Supporting information

Alcohol mediated degenerate chain transfer controlled cationic polymerisation of *para*-alkoxystyrene



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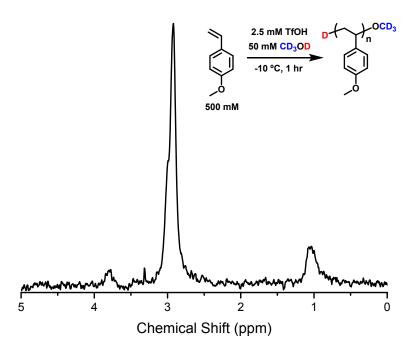


Figure \$1: D-NMR spectrum in Dichloromethane

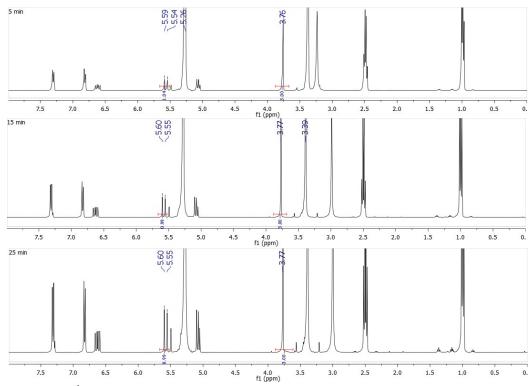


Figure S2: 1 H-NMR of pMOS polymerisation (5-25 mins), conversion was obtained by integrating the -C*H*- vinylic proton at 5.57 ppm and using the phenyl-meoxy -OC*H*₃ at 3.77 as internal reference.

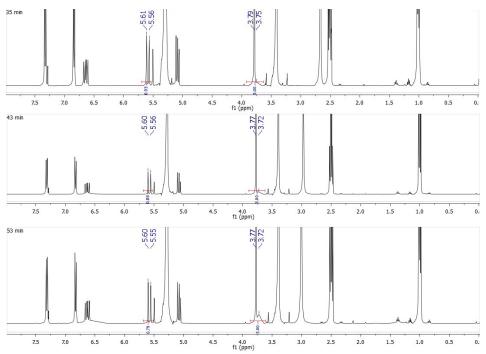


Figure S3: 1 H-NMR of pMOS polymerisation (35-53 mins), conversion was obtained by integrating the -C*H*- vinylic proton at 5.57 ppm and using the phenyl-meoxy -OC*H*₃ at 3.77 as internal reference.

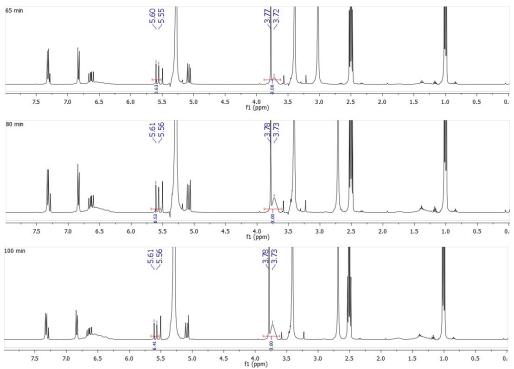


Figure S4: 1 H-NMR of pMOS polymerisation (65-100 mins), conversion was obtained by integrating the -C*H*- vinylic proton at 5.57 ppm and using the phenyl-meoxy -OC*H*₃ at 3.77 as internal reference.

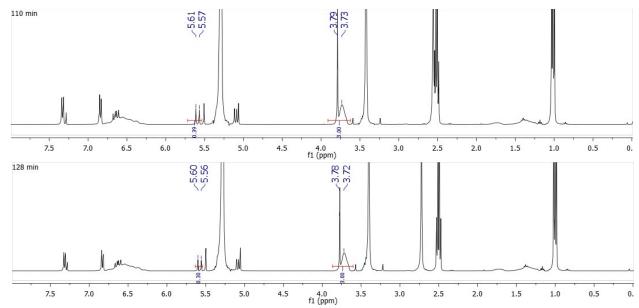


Figure S5: 1 H-NMR of pMOS polymerisation (110-128 mins), conversion was obtained by integrating the -C*H*- vinylic proton at 5.57 ppm and using the phenyl-meoxy -OC*H*₃ at 3.77 as internal reference.

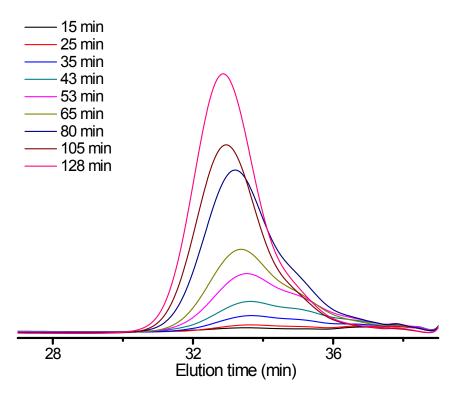


Figure S6: SEC (dRI, THF) graph of pMOS polymerisation (5-128 mins).

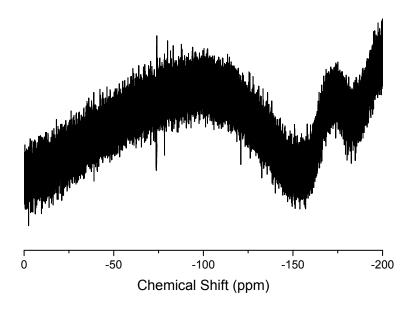


Figure S7: ¹⁹F-NMR of cationic polymerisation in presence of trifluoroethanol (entry 5, table 2).

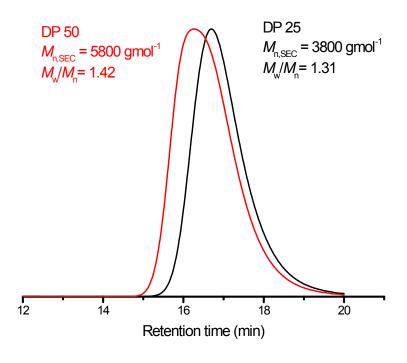


Figure S8: SEC (dRI, THF) chromatogram of chain extension of Poly(pMOS) with pMOS.

Scheme S1: Proton exchange of methanol derived proton on ω -end methoxy group with free divalent oxygen on monomer/polymeric *p*-MOS side chains, diethyl ether or free alcohol.