

Electronic Supplementary Information

Inert Macrocyclic Eu³⁺ Complex with Affirmative paraCEST Features

Tanja Gambino,^a Laura Valencia,^b Paulo Pérez-Lourido,^b David Esteban-Gómez,^c Moritz Zaiss,^d Carlos Platas-Iglesias*^c and Goran Angelovski*^a

^a MR Neuroimaging Agents, MPI for Biological Cybernetics, Tuebingen Germany.

Email: goran.angelovski@tuebingen.mpg.de

^b Departamento de Química Inorgánica, Facultad de Ciencias, Universidade de Vigo, As Lagoas, Marcosende, 36310 Pontevedra, Spain.

^c Centro de Investigacións Científicas Avanzadas (CICA) and Departamento de Química, Facultade de Ciencias, Universidade da Coruña, 15071 A Coruña Spain.

Email: carlos.platas.iglesias@udc.es

^d High-Field Magnetic Resonance, MPI for Biological Cybernetics, Tuebingen, Germany.

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Supplementary Figures

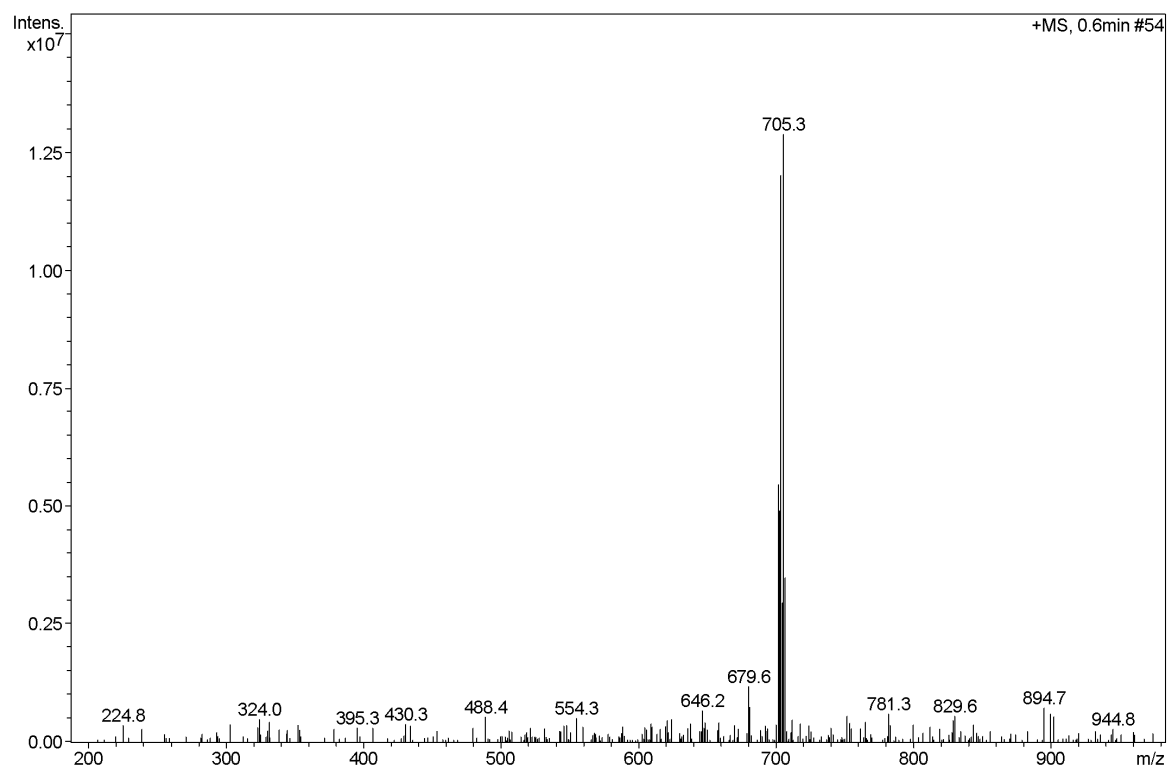


Figure S1. ESI-MS spectrum of the $[\text{Eu}(\text{L-2H})]^+$.

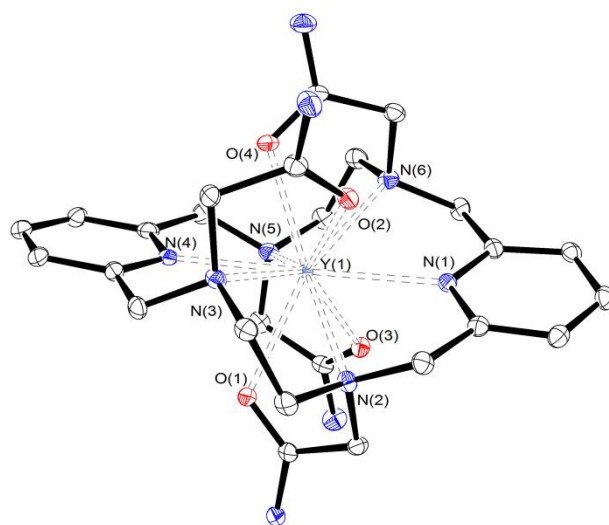


Figure S2. View of the structure of the $[\text{YL}]^{3+}$ cation present in crystals of $[\text{YL}](\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for simplicity.

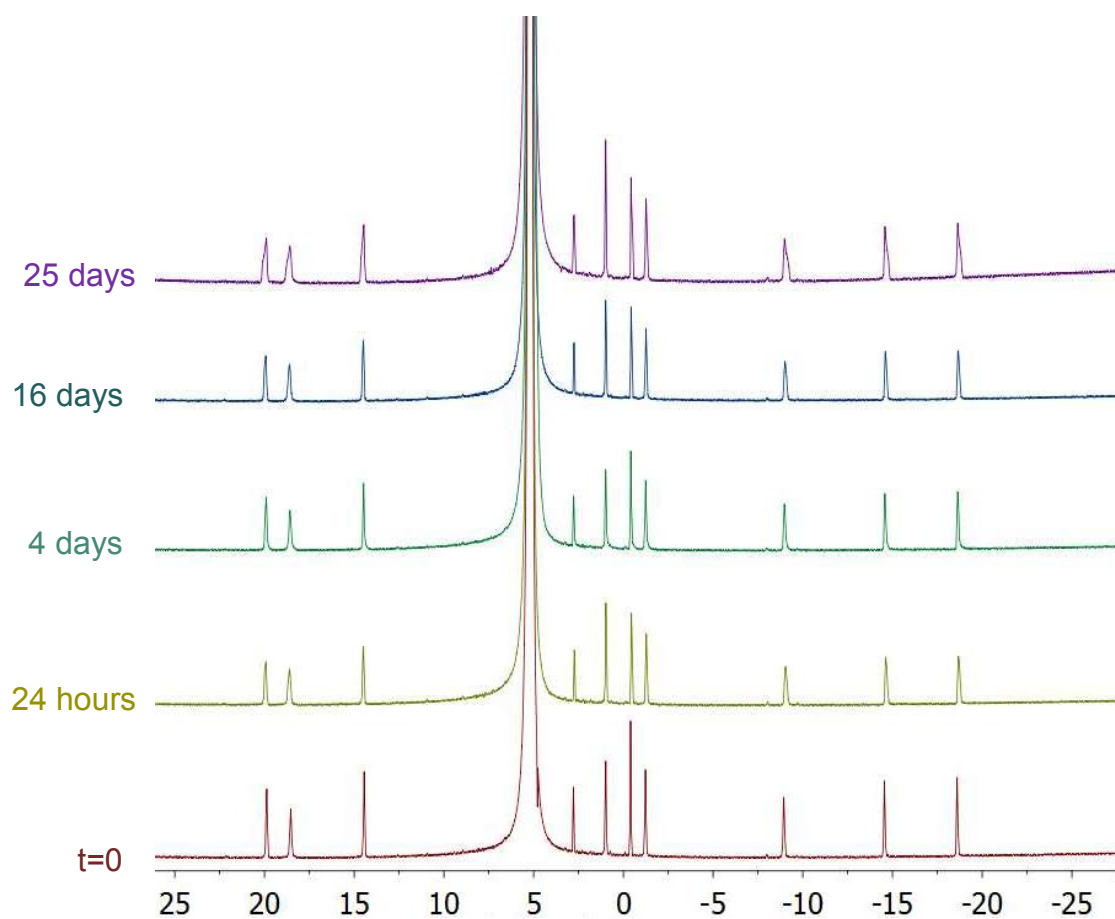


Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectra (400 MHz) of **EuL** recorded in 1 M HCl at 25 °C over time.

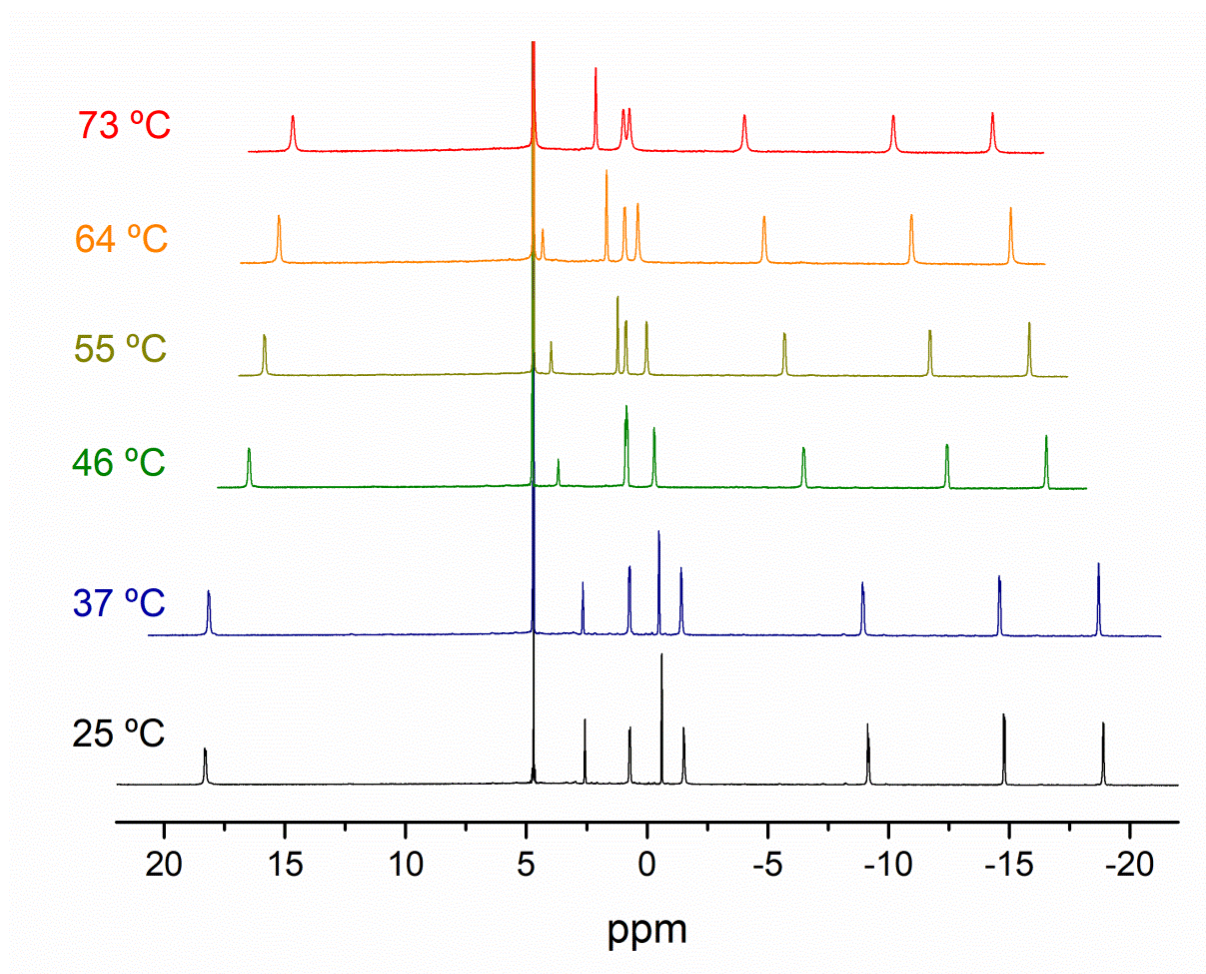


Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectra of **EuL** (5 mM, pH 7.0, 1 equiv. Zn²⁺, phosphate buffer, [NaH₂PO₄] = 0.026 M; [Na₂HPO₄] = 0.041 M) recorded at different temperatures.

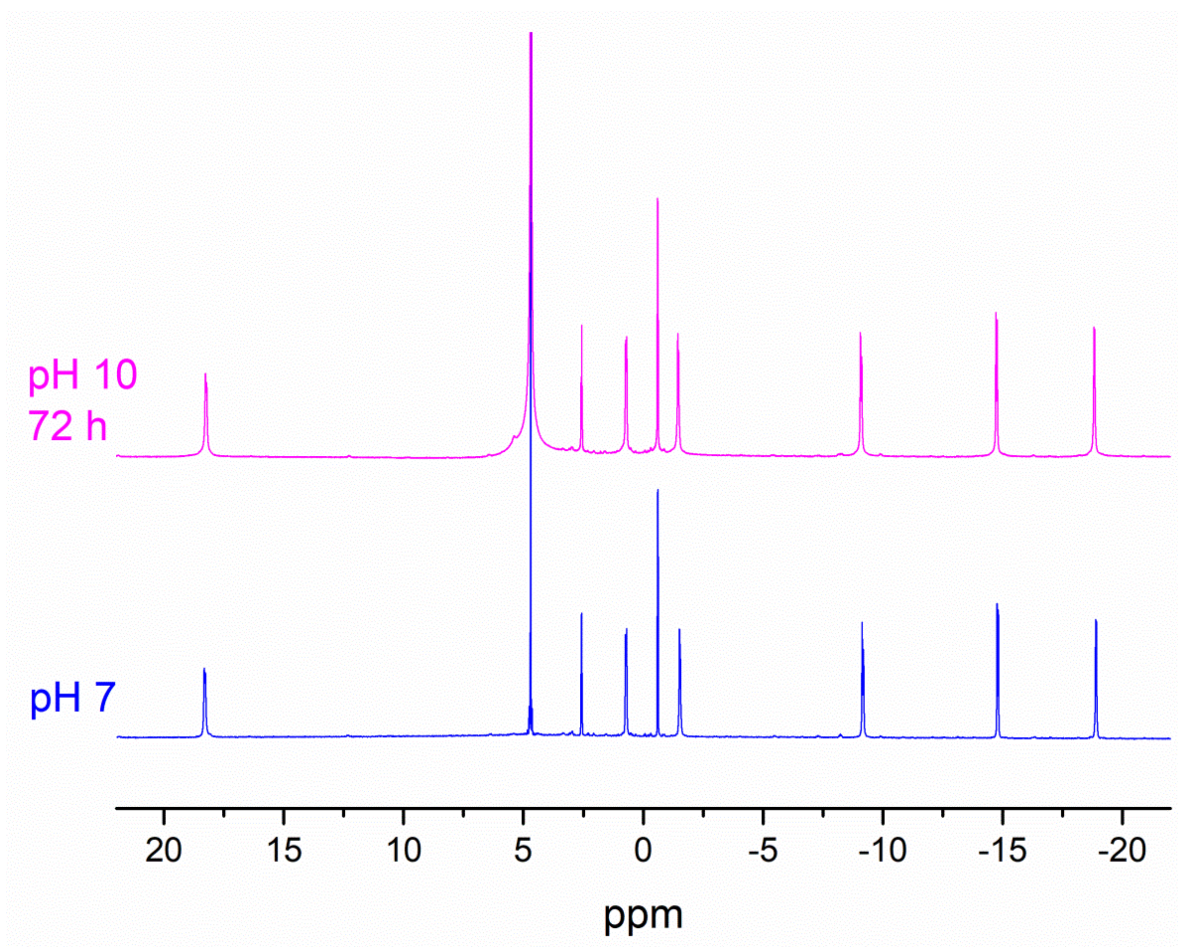


Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectra of **EuL** (25 °C, 15 mM) recorded at different pH values.

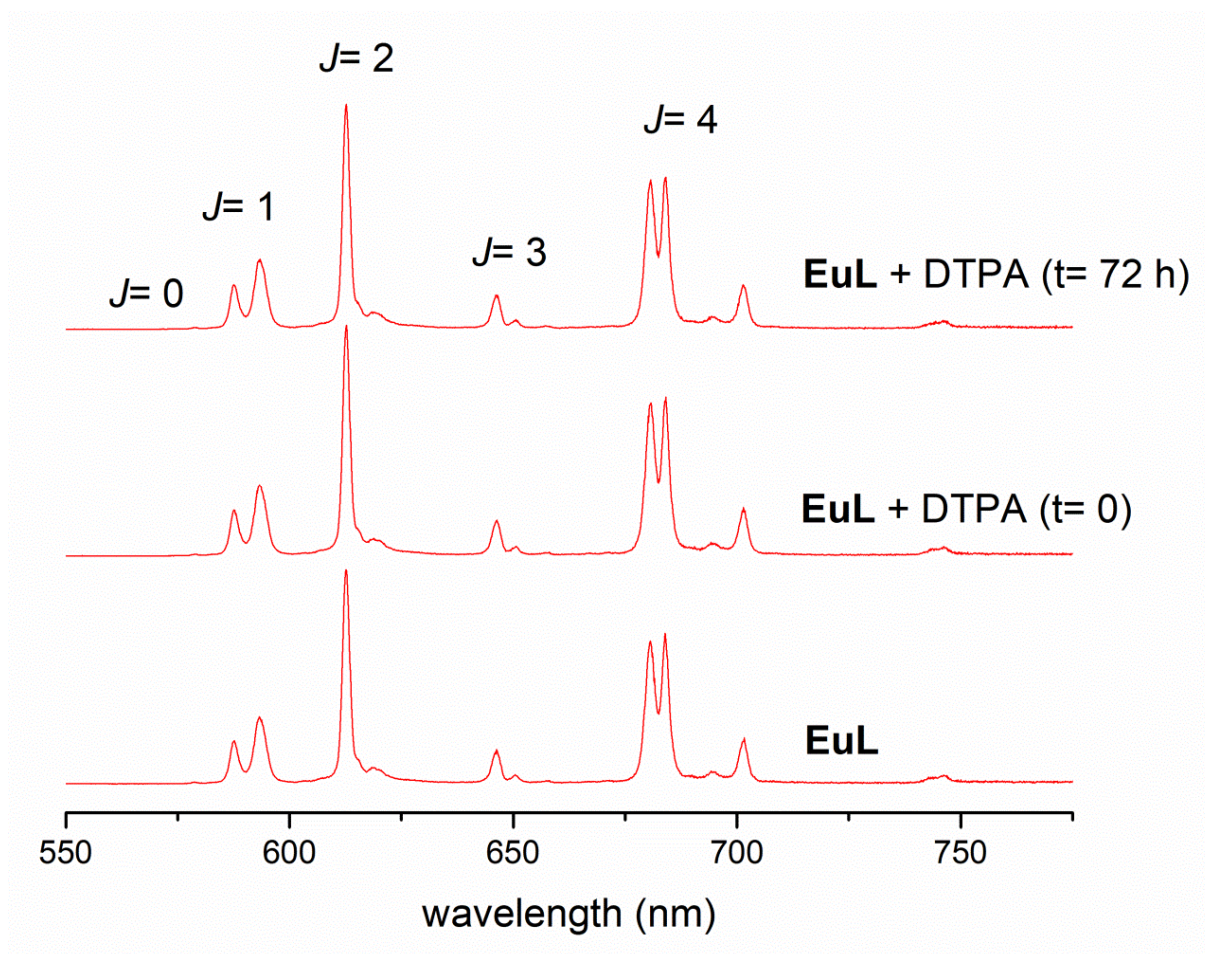


Figure S6. Emission spectra of **EuL** (5×10^{-5} M, pH 7.0, phosphate buffer, $[\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_4] = 0.026$ M; $[\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4] = 0.041$ M, 25 °C) recorded before and after addition of ten equivalents of DTPA.

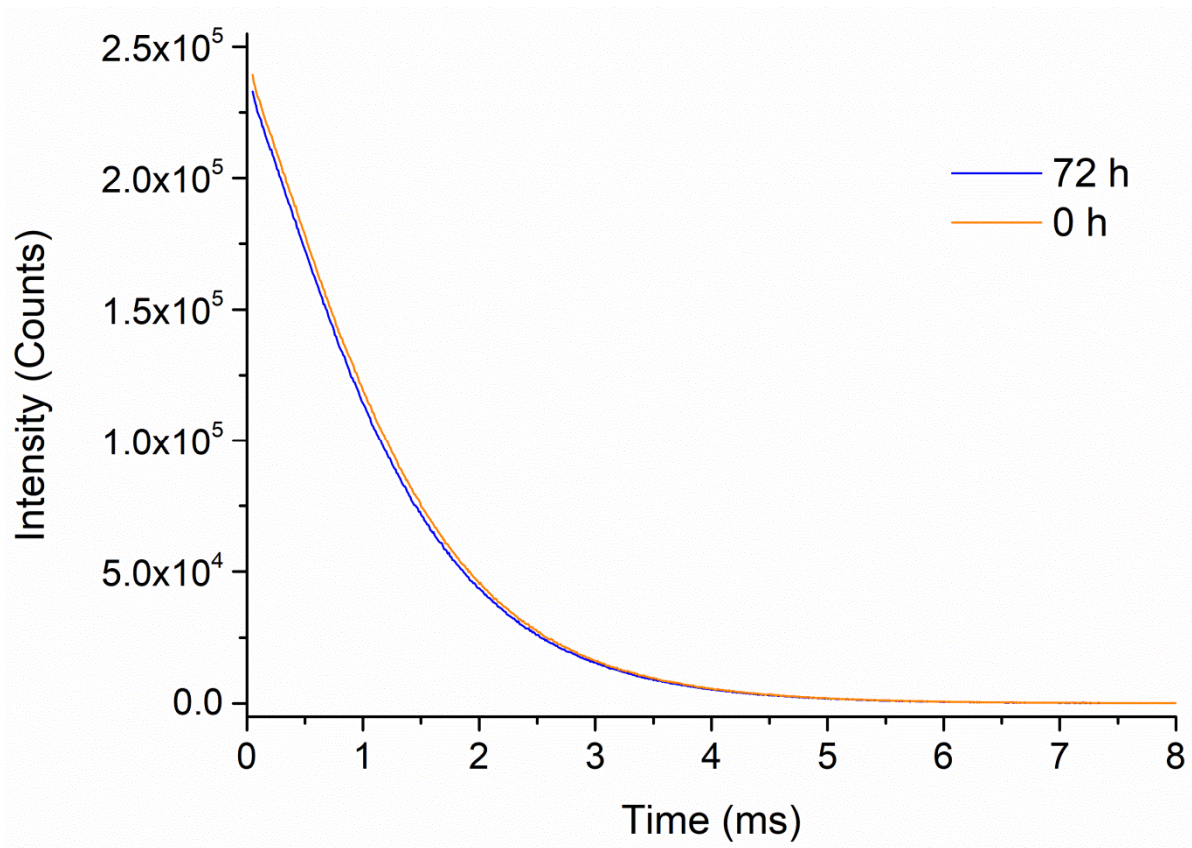


Figure S7. Phosphorescence decay curves of **EuL** (5×10^{-5} M, pH 7.0, phosphate buffer, $[\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_4] = 0.026$ M; $[\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4] = 0.041$ M, 25 °C) recorded before (0 h) and 72 h after addition of ten equivalents of DTPA.

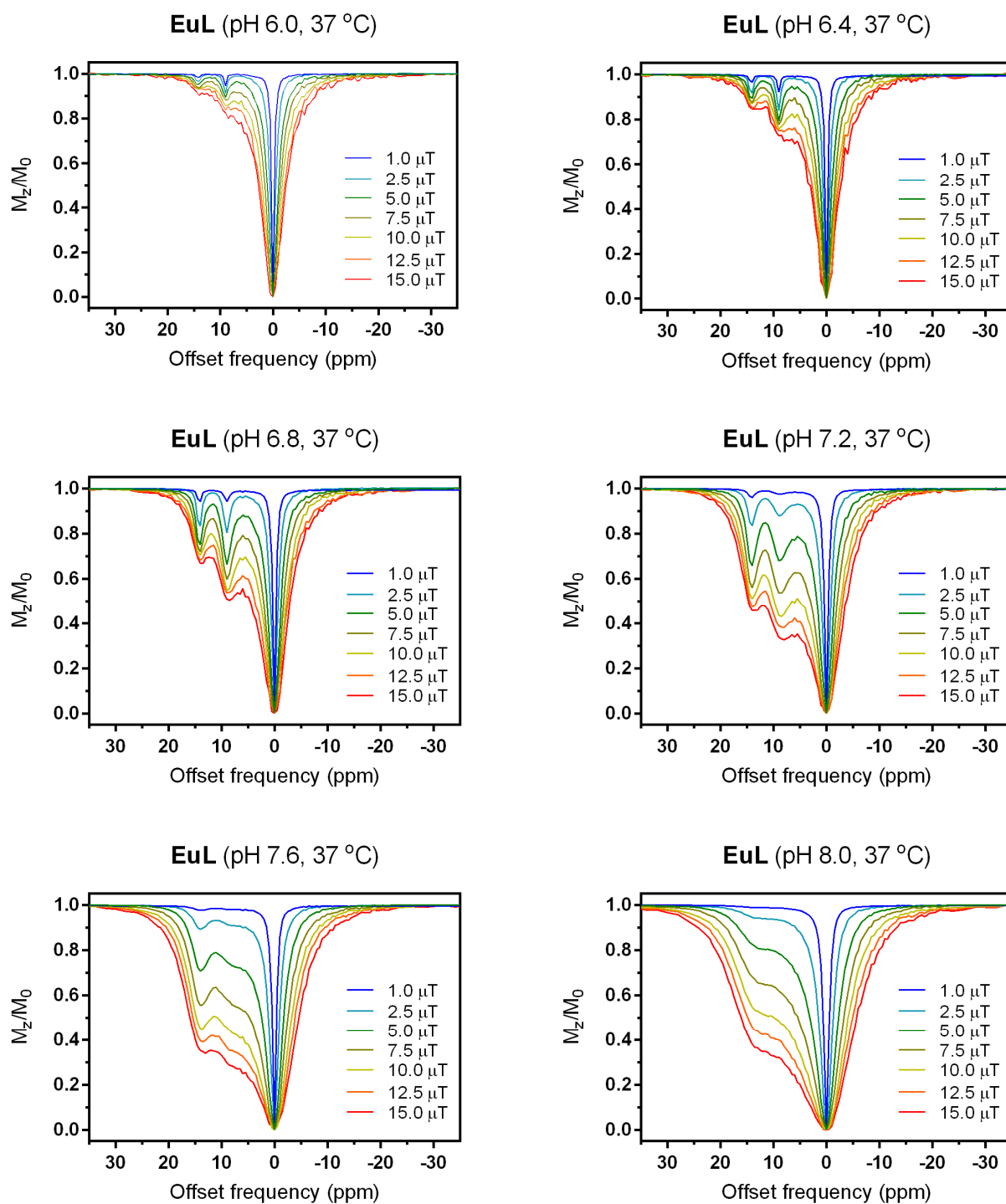


Figure S8. Z-spectra of **EuL** (5 mM in PBS) at variable pH and B_1 fields, irradiation time of 15 s and 37 °C.

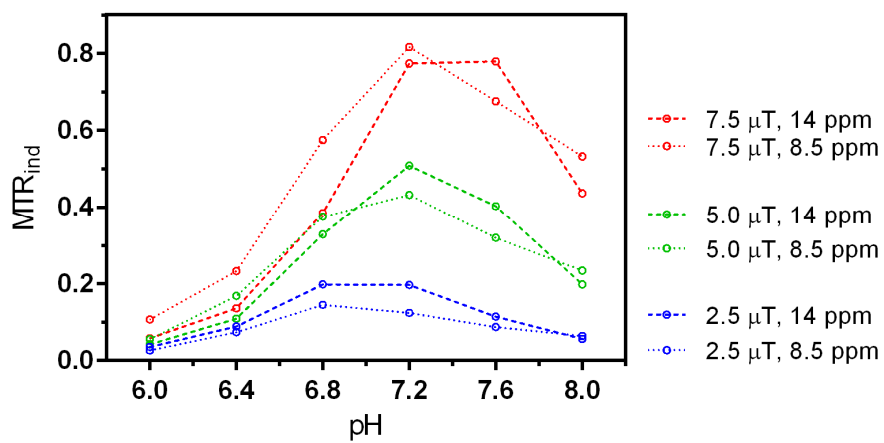


Figure S9. MTR_{ind} as a function of pH (5 mM EuL in PBS, 37 °C).

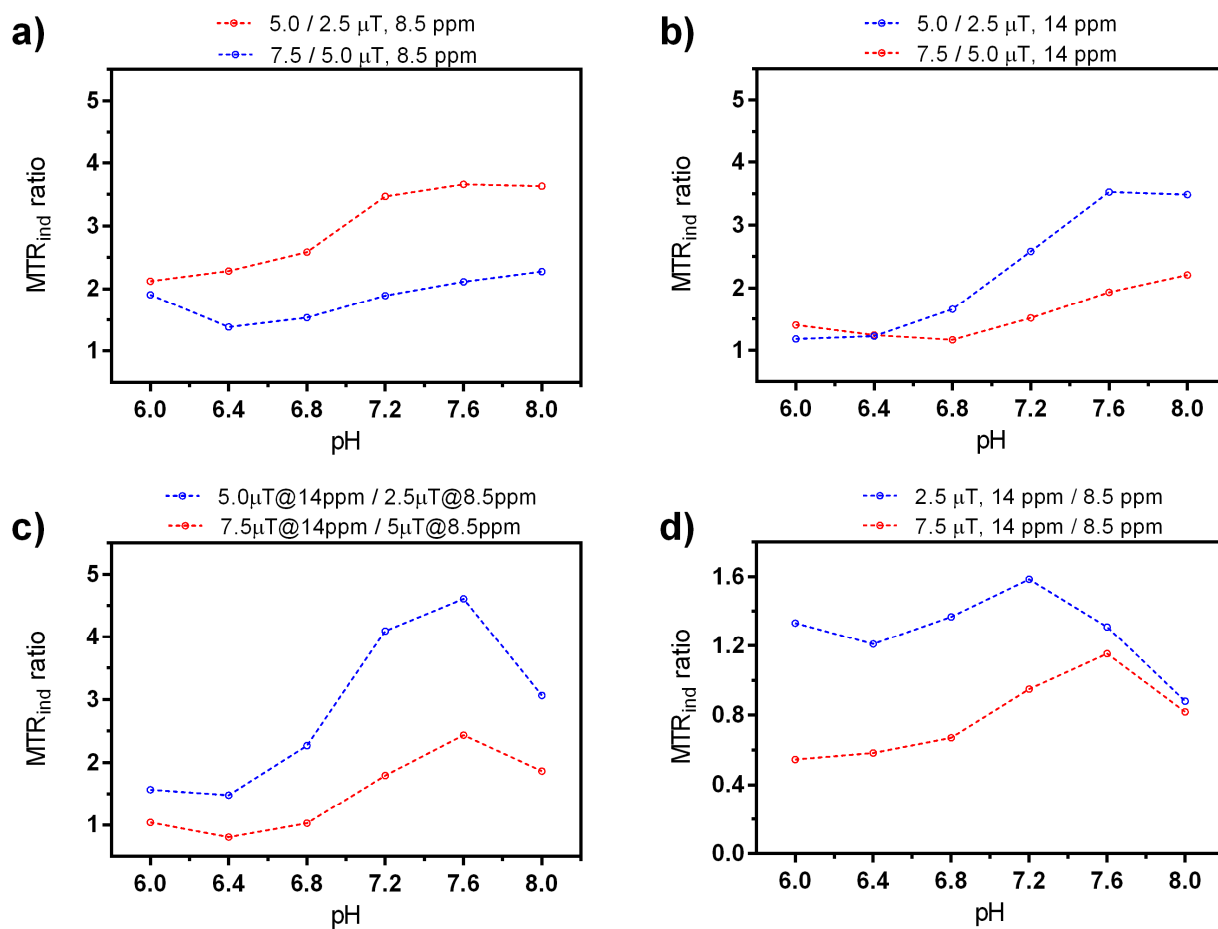


Figure S10. Ratio of MTR_{ind} for **EuL** (5 mM in PBS, 37 °C, NMR spectrometer) at varying pH values: a) signals obtained at same frequency (8.5 ppm) and different B_1 ; b) signals obtained at same frequency (14 ppm) and different B_1 ; c) signals obtained at different frequencies and different B_1 ; d) signals obtained at different frequencies and same B_1 .

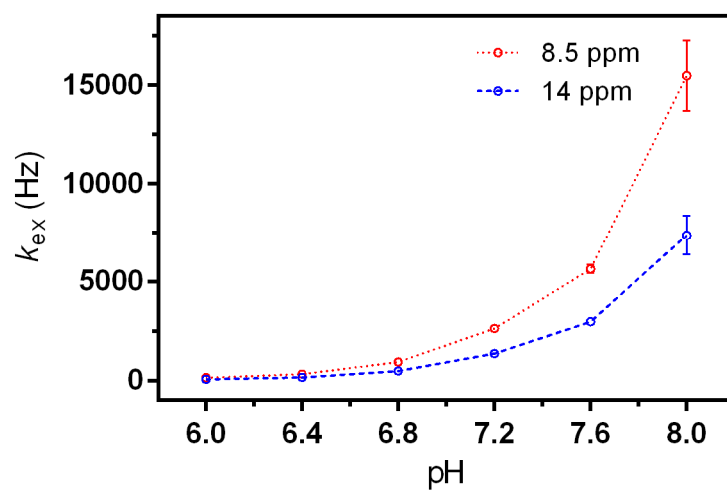


Figure S11. Exchange rate values obtained at different pH using the qCEST method (5 mM **EuL** in PBS, 37 °C).

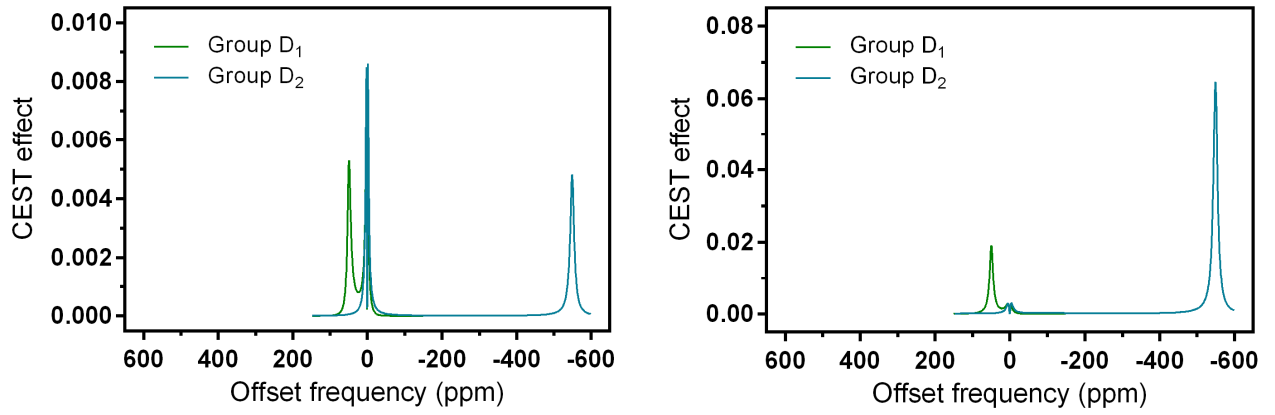


Figure S12. Simulated MTR_{asym} effects at clinical ($B_1 = 5 \mu\text{T}$, sat. time = 0.5 s, left) and preclinical settings ($B_1 = 10 \mu\text{T}$, sat. time = 5 s, right) for group D paraCEST agents.

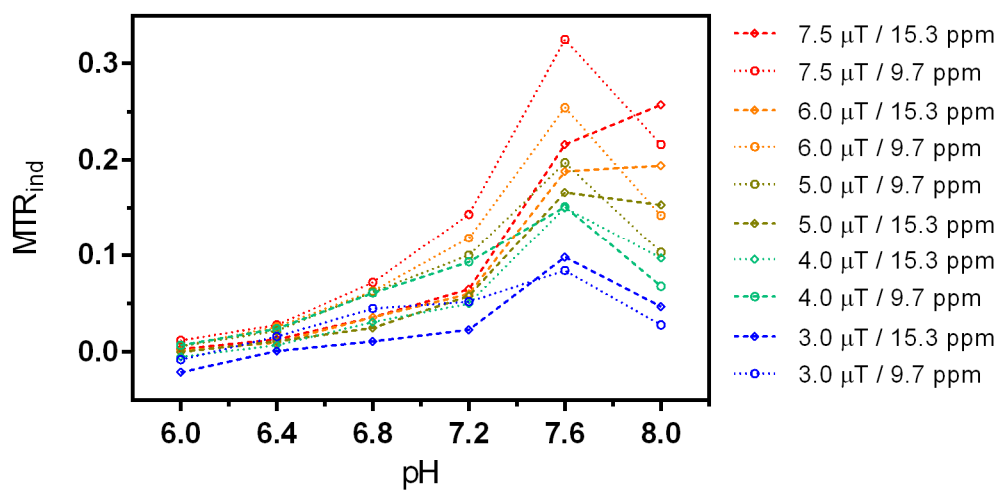


Figure S13. MTR_{ind} as a function of pH, obtained from experiments performed in the MRI scanner (3 mM **EuL** in PBS, RT).

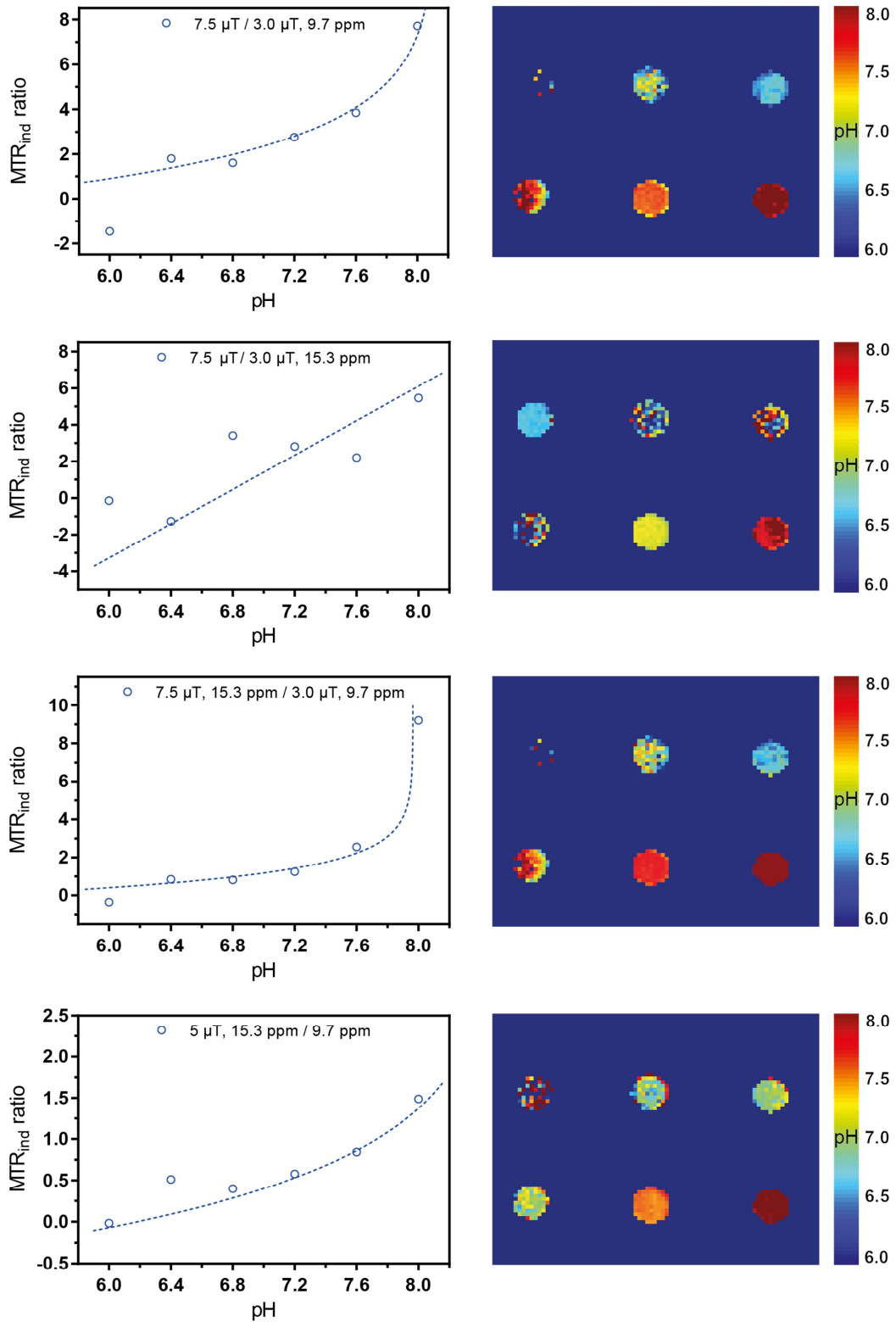
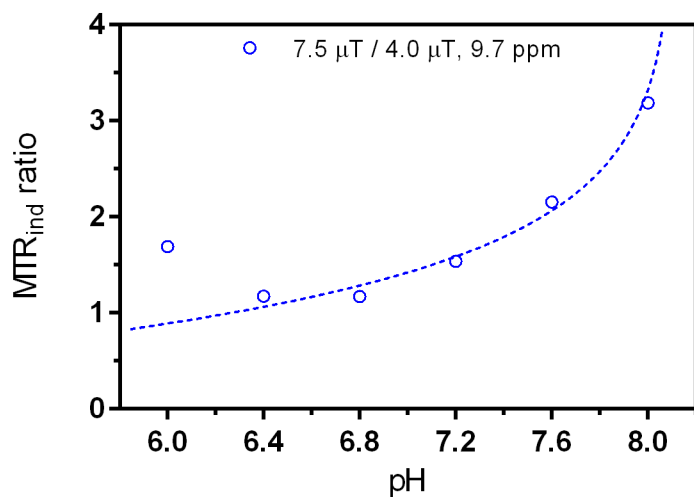


Figure S14. pH maps (right) obtained from MTR_{ind} ratio (left) on MRI tube phantoms (3 mM **EuL** in PBS, RT).



Set pH	Calc. pH
6.0 ± 0.1	–
6.4 ± 0.1	6.6 ± 0.5
6.8 ± 0.1	6.6 ± 0.2
7.2 ± 0.1	7.4 ± 0.3
7.6 ± 0.1	7.6 ± 0.1
8.0 ± 0.1	8.0 ± 0.1

Figure S15. MTR_{ind} ratio obtained from the MRI tube phantoms experiment reported in Figure 8 (left) and the table with set vs. calculated pH values from this experiment (right) (3 mM **EuL** in PBS, RT).

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Bond distances (Å) of the metal-coordination environments observed in the X-ray structures of $[\text{LnL}]^{3+}$ complexes (Ln=Eu or Y).

Eu(1)-N(1)	2.594(15)	Y(1)-N(1)	2.568(4)
Eu(1)-N(2)	2.63(2)	Y(1)-N(2)	2.640(5)
Eu(1)-N(3)	2.644(19)	Y(1)-N(3)	2.641(5)
Eu(1)-O(1)	2.525(16)	Y(1)-N(4)	2.555(4)
Eu(1)-O(2)	2.511(15)	Y(1)-N(5)	2.652(5)
		Y(1)-N(6)	2.643(5)
		Y(1)-O(1)	2.527(4)
		Y(1)-O(2)	2.481(4)
		Y(1)-O(3)	2.445(4)
		Y(1)-O(4)	2.413(4)

Table S2. Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for the complexes.

	$[\text{EuL}](\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$[\text{YL}](\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$
formula	$\text{C}_{26} \text{H}_{38} \text{N}_{10} \text{O}_4 \text{Eu}$	$\text{C}_{26} \text{H}_{44} \text{N}_{13} \text{O}_{16} \text{Y}$
mol wt	706.63	883.65
cryst syst	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
space group	C2	C2
a (Å) α (deg)	24.258(13)	25.049(5)
b (Å) β (deg)	12.124(7) 133.831(4)	11.926(5) 91.946(5)
c (Å) γ (deg)	17.312(9)	23.702(5)
V(Å ³)	3673(3)	7077(4)
Z	4	8
D(calc) (Mg/m ³)	1.278	1.659
μ (mm ⁻¹)	1.748	1.741
Flack param.	0.10(3)	0.243(6)
R _{int}	0.1215	0.0559
R ₁ ^[a]	0.0834	0.0569
wR ₂ (all data) ^[b]	0.2291	0.1524

^[a] $R_1 = \frac{\sum ||F_o| - |F_c||}{\sum |F_o|}$. ^[b] $wR_2 = \left\{ \frac{\sum [w(|F_o|^2 - |F_c|^2)]^2}{\sum [w(F_o^4)]} \right\}^{1/2}$

Table S3. ¹H NMR shifts (D₂O, 25 °C, pH 7.0, 400 MHz) observed for **EuL** compared to those reported previously for **EuL'**.^{a)}

	H1	H2	H3 _{ax}	H3 _{eq}	H4 _{ax}	H4 _{eq}	H5 _{ax}	H5 _{eq}	H6 _{ax}	H6 _{eq}
EuL	2.45	-0.77	-9.43	-15.05	-1.62	-19.13	18.50	0.72		
EuL' ^{b)}	1.45	-2.18	-12.00	-17.43	-1.85	-21.20	18.74	-3.51	10.59	33.58

^{a)} Structures of ligands **L** and **L'** and atom numbering is shown below.

^{b)} Data for **EuL'** from the reference No. 1.

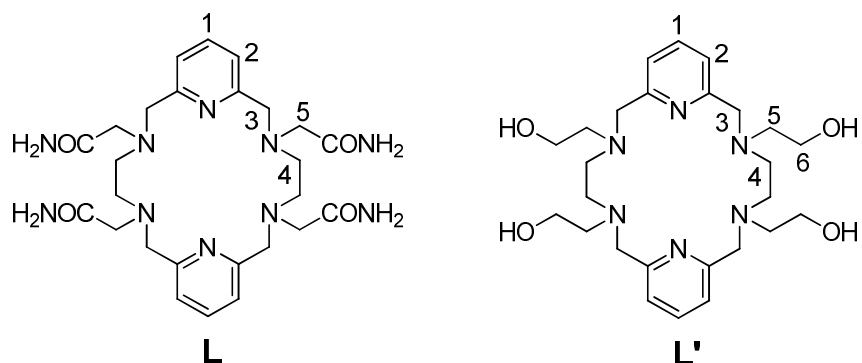


Table S4. Selected paraCEST probes whose properties were used for CEST simulations.

Pos.	Group	Metal ion	Exchanging protons (#)	k_{ex} (Hz)	δ_B (ppm)	Reference
1	A	Fe ²⁺	4	400	50	2
2	A	Co ²⁺	4+4	400	68 and 102	3
3	A	Ni ²⁺	3	240-360	72-76	4
4	B	Eu ³⁺	4+4	1300 / 2600	14 / 8	This work
5	C	Tm ³⁺	4	3000	-46	5
6	C	Yb ³⁺	4+4	1100 - 1400 ^{b)}	-15 / -18	6
7	D	Eu ³⁺	2	10000	~ 50	7-8
8	D	Tb ³⁺	2	12000 ^{a)}	- 550	9

^{a)} An estimated value for pH 7. ^{b)} The range of values of two amide protons at pH 7.2 and 25 °C.

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