Reactions of 2-Aza-21-carbaporphyrin with Aniline Derivatives

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Electronic Supporting Information

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General methods and instrumentation

Commercial reagents were used without further purification. Solvents were freshly distilled from the appropriate drying agents or purified under nitrogen with the mBraun MBSPS-800 before use. The analytical TLCs were performed with silica gel 60 F254 plates. Column chromatography was performed by using silica gel 60 (200-300 mesh ASTM). The NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance II spectrometer, operating at 500 MHz for ¹H and 125 MHz for ¹³C or a Bruker Avance II spectrometer operating at 600 MHz for ¹H and 150 MHz for ¹³C. TMS was used as an internal reference for ¹H and ¹³C chemical shifts and CDCl₃ was used as solvent. Standard pulse programs from the Bruker library were used for homo- and heteronuclear 2D experiments. Mass spectrometry measurements were conducted by using the electrospray ionization technique on a Bruker Daltonics microTOF-Q or Finnigan LCQ Advantage MAX mass spectrometer. Absorption UV/Vis/NIR spectra were recorded by using a Varian Cary 50 Bio and Jasco V-770 spectrophotometers. HPLC separations were carried out by means of Chirex 3010 analytical column (25 cm length, 4.6 mm i.d.) packed with 5 mm silica gel coated with covalently bound (S)-valine and dinitroaniline using Shimadzu chromatographic system or Merck-Hitachi LaChrom series connected to a flow-cell mounted on Jasco J-1500 spectropolarimeter. HPLC-grade hexane was used. The applied dichloromethane was freshly distilled over calcium hydride. Circular dichroism spectra were obtained directly in the flow cell by means of pseudo stopped-flow technique using a Jasco J-1500 spectropolarimeter. Electrochemical measurements were performed by means of Autolab (Metrohm) potentiostat/galvanostat system for dichloromethane solutions with a glassy carbon, a platinum wire, and Ag/AgCl as the working, auxiliary, and reference electrodes, respectively. Tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate was used as a supporting electrolyte. The potentials were referenced with the ferrocene/ferrocenium couple used as an internal standard. Crystal data for 2a and 3b were collected at low temperature using Oxford Cryosystem devices on Xcalibur Ruby and Onyx four-circle diffractometers with graphite-monochromated Mo K α radiation (λ = 0.71073 Å) and Cu K α radiation (λ = 1.54184 Å). Data reduction and analysis were carried out with the CrysAlisPRO programs¹. The structures were solved by using the SHELXT program² and refined by the full-matrix least-squares method on all F^2 data using the SHELXL program.³ All hydrogen atoms, including those located in the difference density map, were placed in calculated positions and refined as the riding model. For 2a the SQUEEZE/PLATON procedure⁴ was applied for disordered lattice solvent (methanol) molecules. See Table S1 for detailed data.

Table S1 Crystal data for 2a and 3b

	2a	3b	
Chemical formula	$C_{63}H_{58}N_6O_{14} \cdot 0.5(CH_3OH)$	$C_{65}H_{56}N_6O_6\cdot 2(C_7H_8)$	
<i>M</i> _r	1139.17	1201.43	
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, <i>Cc</i>	Monoclinic, P2 ₁ /c	
Temperature (K)	90	100	
a, b, c (Å)	36.594 (2), 7.353 (3), 28.802 (3)	33.740 (2), 12.948(3), 14.823(3)	
β (°)	123.87 (3)	100.32 (3)	
V (ų)	6435 (3)	6370.7 (6)	
Z	4	4	
Radiation type	Μο Κα	Cu <i>Κ</i> α	
μ (mm ^{−1})	0.08	0.63	
Crystal size (mm)	$0.33\times0.16\times0.07$	$0.70 \times 0.10 \times 0.08$	
Diffractometer	Xcalibur, Ruby	Xcalibur, Onyx	
No. of measured, independent and observed [I > 2σ(I)] reflections	11241, 8011, 5888	41715, 10157, 4894	
Rint	0.033	0.137	
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.606	0.575	
Refinement			
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.063, 0.170, 1.04	0.068, 0.171, 0.87	
No. of reflections	8011	10157	
No. of parameters	771	915	
No. of restraints	3	54	
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained	H-atom parameters constrained	
Δρ _{max} , Δρ _{min} (e Å ⁻³)	0.56, -0.24	0.35, -0.37	

Computational methods

Density functional theory (DFT) calculations were performed by using the Gaussian 09.E01 program⁵. DFT geometry optimizations were carried out in the unconstrained C_1 symmetry by using the X-ray structure, molecular mechanics, or semiempirical models as starting geometries. DFT geometries were refined to meet standard convergence criteria, and the existence of a local minimum was verified by a normal mode frequency calculation. DFT calculations were performed by using the hybrid B3LYP functional⁶⁻⁸ functional combined with the 6-31G(d,p) basis set. The electronic spectra were simulated by means of time-dependent density functional theory (TD-DFT) using the Tamm-Dancoff approximation for 50 states. For TD calculations, the polarizable continuum model of solvation was used (PCM, standard dichloromethane parametrization). The electronic transitions and UV/Vis/NIR as well as CD spectra were analyzed by means of the GaussSum program.⁹ The transitions were convoluted by Gaussian curves with 2000 cm⁻¹ half line width.

Synthesis and characterization



Synthesis of the precursor. Starting porphyrins 1a and 1b were obtained as described previously.¹⁰

General method of synthesis of 2. To a solution of NCP **1** (0.1 mmol) and 2-aminobenzoic acid (0.3 mmol) in 5 ml dry benzene was added triethylamine (100 μ L, 0.7 mmol) and amyl nitrite (100 μ L, 0.7 mmol), the mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 2 hours under reflux and then the solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was passed down a silica gel column with dichloromethane/ethyl acetate solvent as eluent. The first red colored product fraction was collected, followed by removal of solvent to afford desire NCP derivative **2** that was crystallized from dichloromethane solution by addition of hexane. Yields: 85% for **2a**, 80% for **2b**, 65% for **2c**.

Selected data for **2a**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 1.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.73 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.96 (s, 6H, -OCH₃), 3.97 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.01 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.08-4.09 (m, 9H, -OCH₃), 4.13 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.16 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.17 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.19 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 5.54 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.30 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.86 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.10 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.31 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.46 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.61-7.64 (m, 4H), 8.36 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.44 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.69 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.81 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.92 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 9.17 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H, pyrrH), 9.80 (s, 1H, -COOH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 248 K): δ = -3.61 (br, 1H, -NH), -2.16 (br, 1H, -NH), 1.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.94 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.96 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.00-4.04 (m, 12H, -OCH₃), 4.12 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.15-4.20 (m, 12H, -OCH₃), 4.27 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 5.60 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.35 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.81 (br, 1H, ArH), 7.11 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.27 (s, 2H, ArH), 7.33 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.38 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.50 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.96 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.39 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 8.51 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.69 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 8.86 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 8.93 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 9.23 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 9.26 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 10.27 (s, 1H, COOH); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 56.4, 56.47, 56.50, 56.7, 61.2, 61.27, 61.33, 61.37, 110.3, 112.3, 112.7, 112.9, 114.8, 120.9, 122.3, 122.7, 127.2, 127.6, 127.8, 127.9, 129.6, 130.1, 130.2, 130.5, 135.4, 135.6, 135.7, 136.2, 136.4, 136.6, 137.6, 138.1, 138.3, 138.9, 139.6, 140.2, 140.3, 146.7, 151.4, 151.59, 151.64, 151.7, 152.5, 152.7, 157.2, 157.7, 165.6. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max}/nm $(\log \varepsilon) = 403(4.76), 510(4.54), 740(3.94).$ ESI-HRMS calc. for $[C_{63}H_{59}N_6O_{14}]^+$ (M+H): 1123.4084, Found: 1123.4078.

Selected data for **2b**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 2.50 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.65 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.68 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.69 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.71 (s, 6H, -CH₃), 5.50 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.24 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.56 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H, ArH), 7.68 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H, ArH), 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 200 Hz, 200 Hz), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.68 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H, ArH), 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.5 Hz), 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.5 Hz), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.5 Hz), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.5 Hz), 7.5 Hz), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.5 Hz)

1H, ArH), 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.28 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.31 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.38 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.56 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.72 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.75 (s, 1H, pyrrH), 9.08 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 9.13 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 9.92 (s, 1H, -COOH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 248 K): δ = -3.45 (br, 1H, -NH), -2.35 (br, 1H, -NH), 1.18 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.69 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.73 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.76 (s, 6H, -CH₃), 5.61 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.34 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.06 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.51-7.53 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.76-7.86 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.86 (br, 2H, ArH), 7.94 (br, 1H, ArH), 8.06 (br, 1H, ArH), 8.27 (br, 1H, ArH), 8.39 (br, 1H, ArH), 8.49 (br, 1H, ArH), 8.60 (br, 2H, pyrrH), 8.78 (br, 2H, pyrrH), 8.86 (br, 1H, pyrrH), 9.19 (br, 1H, pyrrH), 9.24 (br, 1H, pyrrH), 10.34 (s, 1H, COOH); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 21.45, 21.48, 21.51, 21.7, 110.3, 115.55, 115.62, 120.6, 122.2, 122.5, 124.0, 125.8, 126.0, 127.0, 127.4, 127.7, 127.8, 129.0, 129.8, 130.1, 130.2, 132.4, 133.4, 134.0, 134.2, 134.3, 134.7, 135.3, 135.4, 137.1, 137.2, 137.3, 137.7, 137.99, 138.06, 138.15, 138.18, 138.7, 139.4, 140.2, 140.3, 140.4, 146.9, 151.0, 157.1, 157.4, 165.9. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 394(4.75), 501(4.36), 739(3.88). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₅₅H₄₃N₆O₂]⁺ (M+H): 819.3442, Found: 819.3455.

Selected data for **2c:** ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 1.37 (br, 1H, ArH), 1.68 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.65 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.68 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.69 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.70 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 5.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.90 (br, 1H, ArH), 7.47 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.68 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.26 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.29-8.30(m, 1H, ArH), 8.32 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.39 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.53 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.63 (br, 1H, pyrrH), 8.68 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 9.06 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 9.10 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 9.93 (s, 1H, -COOH); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 20.5, 21.50, 21.54, 21.55, 21.60, 110.4, 120.6, 122.0, 122.3, 127.3, 127.5, 127.6, 127.8, 128.7, 129.0, 130.1, 130.5, 130.8, 134.1, 134.2, 134.4, 134.7, 135.3, 135.5, 137.1, 137.27,137.32, 137.6, 137.9, 138.0, 138.1, 138.2, 138.3, 138.7, 139.4, 140.2, 140.4, 145.2, 157.3, 157.5, 166.1. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 394(4.76), 498(4.34), 738(3.81). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₅₆H₄₅N₆O₂]⁺ (M+H): 833.3599, Found: 833.3604.



General method of synthesis of 3. To a solution of **1a** or **1b** (0.1 mmol) and 3,4,5-trimethoxyaniline (0.33 mmol) in 5 ml of dry benzene was added triethylamine (100 μ L, 0.7 mmol) and amyl nitrite (100 μ L, 0.7 mmol). The mixture was allowed to react in a sealed tube at 70°Cfor 2 h. The products were separated by column chromatography (silica gel, DCM/ethyl acetate) and precipitated from DCM by addition of hexane, yielding 52 mg of product **3a** (51%) or 45 mg of **3b** (44%).

Selected data for **3a**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = -1.35 (br, 1H, -NH), 0.44 (br, 1H, -NH), 0.61 (s, 1H, ArH), 2.01 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.05 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.68 (s, 6H, -OCH₃), 3.77 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.91 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.95 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.02 (s, 6H, -OCH₃), 4.04 (s, 10H, -OCH₃+ArH), 4.10 (br, 3H, -OCH₃),

4.14 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.15 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.16 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.21 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.87 (s, 2H), 7.14 (br, 1H), 7.28 (br, 1H), 7.33 (br, 1H), 7.46 (br, 1H), 7.54 (br, 1H), 7.74 (br, 1H), 8.16 (br, 2H), 8.16 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.46 (br, 1H), 8.49 (br, 2H), 8.66 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): $\delta = 53.6$, 55.5, 55.8, 56.3, 56.41, 56.44, 56.46, 56.8, 61.0, 61.2, 61.26, 61.31, 61.5, 95.5, 96.4, 108.1, 111.2, 111.6, 112.0, 112.5, 120.5, 120.6, 122.7, 123.2, 124.5, 125.7, 126.7, 127.1, 127.9, 129.8, 133.0, 134.3, 134.5, 135.5, 136.0, 136.7, 136.9, 137.1, 137.3, 137.7, 137.8, 137.9, 138.2, 139.1, 139.5, 145.9, 146.5, 149.8, 151.59, 151.63, 152.1, 152.8, 153.3, 153.4, 155.1, 156.6, 174.4. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 406(4.83), 435(4.91), 605(4.10). ESI-HRMS calc. for $[C_{73}H_{73}N_6O_{18}]^+$ (M+H): 1321.4976, Found: 1321.4985.

Selected data for **3b**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = -1.16 (br, 1H, -NH), 0.26 (br, 1H, -NH), 0.60 (s, 1H, ArH), 1.96 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 2.59 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.64 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.66 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.74 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 3.45 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.56 (s, 6H, -OCH₃), 3.72 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.22 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.66 (s, 2H, ArH), 7.10 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.25(s, 3H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.50 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 5H, ArH), 7.59 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.77 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.90 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.05 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.08 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.32 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H, pyrrH), 8.34 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.38 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.54 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 233 K): $\delta = -1.68$ (s, 1H, -NH), 0.41 (s, 1H, -NH), 0.54 (s, 1H, ArH), 1.96 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 2.63 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.67 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.69 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.78 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 3.49 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.56 (br, 6H, -OCH₃), 3.74 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.26 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.14 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.45 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.60 (m, 6H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.85 (m, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.99 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 8.09-8.12 (m, 2H), 8.38-8.39 (m, 2H), 8.44 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 8.47 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.69 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 8.74 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H);¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 21.3, 21.5, 53.7, 55.4, 55.7, 60.9, 95.6, 96.3, 107.8, 119.8, 120.0, 123.1, 123.2, 124.5, 125.2, 125.7, 126.8, 127.5, 127.6, 127.7, 127.8, 128.1, 128.5, 132.7, 132.3, 133.7, 134.0, 134.2, 134.4, 135.2, 136.0, 136.8, 137.1, 137.2, 137.3, 137.5, 137.7, 138.0, 138.6, 139.0, 139.1, 139.4, 146.1, 147.6, 150.2, 152.2, 153.1, 153.3, 155.2, 157.0, 174.7. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 401(4.89), 431(4.93), 610(4.16). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₆₅H₅₇N₆O₆]⁺ (M+H): 1017.4334, Found: 1017.4338.



Synthesis of 4a. To a solution of NCP **1b** (67 mg, 0.1 mmol) and 4-methoxyaniline (37 mg, 0.3 mmol) in 5 ml of dry benzene was added triethylamine (100 μ L, 72.6 mg, 0.7 mmol) and amyl nitrite (100 μ L, 87 mg, 0.7 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 3 hours at boiling point of the solution under reflux and then the solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was passed down a silica gel column with dichloromethane/ethyl acetate solvent as eluent. The red colored product fraction was collected, followed by removal of solvent to afford NCP derivative **4a**. Yield 30 mg (33%).

Selected data for **4a**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 2.61 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.62 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.64

(s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.66 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 3.23 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.72 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.20 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 5.60 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.30 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.51-7.53 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.74-7.78 (m, 1H, ArH+pyrrH), 7.80-7.85 (m, 3H, ArH+pyrrH), 7.96 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 7.99 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.08 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.13 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H, ArH), 8.21 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 230 K): δ = 0.64 (br, 2H, -NH), 2.61 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.63 (s, 6H, -CH₃), 2.64 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 3.23 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 3.73 (s, 3H, -OCH₃), 4.19 (br, 2H, ArH), 5.55 (br, 2H, ArH), 6.64 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.74 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.15 (br, 2H, ArH), 7.26 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.46 (br, 3H, ArH), 7.54 (br, 3H, ArH), 7.61 (br, 1H, ArH), 7.67-7.73 (m, 4H, ArH+pyrrH), 7.82-7.98 (m, 5H, ArH+pyrrH), 8.08 (br, 1H, pyrrH), 8.19-8.21 (m, 2H, ArH), 8.36 (br, 1H, pyrrH); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 22.9, 23.0, 56.4, 56.9, 113.3, 114.8, 115.4, 118.3, 119.6, 120.5, 121.8, 123.1, 124.3, 124.8, 128.2, 129.3, 131.6, 132.2, 133.0, 134.3, 135.4, 135.5, 136.4, 137.4, 138.4, 138.5, 138.7, 138.9, 139.3, 139.6, 140.0, 140.3, 140.6, 144.1. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max}/nm (log ε) = 439(4.88), 501(4.69), 770(3.90). ESI(–)-HRMS calc. for [C₆₂H₅₁N₆O₂]⁻ (M–H): 911.4079, Found: 911.4075.



General method of synthesis of 4: To a solution of **1** (0.05 mmol) and arylamine (0.25 mmol) in benzene (5 ml) *p*-chloranil (61 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to react in a sealed tube at 80°Cfor 1 h, and then the solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was passed down a silica gel column with 1% methanol in dichloromethane and first weak red band containing **5** was separated from the fraction consisting of major product **4** that was eluted with a dichloromethane/methanol (v/v = 100:3) mixture. The solvents were then removed and products were precipitated from DCM solution by addition of hexane and dried *in vacuo*. Yields: 27.5 mg (60%) for **4a**, 29.5 mg (67%) for **4b**, 27.3 mg (64%) for **4c**, 34.7 mg (57%) for **4d**, 30.8 mg (52%) for **4e**, 29.0 mg 50% for **4f**. Product **5** was formed in a minute amount and was characterized only for the reaction products of **1b** with toluidine (**5b**, 3.8 mg, 8%) and aniline (**5c**, 3.8 mg, 10%)

Selected data for **4b**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 1.58 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.60 (s, 6H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.10-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.49 (m, 6H), 7.63-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.78-7.83 (m,5H), 8.02-8.03 (m, 2H), 8.10-8.14 (m, 6H), 8.21-8.23 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 20.07, 20.70, 21.47, 21.50, 21.55, 113.63, 117.90, 118.07, 118.25, 122.76, 123.56, 123.69, 126.83, 127.15, 127.80, 129.19, 129.25, 130.16, 130.65, 130.83, 132.77, 133.99, 134.12, 135.02, 135.83, 136.05, 136.94, 137.12, 137.23,

137.50, 137.57, 137.97, 138.42, 138.63, 139.16, 142.47, 149.00. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 440 (4.65), 497 (4.43), 780(3.55). ESI-HRMS calc. for $[C_{62}H_{53}N_6]^+$ (M+H): 881.4332, Found: 881.4324.

Selected data for **4c**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ =2.60 (s, 3H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.85-5.88 (m, 1H,), 5.95-5.98 (m, 2H), 6.78-6.81 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.08 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.77-7.80 (m, 3H), 7.85-7.86 (m, 2H), 8.02 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.13-8.14 (m, 2H), 8.16-8.18 (m, 2H), 8.19-8.22 (m, 2H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 21.49, 21.51, 21.56, 113.94, 117.49, 118.37, 118.51, 118.65, 119.48, 121.32, 122.73, 123.60, 123.80, 124.48, 125.22, 126.55, 126.93, 127.84, 127.89, 128.48, 128.71, 130.22, 130.99, 132.91, 133.95, 134.18, 135.09, 136.21, 136.97, 137.03, 137.43, 137.59, 138.10, 138.16, 138.58, 139.01, 139.04, 140.49, 142.61, 144.46, 148.71, 149.88, 154.92; UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 439 (4.89), 508 (4.59), 769 (3.61). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₆₀H₄₉N₆]⁺ (M+H): 853.4019, Found: 853.4013.

Selected data for **4d**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 3.26(s, 3H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 6H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 4.03 (s, 9H), 4.05 (s, 6H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 4.10 (s, 3H), 4.12 (s, 6H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.65(d, *J* = 8.5Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (s, 2H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H) 8.30 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 55.00, 55.55, 56.32, 56.41, 56.47, 56.52, 56.61, 56.78, 61.17, 61.24, 61.35, 111.76, 111.86, 111.95, 112.01, 113.56, 113.78, 114.12, 118.10, 119.03, 120.68, 122.79, 123.80, 124.11, 126.79, 127.99, 129.90, 130.87, 131.83, 132.88, 135.41, 136.00, 136.77, 137.40, 138.10, 139.15, 142.27, 149.39, 151.80, 151.93, 153.67, 153.90, 154.68; UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 440 (4.84), 509 (4.64), 780 (3.69). ESI-HRMS calc. for [$C_{70}H_{69}N_6O_{14}$]⁺ (M+H): 1217.4872, Found: 1217.4857.

Selected data for **4e**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 1.64 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 4.03 (s, 9H), 4.05(s, 6H), 4.10 (s, 3H), 4.11 (s, 3H), 4.12 (s, 3H), 4.13 (s, 3H), 4.14-4.16 (m,2H), 5.86 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.0Hz, 2H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H) 8.34 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 20.16, 20.72, 56.34, 56.47, 56.54, 56.61, 56.78, 61.19, 61.25, 61.36, 111.91, 112.06, 113.86, 117.92, 118.34, 118.71, 121.46, 122.56, 124.19, 124.48, 126.98, 127.26, 128.12, 129.37, 129.89, 130.61, 131.35, 132.54, 135.43, 136.00, 136.02, 136.77, 137.45, 137.68, 138.02, 138.11, 138.28, 138.68, 139.17, 139.86, 142.52, 144.78, 149.37, 151.88, 151.93, 153.92; UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 440 (4.71), 506 (4.48), 774 (3.54). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₇₀H₆₉N₆O₁₂]⁺ (M+H): 1185.4973, Found: 1185.4956.

Selected data for **4f**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 4.04 (s, 9H), 4.07 (s, 6H), 4.09(s, 3H), 4.11 (s, 3H), 4.13 (s, 3H), 4.14 (s, 3H), 4.15-4.17 (m, 2H,), 5.96-5.98(m, 1H), 6.03-6.06 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.89 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.50 (s, 3H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H) 8.38 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ =56.33, 56.43, 56.58, 56.62, 56.80, 61.19, 61.26, 61.27, 61.37, 111.80, 111.97, 112.06, 112.12, 114.02, 117.77, 117.95, 118.82, 118.90, 119.96, 120.08, 121.86, 122.46, 124.22, 124.64, 126.68, 127.09, 128.18, 128.90, 130.81, 132.69, 135.34, 135.88, 136.74, 137.25, 137.69, 138.03, 138.23, 138.38, 138.76, 139.23, 142.61, 149.09, 151.84, 151.89, 151.93, 151.97, 153.93. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 442(4.95), 506(4.61), 778(3.68). ESI-HRMS calc. for $[C_{68}H_{65}N_6O_{12}]^+$ (M+H): 1157.4655, Found: 1157.4644.

Selected data for **5b**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = -4.91(s, 1H, -21-CH), -1.93(br, 2H, 22, 24-NH), 2.29 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.66 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.67 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.68 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 3.73 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.43-7.45 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.00 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.05 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.16 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.41 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.45 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.49 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.51 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.58 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.69 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ = 20.8, 21.53, 21.54, 21.57, 21.60, 101.9, 116.8, 117.0, 118.2, 121.2, 124.7, 125.4, 126.6, 126.9, 127.6, 127.7, 127.9, 128.9, 129.4, 130.1, 131.0, 131.2, 132.8, 134.3, 134.4, 134.7, 136.7, 136.9, 137.1, 137.2, 137.5, 138.1, 138.5, 139.09, 139.15, 139.21, 139.4, 154.0, 156.7. UV-vis (CHCl₃): λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 413(4.79), 484(4.93), 652(3.70), 720(3.60). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₅₅H₄₆N₅]⁺ (M+H):776.3748, Found: 776.3748.

Selected data for **5c**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 300 K): $\delta = -4.93$ (s, 1H, -21-CH), -2.17 (br, 2H, 22, 24-NH), 2.65 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.66 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.67 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 2.73 (s, 3H, -CH₃), 6.91 (tt, ³*J* = 7.2 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.0 Hz 1H, *p*-ArH), 7.21 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.25 (b, 1H, NH), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.59 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.18 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.32 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 8.42 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.45 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.49 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.52 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.58 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, pyrrH), 8.72 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, pyrrH); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DCl₃, 300 K): δ = 21.5, 21.6, 101.8, 118.2, 121.1, 121.7, 124.7, 125.5, 126.5, 126.9, 127.6, 127.7, 127.9, 128.9, 130.1, 132.9, 134.4, 134.6, 135.2, 136.7, 136.9, 137.2, 137.5, 138.1, 138.4, 139.2, 139.3, 139.4, 154.1, 156.8, 158.1. UV-vis (CHCl₃):@ λ_{max} /nm (log ε) = 276 (4.62) 344sh 414 (4.93), 477 (5.07), 553 sh, 652(3.70), 605 sh, 652 (3.96), 718 (3.90). ESI-HRMS calc. for [C₅₄H₄₄N₅]⁺ (M+H⁺): 762.3591, Found: 762.3570.













Figure S4. COSY spectrum of 2a (298K).





Figure S6. HSQC spectrum of 2a (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S7. HMBC spectrum of 2a (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S8. NOESY spectrum of 2a (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S9. NOESY spectrum of 2a (CDCl₃, 248 K).



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of 2b, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S11. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **2b**, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S12. COSY spectrum of 2b (298K).



Figure S13. HSQC spectrum of 2b (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S14. HMBC spectrum of 2b(CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S15. NOESY spectrum of 2b (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum of 2c, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S17. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2c, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S18. COSY spectrum of 2c (298K).



Figure S20. HSQC spectrum of 2c (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S21. HMBC spectrum of 2c(CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S23. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **3a**, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S24. COSY spectrum of 3a (298K).



Figure S25. HSQC spectrum of 3a (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S26. HMBC spectrum of 3a (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S27. NOESY spectrum of 3a (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S29. ¹H NMR spectrum of **3b**, 233 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S29a. Variable temperature ¹H NMR spectrum of **3b** (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂).



Figure S29b. ¹H NMR spectrum (600 MHz, CD₂Cl₂, 173 K) of **3b** with a partial assignment of signals.



Figure S30. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **3b**, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S31. COSY spectrum of 3b (298K).



Figure S32. COSY spectrum of 3b (233K).


Figure S33. HSQC spectrum of **3b** (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S34. HMBC spectrum of 3b (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S35. NOESY spectrum of 3b (CDCl₃, 298 K).



Figure S36. NOESY spectrum of 3b (CDCl₃, 233 K).



Figure S37. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4a, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S38. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4a, 230 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S39. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4a, 298 K, CDCl₃.





Figure S40. COSY spectrum of 4a (298K).









Figure S42. HSQC spectrum of 4a (CDCl₃, 298 K).





Figure S43. HMBC spectrum of 4a (CDCl₃, 298 K).





Figure S44. NOESY spectrum of 4a (CDCl₃, 298 K).





Figure S45. NOESY spectrum of 4a (CDCl₃, 230 K).







Figure S47. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4b, 298 K, CDCl₃.



180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 ppm

Figure S49. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4c, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S50. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4d, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S51. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4d, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S52. COSY spectrum of 4d (CDCl₃, 298 K).





Figure S53. NOESY spectrum of 4d (CDCl₃, 298 K).







Figure S56. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4f, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S57. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4f, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S58. ¹H NMR spectrum of 5b, 298 K, CDCl₃.



Figure S59. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 5b, 298 K, CDCl₃.







Figure S61. COSY spectrum of 5b (CDCl3, 298 K).





Figure S62. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 300 K) of 5c.



Figure S63. $^{\rm 13}{\rm C}$ NMR (126 MHz, 300 K, CDCl_3) for 5c.



Figure S64. COSY spectrum (600 MHz, 300 K $CDCl_3$) of 5c.





Figure S65. HSQC spectrum (300 K CDCl₃) of 5c.





Chemical Formula: $C_{63}H_{59}N_6O_{14}^+$ Exact Mass: 1123.4084





Chemical Formula: $C_{55}H_{43}N_6O_2^+$ Exact Mass: 819.3442



Figure S67. HRMS spectrum of 2b.



Chemical Formula: C₅₆H₄₅N₆O₂⁺ Exact Mass: 833.3599



Figure S68. HRMS spectrum of 2c.



1319.4999

1,324.5343

1420 m/z





Figure S70. HRMS spectrum of 3b.



Chemical Formula: $C_{62}H_{51}N_6O_2^-$ Exact Mass: 911.4079



Figure S71. HRMS spectrum of 4a.



Figure S72. HRMS spectrum of 4b.



Figure S73. HRMS spectrum of 4c.



Chemical Formula: C₇₀H₆₉N₆O₁₄⁺ Exact Mass: 1217.4866



Figure S74. HRMS spectrum of 4d.



Chemical Formula: $C_{70}H_{69}N_6O_{12}^+$ Exact Mass: 1185.4968



Figure S75. HRMS spectrum of 4e.



Chemical Formula: $C_{68}H_{65}N_6O_{12}^+$ Exact Mass: 1157.4655



Figure S76. HRMS spectrum of 4f.


Chemical Formula: $C_{55}H_{46}N_5^+$ Exact Mass: 776.3748



Figure S77. HRMS spectrum of 5b.



Chemical Formula: C₅₄H₄₄N₅⁺ Exact Mass: 762.3591



Figure S78. HRMS spectrum of 5c. Top, experimental; bottom, simulated isotope pattern.



Figure S79. Experimental (black line) and calculated (green line) CD (top) and UV-vis-NIR (bottom) spectra of *P*-**2a** (left column) and *P*- $[2a]^-$ (right column). The gray sticks represent oscillator strengths or rotational strengths of the calculated transitions. The column headings are the DFT-optimized structures of the molecules for which spectra were simulated with definitions of their absolute configurations marked with curved arrows.



Figure S80. Tautomers of 3b.



Figure S81. Correlation of experimental (600 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , 173 K) and GIAO-calculated chemical shifts for the amine tautomer of **3b**.



Figure S82. Correlation of experimental (600 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , 173 K) and GIAO-calculated chemical shifts for the imine tautomer of **3b**.



Figure S83. Correlation of experimental (600 MHz, CD_2Cl_2 , 240 K) and GIAO-calculated chemical shifts for the amine tautomer of **4c**.



Figure S84. Experimental (black line, DCM) and TD DFT simulated (green line) optical spectra of **4c**. The gray sticks represent a histogram consisting of calculated transitions with oscillator strengths multiplied by 10^5 for scaling.



Figure S85. UV-vis-NIR absorption spectra (CHCl₃, 298 K) of 21-arylazo-NCP derivatives 2a-c.



Figure S86. UV-vis-NIR absorption spectra (CHCl₃, 298 K) of 3-arylamino-21-quinoneimino-NCP derivatives **3a-b**.



Figure S87. UV-vis-NIR absorption spectra (CHCl₃, 298 K) of 3,21-bis(arylamine)NCP derivatives 4a-f.

Structure	Code ^[a]	SCF E ^[b]	ZPV ^[c]	lowest freq. ^[d]	G ^[e]	номо	LUMO	HLG
		a.u.	a.u.	cm ⁻¹	a.u.	eV	eV	eV
2a	PJC_2a	-3817.16252546	1.110974	6.70	-3816.051551	-5.24	-3.06	2.18
[2a] ⁻	PJC_2a_neg	-3816.65615019	1.097942	9.27	-3815.558208	-4.61	-2.43	2.18
3b amine	PJC_3b_a	-3290.52006418	1.064930	9.53	-3289.455135	-4.72	-2.91	1.81
3b imine	PJC_3b_i	-3290.51346583	1.064070	7.69	-3289.449396	-4.74	-3.03	1.71
4c a/a ^[f]	PJC_4c_a_a	-2643.91054305	0.922494	11.67	-2642.988049	-4.59	-2.52	2.07
4c i/a ^[f]	PJC_4c_i_a	-2643.89123836	0.922388	11.15	-2642.968850	-4.18	-2.48	1.70
4c a/i ^[f]	PJC_4c_a_i	-2643.90758534	0.922029	11.04	-2642.985556	-4.60	-2.42	2.18
4c i/i ^[f]	PJC_4c_i_i	-2643.88970233	0.921707	11.26	-2642.967996	-4.33	-2.51	1.82

Table S2. Computational details for structures discussed in the paper. Optimizations were performed at the PCM(CH₂Cl₂)/B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level of theory.

[a] Optimized geometry available as <code>.pdb file. [b] Electronic energy. [c] Zero-point vibrational energy. [d] Lowest vibrational frequency. [e] Gibbs free energy. [f] Tautomers: a/a, 3,21-amine; i/a, 3-imine-21-amine; a/i, 3-amine-21-imine; i/i, 3,21-imine.



0 kcal/mol

-2643.90758534 +1.85 kcal/mol

-2643.89123836 +12.11 kcal/mol

+13.08 kcal/mol

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