

Supporting information

Two-step catalytic conversion of lignocellulose to alkanes

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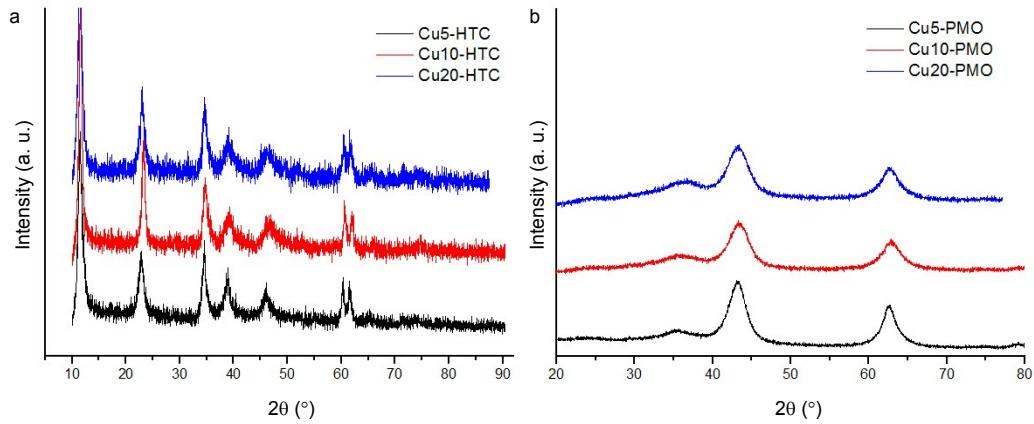


Figure S1 XRD patterns of the synthesized hydrotalcites (a) and the corresponding porous metal oxides (PMOs) after calcination (b).

Table S1 Elemental composition of prepared Cu-PMO catalysts.

| Catalyst | Element content (wt %) | | | Theoretical composition | Experimental composition |
|----------|------------------------|-------|-------|---|---|
| | Cu | Mg | Al | | |
| Cu5-PMO | 4.4 | 31.15 | 12.4 | $\text{Cu}_{0.15}\text{Mg}_{2.85}\text{Al}_1$ | $\text{Cu}_{0.15}\text{Mg}_{2.79}\text{Al}_1$ |
| Cu10-PMO | 8.45 | 27.85 | 11.8 | $\text{Cu}_{0.30}\text{Mg}_{2.70}\text{Al}_1$ | $\text{Cu}_{0.30}\text{Mg}_{2.62}\text{Al}_1$ |
| Cu20-PMO | 16.25 | 24.35 | 11.35 | $\text{Cu}_{0.60}\text{Mg}_{2.40}\text{Al}_1$ | $\text{Cu}_{0.61}\text{Mg}_{2.38}\text{Al}_1$ |

Table S2 The composition of liquid products after reaction with lignocellulose or cellulose over different Cu-PMO catalysts.

| Peak | Retention Time (Minutes) | Name | Lignocellulose | | | Cellulose |
|------|-----------------------------|---|----------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| | | | Cu20-PMO | Cu10-PMO | Cu5-PMO | Cu20-PMO |
| 1 | 3.03 | 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy- | 0.9% | 0.6% | 0.1% | 0.3% |
| 2 | 3.09 | 2-Butanol, 3-methyl-, | 0.9% | 1.9% | 0.1% | 1.0% |
| 3 | 3.37 | 3-Pentanol, 2-methyl- | 3.8% | 3.5% | 0.4% | 3.9% |
| 4 | 3.45 | 1-Propanol, 2-methoxy- | 3.1% | 3.1% | 1.1% | 1.8% |
| 5 | 3.58 | Acetoin | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| 6 | 4.12 | 1-Butanol, 3-methyl- | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.0% |
| 7 | 4.22 | 1-Butanol, 2-methyl- | 11.6% | 12.3% | 4.3% | 11.5% |
| 8 | 4.37 | 2-Butanol, 3-methoxy- | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.2% | 0.8% |
| 9 | 4.74 | 1-Propanol, 2-methoxy- | 1.4% | 1.2% | 0.4% | 1.4% |
| 10 | 4.91 | 1-Butanol, 3-methoxy- | 1.9% | 0.0% | 3.5% | 0.6% |
| 11 | 5.03 | 1-Pentanol | 1.9% | 1.5% | 0.2% | 1.6% |
| 12 | 5.13 | 3-Pentanol, 2-methyl- | 0.7% | 1.2% | 0.1% | 1.1% |
| 13 | 5.28 | 2-Butanol, 1-methoxy- | 1.0% | 0.7% | 0.3% | 0.7% |
| 14 | 5.52 | 2,3-Butanediol, | 2.5% | 0.0% | 5.8% | 0.0% |
| 15 | 5.91 | 2,3-Butanediol, | 1.5% | 0.0% | 5.9% | 0.6% |
| 16 | 6.02 | 3-Hexanol | 1.3% | 1.5% | 0.0% | 2.0% |
| 17 | 6.24 | 2-Hexanol | 1.1% | 0.8% | 0.3% | 1.3% |
| 18 | 6.47 | Pentane, 3-methoxy- | 1.0% | 1.2% | 0.2% | 0.0% |
| 19 | 7.52 | 1-Butanol, 2,3-dimethyl- | 2.4% | 3.2% | 0.8% | 2.9% |
| 20 | 7.83 | Butanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, methyl ester | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.8% | 0.0% |
| 21 | 8.00 | 1-Pentanol, 2-methyl- | 3.9% | 4.4% | 0.6% | 4.1% |
| 22 | 8.20 | Cyclopentanone, 2-methyl- | 0.7% | 0.9% | 0.4% | 0.9% |
| 23 | 8.42 | Cyclopentanol, 2-methyl-, cis- | 8.2% | 4.7% | 2.6% | 6.6% |
| 24 | 8.53 | 1,2-Butanediol | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| 25 | 8.72 | 1-Pentanol, 3-methyl- | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.9% | 0.6% |
| 26 | 9.15 | 3-Heptanol | 0.2% | 0.4% | 0.0% | 0.5% |
| 27 | 10.08 | 3-Hexanol, 2-methyl- | 0.4% | 0.8% | 5.2% | 0.7% |
| 28 | 10.46 | 1-Hexanol | 1.0% | 1.2% | 0.1% | 1.4% |
| 29 | 10.75 | 2-Butanol, 1-methoxy- | 1.3% | 0.0% | 7.1% | 1.2% |
| 30 | 10.93 | 3-Pentanol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 1.0% | 0.0% | 2.1% | 1.0% |
| 31 | 11.12 | Tetrahydro-2-furanylmethanol | 10.3% | 9.9% | 2.2% | 8.4% |
| 32 | 11.29 | 2-Butanol, 1-methoxy- | 1.3% | 0.8% | 4.8% | 0.7% |
| 33 | 11.61 | 2,4-Dimethylcyclopentanol | 1.5% | 1.4% | 4.1% | 3.2% |
| 34 | 11.75 | 1-Octanol, 2,7-dimethyl- | 1.0% | 0.8% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| 35 | 11.90 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.6% | 0.3% | 1.6% |
| 36 | 12.04 | Cyclohexanol, 3-methyl- | 2.5% | 4.9% | 2.3% | 4.7% |
| 37 | 12.16 | Cyclopentanemethanol | 0.7% | 1.1% | 0.1% | 1.0% |
| 38 | 12.40 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.1% | 0.0% |
| 39 | 12.69 | 3-Hexanol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 0.4% | 0.7% | 1.0% | 0.6% |
| 40 | 13.10 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.5% | 3.0% | 0.0% |
| 41 | 13.20 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.0% |
| 42 | 13.31 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl- | 1.6% | 3.4% | 0.0% | 4.5% |
| 43 | 13.37 | 1-Pentanol, 3-ethyl- | 0.6% | 0.8% | 2.5% | 2.7% |
| 44 | 13.56 | Cyclohexanol, 4-methyl- | 1.4% | 2.1% | 1.9% | 3.1% |
| 45 | 13.78 | Cyclohexanol, 2,6-dimethyl- | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.3% | 0.6% |
| 46 | 13.89 | 3-Hexanol, 2,2-dimethyl- | 0.5% | 0.4% | 2.1% | 0.9% |
| 47 | 13.99 | 1-Propene, 3-methoxy-2-methyl- | 0.1% | 0.8% | 0.0% | 1.5% |
| 48 | 14.08 | 1-Heptanol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 0.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.7% |
| 49 | 14.13 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.6% | 1.0% | 1.3% |
| 50 | 14.23 | Cyclohexanemethanol | 1.3% | 1.1% | 0.5% | 1.2% |

| | | | | | | |
|----|-------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 51 | 14.31 | N. I. | 0.4% | 0.0% | 1.7% | 0.7% |
| 52 | 14.44 | N. I. | 0.7% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 53 | 14.57 | N. I. | 0.7% | 0.4% | 1.5% | 1.8% |
| 54 | 14.84 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| 55 | 14.88 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| 56 | 14.99 | N. I. | 0.9% | 0.9% | 0.9% | 0.0% |
| 57 | 15.02 | Cyclohexanol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 0.5% | 0.4% | 0.0% | 1.4% |
| 58 | 15.21 | 1-Pentanol, 5-methoxy- | 1.7% | 1.7% | 0.0% | 3.5% |
| 59 | 15.57 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.5% | 1.6% | 0.0% |
| 60 | 15.92 | N. I. | 0.0% | 4.7% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| 61 | 16.31 | 3-Pentanol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 0.6% | 0.8% | 1.9% | 1.2% |
| 62 | 16.24 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.7% | 0.6% |
| 63 | 16.34 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 1.3% |
| 64 | 16.67 | 1,5-Pentanediol | 0.6% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.5% |
| 65 | 16.80 | Pentanoic acid, 5-methoxy-, methyl ester | 0.9% | 1.4% | 1.2% | 1.0% |
| 66 | 16.99 | 2-Ethylcyclohexanol | 0.6% | 0.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 67 | 17.11 | 3-Methyl-5-methoxy-1-pentanol | 1.3% | 1.6% | 1.4% | 1.0% |
| 68 | 17.48 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| 69 | 17.87 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| 70 | 18.32 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.8% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| 71 | 18.78 | 1-Heptanol, 2-(2-methoxyethyl) | 1.3% | 1.5% | 0.6% | 0.4% |
| 72 | 19.17 | 1-Hexanol, 4-methyl-, | 1.1% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 1.0% |
| 73 | 19.83 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.6% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| 74 | 20.97 | 2-Propylcyclohexanol | 1.4% | 0.0% | 0.5% | 0.0% |
| 75 | 21.06 | Cyclohexanol, 4-(1-methylethyl)- | 0.6% | 0.8% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| 76 | 21.40 | Cyclohexanol, 4-(1-methylethyl)- | 1.4% | 0.6% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| 77 | 21.74 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.9% | 0.0% |
| 78 | 22.26 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl-5-isopropyl | 2.9% | 1.9% | 1.3% | 0.0% |
| 79 | 22.74 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| 80 | 23.11 | Cyclohexanol, 2-(sec-butyl) | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| 81 | 23.60 | N. I. | 0.8% | 0.5% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| 82 | 24.04 | 3-Methyl-4-isopropylphenol | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.8% | 0.0% |
| 83 | 24.52 | Benzene, 1-methoxy-4-propyl- | 0.4% | 0.0% | 0.5% | 0.0% |
| 84 | 25.23 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.8% | 0.0% |
| 85 | 25.42 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.9% | 0.0% |
| 86 | 25.83 | N. I. | 0.9% | 0.0% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| 87 | 25.81 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.8% | 0.0% |
| 88 | 25.98 | N. I. | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| 89 | 26.38 | N. I. | 0.7% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.0% |

Table S3 The composition of liquid products after reaction with pinewood organosolv lignin over Cu20-PMO catalysts (area %).

| Peak | Ret. Time (Min.) | Name | Area % | Peak | Ret. Time (Min.) | Name | Area % |
|------|------------------|---|--------|------|------------------|--|--------|
| 1 | 11.16 | Cyclohexanol | 0.5% | 37 | 24.06 | 3-Methyl-4-isopropylphenol | 1.2% |
| 2 | 12.19 | Cyclopentanemethanol | 0.7% | 38 | 24.50 | N. I. | 1.3% |
| 3 | 13.35 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl- | 0.7% | 39 | 24.55 | Benzene, 1-methoxy-4-propyl- | 1.6% |
| 4 | 13.60 | Cyclohexanol, 3-methyl- | 0.6% | 40 | 24.62 | Phenol, 4-(1-methylpropyl)- | 1.0% |
| 5 | 14.12 | N. I. | 1.4% | 41 | 24.82 | 3-Methyl-4-isopropylphenol | 1.8% |
| 6 | 15.01 | 2,5-Dimethylcyclohexanol | 1.2% | 42 | 24.87 | Benzinemethanol, 4-methoxy- | 0.5% |
| 7 | 15.05 | Cyclohexanol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 0.5% | 43 | 24.99 | Phenol, 2,3,5,6-tetramethyl- | 3.0% |
| 8 | 15.61 | Cyclohexanol, 2,3-dimethyl- | 0.4% | 44 | 25.10 | N. I. | 0.5% |
| 9 | 15.79 | 2,5-Dimethylcyclohexanol | 0.5% | 45 | 25.25 | Benzene, 1-(1,3-dimethyl-3-butenyl)-4-methoxy- | 2.6% |
| 10 | 17.12 | Phenol, 2-methyl- | 0.4% | 46 | 25.35 | Cyclohexanone, 2-cyclohexylidene- | 1.5% |
| 11 | 17.32 | Cyclohexanol, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)- | 1.2% | 47 | 25.46 | 3-Cyclohexene-1-propanol | 2.2% |
| 12 | 17.42 | 2-Ethylcyclopentylmethanol | 1.7% | 48 | 25.54 | Naphthalene, 2-methyl- | 7.1% |
| 13 | 18.86 | Cyclohexanol, 3-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)- | 1.0% | 49 | 25.71 | N. I. | 0.6% |
| 14 | 19.10 | Phenol, 2,6-dimethyl- | 0.5% | 50 | 25.82 | Thymol | 4.9% |
| 15 | 20.93 | Phenol, 2,4-dimethyl- | 1.5% | 51 | 25.93 | N. I. | 1.5% |
| 16 | 21.01 | 2-Propylcyclohexanol | 1.2% | 52 | 26.00 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)- | 1.2% |
| 17 | 21.10 | Cyclohexanol, 4-(1-methylethyl)- | 0.5% | 53 | 26.03 | N. I. | 0.9% |
| 18 | 21.39 | Cyclooctanemethanol | 2.2% | 54 | 26.30 | N. I. | 0.8% |
| 19 | 21.43 | Cyclohexaneethanol | 1.7% | 55 | 26.41 | N. I. | 0.8% |
| 20 | 21.58 | Cyclohexanol, 3,3,5-trimethyl- | 0.4% | 56 | 26.55 | Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-5-(1-methylethyl)- | 1.0% |
| 21 | 21.73 | 3-Phenylpropanol | 0.6% | 57 | 26.59 | N. I. | 0.7% |
| 22 | 21.93 | 3-Methyl-2-(3-methylpentyl)-3-buten-1-ol | 0.8% | 58 | 26.64 | N. I. | 0.8% |
| 23 | 22.06 | N. I. | 0.8% | 59 | 26.77 | Phenol, 2-methyl-4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)- | 4.6% |
| 24 | 22.28 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethyl)- | 2.6% | 60 | 26.98 | Phenol, 2-methyl-6-(2-propenyl)- | 1.3% |
| 25 | 22.41 | Phenol, 2,3,6-trimethyl- | 1.2% | 61 | 27.13 | N. I. | 0.7% |
| 26 | 22.51 | Cyclohexanemethanol, 4-(1-methylethyl)-, cis- | 1.9% | 62 | 27.25 | N. I. | 0.9% |
| 27 | 22.58 | Cyclohexanemethanol, 4-(1-methylethyl)-, trans- | 0.9% | 63 | 27.44 | N. I. | 0.8% |
| 28 | 22.62 | Cyclohexanemethanol, 4-t-butyl-2-hydroxy- | 0.9% | 64 | 27.51 | 2,5-Diethylphenol | 1.1% |
| 29 | 22.76 | 2,2,5-Trimethyl-cyclohexane-1,4-diol | 1.1% | 65 | 27.68 | 3-Ethylphenol, methyl ether | 1.8% |
| 30 | 22.92 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethyl)- | 0.7% | 66 | 27.93 | Benzene, 1-methoxy-4-(1-methylpropyl)- | 1.4% |
| 31 | 22.99 | Phenol, 2,3,6-trimethyl- | 1.2% | 67 | 28.15 | N. I. | 1.0% |
| 32 | 23.15 | Benzinemethanol, 4-methoxy- | 2.0% | 68 | 29.56 | N. I. | 0.8% |
| 33 | 23.49 | Cyclohexanol, 3,3,5-trimethyl- | 2.7% | 69 | 29.87 | N. I. | 0.8% |
| 34 | 23.63 | Phenol, 2,4,5-trimethyl- | 1.6% | 70 | 30.92 | n-Nonadecanol-1 | 2.3% |
| 35 | 23.71 | Cyclopentanol, 1,2-dimethyl-3-(1-methylethenyl) | 1.9% | 71 | 31.18 | Methyl stearate | 2.0% |
| 36 | 23.87 | Cyclohexanol, 2-methyl-3-(1-methylethenyl)- | 2.4% | 72 | 32.94 | N. I. | 0.9% |

Table S4 Distribution of products after depolymerization reaction from different substrates over different catalysts.

| Catalysts | Substrate | HET | AL | HES | ES | ET | AR | N. I. |
|-----------|----------------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Cu20-PMO | Lignocellulose | 26.3% | 66.1% | 0.0% | 0.9% | 1.1% | 0.5% | 5.0% |
| Cu10-PMO | Lignocellulose | 21.8% | 61.6% | 0.0% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 0.4% | 12.8% |
| Cu5-PMO | Lignocellulose | 21.7% | 52.5% | 1.8% | 1.2% | 0.2% | 3.0% | 19.6% |
| Cu20-PMO | Cellulose | 20.8% | 69.3% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 1.5% | 0.0% | 7.4% |
| Cu20-PMO | Lignin | 0.0% | 37.8% | 0.0% | 2.0% | 0.0% | 44.0% | 16.2% |

HET: Hydroxyl Ether; AL: Alcohol; HES: Hydroxyl Ester; ES: Ester; ET: Ether; AR: Aromatic; N. I.: Not Identified.

Table S5 Comparison of the process focusing on producing alkanes from lignocellulose.

| Substrate | Catalyst | Temperature °C | Products | Yield % | Ref. |
|------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|
| Corn stalk | LiTaMoO ₆ and Ru/C | 230 | Gasoline alkanes | 82.4 | 1 |
| Birch | Pt/NbOPO ₄ | 190 | Pentanes | 54.0 | |
| | | | Hexanes | 63.4 | 2 |
| | | | Alkylcyclohexanes | 33.7 | |
| Pine | Step 1: Cu-PMO Step 2: Pd/C+Nafion | Step 1: 320 Step 2: 180 | C2-C10 alkanes | 52.9 | This work |

Consumption of hydrogen

The desired hydrodeoxygenation proceeds via **Step 1** combined with **Step 2**. While in **Step 1**, the hydrogen equivalents originate from the solvent itself upon its reforming, in **Step 2**, externally introduced hydrogen gas was used. Assuming almost full hydrodeoxygenation to alkanes after (**Step 1 + Step 2**), a simple calculation of the overall hydrogen demand can be presented based on the actual oxygen content of the lignocellulose used. The oxygen content in the pine lignocellulose used is 51.02%. 1 g of pine lignocellulose contains 0.51 g (31.9 mmol) oxygen. In total HDO, all the oxygen will be finally converted to water and will consume 31.9 mmol H₂ (0.0638 g).

References:

1. Y. Liu, L. Chen, T. Wang, Q. Zhang, C. Wang, J. Yan and L. Ma, *ACS Sustainable Chemistry and Engineering*, 2015, **3**, 1745–1755.
2. Q. Xia, Z. Chen, Y. Shao, X. Gong, H. Wang, X. Liu, S. F. Parker, X. Han, S. Yang and Y. Wang, *Nature Communications*, 2016, **7**, 11162.