# Supplementary materials

# Preparation and thermal treatment influence on Pt-decorated electrospun carbon nanofiber electrocatalysts

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## Additional electron microscopy data



Fig. S1. Structure of 1: (a) general view.



Fig. S2. Structure of 4: TEM image of a nanofiber fragment.



Fig. S3. Structure of 7: (a) TEM image of the fiber; (b,c) enlarged image of Pt heavily sintered particles and corresponding SAED pattern.



Fig. S4. Structure of 8: (a) Pt conglomerates; (b) enlarged image of the Pt crystals.



Fig. S5. Examples of nanofiber fragments with different porosity. (a) large pores, (b) small pores.



Fig. S6. TEM image of platinized nanofiber fragment (sample 5) with pores which are made by the loops of parallel graphene planes. Red arrows indicate to an external border of the loop, red arrows indicate to an internal border.



Fig. S7. TEM image of platinized nanofiber fragment with pores formed by the large loops of parallel graphene planes (sample 8)

Zirconium oxide particles increase in size with the increase of heat-treatment temperature according to EDX-mapping (Fig.S8)



Fig. S8. EDX maps of element distribution on carbon nanofiber. Zr correlate with O, particle size of individual zirconium oxide particles is around 10 nm (sample 3).



Fig. S9. Zirconium oxide – platinum correlation (sample 7)



### Additional XRD data

Fig. S10. XRD data for samples **6** (a), **7** (b), **8** (c).

#### Fuel cell performance

Primary HT-PEMFC tests using PBI-OPht as proton conducting membrane, Celtec @ P1000 as anode and material **3** which possessed the highest ECSA value (after heat treatment at 500 °C under vacuum; 0.9 mg<sub>Pt</sub> cm<sup>-2</sup>) as cathode at 180 °C: open-circuit voltage (V<sub>oc</sub>) 0.887 V; 0.612 V at 0.2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>; 0.539 V at 0.4 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>; 0.475 V at 0.6 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>.



#### <u>BET data</u>

Fig. S11. BET data for CNF sample before platinization.

Slope 24.811 Intercept 0.1466 Correlation coefficient, r 0.999653 C constant 170.239 Surface Area 139.535 m<sup>2</sup>g<sup>-1</sup>

To compare, specific surface area for carbon black Vulcan<sup>®</sup>XC-72 is 213 m<sup>2</sup> g<sup>-1</sup> according to T. Chen, et al. *Sci. Rep.*, 2016, 6, 23289.





Fig. S12. EDX spectrum for a mapping on Figs. 5 and 6.

![](_page_7_Figure_3.jpeg)

Fig. S13. Schematic representation of a nanoneedle platinum crystal structure. Pt-Ni alloy assumingly form on the contact Pt-Ni surface.