

1 **Supporting information**

2

3 **Resonant waveguide grating based assays for colloidal aggregates detection and promiscuity**  
4 **characterization in natural products**

5 Rong Wang,<sup>ab</sup> Jixia Wang,<sup>ad</sup> Yanfang Liu,<sup>\*ad</sup> Xiuli Zhang,<sup>\*c</sup> and Xinmiao Liang<sup>ad</sup>

6 \*Corresponding authors

7 <sup>a</sup>Key Lab of Separation Science for Analytical Chemistry, Dalian Institute of Chemical Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,

8 Dalian 116023, China

9 <sup>b</sup>University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

10 <sup>c</sup>College of Pharmaceutical Science, Soochow University, Suzhou 215123, China

11 <sup>d</sup>DICP-CMC Innovation Institute of Medicine, Taizhou 225300, China

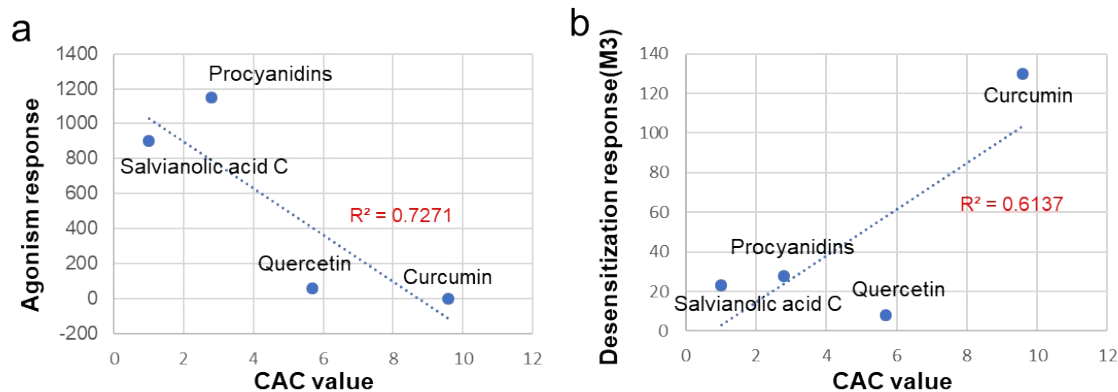
12 E-mail addresses: [zhangxl@suda.edu.cn](mailto:zhangxl@suda.edu.cn); [liuyanfang@dicp.ac.cn](mailto:liuyanfang@dicp.ac.cn)

13

14 Table S1. Comparison between the CAC values and the IC<sub>50</sub> values in M3 desensitization assay.

Compound	IC <sub>50</sub> value (M3 desensitization)	CAC value
Procyanidins	57 μM	2.8 μM
Salvianolic acid C	78 μM	1.0 μM
Quercetin	116 μM	5.7 μM

15



16

17 Figure S1: The correlation between DMR responses and CAC values. (a) DMR agonism responses as a

18 function of CAC values. (b) DMR desensitization responses on M3 receptor as a function of CAC

19 values. All the four compounds were 100 μM.