

## Supporting Information

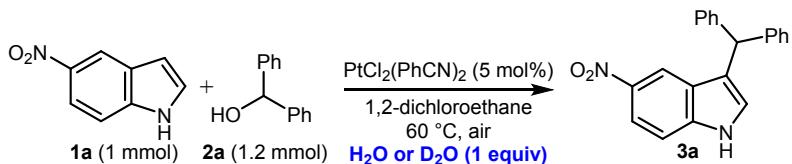
### Platinum(II)-catalyzed dehydrative C3-benzylation of electron-deficient indoles with benzyl alcohols

Hidemasa Hikawa\*, Yuuki Matsuura, Shoko Kikkawa, and Isao Azumaya\*

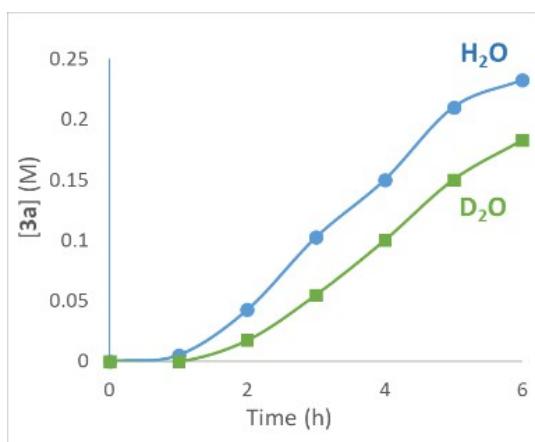
*Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Toho University, Funabashi, Chiba 274-8510, Japan  
hidemasa.hikawa@phar.toho-u.ac.jp and isao.azumaya@phar.toho-u.ac.jp*

<b>1. Table of contents</b>	<b>S1</b>
<b>2. Kinetic solvent isotope effect (KSIE) (Scheme S1 and Figure S1-2).</b>	<b>S2</b>
<b>3. Hammett study (Scheme S2).</b>	<b>S3</b>
<b>4. Control experiments (Scheme S3).</b>	<b>S4</b>
<b>5. Scale-up experiment (Scheme S4).</b>	<b>S5</b>
<b>6. Copies of <math>^1\text{H}</math> and <math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR spectra of all compounds</b>	<b>S6-S27</b>

**Scheme S1.** Rates on the dehydrative coupling with stoichiometric amounts of water.

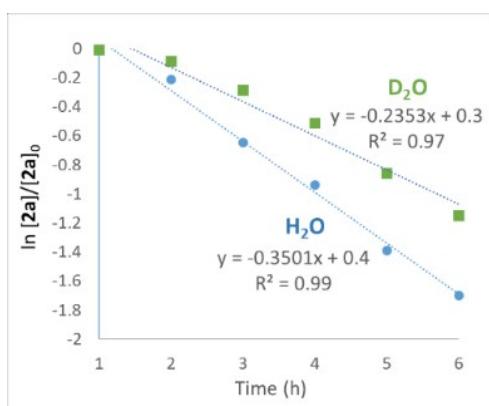


A mixture of 5-nitroindole **1a** (165 mg, 1 mmol),  $\text{PtCl}_2(\text{PhCN})_2$  (23 mg, 0.05 mmol), benzhydrole **2a** (221 mg, 1.2 mmol), and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  or  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  (1 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (4 mL) was heated at 60 °C under air. After the reaction mixture was cooled, 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (168 mg, 1 mmol, internal standard) was added to the reaction mixture, which was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was analyzed by  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  spectroscopy.



Time (h)	[3a] (M)	
	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{D}_2\text{O}$
0	0	0
1	0.005	0
2	0.0425	0.0175
3	0.1025	0.055
4	0.15	0.1
5	0.21	0.15
6	0.2325	0.1825

**Figure S1.** Comparison of reaction rates in the presence of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .

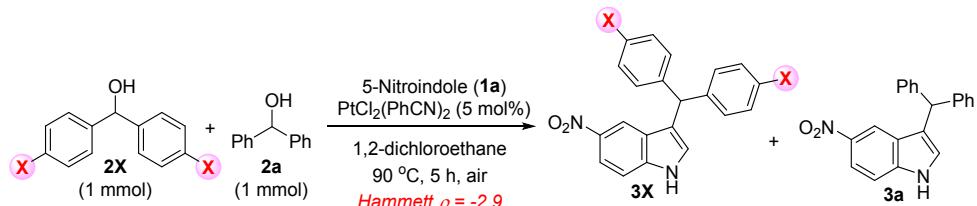


Time (h)	$\ln [\text{2a}]/[\text{2a}]_0$		$[\text{2a}]/[\text{2a}]_0$	
	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{D}_2\text{O}$	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{D}_2\text{O}$
1	-0.00837	-0.00837	0.991667	0.99167
2	-0.21278	-0.08701	0.808333	0.91667
3	-0.64436	-0.2877	0.525	0.75
4	-0.93735	-0.51083	0.391666	0.6
5	-1.38629	-0.85567	0.25	0.425
6	-1.69647	-1.1499	0.18333	0.31667

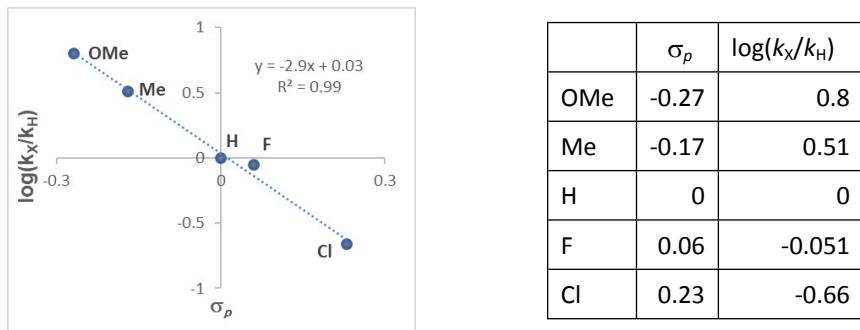
**Figure S2.** Isotope effect measured for the reactions.

$$\text{KSIE} (k_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}/k_{\text{D}_2\text{O}}) = 0.3501/0.2353 = 1.5$$

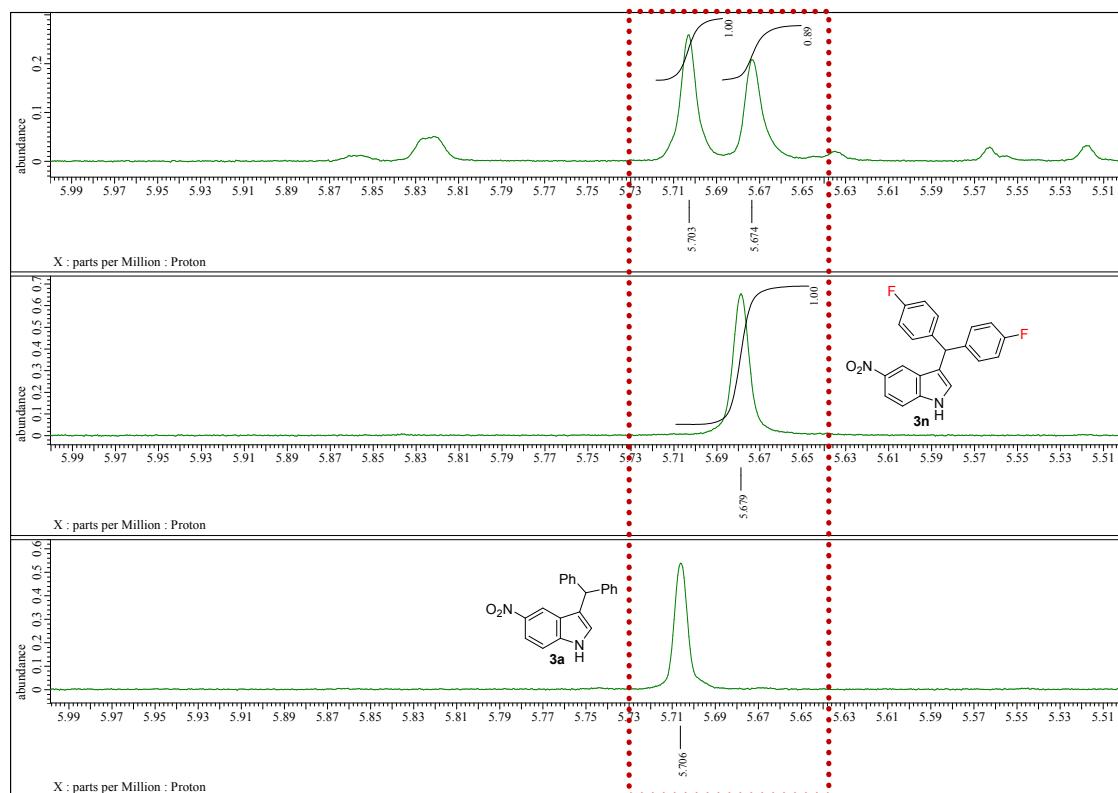
**Scheme S2.** Hammett study [see: (a) Wang, D. *et al. Org. Chem. Front.* **2019**, *6*, 62-69. (b) Echavarren, A. M. *et al. ACS Catal.* **2018**, *8*, 2166-2172. (c) M. Szostak, *J. Org. Chem.* **2017**, *82*, 6528-6540. (d) Q. Song, *Org. Lett.* **2016**, *18*, 4088-4091.]



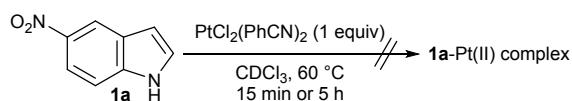
A mixture of benzhydryl alcohol **2X** (1 mmol), benzhydrol (**2a**) (186 mg, 1 mmol), 5-nitroindole (**1a**) (165 mg, 1 mmol),  $\text{PtCl}_2(\text{PhCN})_2$  (23.6 mg, 0.05 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (4 mL) was heated at 90 °C for 5 h in a sealed tube under air. After cooling, the reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was analyzed by  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectroscopy.



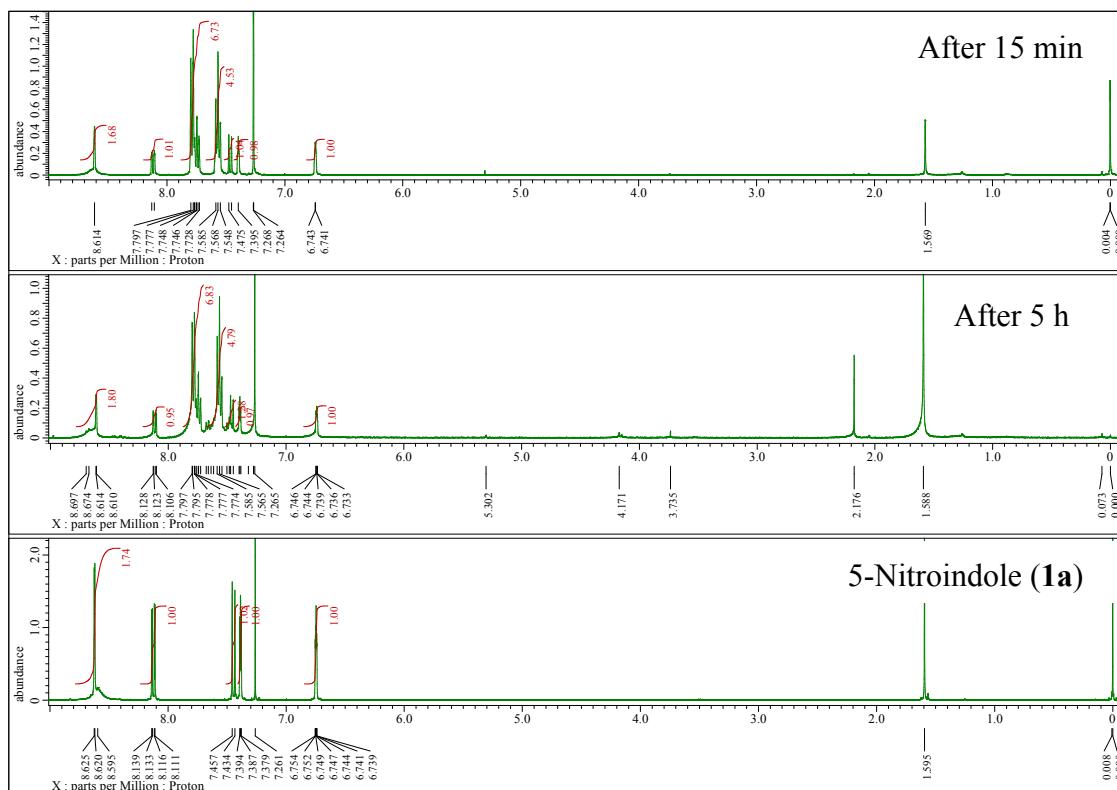
$$\log(\text{conversion X}/\text{conversion H}) = \log (0.89/1) = -0.051$$



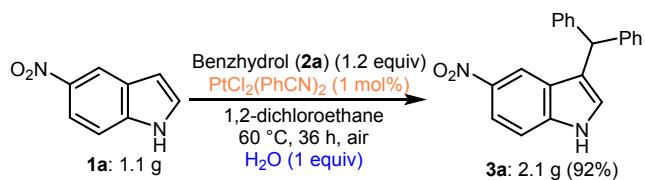
**Scheme S3:** a  $^1\text{H}$  NMR study



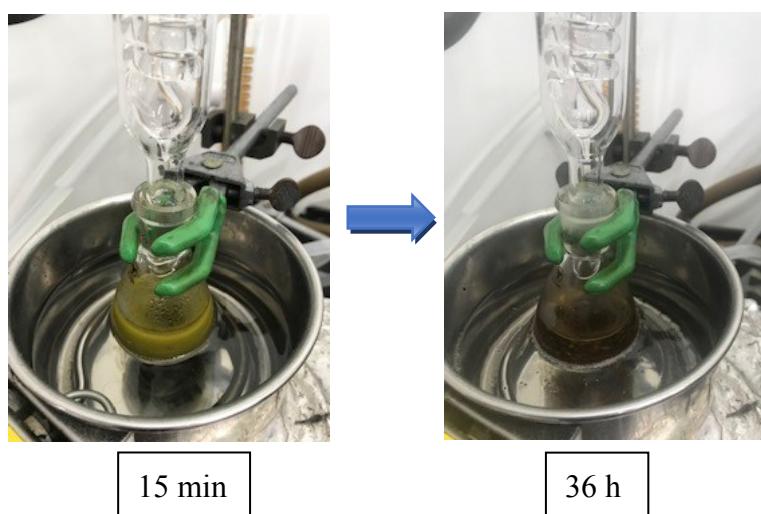
A mixture of 5-nitroindole **1a** (8.4 mg, 0.05 mmol), bis(benzonitrile)dichloroplatinum(II) (13.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (4 mL) was heated at 60 °C under air. After cooling, the reaction mixture was analyzed by  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectroscopy.



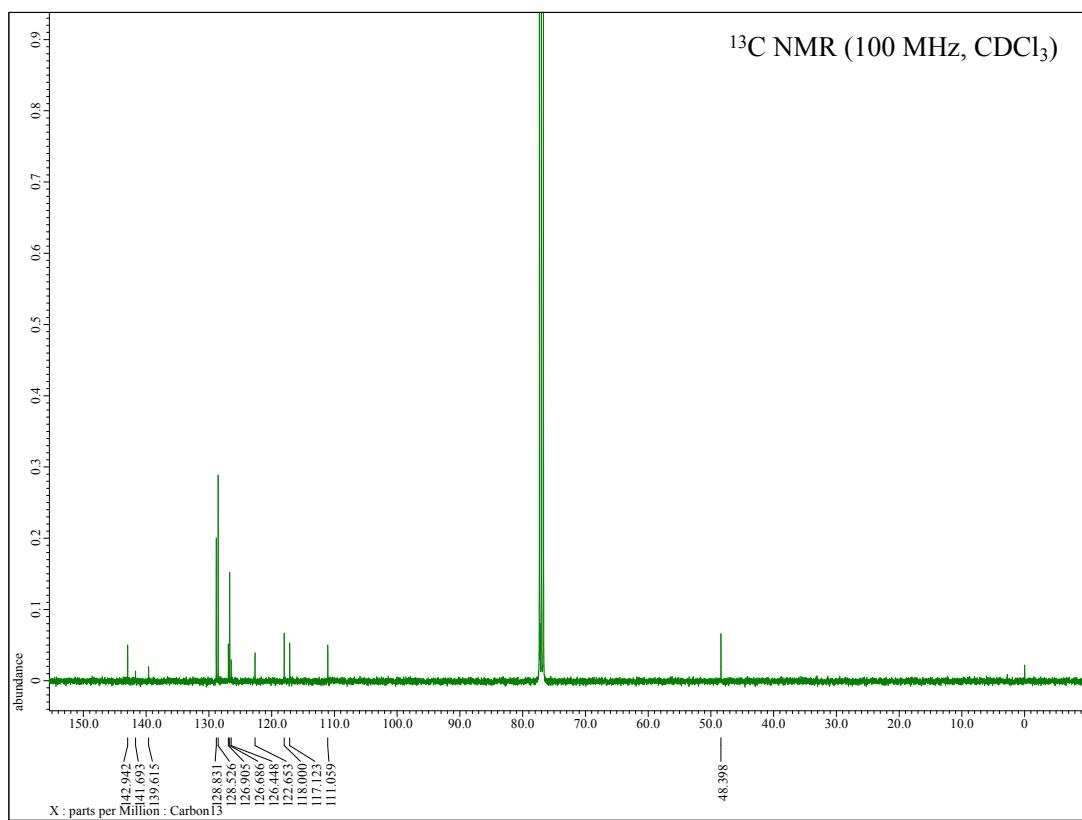
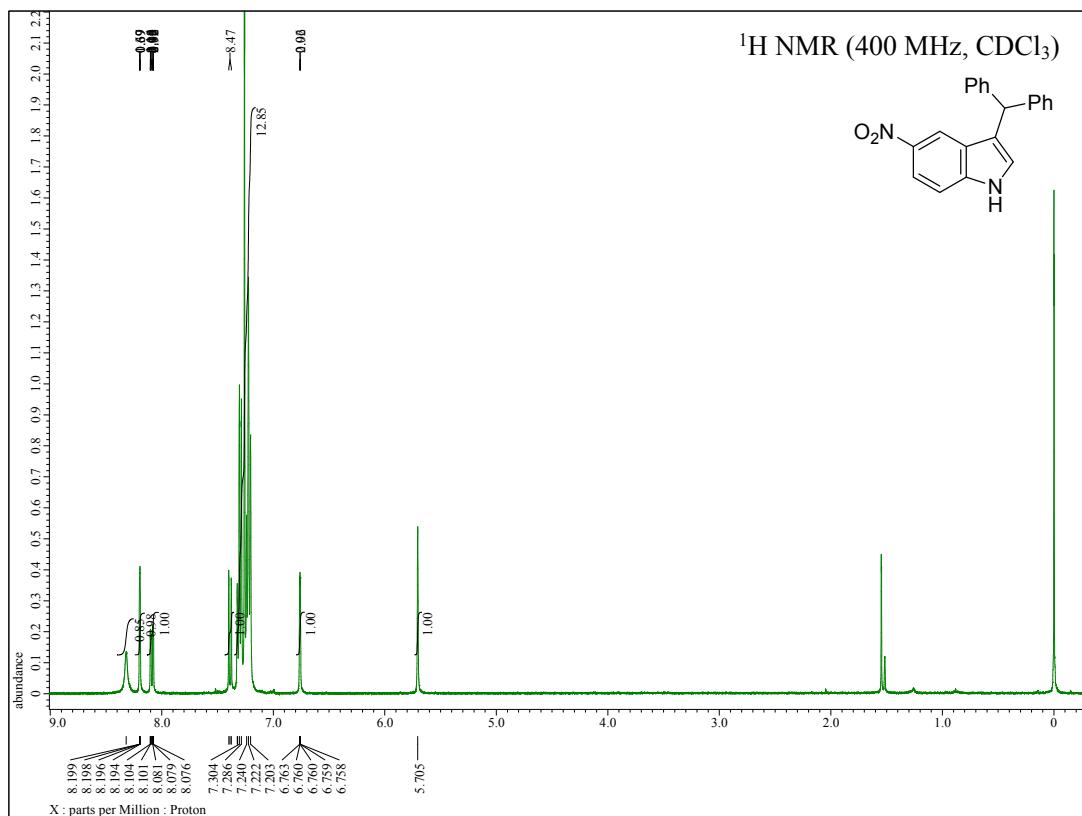
**Scheme S4.** Scale-up experiment.



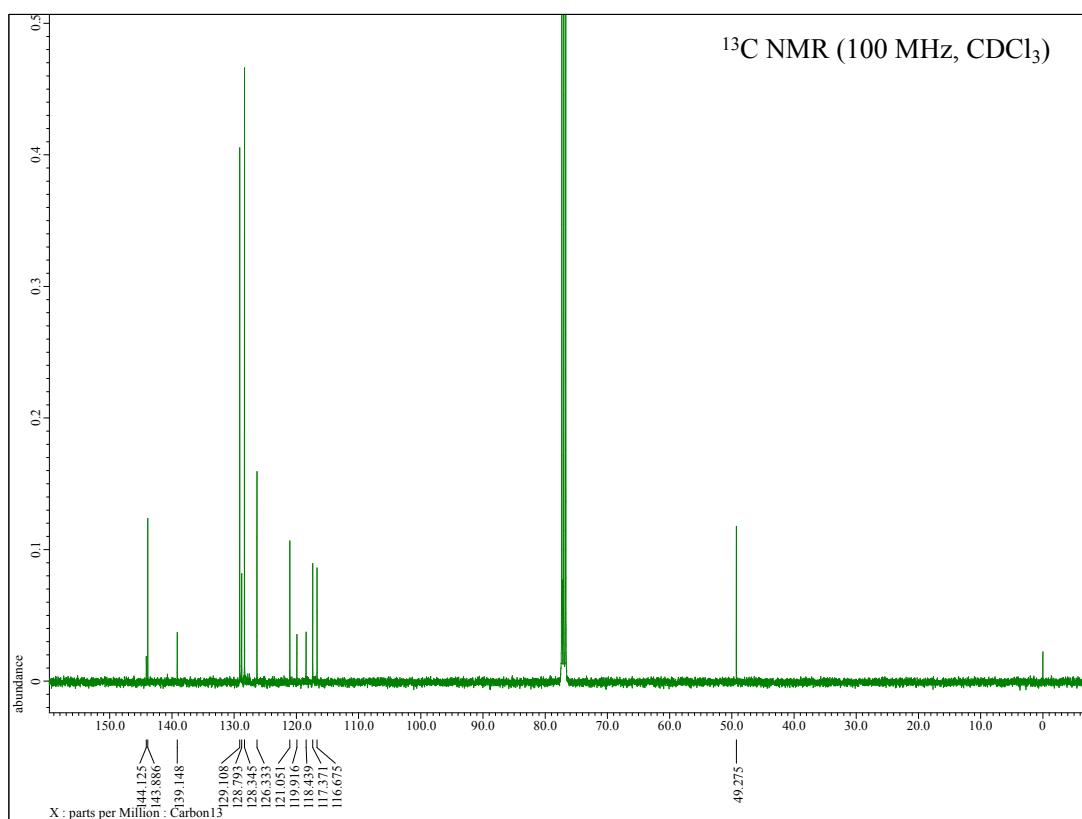
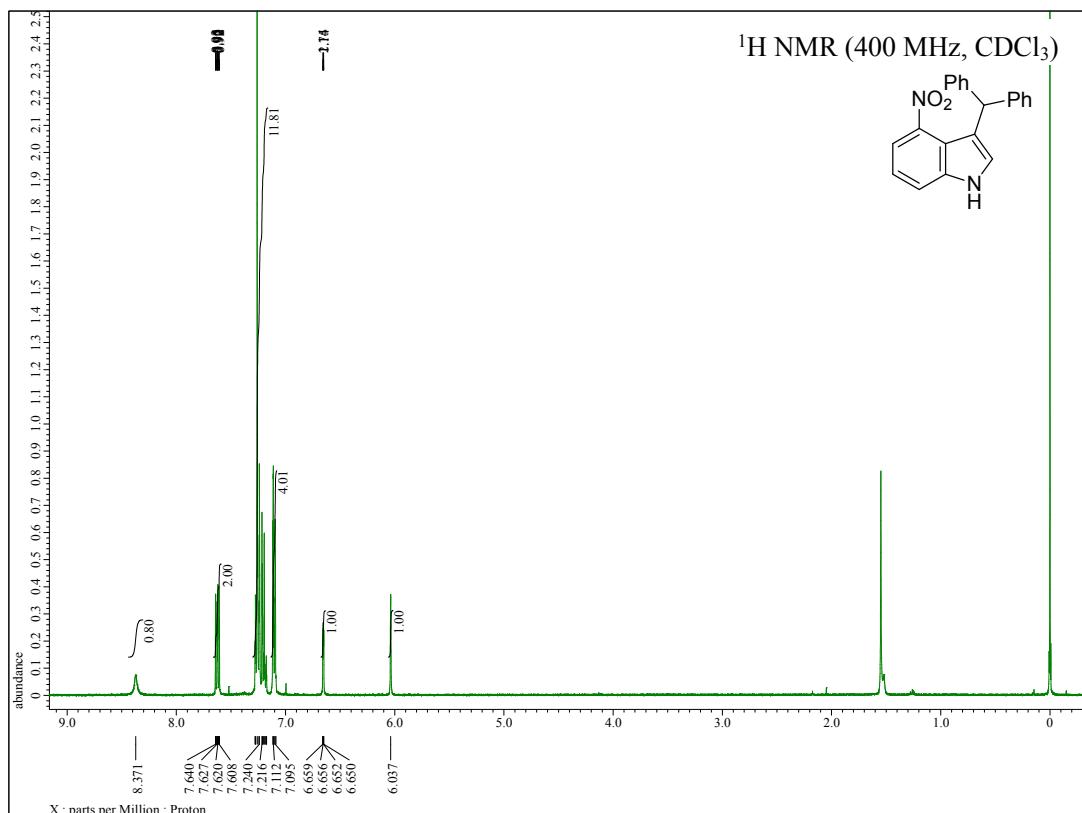
A mixture of 5-nitroindole **1a** (1.14 g, 7 mmol), bis(benzonitrile)dichloroplatinum(II) (33 mg, 0.07 mmol), benzhydrol **2a** (1.55 g, 8.4 mmol) and water (126 mg, 7 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (28 mL) was heated at 60 °C for 36 h under air. After cooling, *n*-hexane was added to the reaction mixture. The precipitate was filtered to give desired product **3a** as yellow solid (2.12 g, 92%).



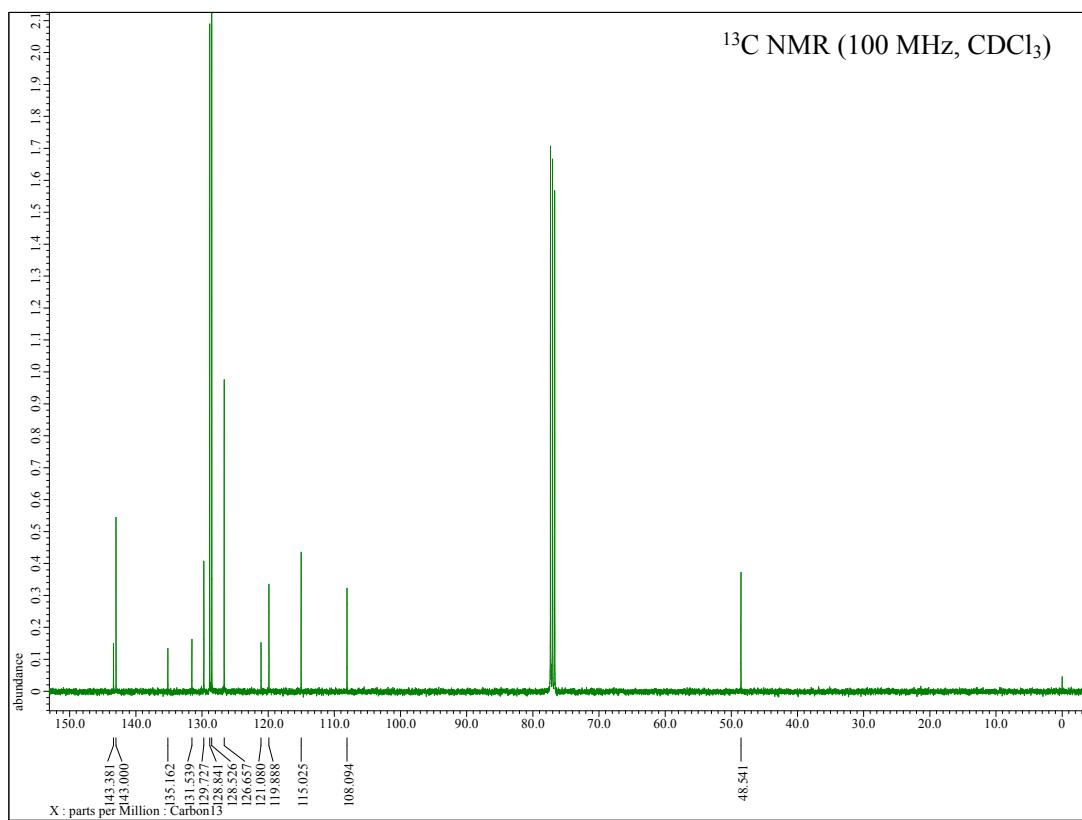
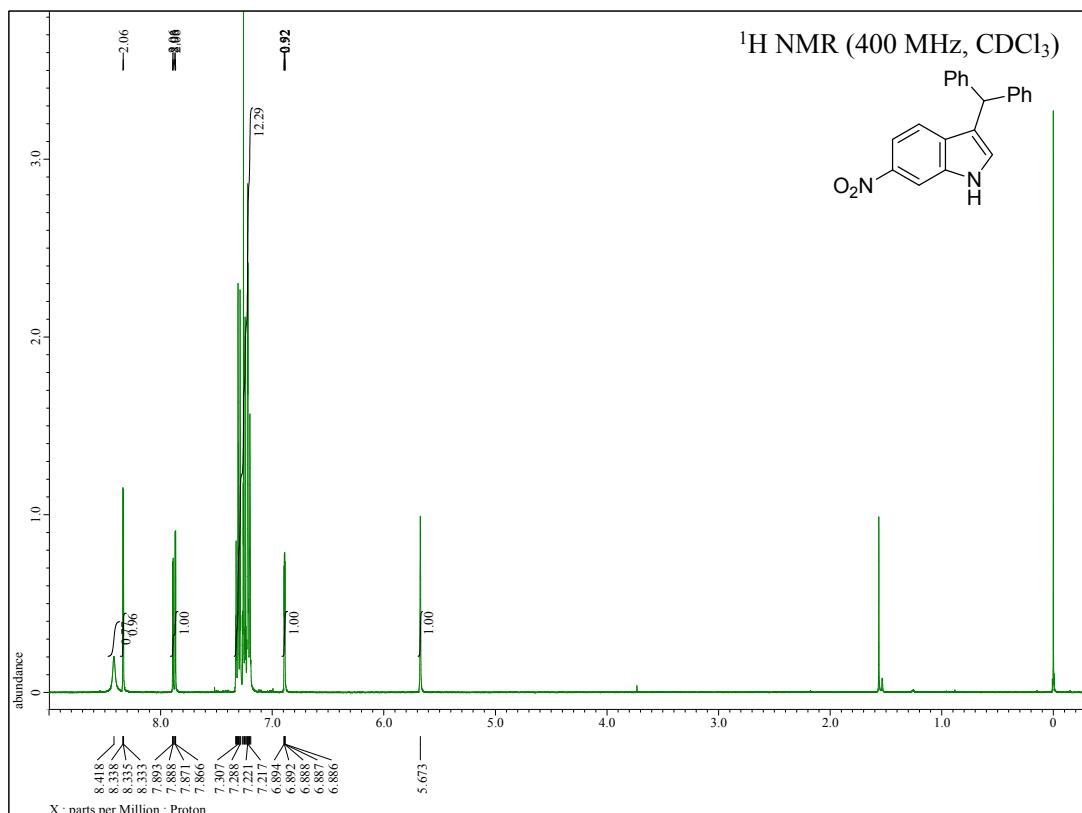
**3-Benzhydryl-5-nitro-1*H*-indole 3a**



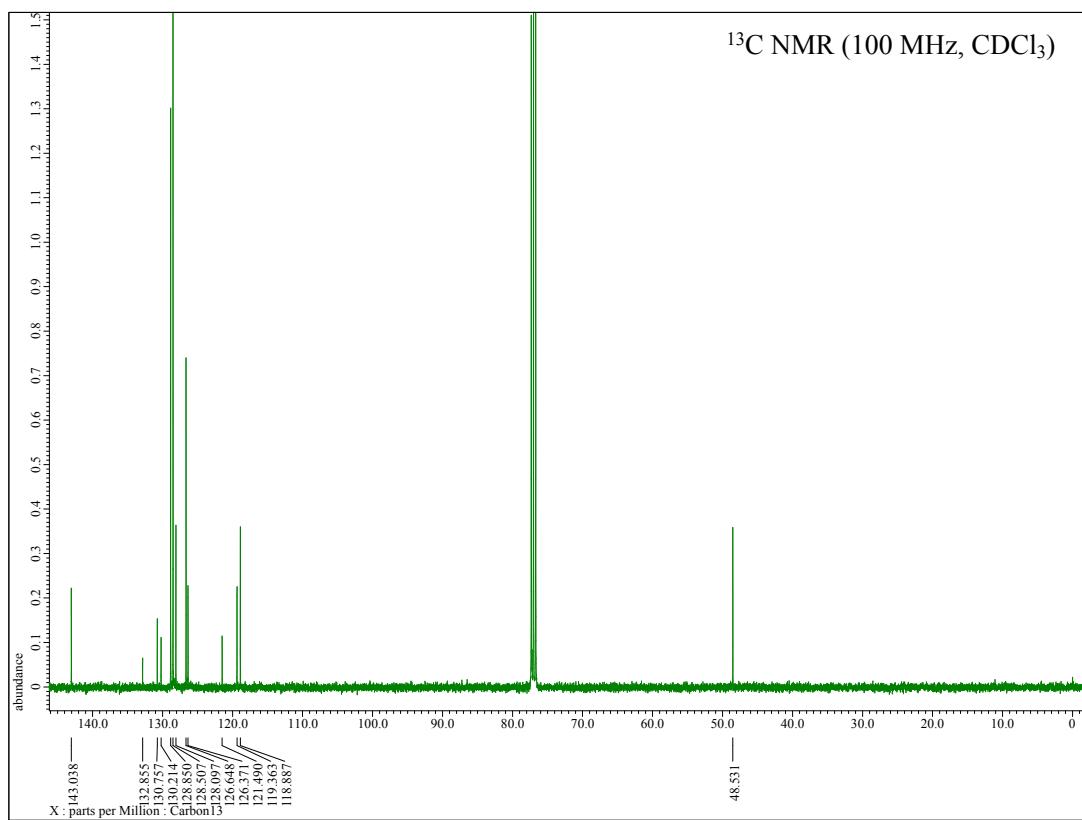
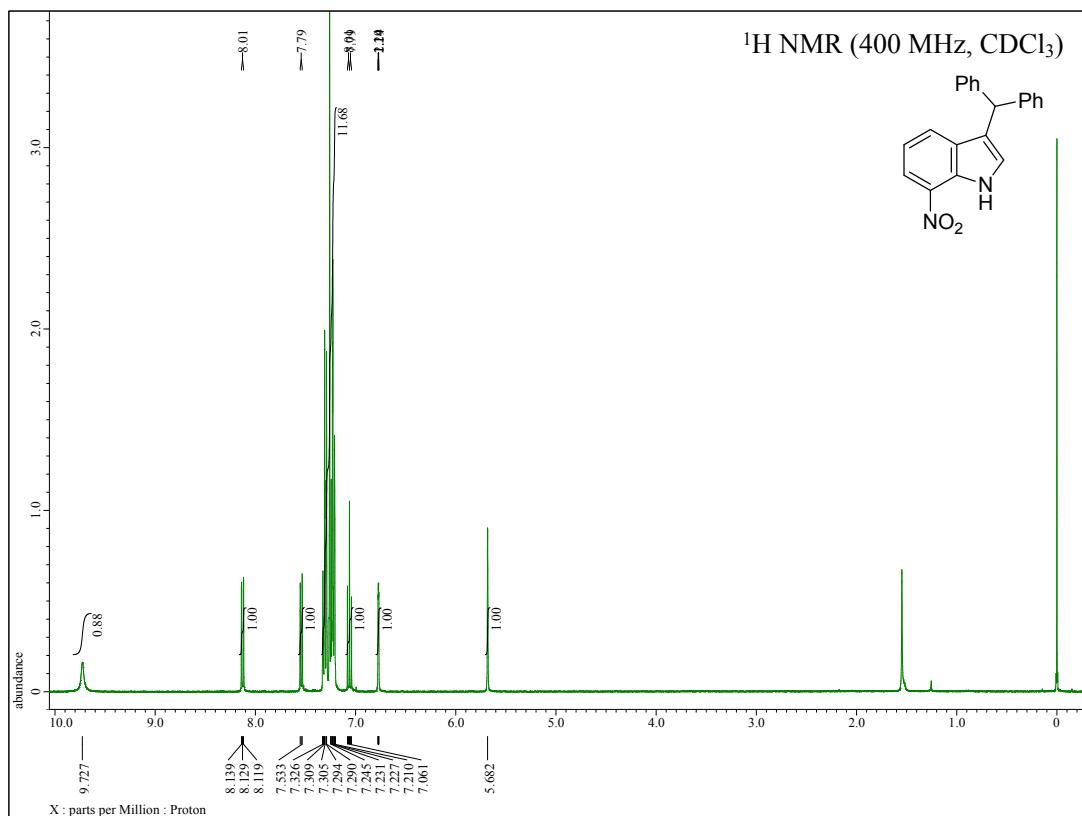
**3-Benzhydryl-4-nitro-1*H*-indole **3b****



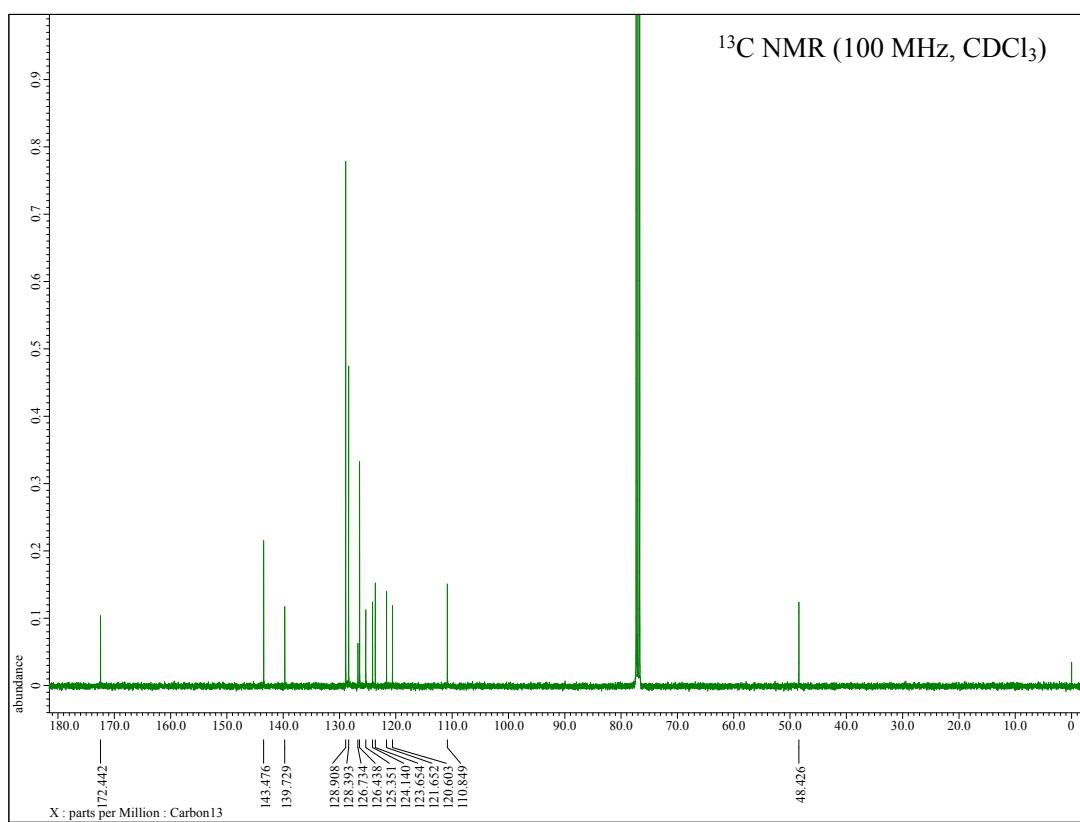
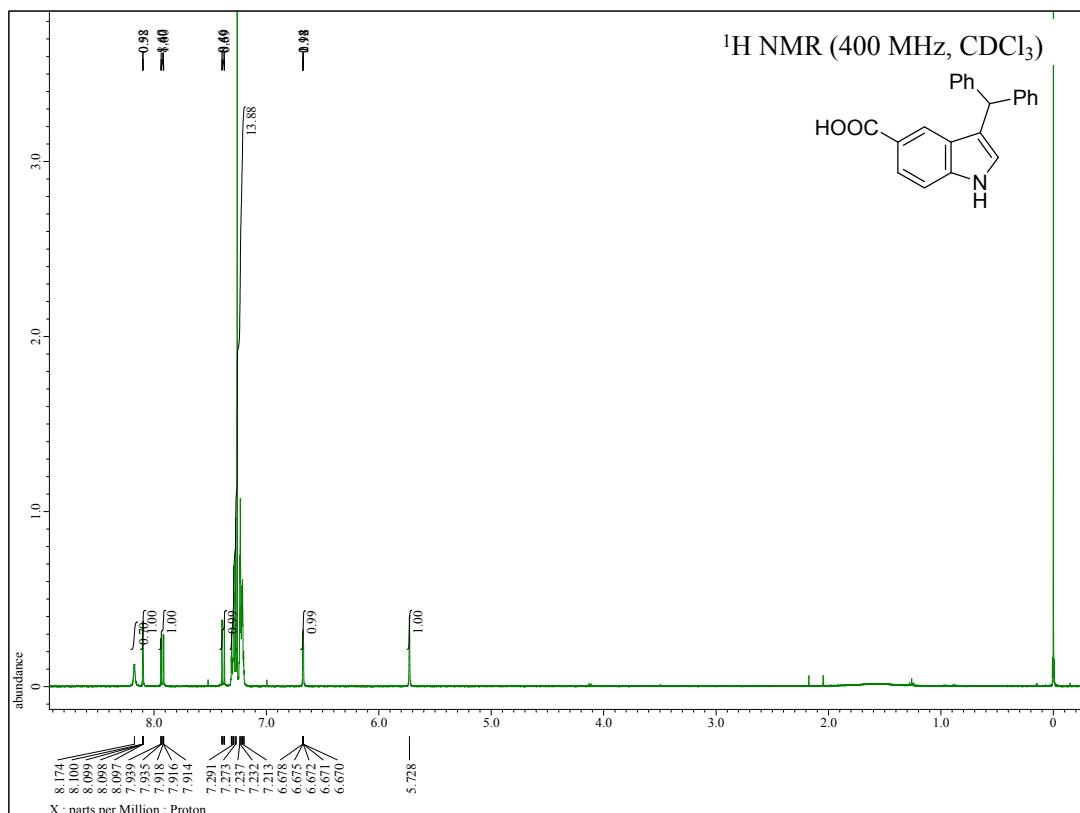
3-Benzhydryl-6-nitro-1*H*-indole **3c**



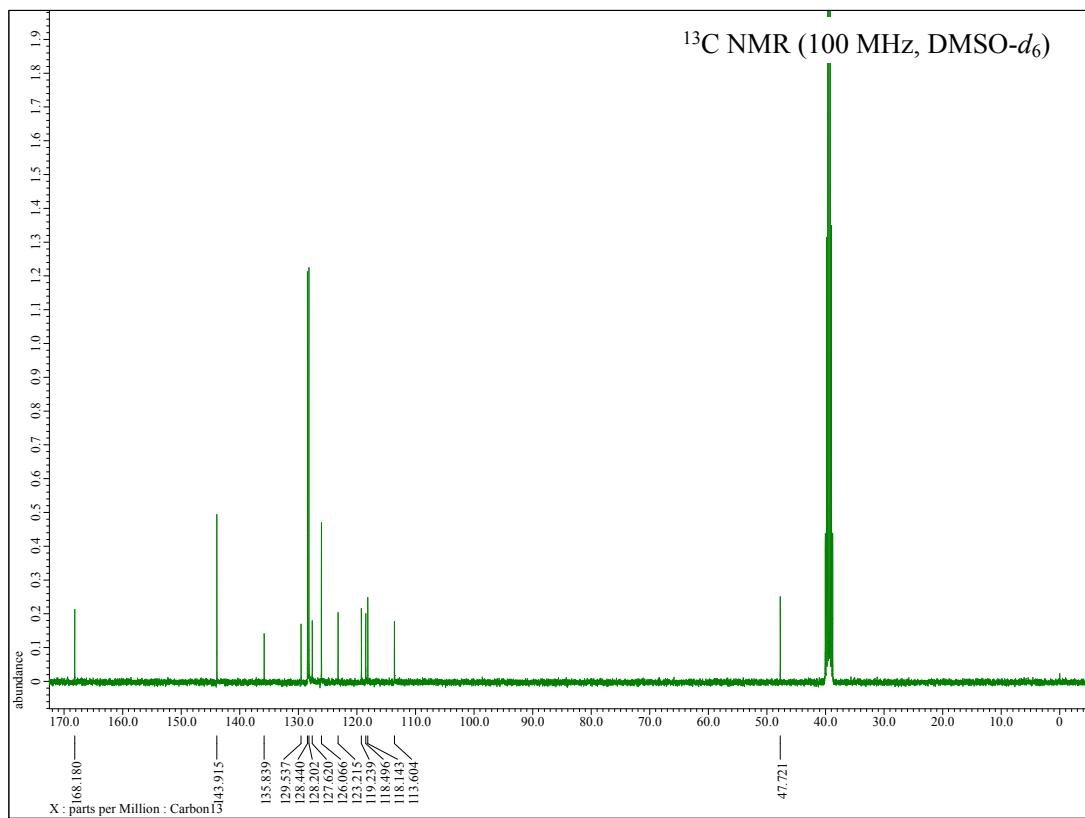
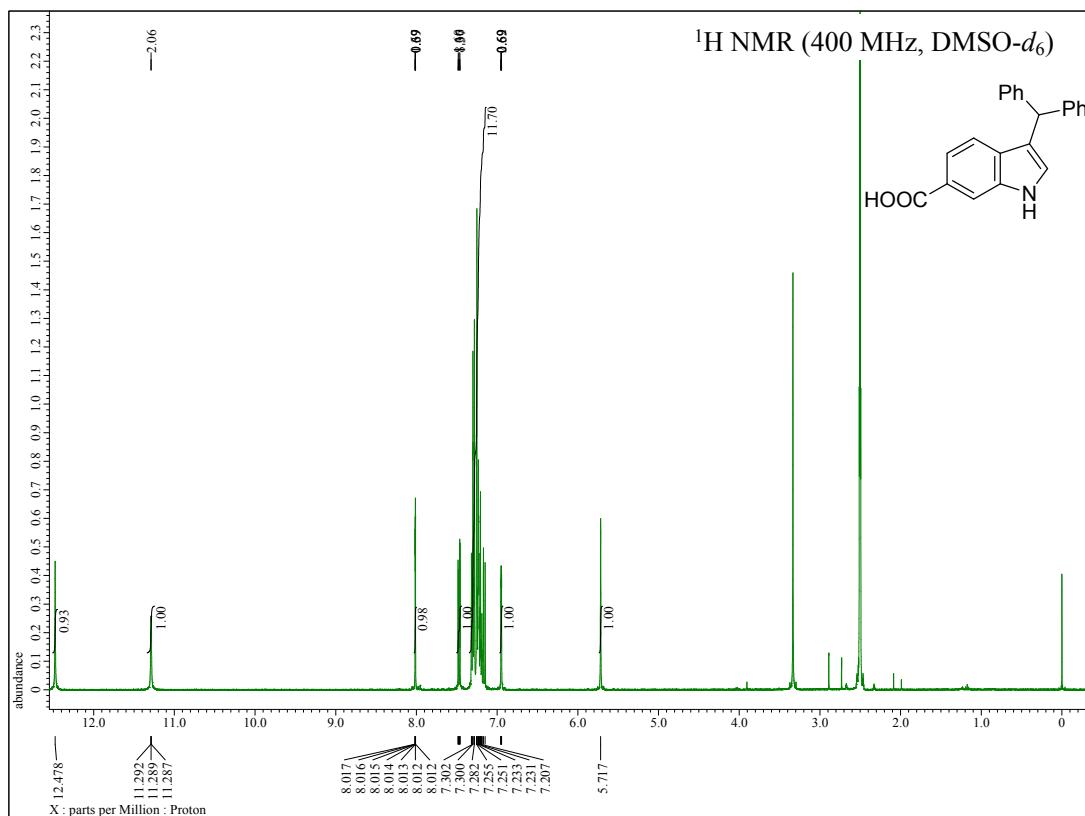
**3-Benzhydryl-7-nitro-1*H*-indole **3d****



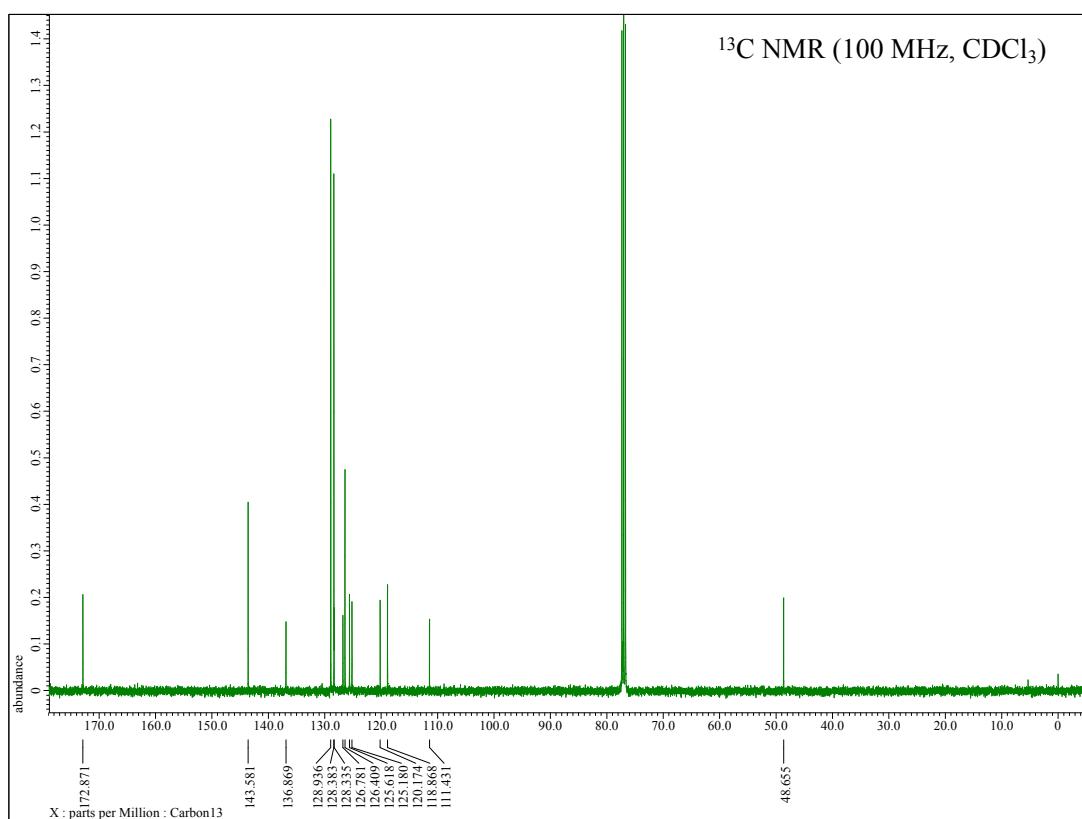
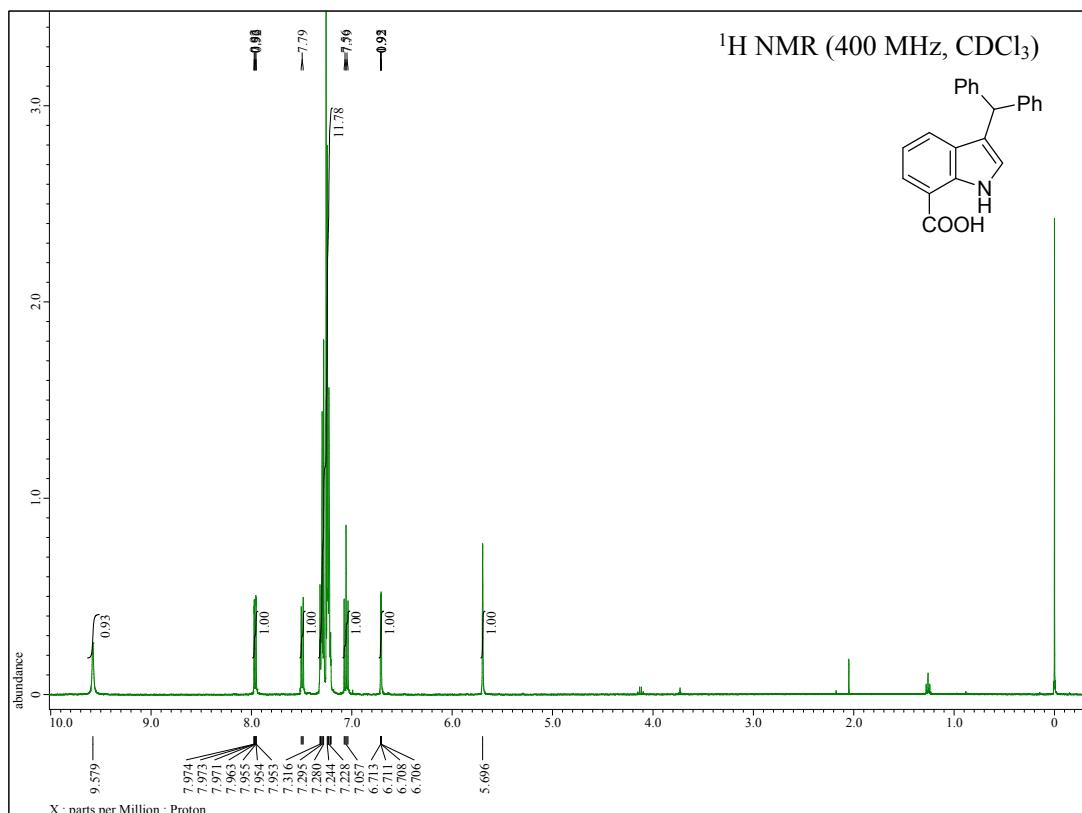
3-Benzhydryl-1*H*-indole-5-carboxylic acid **3e**



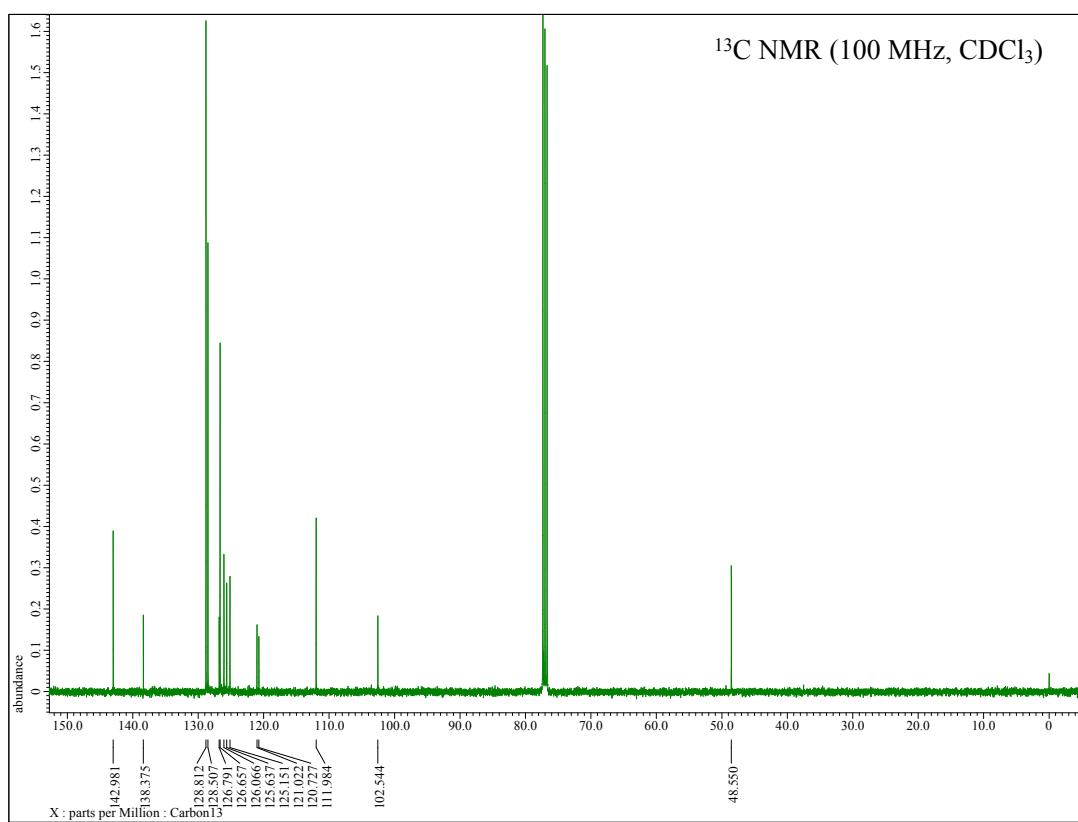
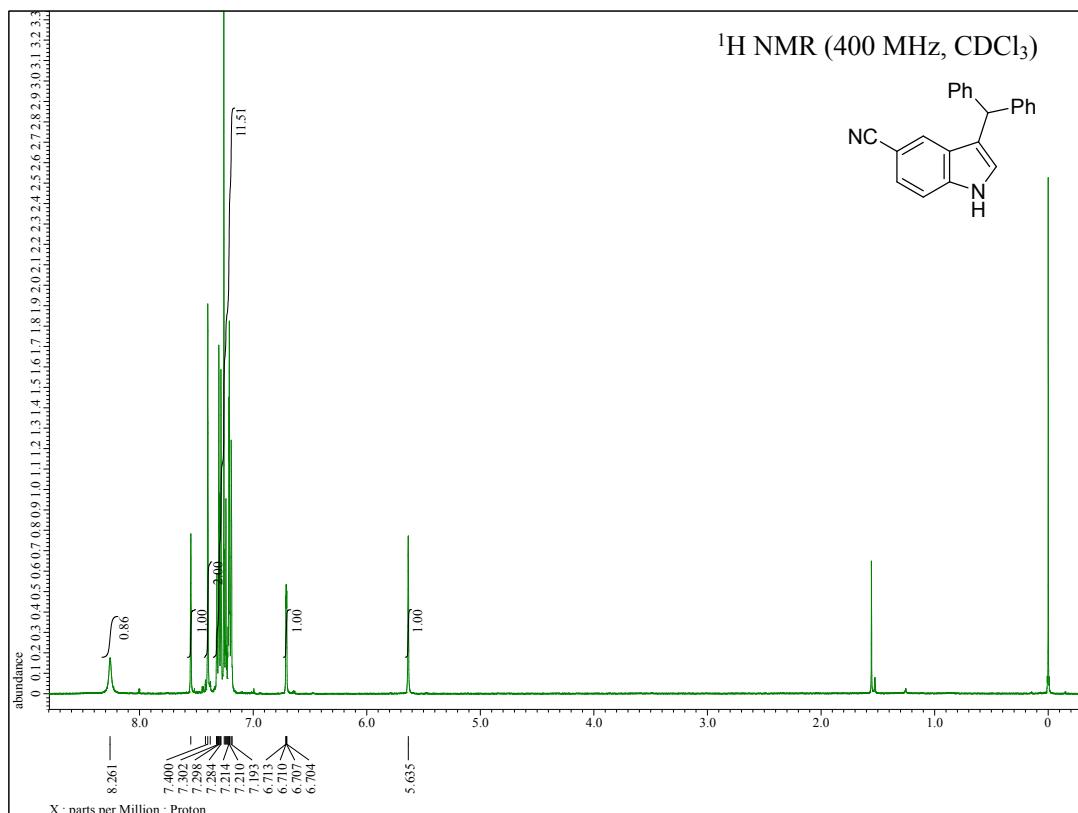
**3-Benzhydryl-1*H*-indole-6-carboxylic acid **3f****



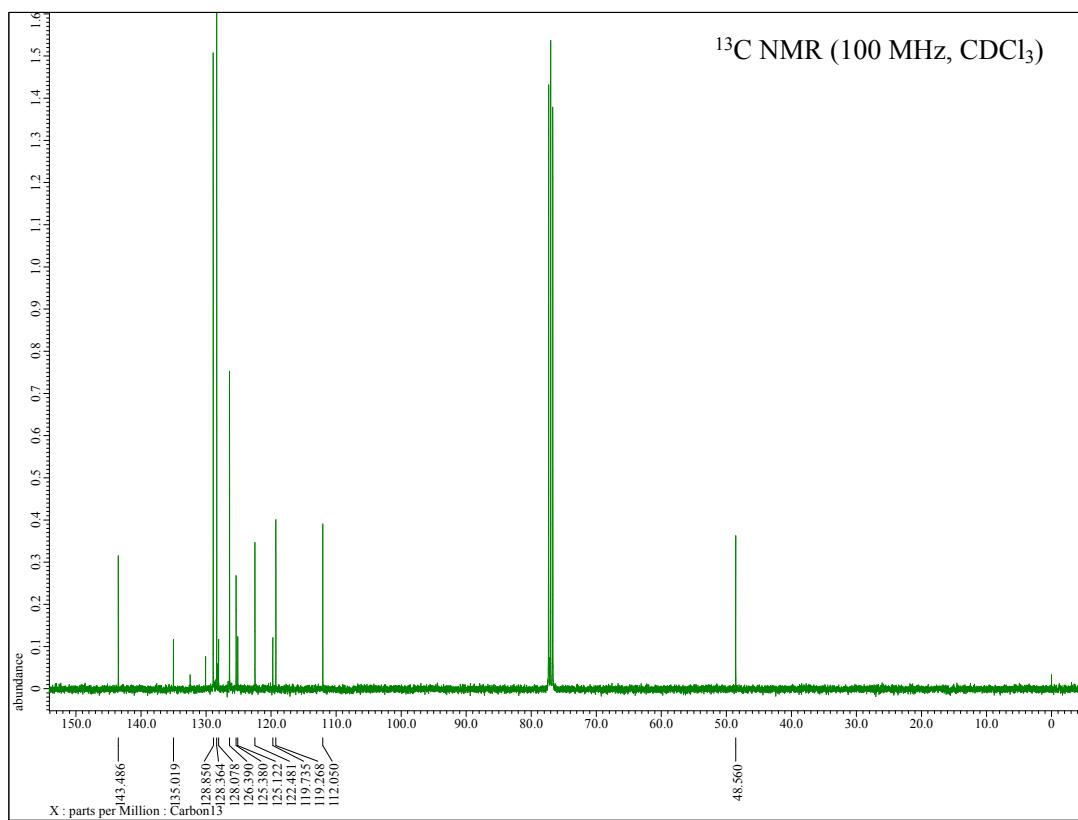
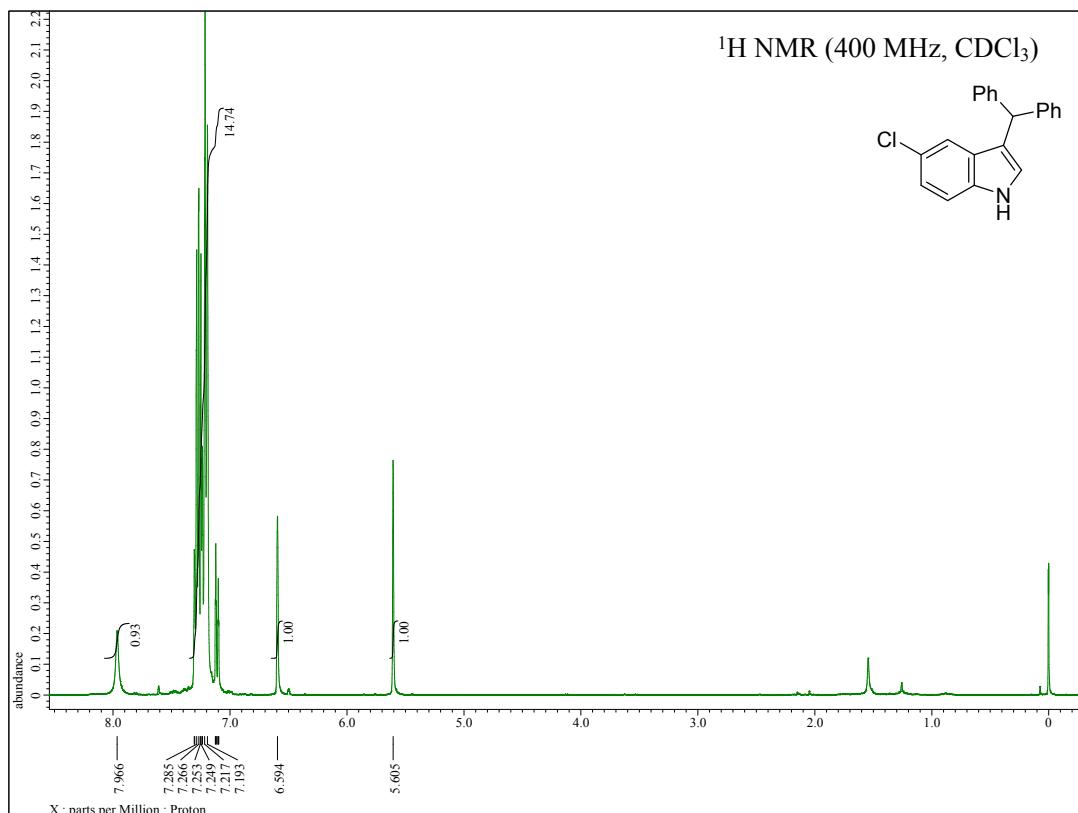
3-Benzhydryl-1*H*-indole-7-carboxylic acid **3g**



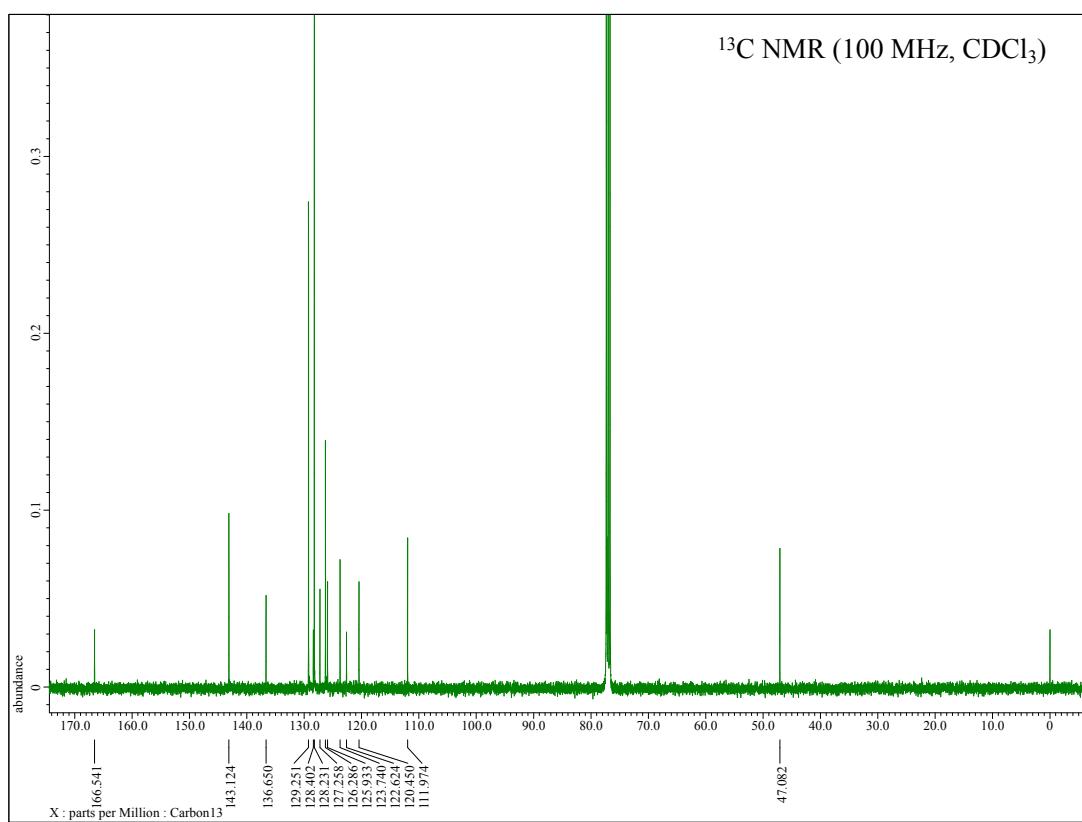
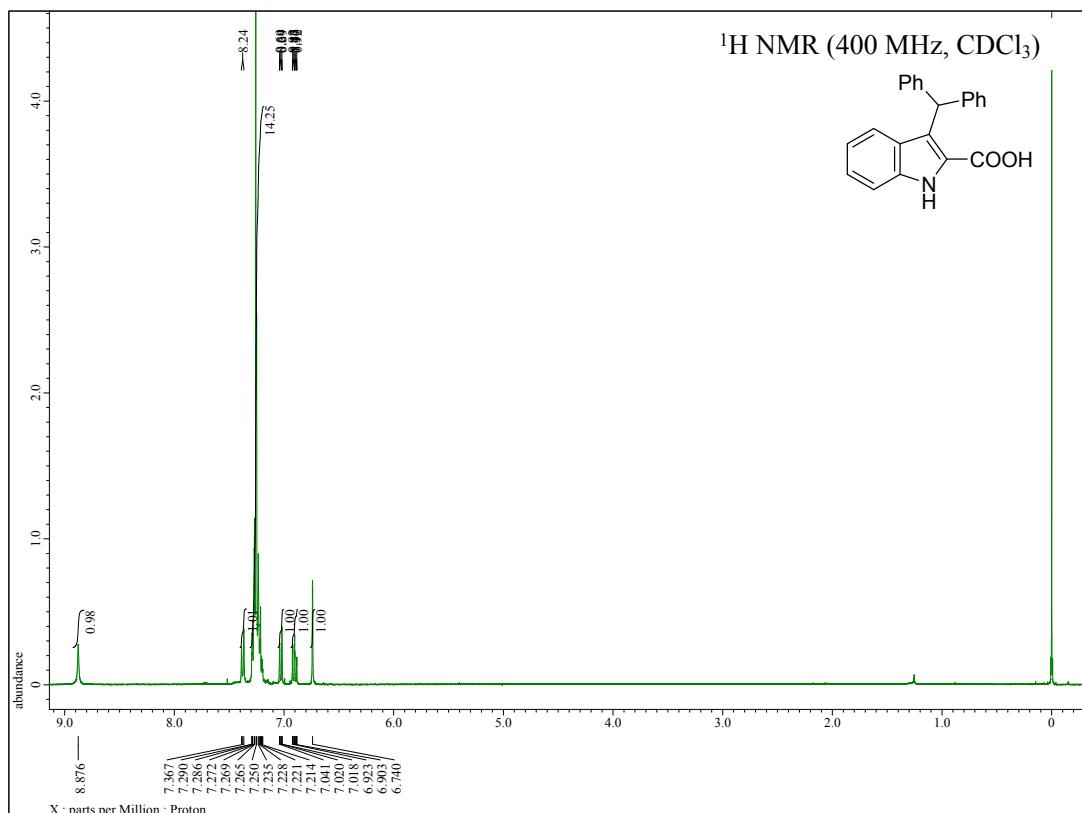
**3-Benzhydryl-1*H*-indole-5-carbonitrile **3h****



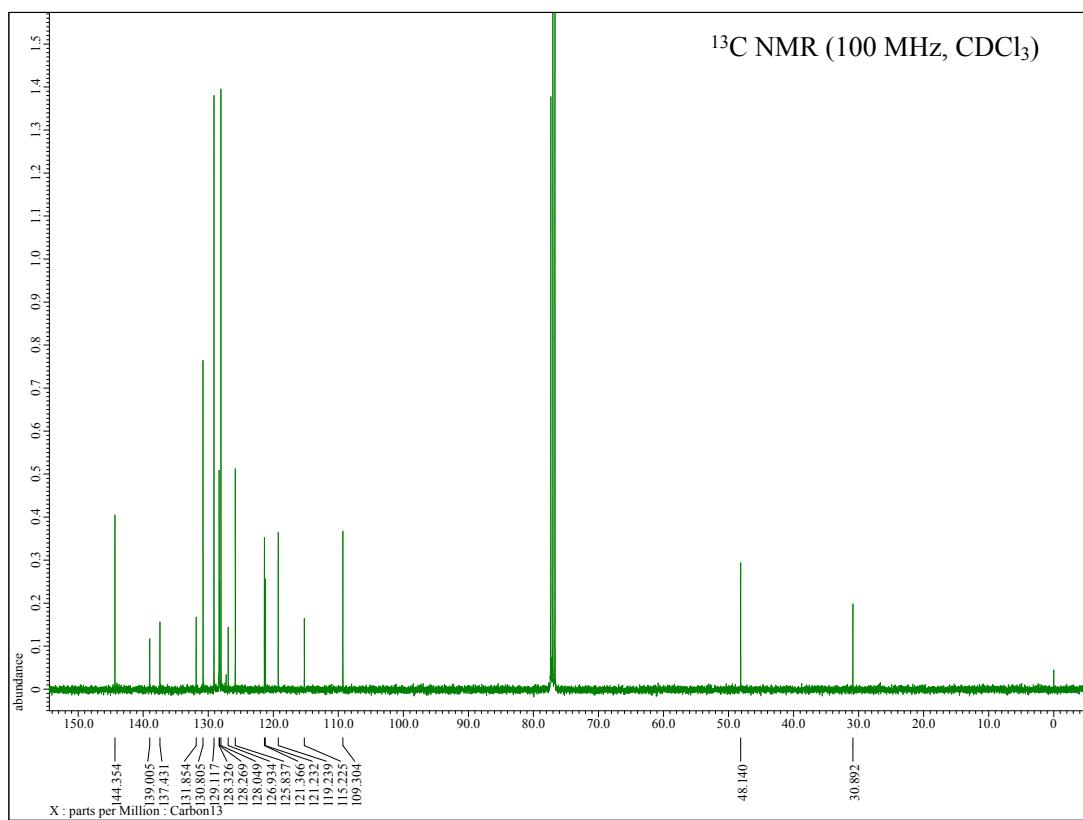
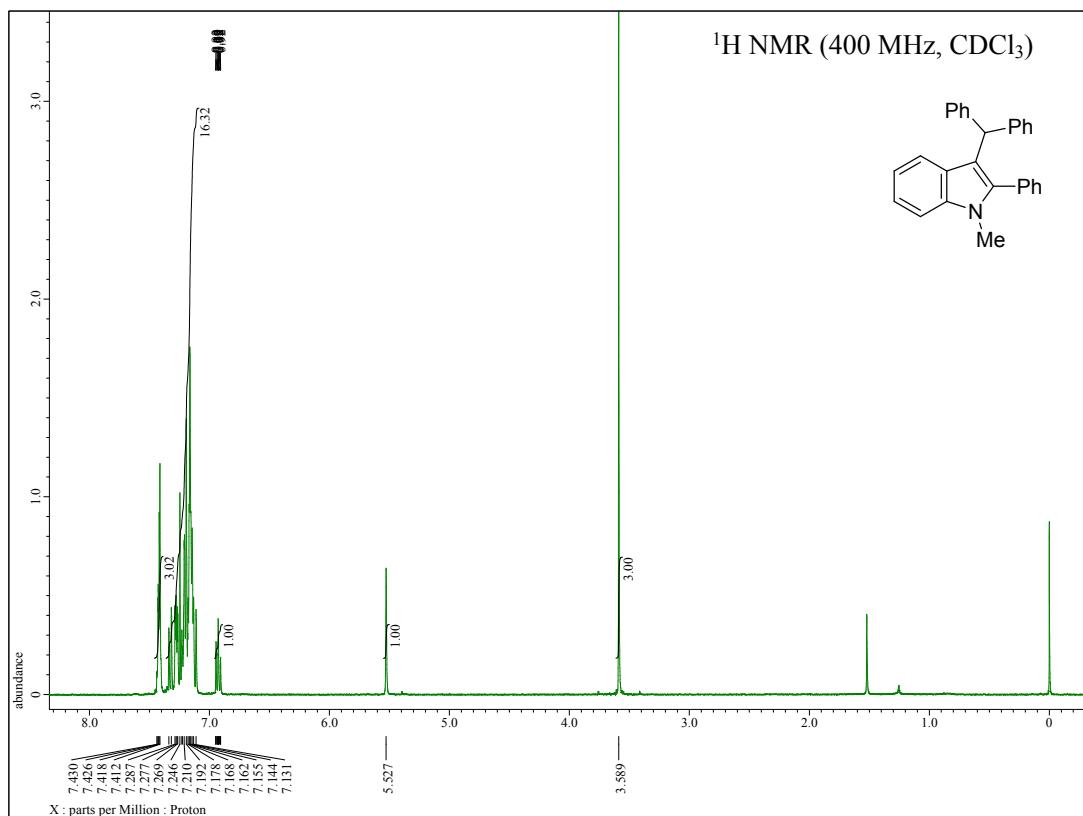
3-Benzhydryl-5-chloro-1*H*-indole **3i**



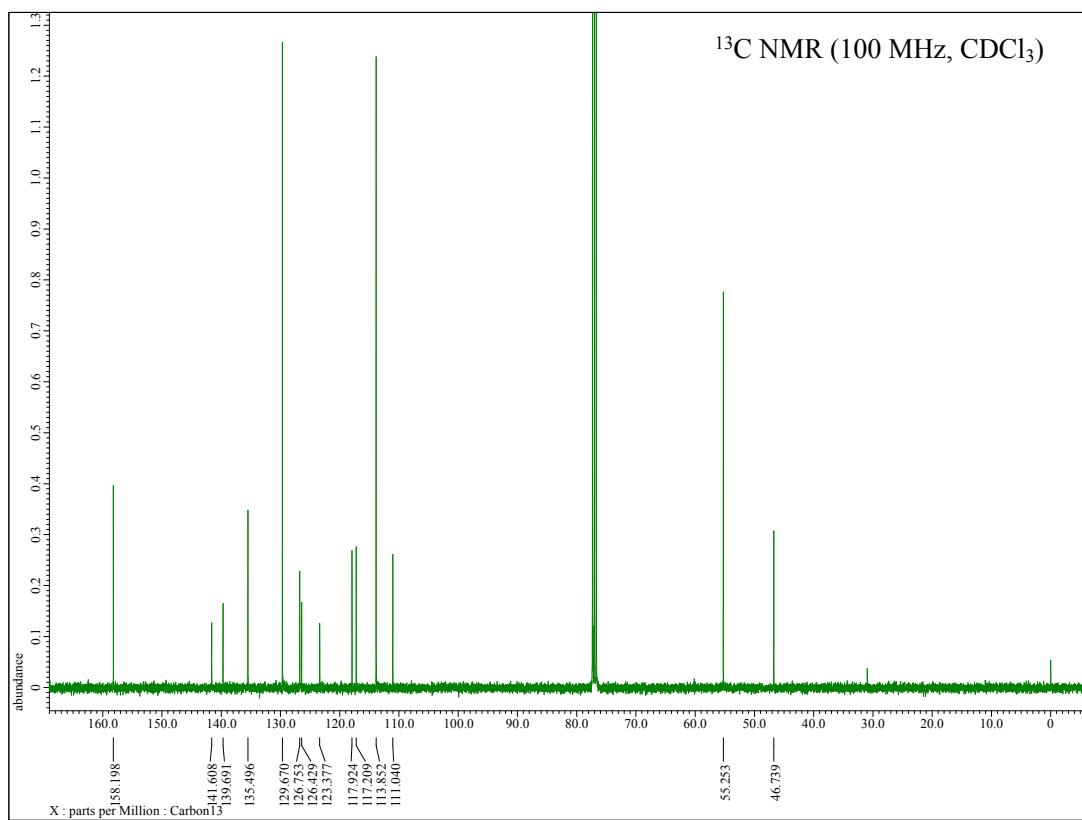
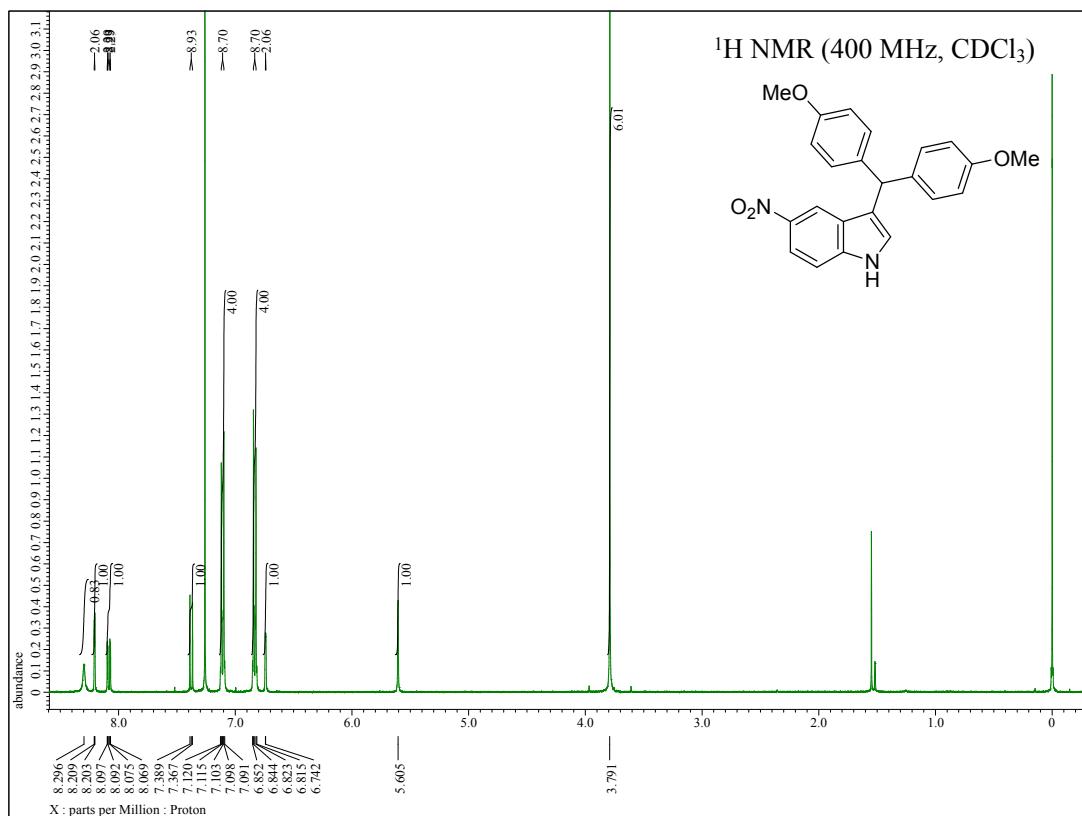
3-Benzhydryl-1*H*-indole-2-carboxylic acid **3j**



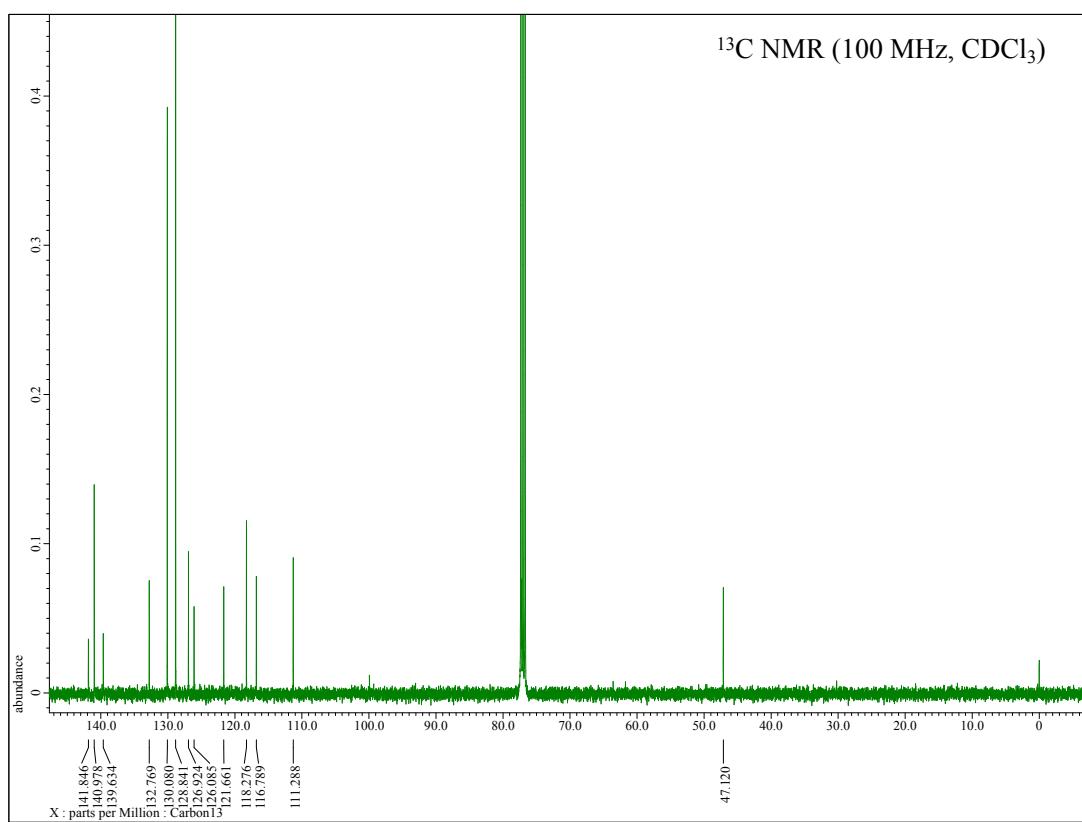
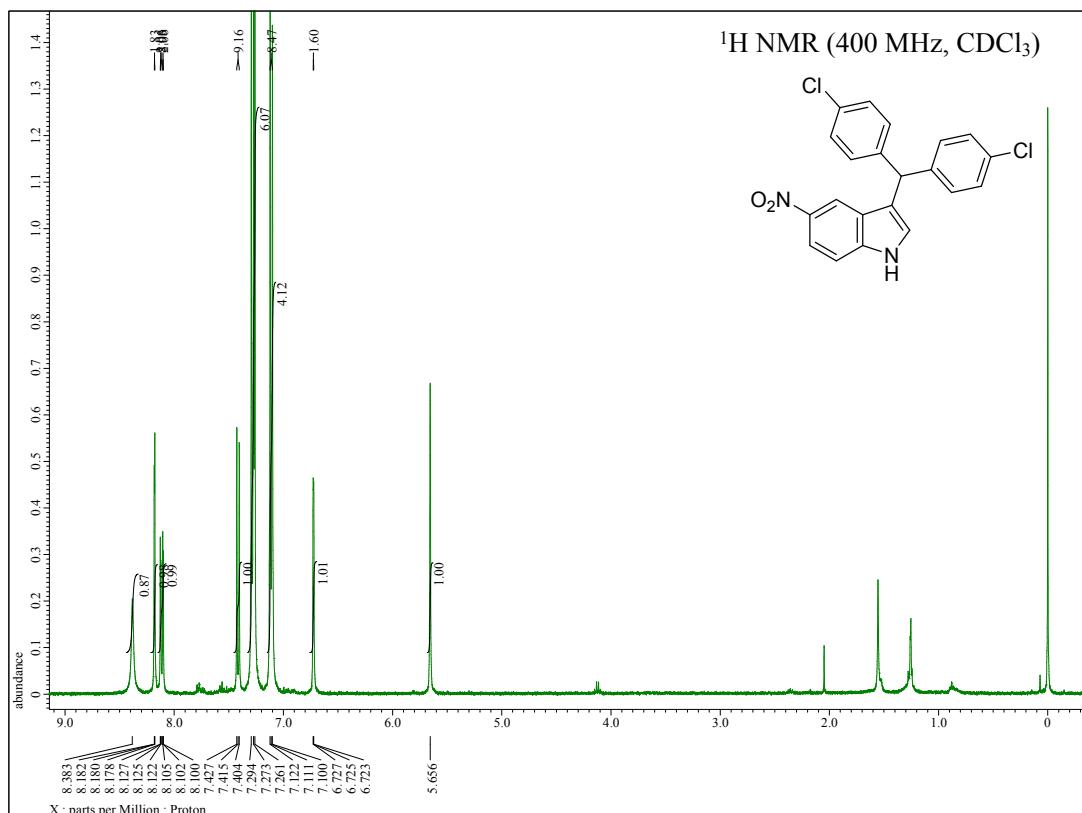
**3-Benzhydryl-1-methyl-2-phenyl-1*H*-indole **3k****



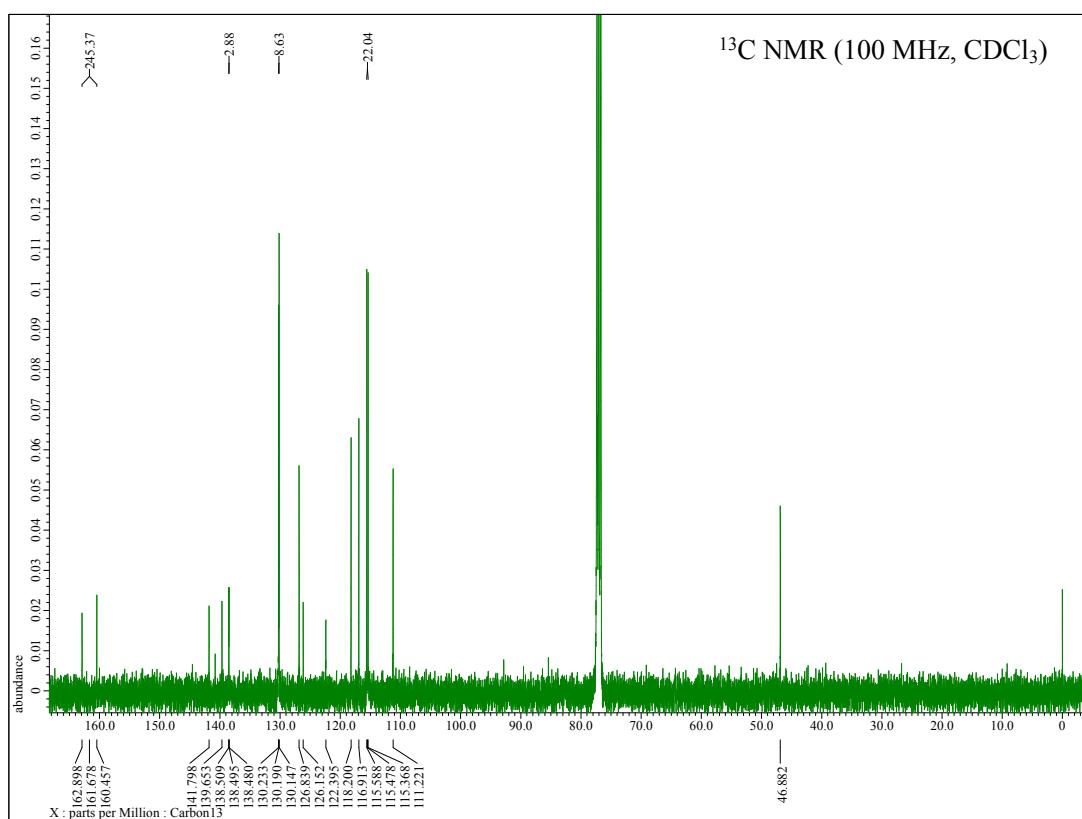
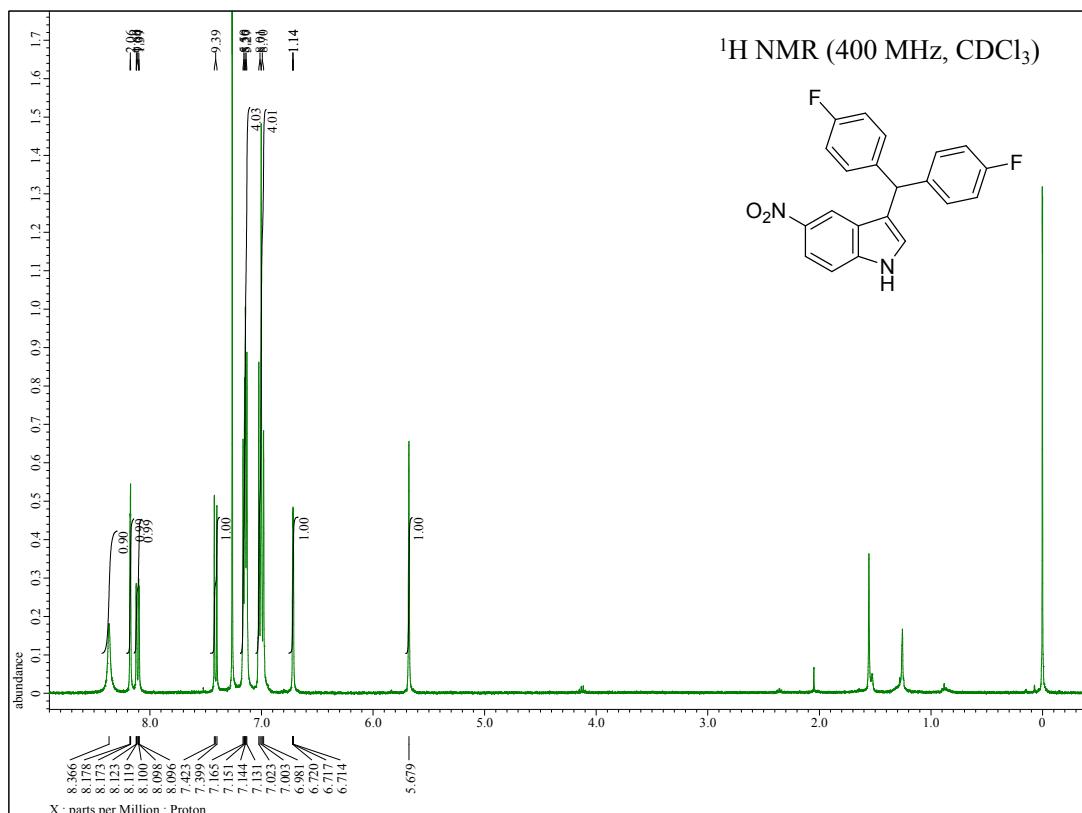
3-[Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3I**



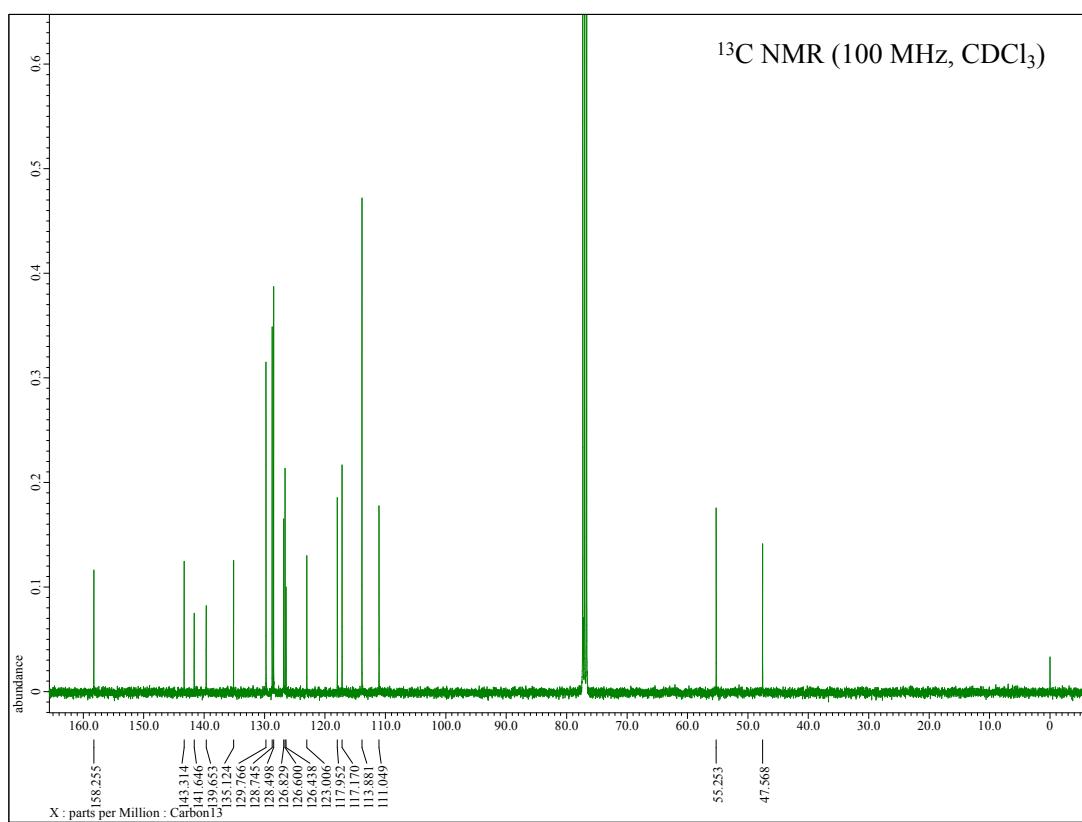
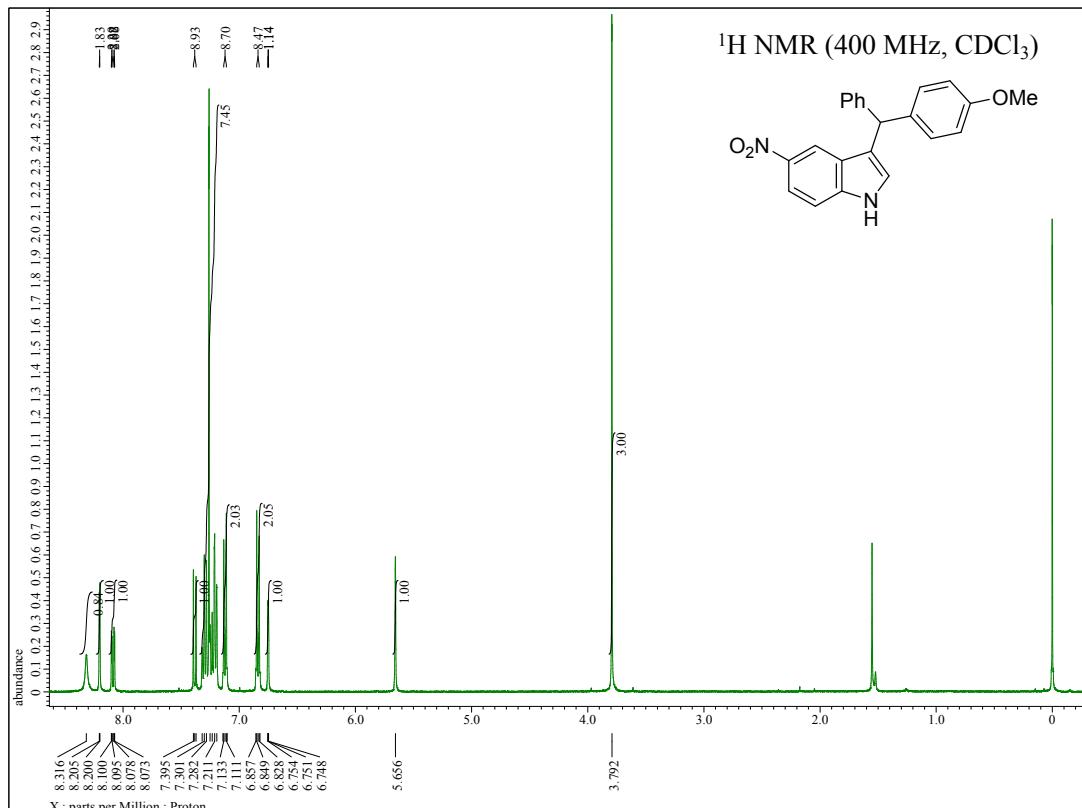
**3-[Bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3m****



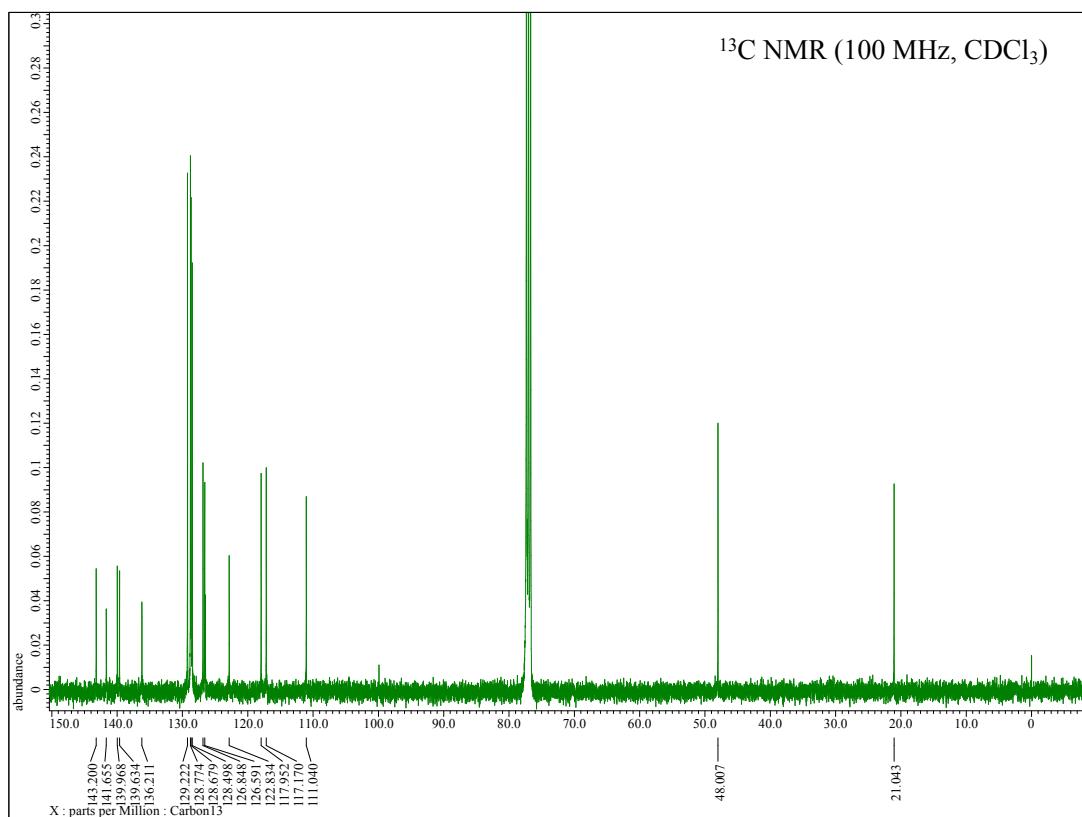
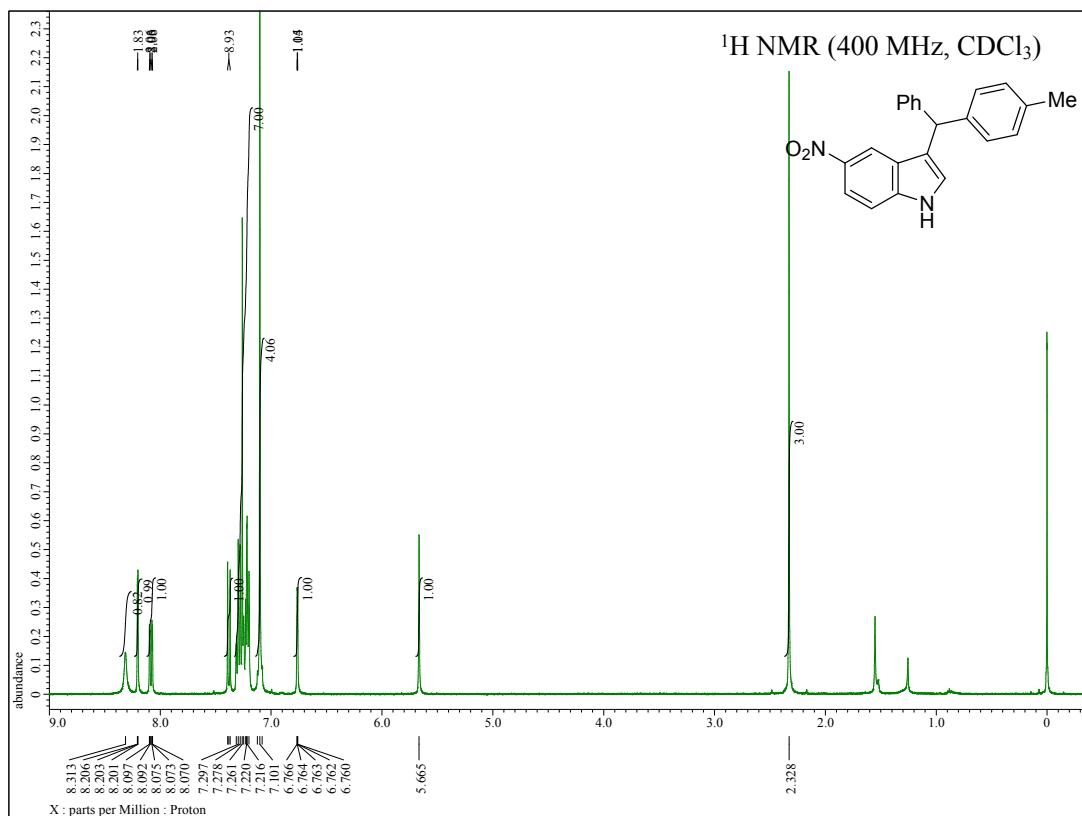
**3-[Bis(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3n****



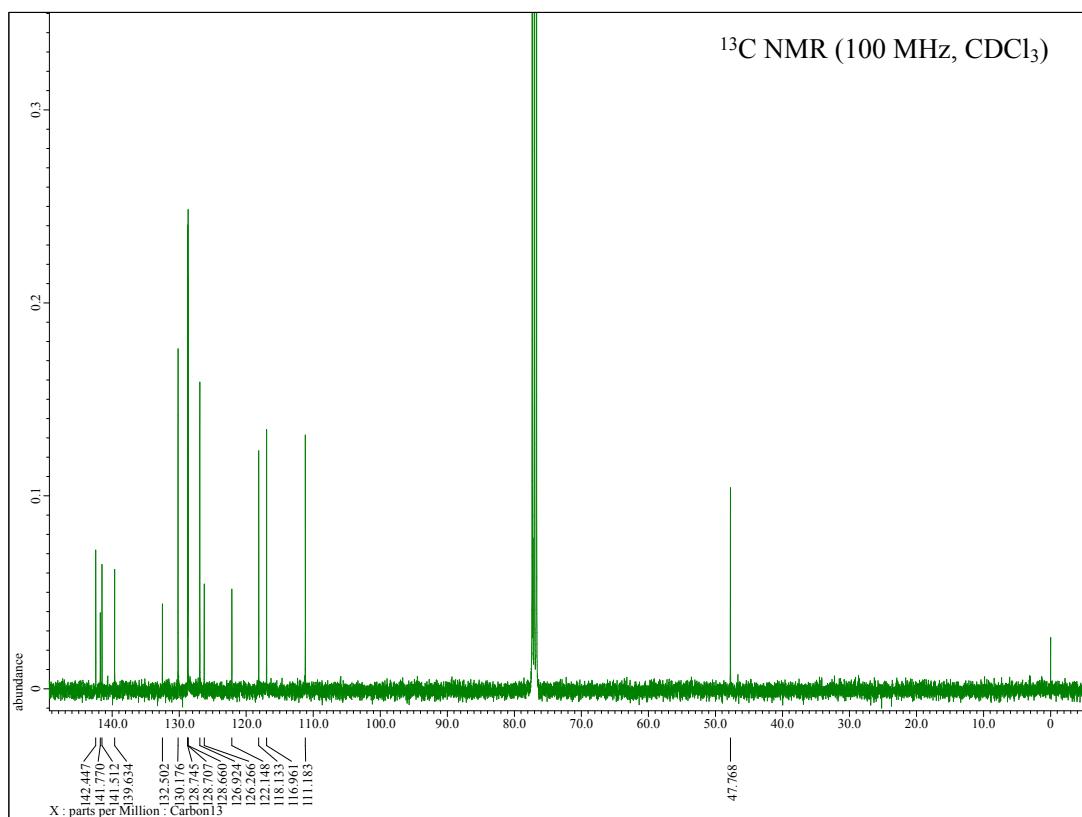
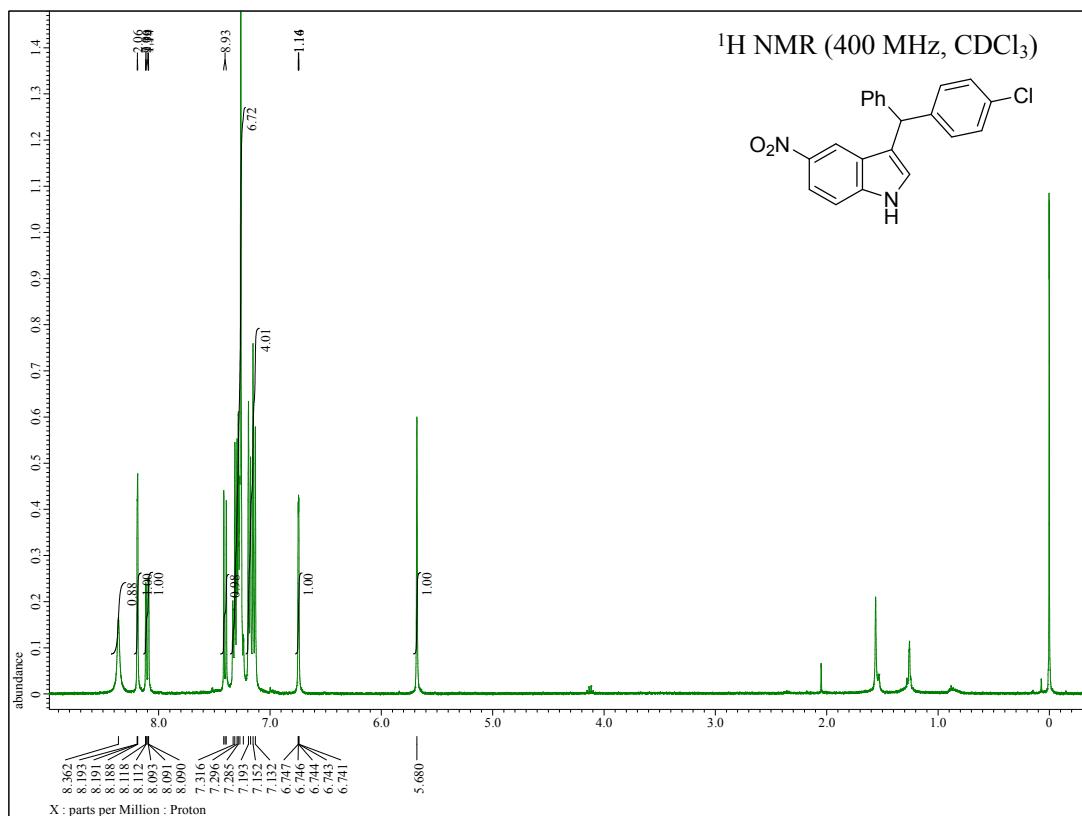
**3-[(4-Methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methyl]-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3o****



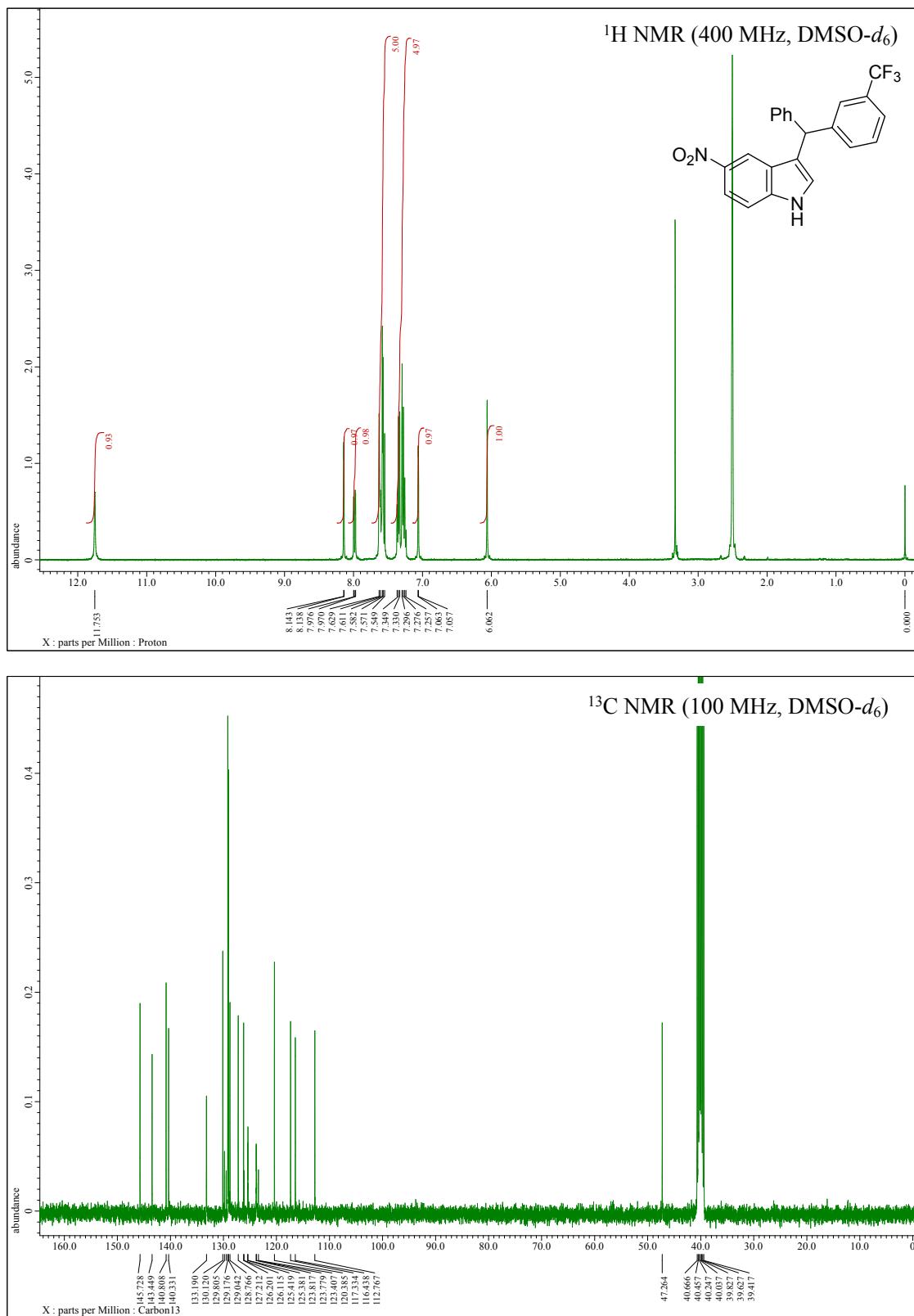
5-Nitro-3-[phenyl(*p*-tolyl)methyl]-1*H*-indole **3p**



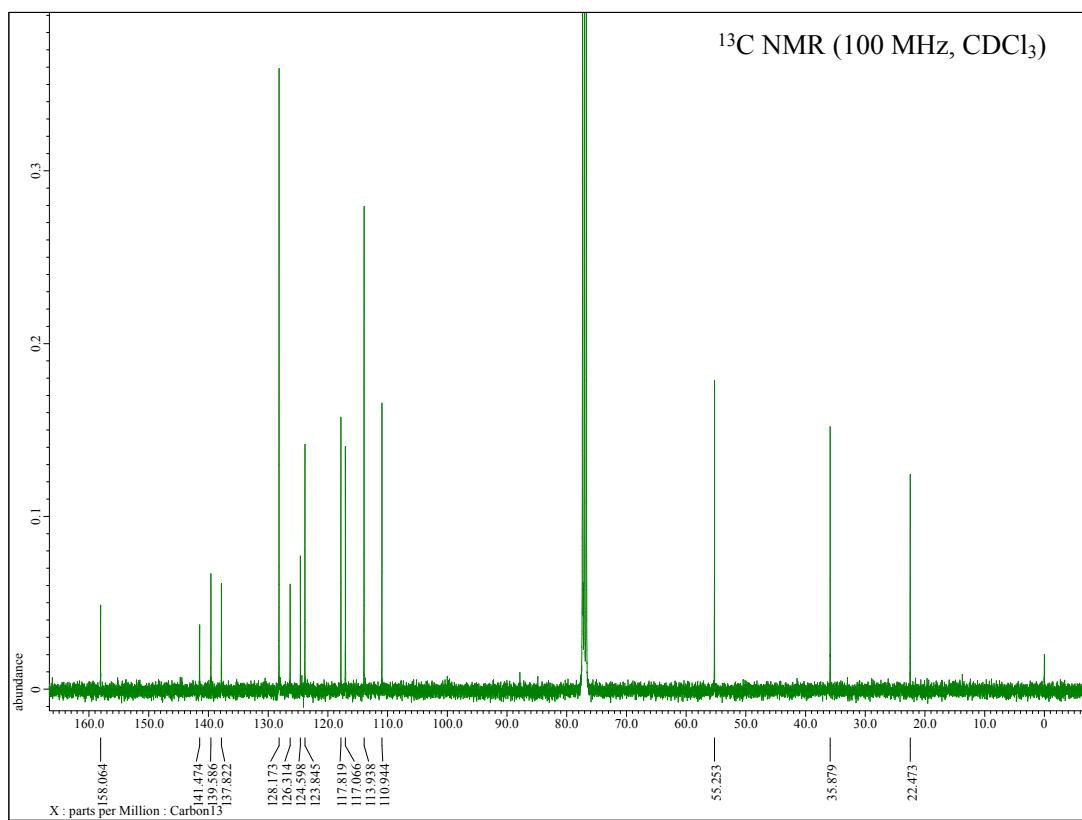
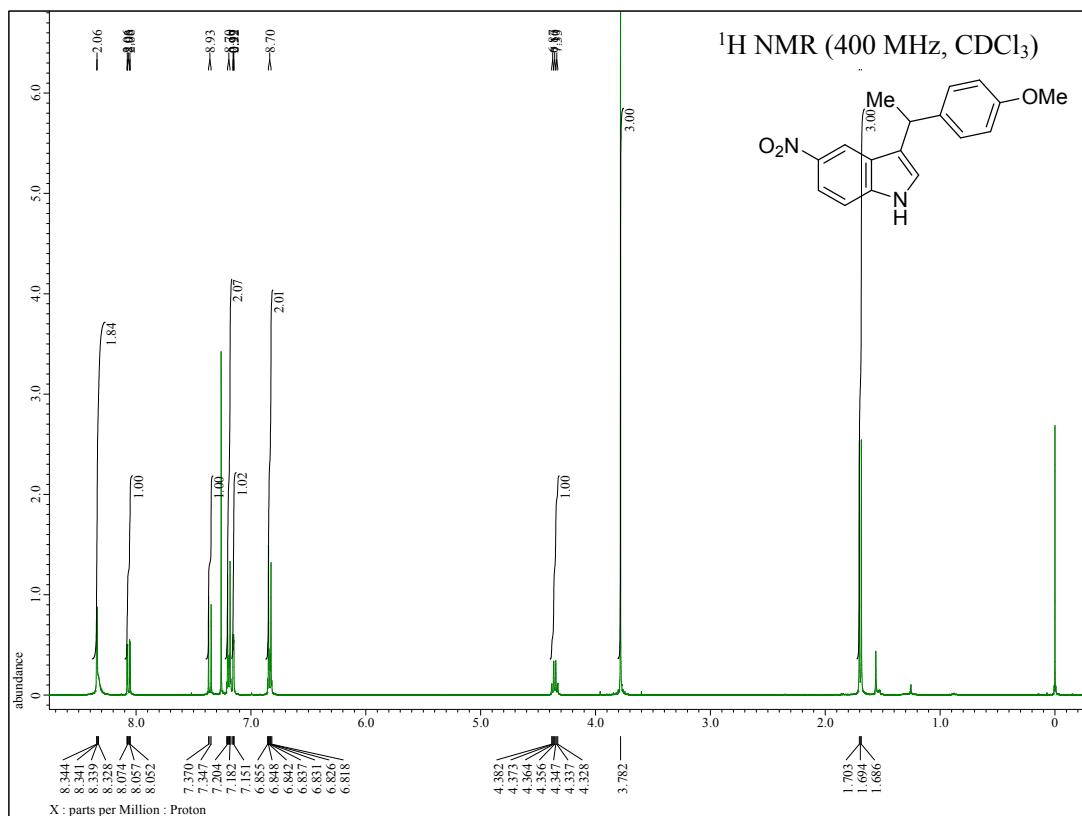
**3-[(4-Chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl]-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3q****



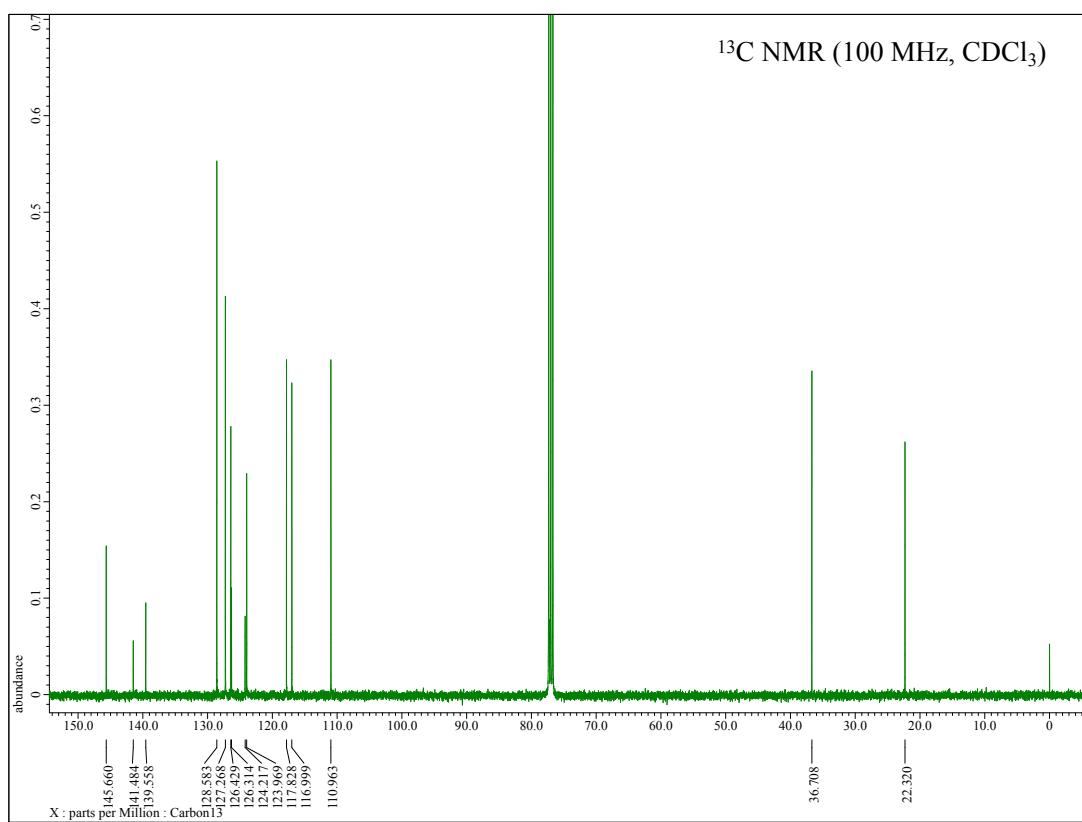
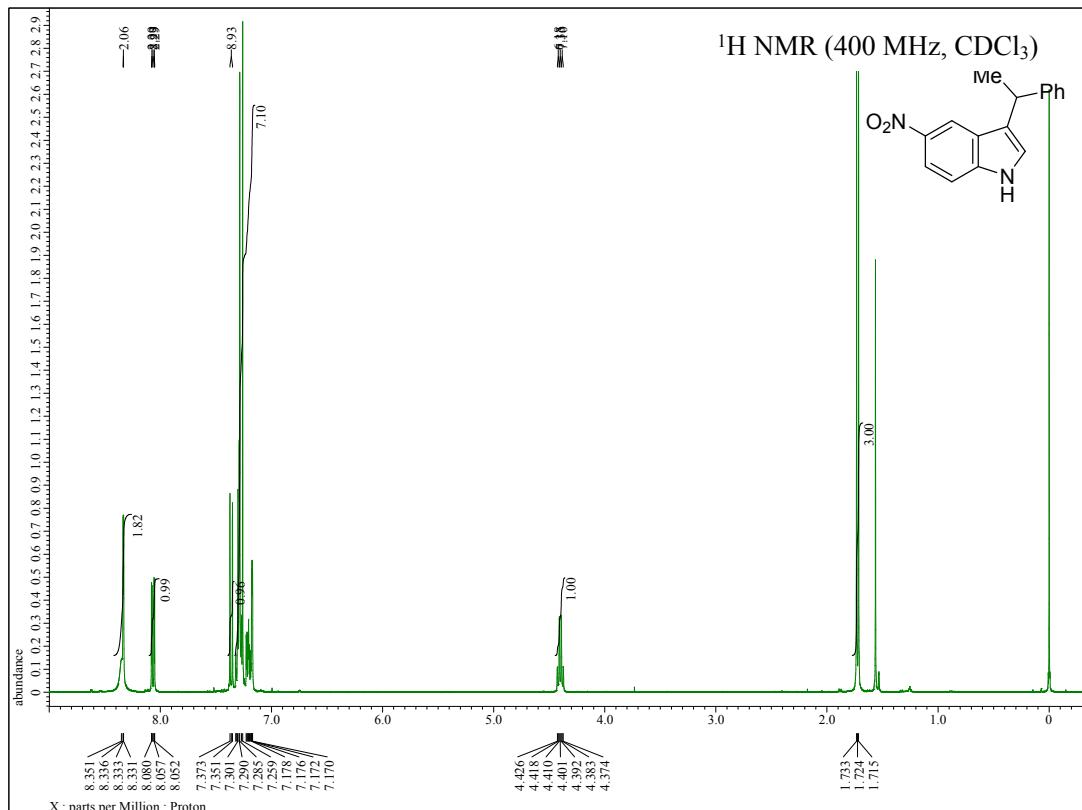
5-Nitro-3-{phenyl[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-1*H*-indole **3r**



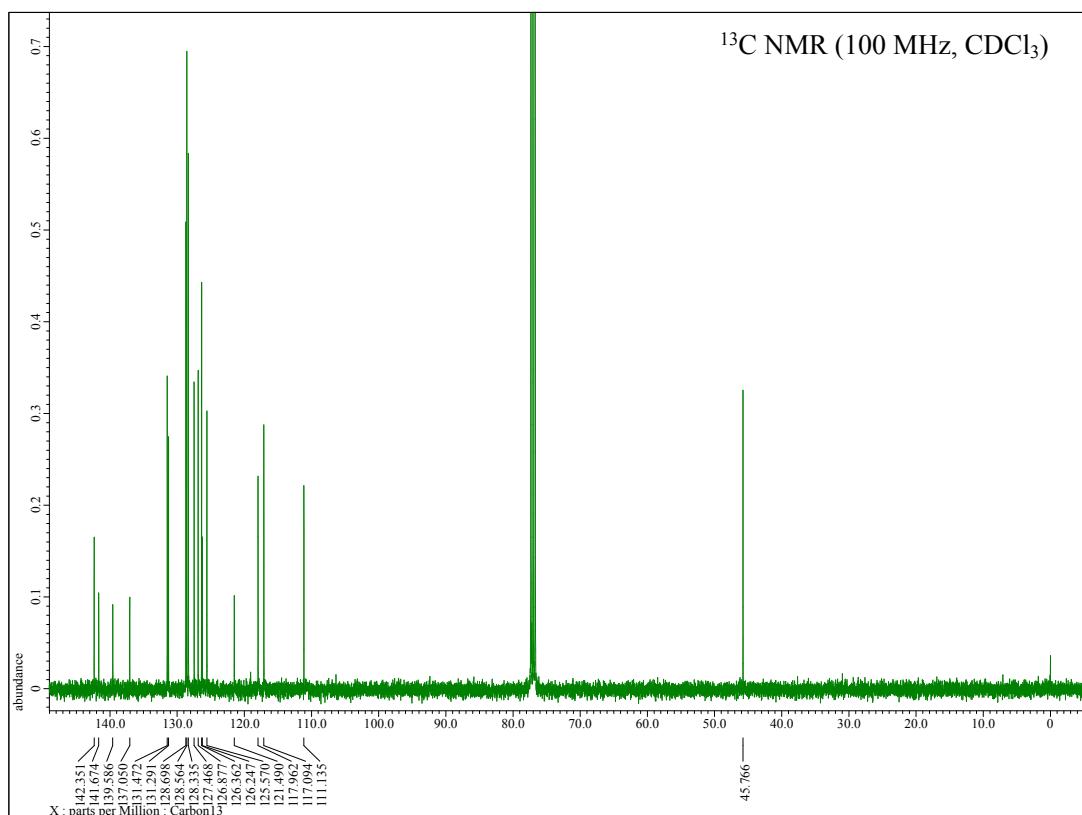
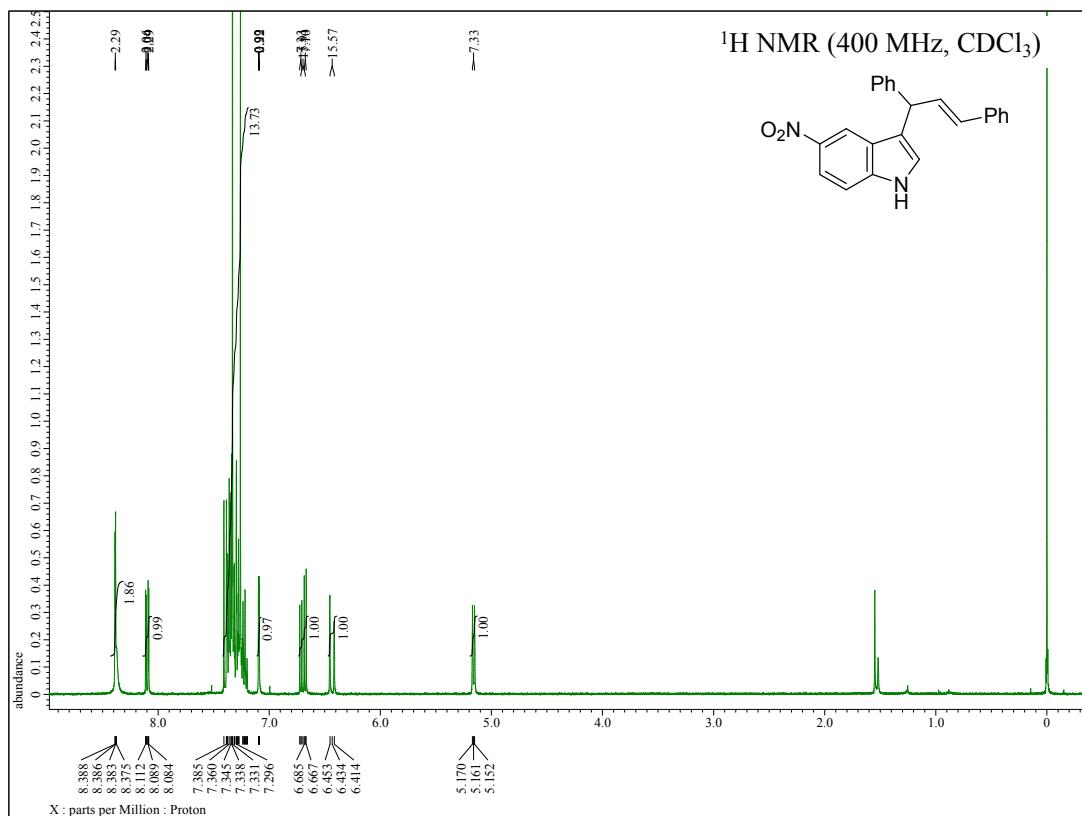
**3-[1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3s****



5-Nitro-3-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-indole **3t**



(E)-3-(1,3-Diphenylallyl)-5-nitro-1*H*-indole **3u**



5-Nitro-3-trityl-1*H*-indole **3v**

