

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Two Cu_xI_y-based copper–organic frameworks with multiple secondary building units (SBUs): structure, gas adsorption and impressive ability of I₂ sorption and release

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S1. Calculation procedures of selectivity from IAST

The measured experimental data is excess loadings (q^{ex}) of the pure components CO₂, CH₄ and C₂H₆ for compound **2**, which should be converted to absolute loadings (q) firstly.

$$q = q^{ex} + \frac{pV_{pore}}{ZRT}$$

Here Z is the compressibility factor. The Peng-Robinson equation was used to estimate the value of compressibility factor to obtain the absolute loading, while the measure pore volume is also necessary.

The dual-site Langmuir-Freundlich equation is used for fitting the isotherm data at 298 K.

$$q = q_{m1} \times \frac{b_1 \times p^{1/n_1}}{1 + b_1 \times p^{1/n_1}} + q_{m2} \times \frac{b_2 \times p^{1/n_2}}{1 + b_2 \times p^{1/n_2}}$$

Here p is the pressure of the bulk gas at equilibrium with the adsorbed phase (kPa), q is the adsorbed amount per mass of adsorbent (mol kg⁻¹), q_{m1} and q_{m2} are the saturation capacities of sites 1 and 2 (mol kg⁻¹), b_1 and b_2 are the affinity coefficients of sites 1 and 2 (1/kPa), n_1 and n_2 are the deviations from an ideal homogeneous surface.

The selectivity of preferential adsorption of component 1 over component 2 in a mixture containing 1 and 2, perhaps in the presence of other components too, can be formally defined as

$$S = \frac{q_1/q_2}{p_1/p_2}$$

q_1 and q_2 are the absolute component loadings of the adsorbed phase in the mixture. These component loadings are also termed the uptake capacities. We calculate the values of q_1 and q_2 using the Ideal Adsorbed Solution Theory (IAST) of Myers and Prausnitz.

S2. Calculations of the Isostatic Heats of Gas Adsorption (Q_{st})

A virial-type expression comprising the temperature-independent parameters a_i and b_j was employed to calculate the enthalpies of adsorption for CO₂, CH₄ and C₂H₆ (at 273 and 298 K) on compounds. In each case, the data were fitted using the equation:

$$\ln P = \ln N + \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=0}^m a_i N^i + \sum_{j=0}^n b_j N^j$$

Here, P is the pressure expressed in Torr, N is the amount adsorbed in mmol g⁻¹, T is the temperature in K, a_i and b_j are virial coefficients, m , n represent the number of coefficients required to adequately describe the isotherms (m and n were gradually increased until the contribution of extra added a and b coefficients was deemed to be statistically insignificant towards the overall fit, and the average value of the squared deviations from the experimental values was minimized). The values of the virial coefficients a_0 through a_m were then used to calculate the isosteric heat of adsorption using the following expression.

$$Q_{st} = -R \sum_{i=0}^m a_i N^i$$

Q_{st} is the coverage-dependent isosteric heat of adsorption and R is the universal gas constant. The heat of gas sorption for compound **2** in this manuscript are determined by using the sorption data measured in the pressure range from 0-1 bar (273 and 298 K for gases), which is fitted by the virial-equation very well.

S3. Activation procedures:

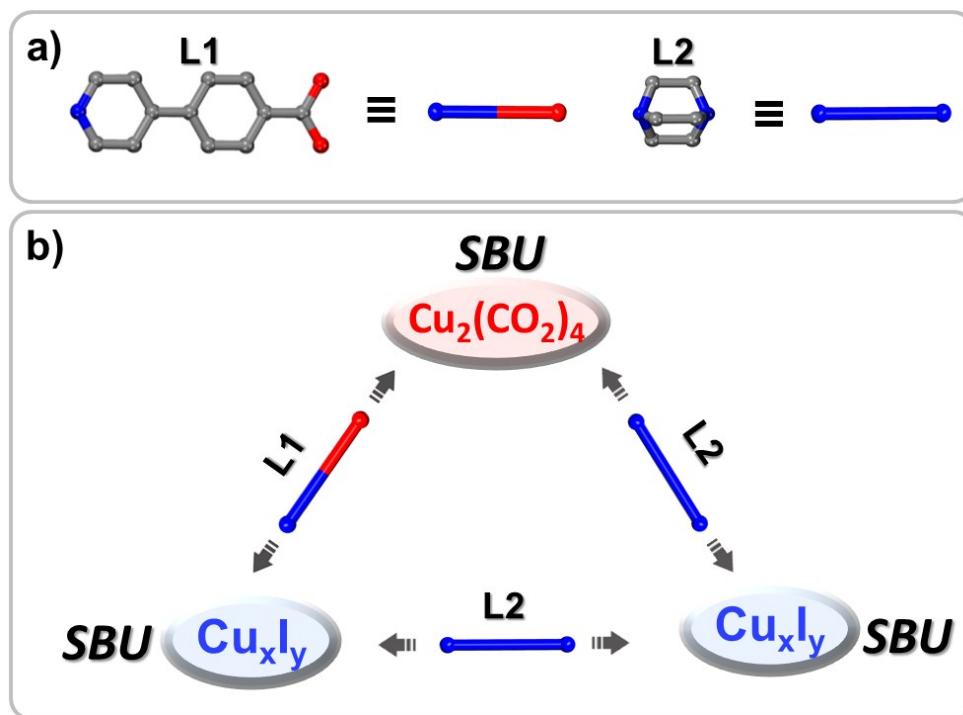
MOF supercritical CO₂ activation was performed using a Tousimis™ Samdri® PVT-3D critical point dryer (Tousimis, Rockville, MD, USA).

Fresh absolute EtOH was used to exchange the DMF molecules with EtOH. The solvent exchange was repeated three times daily for three days. This sample was subjected to supercritical carbon dioxide drying procedure. Liquid CO₂ was used to exchange the EtOH, the system was vented 6 times over the course of 18 hours to fully exchange the EtOH with CO₂. The system was then bled at the rate of 0.2 cc/s. Subsequently the samples were transferred into a sorption tube and dried on an activation port of an ASAP 2420 under dynamic vacuum at 50 °C for 10 h.

S4. Thermal gravimetric analyses

TGA tests were taken to evaluate the stability of two compounds. The framework of compound **1** could remain stable until 270 °C with a loss about 15.4% of the total weight, owing to the removal of the guest molecules (Fig. S3). And the framework of compound **2** could remain stable until 265 °C with a loss about 13.4% of the total weight, owing to the removal of the guest molecules (Fig. S4).

S5. Supporting Figures



Scheme S1. a) The simplification of linear pybz (L1) and Dabco (L2) ligands, which can be regarded as 2-connected linear nodes (red part means carboxylate-coordinated site, blue part means N-coordinated site); b) Illustration of the possible connection ways between $\text{Cu}_2(\text{CO}_2)_4$ paddlewheel SBUs, Cu_xI_y cluster SBUs and L1, L2 ligands.

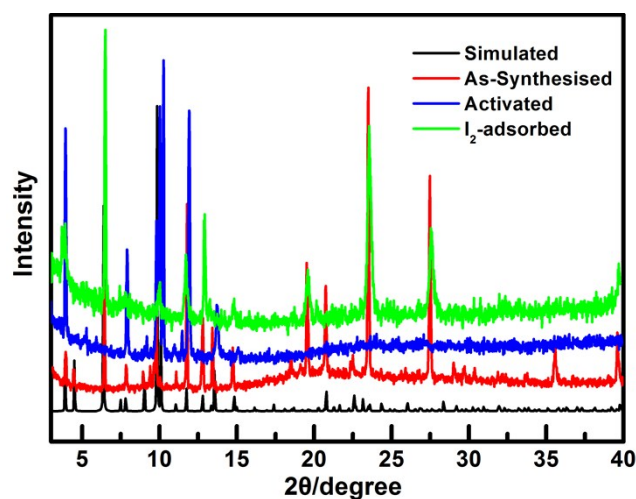


Fig. S1 PXRD patterns of compound **1** for simulated, as-synthesized, activated and I_2 -adsorbed samples. The differences in reflection intensity are probably due to preferred orientations in the powder samples.

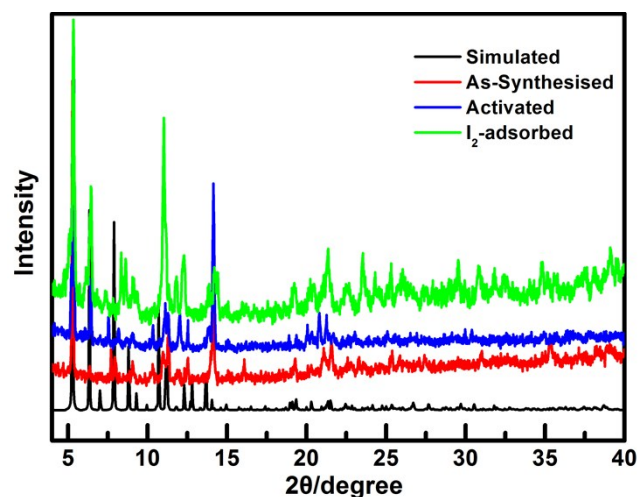


Fig. S2 PXRD patterns of compound **2** for simulated, as-synthesized and I_2 -adsorbed samples. The differences in reflection intensity are probably due to preferred orientations in the powder samples.

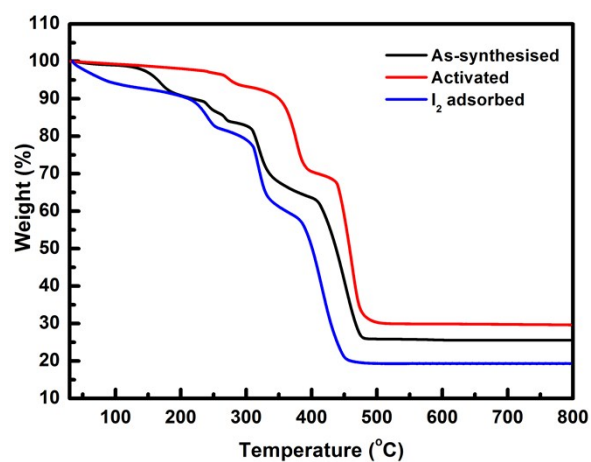


Fig. S3 Thermogravimetric analysis curves of compound **1** for the as-synthesized, activated and I_2 -adsorbed samples.

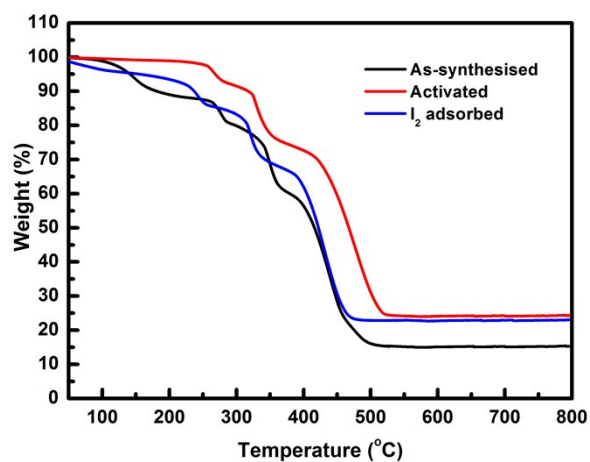


Fig. S4 Thermogravimetric analysis curves of compound **2** for the as-synthesized, activated and I_2 -adsorbed samples.

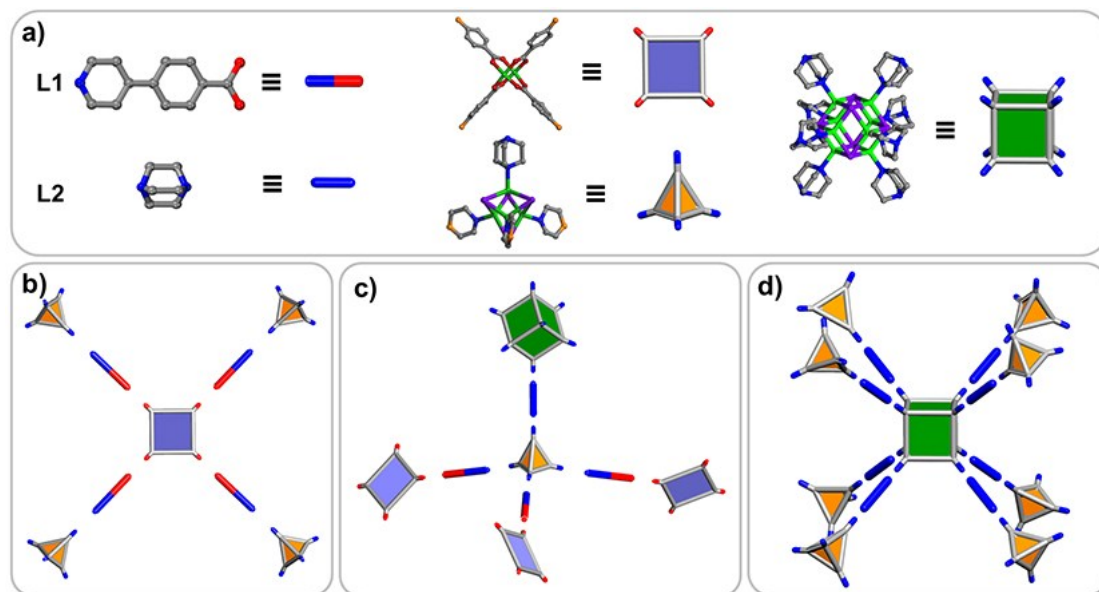


Fig. S5 a) The simplification of ligands and Cu-SBUs of compound **1**; b) Illustration of the connections between Cu-SBUs and ligands in compound **1**.

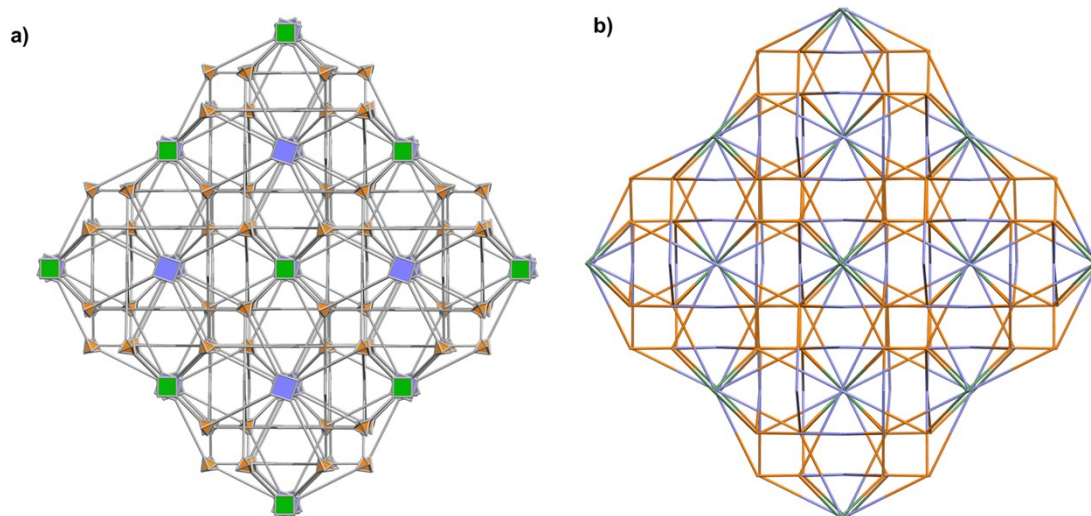


Fig. S6 a) Polyhedral view of the topology of compound **1**; b) the (4,4,8)-connected ternary net of compound **1**.

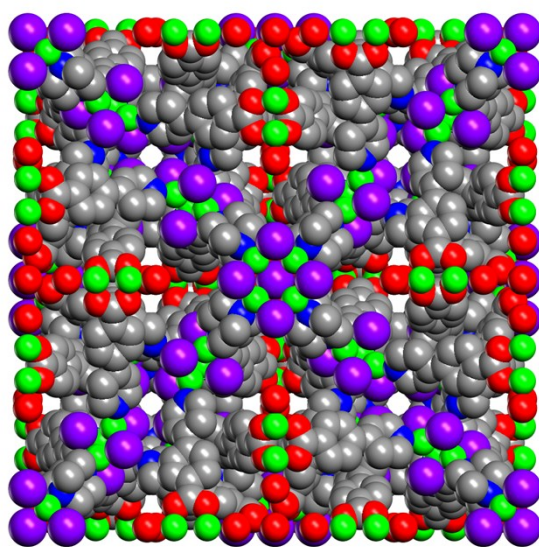


Fig. S7 The space-filling model of the channel along the [010] direction (the other two directions are the same) of compound **1**.

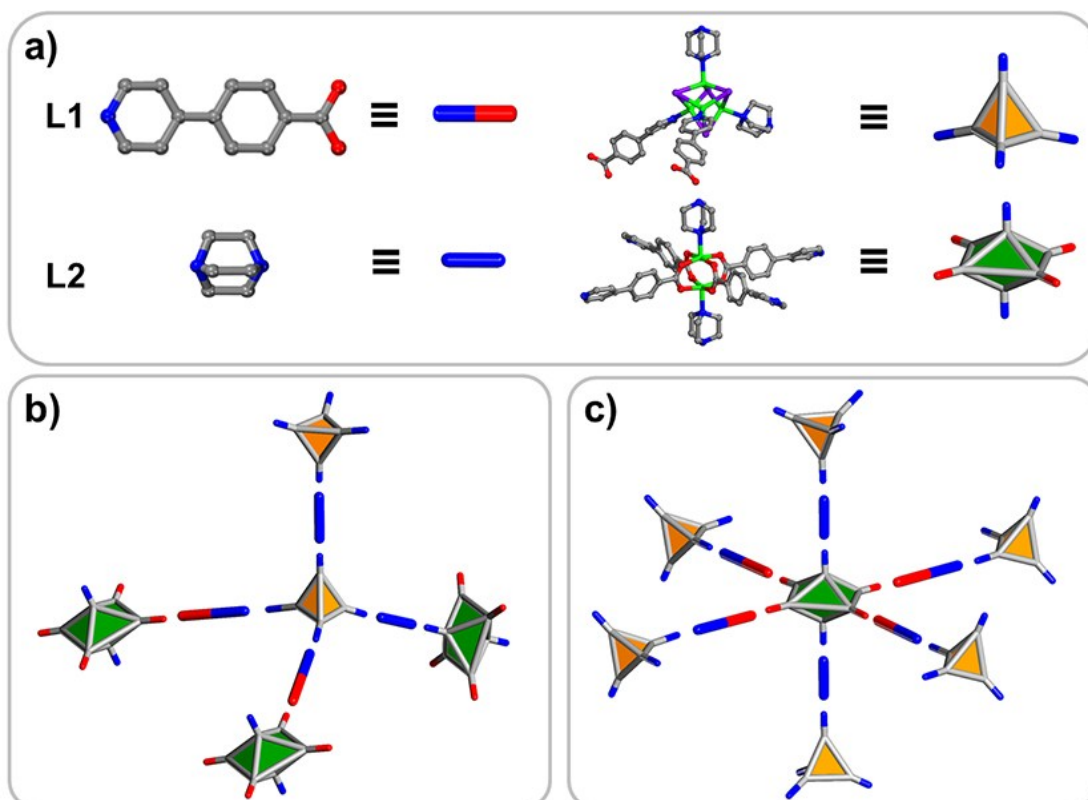


Fig. S8 a) The simplification of ligands and Cu-SBUs of compound **2**; b) Illustration of the connections between Cu-SBUs and ligands in compound **2**.

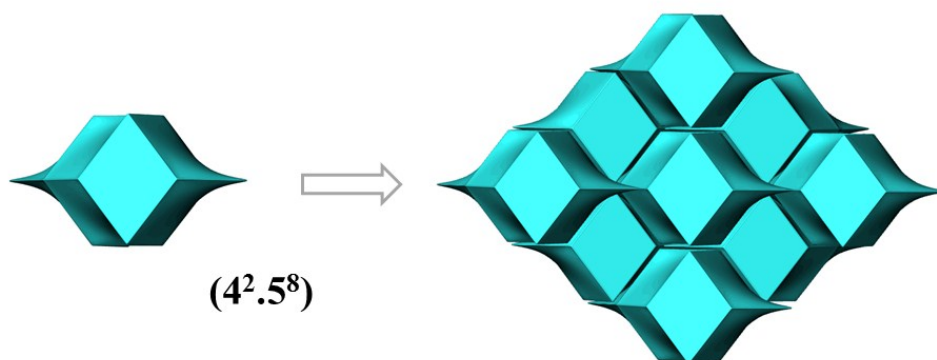


Fig. S9 Topological feature of compound **2** displayed by tiles and face symbol for blue tiles is (4².5⁸). Proper tiling of compound **1** cannot be constructed, for not all edges are shared.

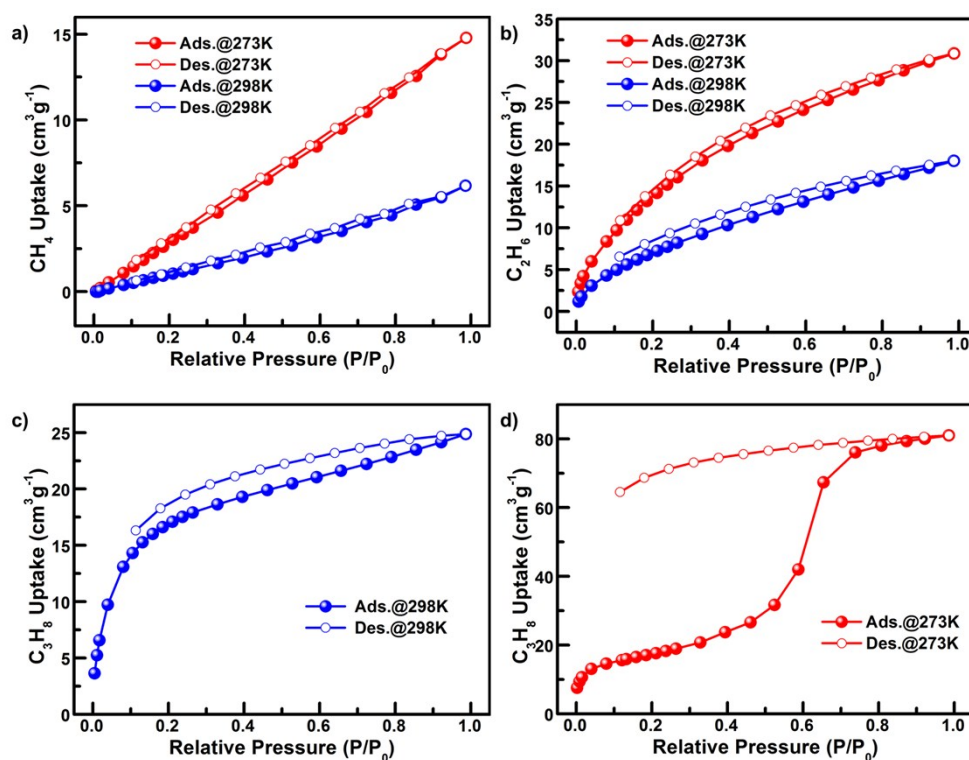


Fig. S10 The CH₄, C₂H₆ and C₃H₈ isotherms of compound **2** at 273 and 298 K (as a result of the interpenetrated structure, the C₃H₈ isotherms show a slight breathing behavior).

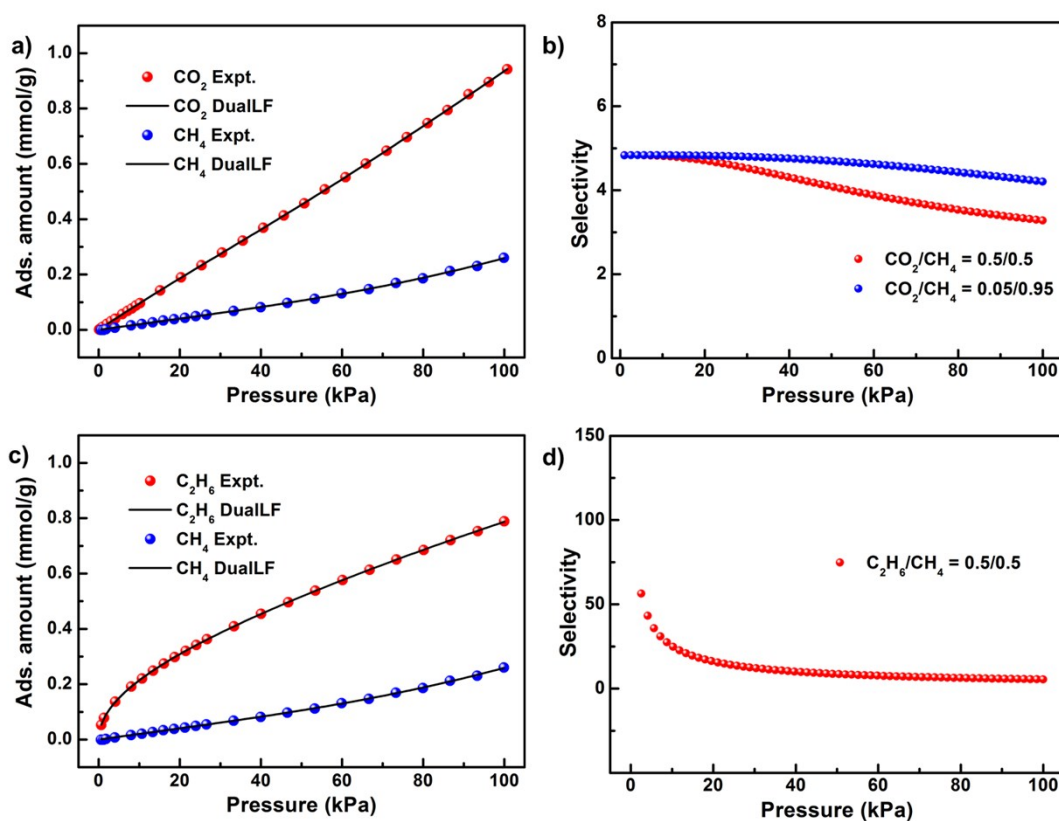


Fig. S11 CO_2 , CH_4 and C_2H_6 adsorption isotherms at 298 K along with the dual-site Langmuir Freundlich (DSLFF) fits (a, c); gas mixture adsorption selectivity is predicted by IAST at 298 K and 100 kPa for compound **2** (b, d).

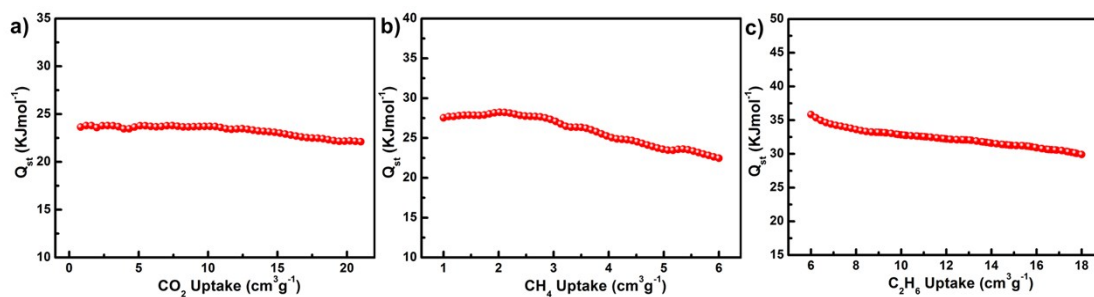


Fig. S12 Q_{st} of (a) CO_2 , (b) CH_4 and (c) C_2H_6 for compound **2**.

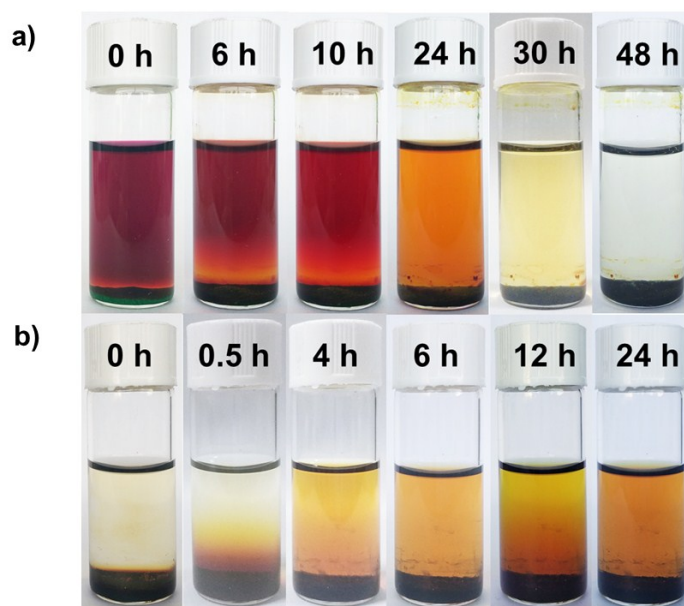


Fig. S13 a) Photographs of time-dependent I_2 adsorption process of compound **1** in cyclohexane. b) Photographs of time-dependent I_2 release process of compound **1** in cyclohexane.

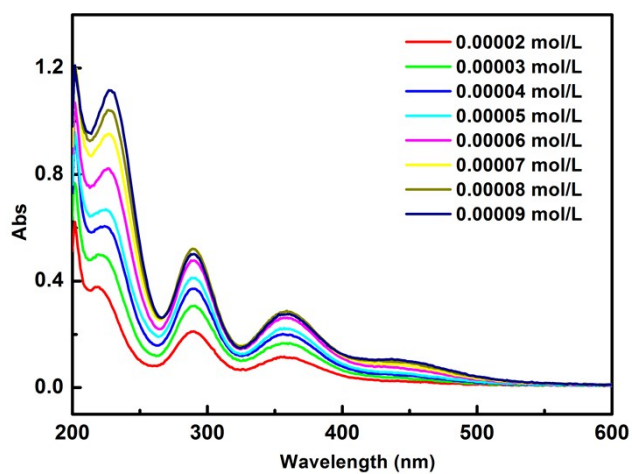


Fig. S14 UV-Vis spectra of iodine in ethanol.

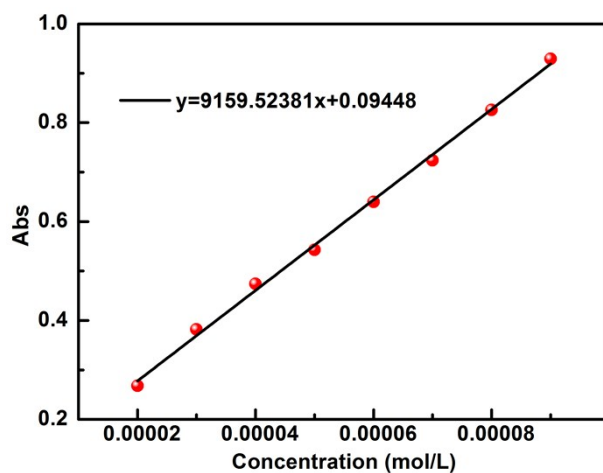


Fig. S15 The standard curve of iodine in ethanol.

S6. Supporting Tables

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinements for compounds **1** and **2**.

compound	Compound 1	Compound 2
Formula	C ₄₂₃ H ₄₉₁ Cu ₅₂ I ₃₈ N ₇₁ O ₈₃	C ₃₉ H ₇₄ Cu ₅ I ₄ N ₄₄ O ₁₆
Formula weight	16024.15	2240.72
Temperature (K)	293(2)	273(2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073	0.71073
Crystal system	Cubic	orthorhombic
Space group	<i>F</i> 4 ₃ 2	<i>P</i> nn <i>a</i>
<i>a</i> (Å)	39.189(5)	25.0169(9)
<i>b</i> (Å)	39.189(5)	25.2369(8)
<i>c</i> (Å)	39.189(5)	22.5220(6)
α (°)	90	90
β (°)	90	90
γ (°)	90	90
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	60187(12)	14219.2(8)
<i>Z</i> , <i>D</i> _c (Mg/m ³)	4, 1.768	8, 2.093
<i>F</i> (000)	30848	8808
θ range (deg)	2.27-25.02	2.434-25.692
reflns collected/unique	27205/4450	55543/13464
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.0374	0.0573
data/restraints/params	4450/12/202	13464/94/525
GOF on <i>F</i> ²	1.012	1.018
<i>R</i> ₁ , <i>wR</i> ₂ (<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>))	0.0619, 0.1832	0.0674, 0.2005
<i>R</i> ₁ , <i>wR</i> ₂ (all data)	0.0817, 0.1950	0.1089, 0.2514

Since the highly disordered guest molecules were trapped in the channels of compound **1** and could not be modeled properly, there are two “Alert level A” about “Check Reported Molecular Weight” and “Very Large Solvent Accessible Void(S) in Structure” in the “checkCIF/PLATON report” files for compound **1**. And due to the disordered Dabcos in the structure of compound **2**, H atoms cannot be determined and were added directly in the formula. The final formula of compounds **1** and **2** were derived from crystallographic data combined with elemental and thermogravimetric analysis data.

Table S2. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for compound **1**.

Compound 1			
I(1)-Cu(1)	2.6669(10)	N(3)-Cu(2)-Cu(1)	140.4(4)
I(1)-Cu(2)	2.670(2)	Cu(2)#2-Cu(2)-Cu(1)	62.31(4)
I(1)-Cu(2)#1	2.781(2)	Cu(2)#1-Cu(2)-Cu(1)	62.31(4)
I(2)-Cu(2)#2	2.672(2)	I(1)-Cu(2)-Cu(1)	58.86(4)
I(2)-Cu(2)	2.672(2)	I(2)-Cu(2)-Cu(1)	113.95(6)
I(2)-Cu(2)#1	2.672(2)	N(3)-Cu(2)-I(1)#2	103.6(5)
I(3)-Cu(3)#3	2.6755(10)	Cu(2)#2-Cu(2)-I(1)#2	59.80(8)
I(3)-Cu(3)	2.6755(10)	Cu(2)#1-Cu(2)-I(1)#2	108.31(6)
I(3)-Cu(3)#4	2.6755(10)	I(1)-Cu(2)-I(1)#2	108.78(7)
I(3)-Cu(3)#5	2.6755(10)	I(2)-Cu(2)-I(1)#2	114.26(7)
Cu(1)-N(1)	2.146(14)	Cu(1)-Cu(2)-I(1)#2	57.59(4)
Cu(1)-I(1)#1	2.6669(10)	N(2)-Cu(3)-I(3)#2	110.08(5)
Cu(1)-I(1)#2	2.6669(10)	N(2)-Cu(3)-I(3)	110.08(5)
Cu(1)-Cu(2)#1	2.756(2)	I(3)#2-Cu(3)-I(3)	108.86(5)
Cu(1)-Cu(2)	2.756(2)	N(2)-Cu(3)-I(3)#1	110.08(5)
Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	2.756(2)	I(3)#2-Cu(3)-I(3)#1	108.86(5)
Cu(2)-N(3)	2.038(12)	I(3)-Cu(3)-I(3)#1	108.86(5)
Cu(2)-Cu(2)#2	2.561(3)	O(1)#6-Cu(4)-O(1)#7	168.4(6)
Cu(2)-Cu(2)#1	2.561(3)	O(1)#6-Cu(4)-O(1)	89.41(6)
Cu(2)-I(1)#2	2.781(2)	O(1)#7-Cu(4)-O(1)	89.41(7)
Cu(3)-N(2)	2.066(11)	O(1)#6-Cu(4)-O(1)#8	89.41(6)
Cu(3)-I(3)#2	2.6755(10)	O(1)#7-Cu(4)-O(1)#8	89.41(6)
Cu(3)-I(3)#1	2.6755(10)	O(1)-Cu(4)-O(1)#8	168.4(6)
Cu(4)-O(1)#6	1.932(10)	O(1)#6-Cu(4)-O(3)	95.8(3)
Cu(4)-O(1)#7	1.932(10)	O(1)#7-Cu(4)-O(3)	95.8(3)
Cu(4)-O(1)	1.932(10)	O(1)-Cu(4)-O(3)	95.8(3)
Cu(4)-O(1)#8	1.932(10)	O(1)#8-Cu(4)-O(3)	95.8(3)
Cu(4)-O(3)	2.30(3)	O(1)#6-Cu(4)-Cu(5)	84.2(3)
Cu(4)-Cu(5)	2.631(3)	O(1)#7-Cu(4)-Cu(5)	84.2(3)
Cu(5)-O(2)#7	1.947(8)	O(1)-Cu(4)-Cu(5)	84.2(3)
Cu(5)-O(2)	1.947(8)	O(1)#8-Cu(4)-Cu(5)	84.2(3)
Cu(5)-O(2)#8	1.947(8)	O(3)-Cu(4)-Cu(5)	180.000(1)
Cu(5)-O(2)#6	1.947(8)	O(2)#7-Cu(5)-O(2)	89.49(6)
Cu(5)-O(4)	2.139(18)	O(2)#7-Cu(5)-O(2)#8	89.49(5)
O(1)-C(14)	1.305(18)	O(2)-Cu(5)-O(2)#8	169.1(6)
O(2)-C(14)	1.246(19)	O(2)#7-Cu(5)-O(2)#6	169.1(6)
N(1)-C(1)#1	1.513(13)	O(2)-Cu(5)-O(2)#6	89.49(5)
N(1)-C(1)	1.513(13)	O(2)#8-Cu(5)-O(2)#6	89.49(6)
N(1)-C(1)#2	1.513(13)	O(2)#7-Cu(5)-O(4)	95.4(3)
N(2)-C(2)#1	1.485(13)	O(2)-Cu(5)-O(4)	95.4(3)
N(2)-C(2)	1.485(13)	O(2)#8-Cu(5)-O(4)	95.4(3)

N(2)-C(2)#2	1.485(13)	O(2)#6-Cu(5)-O(4)	95.4(3)
N(3)-C(7)	1.223(18)	O(2)#7-Cu(5)-Cu(4)	84.6(3)
N(3)-C(3)	1.47(2)	O(2)-Cu(5)-Cu(4)	84.6(3)
C(1)-C(2)	1.566(18)	O(2)#8-Cu(5)-Cu(4)	84.6(3)
C(1)-H(1A)	0.97	O(2)#6-Cu(5)-Cu(4)	84.6(3)
C(1)-H(1B)	0.97	O(4)-Cu(5)-Cu(4)	180.000(1)
C(2)-H(2A)	0.97	C(14)-O(1)-Cu(4)	122.6(9)
C(2)-H(2B)	0.97	C(14)-O(2)-Cu(5)	122.9(9)
C(3)-C(4)	1.46(2)	C(1)#1-N(1)-C(1)	109.8(7)
C(3)-H(3)	0.93	C(1)#1-N(1)-C(1)#2	109.8(7)
C(4)-C(5)	1.45(3)	C(1)-N(1)-C(1)#2	109.8(7)
C(4)-H(4)	0.93	C(1)#1-N(1)-Cu(1)	109.2(7)
C(5)-C(6)	1.34(2)	C(1)-N(1)-Cu(1)	109.2(7)
C(5)-C(8)	1.50(2)	C(1)#2-N(1)-Cu(1)	109.2(7)
C(6)-C(7)	1.34(2)	C(2)#1-N(2)-C(2)	106.5(7)
C(6)-H(6)	0.93	C(2)#1-N(2)-C(2)#2	106.5(7)
C(7)-H(7)	0.93	C(2)-N(2)-C(2)#2	106.5(7)
C(8)-C(9)	1.33(2)	C(2)#1-N(2)-Cu(3)	112.3(6)
C(8)-C(13)	1.39(2)	C(2)-N(2)-Cu(3)	112.3(6)
C(9)-C(10)	1.41(2)	C(2)#2-N(2)-Cu(3)	112.3(6)
C(9)-H(9)	0.93	C(7)-N(3)-C(3)	120.4(14)
C(10)-C(11)	1.39(2)	C(7)-N(3)-Cu(2)	127.9(13)
C(10)-H(10)	0.93	C(3)-N(3)-Cu(2)	111.7(11)
C(11)-C(12)	1.42(2)	N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	107.2(10)
C(11)-C(14)	1.55(2)	N(1)-C(1)-H(1A)	110.3
C(12)-C(13)	1.21(2)	C(2)-C(1)-H(1A)	110.3
C(12)-H(12)	0.93	N(1)-C(1)-H(1B)	110.3
C(13)-H(13)	0.93	C(2)-C(1)-H(1B)	110.3
Cu(1)-I(1)-Cu(2)	62.19(5)	H(1A)-C(1)-H(1B)	108.5
Cu(1)-I(1)-Cu(2)#1	60.74(5)	N(2)-C(2)-C(1)	114.3(10)
Cu(2)-I(1)-Cu(2)#1	56.01(7)	N(2)-C(2)-H(2A)	108.7
Cu(2)#2-I(2)-Cu(2)	57.28(6)	C(1)-C(2)-H(2A)	108.7
Cu(2)#2-I(2)-Cu(2)#1	57.28(6)	N(2)-C(2)-H(2B)	108.7
Cu(2)-I(2)-Cu(2)#1	57.28(6)	C(1)-C(2)-H(2B)	108.7
Cu(3)#3-I(3)-Cu(3)	110.69(9)	H(2A)-C(2)-H(2B)	107.6
Cu(3)#3-I(3)-Cu(3)#4	71.13(5)	C(4)-C(3)-N(3)	114.0(18)
Cu(3)-I(3)-Cu(3)#4	71.13(5)	C(4)-C(3)-H(3)	123
Cu(3)#3-I(3)-Cu(3)#5	71.13(5)	N(3)-C(3)-H(3)	123
Cu(3)-I(3)-Cu(3)#5	71.13(5)	C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	119.7(18)
Cu(3)#4-I(3)-Cu(3)#5	110.69(9)	C(5)-C(4)-H(4)	120.2
N(1)-Cu(1)-I(1)	106.38(4)	C(3)-C(4)-H(4)	120.2
N(1)-Cu(1)-I(1)#1	106.38(4)	C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	115.5(13)
I(1)-Cu(1)-I(1)#1	112.38(4)	C(6)-C(5)-C(8)	129.3(16)
N(1)-Cu(1)-I(1)#2	106.38(4)	C(4)-C(5)-C(8)	114.9(17)

I(1)-Cu(1)-I(1)#2	112.38(4)	C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	121.7(18)
I(1)#1-Cu(1)-I(1)#2	112.38(4)	C(5)-C(6)-H(6)	119.2
N(1)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#1	147.55(4)	C(7)-C(6)-H(6)	119.2
I(1)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#1	61.67(5)	N(3)-C(7)-C(6)	123.8(18)
I(1)#1-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#1	58.96(5)	N(3)-C(7)-H(7)	118.1
I(1)#2-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#1	106.03(8)	C(6)-C(7)-H(7)	118.1
N(1)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)	147.55(4)	C(9)-C(8)-C(13)	116.8(15)
I(1)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)	58.96(5)	C(9)-C(8)-C(5)	119.9(15)
I(1)#1-Cu(1)-Cu(2)	106.03(8)	C(13)-C(8)-C(5)	123.3(17)
I(1)#2-Cu(1)-Cu(2)	61.67(5)	C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	121.9(17)
Cu(2)#1-Cu(1)-Cu(2)	55.38(7)	C(8)-C(9)-H(9)	119
N(1)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	147.55(4)	C(10)-C(9)-H(9)	119
I(1)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	106.03(8)	C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	113.1(16)
I(1)#1-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	61.67(5)	C(11)-C(10)-H(10)	123.5
I(1)#2-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	58.96(5)	C(9)-C(10)-H(10)	123.5
Cu(2)#1-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	55.38(7)	C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	124.2(14)
Cu(2)-Cu(1)-Cu(2)#2	55.38(7)	C(10)-C(11)-C(14)	117.1(17)
N(3)-Cu(2)-Cu(2)#2	142.7(5)	C(12)-C(11)-C(14)	118.6(16)
N(3)-Cu(2)-Cu(2)#1	148.1(5)	C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	114.3(15)
Cu(2)#2-Cu(2)-Cu(2)#1	60	C(13)-C(12)-H(12)	122.9
N(3)-Cu(2)-I(1)	105.1(5)	C(11)-C(12)-H(12)	122.9
Cu(2)#2-Cu(2)-I(1)	111.81(6)	C(12)-C(13)-C(8)	128.9(16)
Cu(2)#1-Cu(2)-I(1)	64.19(8)	C(12)-C(13)-H(13)	115.5
N(3)-Cu(2)-I(2)	105.5(4)	C(8)-C(13)-H(13)	115.5
Cu(2)#2-Cu(2)-I(2)	61.36(3)	O(2)-C(14)-O(1)	124.9(12)
Cu(2)#1-Cu(2)-I(2)	61.36(3)	O(2)-C(14)-C(11)	116.4(16)
I(1)-Cu(2)-I(2)	118.07(7)	O(1)-C(14)-C(11)	118.7(16)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+1/2,-y+1,z-1/2 #2 x-1/2,y,-z+3/2 #3 x,-y+3/2,z #4 x+1/2,y,-z+1/2

#5 x+1/2,-y+3/2,-z+1/2 #6 x+1/2,y,-z+3/2 #7 -x+1/2,-y+1,z+1/2 #8 x-1/2,y,-z+1/2

Table S3. Selected bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for compound **2**.

Compound 2			
C(1A)-N(1)	1.28(4)	O(3)-Cu(5)-O(4)	164.8(3)
C(1A)-C(3A)	1.43(4)	O(1)-Cu(5)-N(3)	94.1(3)
C(2A)-C(4A)	1.33(3)	O(2)-Cu(5)-N(3)	97.3(3)
C(2A)-N(1)	1.33(3)	O(3)-Cu(5)-N(3)	99.4(3)
C(3A)-C(5)	1.30(4)	O(4)-Cu(5)-N(3)	95.8(3)
C(4A)-C(5)	1.34(3)	O(1)-Cu(5)-Cu(5)#1	84.1(2)
C(1B)-N(1)	1.25(3)	O(2)-Cu(5)-Cu(5)#1	84.6(2)
C(1B)-C(3B)	1.34(4)	O(3)-Cu(5)-Cu(5)#1	82.6(2)
C(2B)-C(4B)	1.40(4)	O(4)-Cu(5)-Cu(5)#1	82.2(2)
C(2B)-N(1)	1.47(4)	N(3)-Cu(5)-Cu(5)#1	177.3(2)
C(3B)-C(5)	1.32(3)	N(4)-Cu(6)-Cu(9)	139.9(2)
C(4B)-C(5)	1.51(4)	N(4)-Cu(6)-Cu(7)	146.7(2)
C(5)-C(7)	1.517(15)	Cu(9)-Cu(6)-Cu(7)	61.51(6)
C(6)-C(7)	1.318(19)	N(4)-Cu(6)-I(1)	107.4(2)
C(6)-C(11)	1.400(18)	Cu(9)-Cu(6)-I(1)	112.75(6)
C(7)-C(8)	1.38(2)	Cu(7)-Cu(6)-I(1)	61.39(5)
C(8)-C(9)	1.36(2)	N(4)-Cu(6)-I(3)	103.5(2)
C(9)-C(10)	1.317(19)	Cu(9)-Cu(6)-I(3)	60.73(5)
C(10)-C(11)	1.361(17)	Cu(7)-Cu(6)-I(3)	60.87(5)
C(10)-C(12)	1.534(13)	I(1)-Cu(6)-I(3)	114.07(5)
C(12)-O(4)#1	1.246(12)	N(4)-Cu(6)-I(2)	105.0(2)
C(12)-O(2)	1.252(12)	Cu(9)-Cu(6)-I(2)	59.48(5)
C(13)-N(2)	1.355(19)	Cu(7)-Cu(6)-I(2)	108.25(6)
C(13)-C(15)	1.362(18)	I(1)-Cu(6)-I(2)	111.27(6)
C(14)-N(2)	1.33(2)	I(3)-Cu(6)-I(2)	114.58(5)
C(14)-C(16)	1.359(18)	N(4)-Cu(6)-Cu(8)	145.3(2)
C(15)-C(17)	1.44(2)	Cu(9)-Cu(6)-Cu(8)	63.09(5)
C(16)-C(17)	1.37(2)	Cu(7)-Cu(6)-Cu(8)	59.23(5)
C(17)-C(18)	1.469(14)	I(1)-Cu(6)-Cu(8)	58.89(4)
C(18)-C(19)	1.362(17)	I(3)-Cu(6)-Cu(8)	111.19(6)
C(18)-C(20)	1.360(17)	I(2)-Cu(6)-Cu(8)	59.95(4)
C(19)-C(21)	1.375(16)	N(1)#2-Cu(7)-Cu(6)	146.9(4)
C(20)-C(22)	1.374(16)	N(1)#2-Cu(7)-Cu(8)	139.6(4)
C(21)-C(23)	1.377(16)	Cu(6)-Cu(7)-Cu(8)	62.59(5)
C(22)-C(23)	1.378(16)	N(1)#2-Cu(7)-I(5)	104.1(4)
C(23)-C(24)	1.537(13)	Cu(6)-Cu(7)-I(5)	109.07(6)
C(24)-O(3)#1	1.242(12)	Cu(8)-Cu(7)-I(5)	60.14(5)
C(24)-O(1)	1.265(12)	N(1)#2-Cu(7)-Cu(9)	144.6(4)
C(25)-N(3)	1.478(12)	Cu(6)-Cu(7)-Cu(9)	59.11(5)
C(25)-C(26)	1.540(14)	Cu(8)-Cu(7)-Cu(9)	63.47(6)
C(26)-N(4)	1.470(12)	I(5)-Cu(7)-Cu(9)	59.99(5)

C(27)-N(3)	1.425(12)	N(1)#2-Cu(7)-I(3)	106.6(4)
C(27)-C(28)	1.554(14)	Cu(6)-Cu(7)-I(3)	60.55(5)
C(28)-N(4)	1.474(12)	Cu(8)-Cu(7)-I(3)	113.73(6)
C(29)-N(3)	1.468(14)	I(5)-Cu(7)-I(3)	111.96(6)
C(29)-C(30)	1.548(15)	Cu(9)-Cu(7)-I(3)	59.84(5)
C(30)-N(4)	1.485(16)	N(1)#2-Cu(7)-I(1)	105.8(3)
Cu(5)-O(1)	1.942(7)	Cu(6)-Cu(7)-I(1)	59.97(5)
Cu(5)-O(2)	1.950(6)	Cu(8)-Cu(7)-I(1)	59.52(5)
Cu(5)-O(3)	1.969(7)	I(5)-Cu(7)-I(1)	114.86(6)
Cu(5)-O(4)	1.988(7)	Cu(9)-Cu(7)-I(1)	109.59(6)
Cu(5)-N(3)	2.204(7)	I(3)-Cu(7)-I(1)	112.58(6)
Cu(5)-Cu(5)#1	2.662(2)	N(5)-Cu(8)-Cu(7)	145.7(2)
Cu(6)-N(4)	2.089(8)	N(5)-Cu(8)-I(1)	107.6(2)
Cu(6)-Cu(9)	2.6382(18)	Cu(7)-Cu(8)-I(1)	61.07(5)
Cu(6)-Cu(7)	2.6455(19)	N(5)-Cu(8)-I(5)	106.8(2)
Cu(6)-I(1)	2.6823(14)	Cu(7)-Cu(8)-I(5)	60.19(5)
Cu(6)-I(3)	2.6995(17)	I(1)-Cu(8)-I(5)	116.31(6)
Cu(6)-I(2)	2.7031(15)	N(5)-Cu(8)-I(2)	107.7(2)
Cu(6)-Cu(8)	2.764(2)	Cu(7)-Cu(8)-I(2)	106.55(6)
Cu(7)-N(1)#2	2.021(10)	I(1)-Cu(8)-I(2)	110.50(6)
Cu(7)-Cu(8)	2.675(2)	I(5)-Cu(8)-I(2)	107.60(5)
Cu(7)-I(5)	2.6892(19)	N(5)-Cu(8)-Cu(6)	147.4(2)
Cu(7)-Cu(9)	2.702(2)	Cu(7)-Cu(8)-Cu(6)	58.18(5)
Cu(7)-I(3)	2.7081(18)	I(1)-Cu(8)-Cu(6)	59.03(4)
Cu(7)-I(1)	2.7200(18)	I(5)-Cu(8)-Cu(6)	105.68(6)
Cu(8)-N(5)	2.140(8)	I(2)-Cu(8)-Cu(6)	58.92(4)
Cu(8)-I(1)	2.6783(15)	N(5)-Cu(8)-Cu(9)	145.2(2)
Cu(8)-I(5)	2.6878(17)	Cu(7)-Cu(8)-Cu(9)	58.73(6)
Cu(8)-I(2)	2.7322(15)	I(1)-Cu(8)-Cu(9)	107.10(6)
Cu(8)-Cu(9)	2.828(2)	I(5)-Cu(8)-Cu(9)	58.43(5)
Cu(9)-N(2)#3	2.023(10)	I(2)-Cu(8)-Cu(9)	56.90(5)
Cu(9)-I(2)	2.6504(18)	Cu(6)-Cu(8)-Cu(9)	56.28(5)
Cu(9)-I(5)	2.6953(18)	N(2)#3-Cu(9)-Cu(6)	147.2(3)
Cu(9)-I(3)	2.6986(19)	N(2)#3-Cu(9)-I(2)	109.0(3)
N(1)-Cu(7)#4	2.021(10)	Cu(6)-Cu(9)-I(2)	61.48(5)
N(2)-Cu(9)#5	2.023(10)	N(2)#3-Cu(9)-I(5)	103.6(3)
N(5)-C(33A)	1.466(17)	Cu(6)-Cu(9)-I(5)	109.11(6)
N(5)-C(32A)	1.467(15)	I(2)-Cu(9)-I(5)	109.80(6)
N(5)-C(32B)	1.479(17)	N(2)#3-Cu(9)-I(3)	105.0(3)
N(5)-C(31A)	1.483(17)	Cu(6)-Cu(9)-I(3)	60.76(5)
N(5)-C(33B)	1.488(17)	I(2)-Cu(9)-I(3)	116.39(6)
N(5)-C(31B)	1.490(17)	I(5)-Cu(9)-I(3)	112.07(6)
O(3)-C(24)#1	1.242(12)	N(2)#3-Cu(9)-Cu(7)	142.7(3)
O(4)-C(12)#1	1.246(12)	Cu(6)-Cu(9)-Cu(7)	59.38(5)

C(31A)-C(31A)#6	2.06(8)	I(2)-Cu(9)-Cu(7)	108.14(6)
C(32A)-C(33A)#6	2.04(5)	I(5)-Cu(9)-Cu(7)	59.77(5)
C(33A)-C(32A)#6	2.04(5)	I(3)-Cu(9)-Cu(7)	60.19(5)
C(31B)-C(31B)#6	1.71(7)	N(2)#3-Cu(9)-Cu(8)	145.3(3)
C(32B)-C(33B)#6	1.96(5)	Cu(6)-Cu(9)-Cu(8)	60.63(5)
C(33B)-C(32B)#6	1.96(5)	I(2)-Cu(9)-Cu(8)	59.72(5)
N(1)-C(1A)-C(3A)	123(3)	I(5)-Cu(9)-Cu(8)	58.18(5)
C(4A)-C(2A)-N(1)	127(3)	I(3)-Cu(9)-Cu(8)	109.27(6)
C(5)-C(3A)-C(1A)	121(3)	Cu(7)-Cu(9)-Cu(8)	57.80(5)
C(2A)-C(4A)-C(5)	119(3)	Cu(8)-I(1)-Cu(6)	62.08(4)
N(1)-C(1B)-C(3B)	132(3)	Cu(8)-I(1)-Cu(7)	59.40(5)
C(4B)-C(2B)-N(1)	115(3)	Cu(6)-I(1)-Cu(7)	58.64(4)
C(5)-C(3B)-C(1B)	117(3)	Cu(9)-I(2)-Cu(6)	59.04(5)
C(2B)-C(4B)-C(5)	121(3)	Cu(9)-I(2)-Cu(8)	63.38(5)
C(3A)-C(5)-C(4A)	117.3(19)	Cu(6)-I(2)-Cu(8)	61.13(4)
C(3B)-C(5)-C(4B)	117.1(19)	Cu(9)-I(3)-Cu(6)	58.51(4)
C(3A)-C(5)-C(7)	124.0(19)	Cu(9)-I(3)-Cu(7)	59.97(5)
C(3B)-C(5)-C(7)	122.6(18)	Cu(6)-I(3)-Cu(7)	58.58(4)
C(4A)-C(5)-C(7)	118.6(17)	Cu(8)-I(5)-Cu(7)	59.67(5)
C(4B)-C(5)-C(7)	120.4(17)	Cu(8)-I(5)-Cu(9)	63.39(5)
C(7)-C(6)-C(11)	121.4(13)	Cu(7)-I(5)-Cu(9)	60.24(5)
C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	117.9(12)	C(1A)-N(1)-C(2A)	112.8(19)
C(6)-C(7)-C(5)	121.6(13)	C(1B)-N(1)-C(2B)	117.5(19)
C(8)-C(7)-C(5)	120.4(13)	C(1B)-N(1)-Cu(7)#4	126.5(15)
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	121.0(16)	C(1A)-N(1)-Cu(7)#4	123.1(15)
C(10)-C(9)-C(8)	120.6(16)	C(2A)-N(1)-Cu(7)#4	124.0(13)
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	120.4(12)	C(2B)-N(1)-Cu(7)#4	116.0(14)
C(9)-C(10)-C(12)	120.4(12)	C(14)-N(2)-C(13)	116.1(12)
C(11)-C(10)-C(12)	119.2(11)	C(14)-N(2)-Cu(9)#5	123.2(10)
C(10)-C(11)-C(6)	118.3(13)	C(13)-N(2)-Cu(9)#5	120.2(10)
O(4)#1-C(12)-O(2)	126.2(9)	C(27)-N(3)-C(29)	110.1(10)
O(4)#1-C(12)-C(10)	118.0(9)	C(27)-N(3)-C(25)	109.4(10)
O(2)-C(12)-C(10)	115.8(10)	C(29)-N(3)-C(25)	105.5(9)
N(2)-C(13)-C(15)	124.3(17)	C(27)-N(3)-Cu(5)	111.1(6)
N(2)-C(14)-C(16)	123.2(16)	C(29)-N(3)-Cu(5)	108.4(6)
C(13)-C(15)-C(17)	118.9(16)	C(25)-N(3)-Cu(5)	112.2(5)
C(14)-C(16)-C(17)	122.5(15)	C(26)-N(4)-C(28)	108.4(10)
C(16)-C(17)-C(15)	115.0(11)	C(26)-N(4)-C(30)	106.6(9)
C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	124.9(13)	C(28)-N(4)-C(30)	109.6(9)
C(15)-C(17)-C(18)	119.8(13)	C(26)-N(4)-Cu(6)	110.5(6)
C(19)-C(18)-C(20)	117.6(10)	C(28)-N(4)-Cu(6)	111.4(6)
C(19)-C(18)-C(17)	121.3(12)	C(30)-N(4)-Cu(6)	110.2(6)
C(20)-C(18)-C(17)	121.1(11)	C(33A)-N(5)-C(32A)	113.4(19)
C(18)-C(19)-C(21)	121.2(12)	C(33A)-N(5)-C(31A)	108(2)

C(18)-C(20)-C(22)	123.7(13)	C(32A)-N(5)-C(31A)	113(2)
C(19)-C(21)-C(23)	119.9(12)	C(32B)-N(5)-C(33B)	116(2)
C(20)-C(22)-C(23)	117.4(12)	C(32B)-N(5)-C(31B)	101(2)
C(21)-C(23)-C(22)	120.2(10)	C(33B)-N(5)-C(31B)	110(2)
C(21)-C(23)-C(24)	121.1(10)	C(33A)-N(5)-Cu(8)	109.7(14)
C(22)-C(23)-C(24)	118.7(10)	C(32A)-N(5)-Cu(8)	107.8(12)
O(3)#1-C(24)-O(1)	126.5(9)	C(32B)-N(5)-Cu(8)	109.4(13)
O(3)#1-C(24)-C(23)	117.9(9)	C(31A)-N(5)-Cu(8)	104.9(15)
O(1)-C(24)-C(23)	115.6(9)	C(33B)-N(5)-Cu(8)	109.3(12)
N(3)-C(25)-C(26)	110.7(8)	C(31B)-N(5)-Cu(8)	110.2(11)
N(4)-C(26)-C(25)	110.6(8)	C(24)-O(1)-Cu(5)	121.9(7)
N(3)-C(27)-C(28)	112.4(9)	C(12)-O(2)-Cu(5)	122.3(6)
N(4)-C(28)-C(27)	109.1(9)	C(24)#1-O(3)-Cu(5)	122.7(6)
N(3)-C(29)-C(30)	110.4(10)	C(12)#1-O(4)-Cu(5)	123.2(6)
N(4)-C(30)-C(29)	110.5(10)	N(5)-C(31A)-C(31A)#6	91(2)
O(1)-Cu(5)-O(2)	168.7(3)	N(5)-C(32A)-C(33A)#6	89.0(16)
O(1)-Cu(5)-O(3)	89.1(3)	N(5)-C(33A)-C(32A)#6	92.3(18)
O(2)-Cu(5)-O(3)	88.7(3)	N(5)-C(31B)-C(31B)#6	99(2)
O(1)-Cu(5)-O(4)	90.5(3)	N(5)-C(32B)-C(33B)#6	94(2)
O(2)-Cu(5)-O(4)	88.7(3)	N(5)-C(33B)-C(32B)#6	91(2)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 $-x+1/2, -y+1, z$ #2 $-x, y-1/2, z+1/2$ #3 $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ #4 $-x, y+1/2, z-1/2$
#5 $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$ #6 $-x+1/2, -y, z$

Table S4. BET and Langmuir surface area of selected MOFs based on Cu_xI_y clusters.

Compounds	S _A ^{BET} (m ² g ⁻¹)	S _A ^{Langmuir} (m ² g ⁻¹)	CO ₂ uptake (cm ³ /g) 273 K	Reference
JLU- Liu31	1700	2300	35	1
(Cu ₂ I ₂)[Cu ₂ PDC ₂ (H ₂ O) ₂] ₂ ·[Cu(MeCN) ₄]I·DMF	901	1025	115.26	2
Compound 2	784	1075	47	This work
(Cu ₂ I ₂)[Cu ₃ PDC ₃ (H ₂ O) ₂] ₂ ·2MeCN·2DMF	775	871	77.23	2
JLU-Liu15	762	1031	89.3	3
[(Cu ₂ I)Cu ₂ L ₂ (H ₂ O) ₂] ₂ ²⁺ ·2NO ₃ ³⁻ ·5DMF	692	932	91.9	4
JLU- Liu23	584	811	39	5
[Y ₂ (H ₂ O) ₈] ₂ (Cu ₄ I ₄)(pdc) ₄][NO ₃] ₄ ·solvent	545	N.A.	50.9	6
InOF-7	526.6	637.4	N.A.	7
[Tb ₂ (H ₂ O) ₈] ₂ (Cu ₄ I ₄)(pdc) ₄][NO ₃] ₄ ·solvent	524	N.A.	61.6	6
COZ-1	514	728	N.A.	8
[(CuI ₄ -I ₄)Cu ^{II} ₄ (pdc) ₄ (H ₂ O) ₄] ₂ ·4DMF	455	534.2	46.8	9
[Eu ₂ (H ₂ O) ₈] ₂ (Cu ₄ I ₄)(pdc) ₄][NO ₃] ₄ ·solvent	375	N.A.	40.1	6
FJI-7	302	416.7	47.6	10
InOF-6	89.8	113.2	N.A.	7

N.A.: Not Available. The articles do not list the data.

Table S5. I₂ uptake data of selected MOFs.

Compounds	Iodine uptake (g g ⁻¹)	Reference
MFM-300(Sc)	1.54	11
MFM-300(Fe)	1.29	11
MFM-300(In)	1.16	11
Zn ₃ (DL-lac) ₂ (pybz) ₂	1.00	12
Compound 2	0.77	This work
JLU-Liu15	0.43	3
Compound 1	0.36	This work
JLU- Liu32	0.29	1
JLU- Liu31	0.25	1
[(CuI) ₂ (tetra-4-(4-pyridyl)phenylmethane)]	0.24	13
Micro-Cu ₄ I ₄ -MOF	0.13	14

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