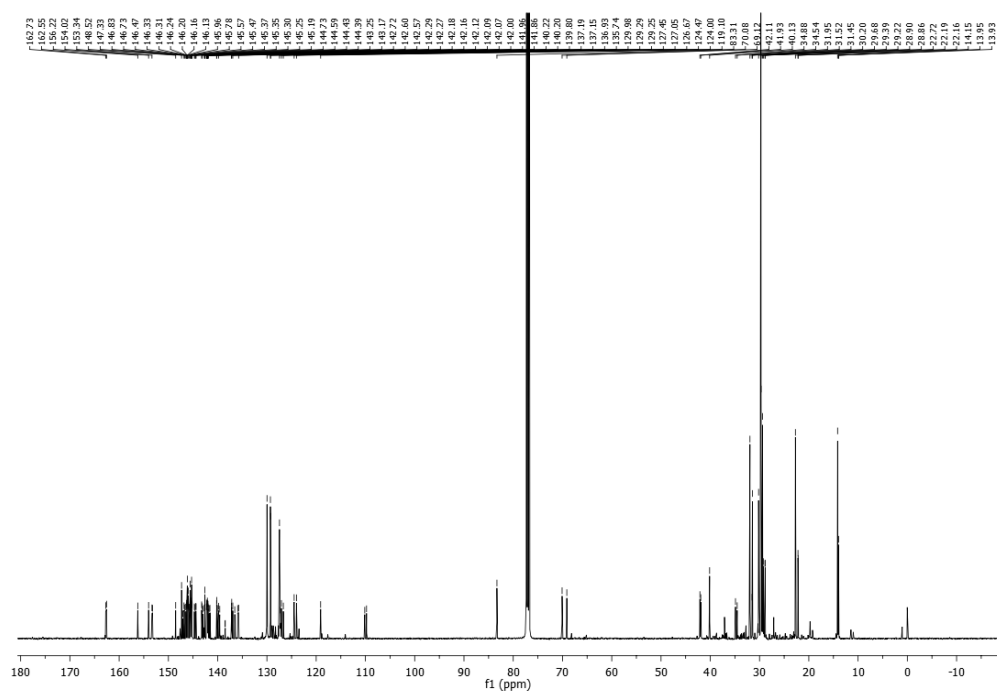
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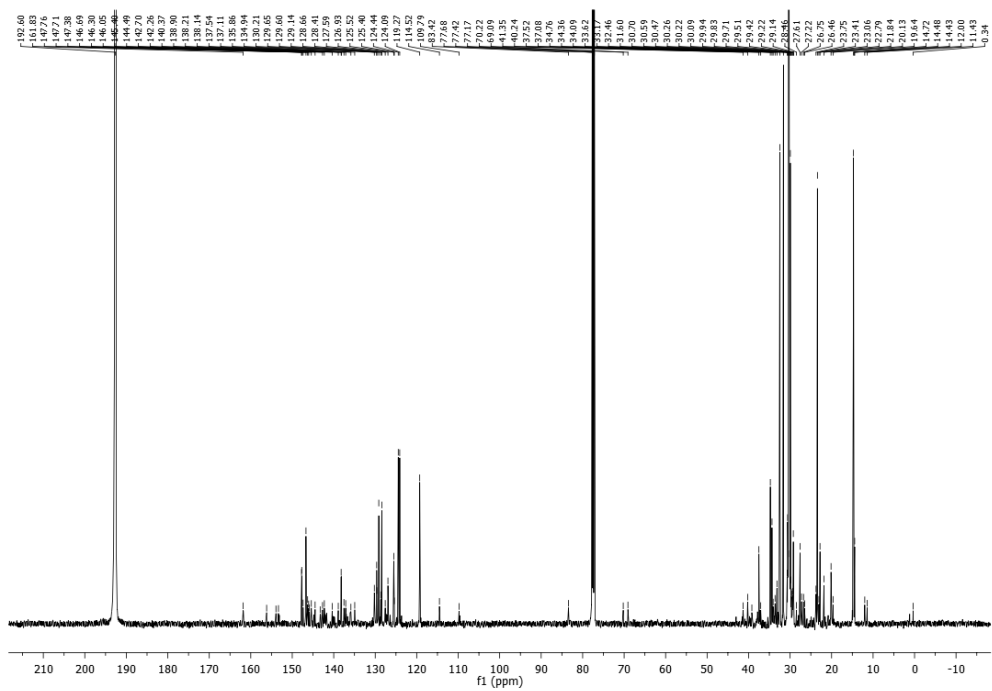
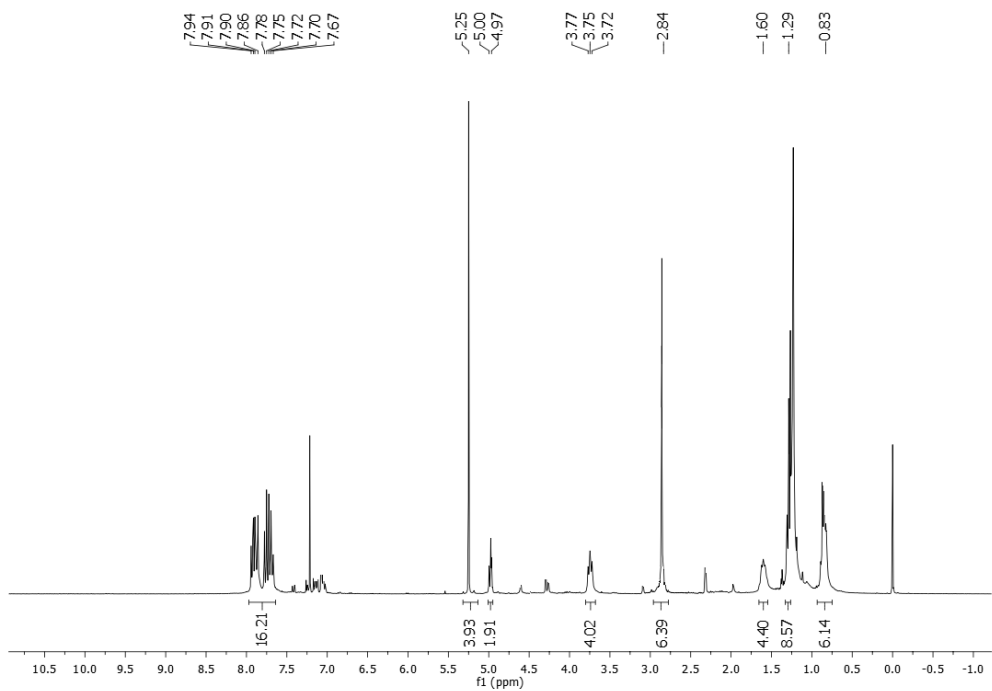


DPP-C₆₀





C₆₀-DPP-C₆₀



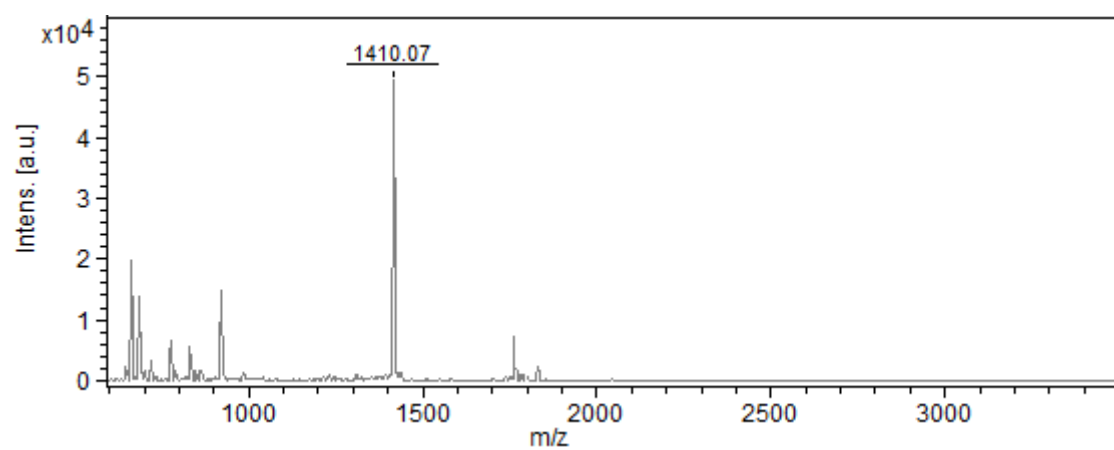


Figure S6. NMR and MS spectroscopic data.